MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

VOLUME XXXIV

1941

SHANGHAI
PRINTED BY THE MERCANTILE PRINTING COMPANY

INDEX.

Advertisements 189
Advertising on Public Rickshas 172
Advisory Committee, Special 226
Ambulance Services, *see* Fire Brigade
Animal and Animal Products Testing Fees 189, 219, 235
Annual Inspection, S.V.C., *see* Volunteer Corps
Annual Licensing Session, *see* Licensing Committee
Annual Meeting of Ratepayers:—
Agenda 97
Chairman 106
Consular Notice 98
Council Chairman's Speech 101
Date 98
Election of Governors of General Hospital 97, 108
Election of Land Commissioner 97, 108
Polling Instructions and Explanations to Voters ... 100
Report 105
Resolutions 98
Rules Governing Qualifications of Voters ... 52 55
Rules of Procedure ... 99
Secretary 106
Speakers—Mode of Address 99
Voting List 51, 69
Voting Qualifications and Proxies 122
Voting Tickets 122
Annual Municipal Report
Chinese Edition 171
English Edition 69, 111, 149
Assessment Appeal Committee 190

Band, *see* Orchestra and Band
Banking Arrangements—Release of Funds 294
Bank, Municipal Investment, *see* Municipal
Basic Commodities:—
Display of Price Tags ... 258
Licence Conditions 258
New Bye-law Approved by Consular Body 245, 258, 292
Price Investigation Office Report 4
Price Lists ... 262, 267, 292
Profiteering and Hoarding... 258
Records of Stocks or Storage 258
Registration of Stocks ... 292
Warning to Non-sellers of Stocks 292
Beggar Camp 295
Bran, Registration of ... 287
Bread, Family, *see* Family Bread Prices, *see* Flour
Budget for 1941 76
Bund Landing Accommodation 205
Business Premises—Special Rate 226, 241, 242, 270
Bye-laws, New re Health and Taxation 89, 209
Bye-laws XXX and XXXIV, Amended 89, 209

Carcases, Condemned 171, 200
Cemeteries, Charges for Vault-making ... 235, 301
Cemetery for Jewish Indigents 69
Central Car Park 109
Charges for Highways, Easements and Permits 111
Cheap Sales of Flour, *see* Flour
Cholera 113, 151, 172, 192, 206
Coal:—
Consumption of 289
Declaration of Stocks ... 287
Registration of Stocks ... 289
Requirements for Industrial Purposes ... 259, 287, 289
Coal Briquettes:—
Display of Prices 242
Movement Permits ... 287, 289
Price Fixing 245, 287
Retail Sales 289
Committees:—
Assessment Appeal 190
Chairmen 190
Consular—for Inspection of Gaol 52
Economy 71, 75, 175
Economy—Terms of Service Sub-Committee Rept. 3
Inequalities of Taxation ... 60, 67, 93, 113
Membership 2, 66, 75, 81, 158, 219
New Forms of Taxation ... 69
New Sources of Taxation, Appointment of 54
Restriction of Supply of Electricity 137, 151
Special Advisory 226
Special Education 125
Special Election Committee Report 17
Sources of Revenue 54
Consular Information ... 2
Consuls, Court of:—
Election of Judges 53
Judgment (C. H. Fang, et al vs S.M.C.)
Cost of Living Index—Chinese, *see* Industrial & Social Division
Cost of Living Index—Foreign, *see* Industrial & Social Division
Council:—
Announcements 283
Chairmanship 163
Chairman, Vice 52
Committees, *see* Committees
Election:—
Consular Notice ... 51, 69
Poll and Count ... ... Procedure 57, 74
Rules Governing Qualifications of Voters 52, 55
Voting List, *see* Voting List
Membership 2, 52, 206, 294
Country Hospital, *see* Hospitals
Court of Consuls, *see* Consuls
Curfew Passes 225, 242

Dangerous Materials, etc., Storage of 111
Dangerous or Inflammable Liquids 109, 120, 169, 171, 192
Daylight Saving ... 73, 241
Deaths:—
De Luca, Mr. L. 227
Newman, Mr. K. E. 243
Defence Sectors 266
Dogs 171, 191

Easements 6, 61, 71, 111, 150, 181, 193, 207, 228, 244, 270, 293
Economy Committee 71, 75
Economy Committee—Terms of Service Sub-Committee Report ... 3
Education Committee Report, Special ... 125, 175
Education Department:—
Amalgamation of Schools ... 282
Cambridge Local Examinations 193
Enrolment 60, 246
Grants-in-aid:—
Chinese Schools 158, 192, 219
Committees 263
Foreign Schools 192, 219 227, 243, 267, 295
Holidays and Opening of Schools ... 151, 152, 237
Kinchow Road Primary School—Supply of Furnitures 220
Resignation of Mr. H. C. Chen 3
Scholarships:—
George Lanning Memorial 112
Peace Memorial 220
School Buildings 191
School Fees 6, 152, 170, 235
Secondary Schools for Chinese 150, 158
Summer Institute for Teachers of Grant-aided Chinese Primary Schools 191
Supply Teachers 2
White Bursary Award ... 257
Election, Annual, *see* Council
Election Committee Report, Special 17
Electricity, Supply of 69, 73
Entertainment Levy ...72, 181
Ewo Road & Wayside Public Wharf 122, 180

Family Bread ... 235, 243
Fees, Hospital 115
Fees, Plan Exam. and Miscellaneous Permits 114
Finance Department:—
Debentures, Allotment of 149, 164, 241
Debentures, Loans of 1941 149, 164, 172, 205
Investment Bank, *see* Municipal
Rates, *see* Municipal
Staff Vacancies 164, 205
Transfer Books, Closure 149, 171
Financial Statement for 1940 70
Financial Statement—Half yearly:—
Education 213/214
General 210/212
Fire Brigade:—
Ambulance Services 4, 266, 300
Charges for Service 1, 61, 272
Hazardous Goods ... 246, 262, 264, 295
Volunteer Reserve 54
Firewood 86
Floods 194, 228, 257
Flour:—
Bread, Biscuits etc., Manufacture of 286
Bread Prices 259, 286
Cheap Sales of 191, 237
Importation by Council ... 261
Macaroni, Spaghetti, etc., Maximum Prices of 286
Meeting of Wholesale Dealers 261
Movement Permits 262, 284, 285
Noodles—Maximum Selling Prices 286
Price for Transportation ... 285
Proclamation Against Profiteering 286
Registration of Stocks ... 262

Registration of Consumers 285, 286
Retail Sales 285

Gaol, Municipal:—
Consular Body Committee for Inspection of 52
Gasoline:—
Registration of Stocks 290
Stocks to be sold to Council 289
Gazette, Chinese 171
General Hospital, *see* Hospitals
Grants-in-aid for 1941 ... 115
Greases, *see* Motor Oils
Hazardous Goods, *see* Fire Brigade
Health Department:—
Alcohol, etc., Export Prohibited 293
Animal and Animal Products Testing Fees 189
Cholera Inoculation, *see* Cholera
Condemned Carcases and Rejected Meat 171, 200
Hospital Fees, Revised ...115, 257
Mosquito Fish 208
Municipal Abattoir, Lease of 174
New Byelaws 89, 209
Pathological and Chemical Examinations, Revised Scale of Fees 14, 59
Pharmaceutical Drugs, Lera, Vaccine & Surgical Equipment-Movement of ... 287/288
Shanghai Medical Board 71, 192
Staff Vacancies:
Assistant Pathologist 52, 227
Assistant Pharmacists ... 267
Chinese Cadets 152
House Surgeon 268
Tenders for Linen Requirements—1941 163

Holidays 70, 110, 149, 169, 193, 225, 241, 243, 257, 294
Hongkew Market, Lease of 150
Hospitals:—
Country:—
Annual Report 153
Board of Governors... ... 152
Chinese Isolation 257
Foreign Isolation 115, 257
T. B. Sanatorium 257
General:—
Board of Governors 70
Hours, Office, *see* Office Hours
Houses of Public Entertainment—Closing Hour 301

Inflammable or Dangerous Liquids 109
Insulin 291

Kerosene:—
Council's Purchase of Stocks 290
Declaration of Stocks 290
Movement Permits 290

Land Tax, Collection of 51, 70, 169, 281
Land Values—Re-assessment 175
Lard, *see* Oils
Lester Trustees 153
Lester Trust Report 183
Library:—
Committee Membership ... 158
Staff Vacancy 2
Premises 245
Licence Conditions, Revision of 52, 70, 86, 113, 189, 207, 226, 243, 258, 262
Licences and Taxation:—
Advertisements 110
Bakery 15, 53
Bicycle 53
Billiard or Bowling Saloon 15, 53
Dairy 15, 53
Dancing Saloon 69, 113, 149, 151, 246, 266
Delivery Tricycle 53
Dog 15, 53, 171, 191
Driving Licences, Renewal of 281
Exchange Shops 15, 53
Firearms 15, 53
Handcart 53, 70, 169, 226
Hotel 86
Livery Stable 15, 53
Motor Vehicles, all types 15, 53
Public Carriage 15, 53
Public Garage 15, 53
Private Carriage 15, 53
Private Motor Cars 293
Private Ricsha 51, 171
Private Riesha Pullers ... 206
Restaurants 1, 15, 51, 86, 109, 149, 205, 206, 221, 252
Sing Song House and Entertainer 15, 53, 110
Tavern 15, 69, 86, 109, 113, 149, 190, 192, 252, 263, 266, 281
Tobacco Shop 15, 53
Trailor 53
Trolley Cart 53, 70, 169, 226
Licensing Committee ... 111
Liquids, Dangerous or Inflammable 109, 120, 169, 171, 192
Lottery, Relief 258

Meat, Rejected 171, 200
Mosquito Fish 208
Motor Oils and Greases... 290
Motor Transport Permits, *see* Transport Permits
Motor Vehicles Registered 13, 180, 195
Motor Vehicles, Special Permit 289
Motor Vehicles, Washing, Cleaning and Repairing of 1, 2
Motor Trucks, Pool of ... 291

Municipal:—
Abattoir, Lease of 174
Cemeteries *see* Cemeteries
Debentures, Allotment of 149, 164, 172, 205
Gazette, Chinese 171
Gazette Tender 266
Investment Bank 1, 51, 69, 109, 149, 169, 189, 205, 225, 241, 257, 281
Investment Bank—Allotment of Debentures, *see* Finance
Loan of 1940, Drawing of Debentures 294
Loan of 1941 164, 172, 205
Loans—Closure of Subscription List 149
Loans—Closure of Transfer Books 149, 171, 257, 294
Market:—
Hongkew 150
Seymour Road 206
Tsitsihar 189, 235
Yangtzepoo 150
Rate on Business Premises, Special 226, 241, 242, 270, 281
Rates, Collection of 52, 71, 110, 158, 169, 225, 242, 281
Rates—Summary of 157, 209, 273
Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees, Payment of 281
Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees, Schedule of 71
Municipal Properties 66, 114, 163, 195, 235

New Sources of Taxation—Special Advisory Committee 226

Office Hours 110, 295
Oils:—
Animal and Vegetable Tallows and Palm Oil ... 288
Butter and Magarine ... 289
Lard and Vegetable Oils 259, 288
Orchestra and Band:—
Committee Membership 66, 75
Contributions 113
Summer Open-Air Concert Season 174
Ordure Collection 227

Parks and Open Spaces:—
Entrance Fees 109, 149, 169, 191
Sale of Refreshments ... 1
Sports Grounds 70
Permits and Easements, Highways—Charges ... 111
Police Force:—
Charges for Special Services 1, 242, 271
Functions North of the Soochow Creek 295
Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force Agreement 29
Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force—Appointment 54
Price Control, *see* Basic Commodities
Public Library, *see* Library
Public Ricsha, *see* Ricshas
Public Utilities, *see* Utilities
Pullers' Mutual Aid Association:—
Accounts 229/230
Board of Management... ... 244

Inequalities of Taxation Committee 60, 67, 93, 113
Industrial and Social Division:—
Cost of Living Index-Chinese 7, 62, 82, 116, 159, 176, 196, 215, 231, 247, 274 296
Cost of Living Index-Foreign 9, 63, 83, 117, 160, 177, 197, 216, 232, 248, 275, 297
Evening Technical School 195
Industrial Technique and Safety Classes 5, 58

921898

Rabies 5
Radio Broadcasting Stations 294
Re-assessment of Land Values Postponed ... 175
Rent Payment to Landlords 301
Rice:—
Exchange Granted by Stabilization Board 259
Hoarding of S.M.C. Rice 241, 242
Mixing of Stocks Prohibited 261
Movement Permits ... 260, 261, 284, 285
Price for Transportation ... 285
Price of S.M.C. Rice 244, 245, 252, 260, 285
Proclamation on Price Fixing etc. 257
Proclamation on Rice Delivered to S.M.C. 285
Profiteers, Strong Action Against 259
Registration of Stocks 260, 261
Retail Sales 260, 285
Rice for Restaurants, Food Shops and Hotels 285
Sale of S.M.C. Rice 241
Sales Depots 259, 260
Selling Hours for Retailers 260, 261
Shops to Post names of their Wholesale suppliers 260
S.M.C. Rice for Ratepayers of Western Extra-Settlement Area 260
S.M.C. Rice for Settlement Offices, Factories, etc. 260, 261
Supply of S.M.C. Rice ... 252
Office Hours for S.M.C. Rice Office and Depots 261
Office—Temporary Closure... 284
Rice Allowance—Chinese Staff 2, 53, 73, 153, 219, 242, 263
Rice—Measures of Control 53, 81, 112, 150, 153, 163, 173, 189, 205, 207, 221, 226, 227
Rickshas, Public:—
Advertising on 172
Licence Fee 2
Rental Charge 2, 191, 195, 219, 243, 271
Tariff of Fares 2, 4, 194, 195, 219, 243, 271
Road Abandonment 110, 181, 200, 225, 252
Road Extensions and Widenings 60, 86, 115, 180, 195, 227, 235, 236, 300
Road Plans 51, 69, 113, 122,
Sale of Second-hand Trucks 110, 121
Sale of Surplus Land 86, 300
Schools, *see* Education
Seymour Road Market ... 206
Smallpox—Vaccination, *see* Vaccination
Soda:—
Fixed Prices 290
Movement Permits 291
Registration of Requirements 291
Registration of Stocks ... 290
Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee Report 1, 54, *also* Special Gazette of 23/1/41
Special Advisory Committee 226
Special Education Committee Report 125
Special Election Committee Report 17
Special Meeting of Ratepayers, January 23:—
(Unnumbered Gazette, January 23)
Agenda 1
Amendments, Moving of ... 4
Consular Notice 2
Place of Meeting 4
Report 41
Resolutions 4
Rules of Procedure 5
Secretary 1
Speakers—mode of Address 4
Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee Report 6
Voting List 14
Voting Tickets 14
Special Meeting of Ratepayers, April 17:—
Agenda 97
Bye-laws, proposed and Amended 89
Consular Notice 98
Council Chairman's Speeches 101
Polling Explanations and Instructions to Voters ... 100
Rules of Procedure 99
Resolutions 98
Speakers—Mode of Address 99
Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation — Approval of Majority Report 93
Voting Qualifications and Proxies 122
Voting Tickets 122
Staff:—
Chinese—Rice Allowance—*see* Rice Allowance
High Cost of Living Allowance ... 173, 190, 228, 244
Vacancy in Health Department 52, 152, 227
Vacancy in Public Library... 2
Vacancy in Revenue Office ... 164
Storage of Explosives, Gunpowder, etc. 111
Sugar—Registration of Stocks 287
Sunshades Over Municipal Footpaths... 151, 169
Sun Sun Company Fire—Tribute to Brigade Work 267
Taxation Committee, Inequalities 60, 67
Taxation, New Forms of... 69
Tenders Invited:—
Broken Stone, Supply of 122, 220
Construction of Large Concrete Drain 265
Crane, Sale of 221
Disinfectant, 1942 Supply ... 237
Firewood, Supply of ... 86, 237
Furniture, Kinchow Road Primary School 220
Hongkew Market, Lease of 150
Lauan Planks, Supply of ... 220
Linen Requirements—1941... 163
Old Cast Iron, Sale of 3, 67, 122, 152, 171, 220, 225, 245
Ordure Removal 265
Police:—
Blankets 190
Foodstuffs to Gaol, Supply of 189, 243
Foodstuffs R.A.D., Supply of 237
Miscellaneous 237
Shoes and Boots 115
Uniform Materials 172
Sandbags, Supply of 189
Second-hand Trucks, Sales of 110, 121
Soochow Sand, Supply of... 220
Stationery for 1942, Supply of 151, 169
Steel Sheets, Supply of ... 244
Structual Steel, Sale of... ... 3
Surplus Land, Sale of... ... 52
Trench Piling and Excavation 266
X-Ray Film 221
Yangtszepoo Market, Sale of Surplus Land 150
Terms of Service Sub-Committee Report 3
Terrorist Activities 225
Tsitsihar Market, Sale of 189
Transport Permits 291
Utilities, Public:—
China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.:—
Increase in Fare Charges 195
Bus Services 295
Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd.:—
Increase in Tramway Fare Charges 5, 174
Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd:—
Abolition of Discounts ... 112
Minimum Charges 174
Restriction of Supply ... 180
Surcharge and Conditions of Supply ... 5, 206, 264
Shanghai Power Company:—
Electricity Supply ... 69, 73, 114, 191, 283
Hire of Equipment 244
Increase in Charges ... 173
Minimum Charges 174
Revision of Charges ... 236
Report of the Special Committee on Restriction of Supply of Electricity 137, 151, 191, 193, 208
Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.:—
Free Water Supply 175
Increase in Tariff 175
Vaccination Against Smallpox 227, 244
Vegetable Oils *see* Oils
Voluntary Entertainment Levy, *see* Entertainment Levy
Voluntary Service 282
Volunteer Corps:—
Annual Inspection 53
Long Service Medals ... 152, 192
Voting List ... 14, 51, 69
Voting Tickets 14
Watchmen—Supervision Fee 265
Western Outside Roads Area—Agreement 282
Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force—Agreement 29
Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force—Appointment 54
Works:—
Committee Membership ... 81
Ewo Road and Wayside Public Wharf 122, 180
Highways, Easements and Permits—Charges ... 111
Plan Examination and Miscellaneous Permits Fees 114
Worms in Water Supply... 219
Yangtszepoo Market, Sale of Surplus Land 150

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1941.

SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB, PUBLIC STAND, JANUARY 23, 1941, 2.30 p.m.

AGENDA

Resolution I.—Appointment of Secretary to the Meeting.

Resolution II.—Adoption of increased levies of Land Tax, General Municipal Rate and Special Rate.

Amendment to Resolution II.—Proposed by Mr. Y. Hayashi and Seconded by Mr. C. Fukuda.

Amendment to Resolution II.—Proposed by Mr. E. S. Little and Seconded by Mr. V. M. Allington.

Resolution III—Adoption of modifications of Licence Fee Schedule.

Amendment to Resolution III.—Proposed by Mr. E. S. Little and Seconded by Mr. S. A. Magnussen.

NOTICE.

Under authority of Article XV of the Land Regulations and in accordance with the request of the Council, I hereby give notice that a Special Meeting of Ratepayers is called for Thursday, January 23, 1941, at 2.30 p.m., to be held at a place to be announced hereafter by the Council, for the purpose of considering the following resolutions proposed by Mr. W. J. Keswick and seconded by Mr. J. W. Carney :—

Resolution I.—Appointment of Secretary to the Meeting.

Resolution II.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover Rates and Taxes in accordance therewith :

That **Land Tax** be levied at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the values of all land within the limits of the Settlement, payable by the renters thereof, half yearly in advance.

That **General Municipal Rate** be levied at 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the assessed rentals of buildings within the Settlement, payable by the occupants, quarterly in advance.

That **Special Rate** be levied at 24 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, payable quarterly in advance on the assessed rentals of buildings beyond Settlement limits enjoying Settlement amenities including Public Utility services.

Resolution III.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover the undermentioned items of the existing Schedule of Licence Fees in accordance with the modifications set out hereunder :—

From January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, inclusive fees payable in advance as follows :—

Billiard or Bowling Saloon	$15 per quarter for each table or alley.
Tobacco Shop	$30 or $18 per quarter according to location.
Exchange Shop :—	
Dealing in Foreign Exchange	$120 per quarter for each 12 feet of frontage or part thereof.
Others	$3 or $6 per quarter according to location.
Sing Song House and Entertainer :	
Sing Song House	$48 per quarter.
Entertainer	$24 per quarter.
Private Carriage drawn by horse, pony, mule, or donkey	$4.50 per quarter for each horse, pony, mule, or donkey. $36 per quarter for each carriage.
Livery Stable	$3 for the year or portion thereof.
Public Carriage drawn by horse, pony, or mule	$9 per quarter for each horse, pony, or mule. $45 per quarter for each carriage.
Public Garage	$21 to $600 per quarter, according to size.
Private Motor Car.	
Where unladen weight, with all standard equipment, does not exceed 1,000 lb.—$96.00 per half-year.	
1,001 to 2,000 lb. rising from $99.00 by $3.00 per 100 lb. to 2,000 lb.—$126.00 per half-year.	
2,001 to 3,000 lb. rising from $130.20 by $4.20 per 100 lb. to 3,000 lb.—$168.00 per half-year.	
3,001 to 4,000 lb. rising from $173.70 by $5.70 per 100 lb. to 4,000 lb.—$225.00 per half-year.	
4,001 to 5,000 lb. rising from $232.50 by $7.50 per 100 lb. to 5,000 lb.—$300.00 per half-year.	
5,001 to 6,000 lb. rising from $310.50 by $10.50 per 100 lb. to 6,000 lb.—$405.00 per half-year.	
6,001 to 7,000 lb. rising from $420.00 by $15.00 per 100 lb. to 7,000 lb.—$555.00 per half-year.	
7,001 lb. and over by special arrangement.	
Public Motor Car	Fees 30% in excess of those set out in the Private Motor Car Scale, payable quarterly.
Luggage or Camping Equipment Trailer	$36 per half-year.
Caravan Trailer	$54 per half-year.
Van, Lorry or other Freight Vehicle	
Where gross weight does not exceed 2,000 lb.—$45.00 per quarter.	
2,001 to 3,000 lb.—$52.50 per quarter.	
3,001 to 4,000 lb.—$60.00 per quarter.	
4,001 to 10,000 lb. rising from $64.50 by $4.50 per 1,000 lb. to 10,000 lb.—$87.00 per quarter.	
10,001 to 20,000 lb. rising from $96.00 by $9.00 per 1,000 lb. to 20,000 lb.—$177.00 per quarter.	
20,001 to 25,000 lb. rising from $189.00 by $12.00 per 1,000 lb. to 25,000 lb.—$237.00 per quarter.	
25,001 lb. and over rising by $21.00 per every additional 1,000 lb. gross weight.	

For motor freight vehicles operating as vehicles for hire or as public freight carriers, fees 50 per cent. in excess of those set out in the above scale. All vehicles not fitted with pneumatic tyres to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police to pay an additional 20 per cent.

Freight Trailer.	
Where gross weight does not exceed 4,000 lb.—$42.00 per quarter.	
4,001 to 5,000 lb.—$46.50 per quarter and rising thereafter by $4.50 per every 1,000 lb. to 45,000 lb. gross—$226.50 per quarter.	
45,001 lb. and over by special arrangement.	

For freight trailers operating as vehicles for hire or as public freight carriers, fees 50 per cent. in excess of those set out in the above scale. All vehicles not fitted with pneumatic tyres to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police to pay an additional 20 per cent.

Charabanc	$210 to $420 per quarter, according to size.
Private Motor Omnibus	Seating capacity not exceeding 20 passengers, $126 per quarter. Over 20 passengers, by special arrangement.
Motor Ambulance	Fees as per Private Motor Car Scale.
Trade—Motor Vehicle	$204 per half-year.
Motor Bicycle or Motor Tricycle :	
Motor Bicycle	$84 per annum.

Motor Bicycle with sidecar or Motor Tricycle, not exceeding 800 lb. weight unladen.	$126 per annum. If operating for hire or as public freight carrier, $189 per annum.
Over 800 lb. weight unladen	Fees as per Private Motor Car scale. If operating for hire, fees as per Public Motor Car scale. If operating as freight carrier, fees as per Van, Lorry or other Freight Vehicle scale.
Pony Cart or Van (fees exclusive of licence plate).	$37.50 to $75.00 per quarter, according to class.
Cart (man propelled) :—	
Fees exclusive of licence plate.	
(*a*) Equipped with iron tyres.	
No. 1 500 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum)	$ 6.00 per quarter.
No. 2 1,000 ,, ,, ,, ,,	$16.50 ,, ,,
No. 3 2,240 ,, ,, ,, ,,	$36.00 ,, ,,
2,241 lb. and over ,, ,, ,,	By special arrangement.
(*b*) Equipped with pneumatic tyres.	
No. 4 750 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum)	$ 4.50 per quarter.
No. 5 1,500 ,, ,, ,, ,,	$12.00 ,, ,,
No. 6 1,800 ,, ,, ,, ,,	$15.00 ,, ,,
No. 7 2,240 ,, ,, ,, ,,	$18.00 ,, ,,
No. 8 3,000 ,, ,, ,, ,,	$24.00 ,, ,,
3,001 lb. and over ,, ,, ,,	By special arrangement.
Delivery Tricycle or Trailer (Fees exclusive of licence plate)	$30 per annum.
Private Ricsha	$48 per half-year.
Registration of allotment of Private Ricsha number plate	$1.50 each registration.
Bicycle (Fees exclusive of licence plate)	$12 for the year or $6 if issued after September 30.
Tandem Bicycle (Fees exclusive of licence plate)	$30 for the year or $15 if issued after September 30.
Ricsha Puller, public or private	$0.45 to $3 on issue. Renewal fee at the discretion of the Council, not exceeding $3.
Firearms, Licence to carry	$42 per annum, or $21 if issued after June 30.
Dog	$12 per annum.
Bakery and Confectionery :—	
Bread Baking Establishments	$24 per half-year for each 500 sq. feet of working area or portion thereof.
Others	$9 per half-year.
Dairy :—	
Grade " A " & " B "	$15 per annum per cow.
Grade " A " (T.T.)	$20 per annum per cow.

From February 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, inclusive fees payable in advance as follows :—

Sing Song and Story Teller	$42 to $420 per month according to size.
Circus, Fair, or other place of public Entertainment not otherwise enumerated in the schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees	$1.50 to $84 for every day or night open, according to size.
Dancing Saloon :—	
Ball Room (Dancing partners not provided by the establishment)	Approved accommodation up to 50 persons $120 per month. Over 50 persons $120 per month and in addition $1 per month for each person exceeding 50.
Dancing Saloon (Dancing partners provided by the establishment)	Approved accommodation up to 50 persons $120 per month. Over 50 persons $120 per month and in addition $1.50 per month for each person exceeding 50.
Closing Hour—Extension Permit	$90 to $360 per month according to size.
Visitors' Private Motor Car and Driving Licences	Vehicle $6 to $33 according to period. Driving Licence $3.
Driver of Motor Vehicle of any description	$15 on issue, and $3 on transfer of employment or issue of a duplicate or renewed licence.
Registration or registration of transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle	$15 each registration.
Wheelbarrow	$2 per mensem.

(*Sgd.*) POUL SCHEEL,
Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul.

Shanghai, January 6, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5373.

SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS.

Place of Meeting and Resolutions.

THE Special Meeting of Ratepayers on Thursday, January 23, 1941, at 2.30 p.m., will be held in the Shanghai Race Club Public Stand, 305 Bubbling Well Road.

The following Resolutions will be brought forward by the Council at this Special Meeting of Ratepayers:—

Resolution I.—Appointment of Secretary to the Meeting.

Resolution II.—Adoption of increased levies of Land Tax, General Municipal Rate and Special Rate.

Resolution III.—Adoption of modified Licence Fees.

Ratepayers intending to move amendments or ask questions in regard to any of the Resolutions referred to above are advised to study carefully the Rules of Procedure a copy of which can be obtained from the Secretariat. Attention is particularly drawn to Rule 17 which requires that written notice of any such questions must be given to the Secretary of the Council not less than 24 hours before the hour for which the meeting has been convened.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 8, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5382.

SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS.

Amendments to Resolutions.

NOTICE is hereby given that in addition to the Resolutions to be brought forward as published in the Notice dated January 6, 1941, signed by the Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul, and in Municipal Notification No. 5373 dated January 8, 1941, the following amendments to Resolutions will be proposed at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers on January 23:—

Amendment to Resolution II.—That Resolution II brought by the Council at this Special Meeting of Ratepayers be dropped and the following resolution be substituted:—

"That the Shanghai Municipal Council enforce further economies and study fundamentally the possibilities for revising the present tax system so that a more equitable system may be applied, based on fair distribution of the burden in proportion to individual ability to pay from among the general public, instead of as at present where revenue derives mainly from Land Tax and the General Municipal Rate: that until this system can be realized, the deficit in revenue be met by loans."

Proposer: Y. HAYASHI.

Seconder: C. FUKUDA.

Amendment to Resolution II.—That there be added to Resolution II the following words:—

"And that the assessed value of all owner-occupied property that has not yet been re-assessed since 1937 be increased as from 1st January 1941 by 40 per cent. pending exact re-assessment by the Committee now working and that tenants assessments for the purpose of taxation be restricted to 40 per cent. increase over the 1937 assessment and that the Council be authorized at their discretion to impose a substantial surcharge on undeveloped land tax."

Proposer: E. S. LITTLE.

Seconder: V. M. ALLINGTON.

Amendment to Resolution III.—That there be added to Resolution III the following words:—

"But that all reference to Dairies be omitted."

Proposer: E. S. LITTLE.

Seconder: S. A. MAGNUSSEN.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 20, 1941.

SPEAKERS AT RATEPAYERS' SPECIAL MEETING.

All speakers at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers are earnestly requested to co-operate by addressing the meeting only from the platform and not from their seats. This is in the interests of the large body of listeners and is essential to the accurate recording of speeches for purposes of the official report of the proceedings.

(These Rules were adopted by the Ratepayers at their Annual Meeting in 1940)

Rules of Procedure to be Observed at Public Meetings of Ratepayers Convened Under the Provisions of the Land Regulations.

1.—Every Ratepayer attending a meeting shall before entering the meeting room have his name registered together with the number of proxies for absentees held by him.

2.—When the hour has arrived for which a meeting has been called the Chairman of the Council shall call the meeting to order and the business of the meeting shall be proceeded with in the order mentioned in the final notice under the hand of the Secretary of the Council and published in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press specifying the resolutions to be brought forward at the meeting, but this order may be varied by the votes of a majority of the Ratepayers present.

3.—No resolution shall be submitted to an Annual meeting unless a copy of the resolution has been lodged with the Secretary of the Council not less than three clear days (exclusive of Sundays and holidays) before the date for which the meeting has been convened.

A copy of such resolution shall be published in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press by the Council on the day before and the day or days of the meeting.

4.—No amendment to either the Resolution proposing the passing of the Report and Accounts for the year ended, or the Resolution proposing the adoption of the Budget for the ensuing year, shall be submitted to a meeting unless

(a) a copy of the proposed amendment has been lodged with the Secretary of the Council not less than three clear days (exclusive of Sundays and holidays) before the date for which the meeting has been convened and

(b) the proposed amendment in the case of an amendment to the resolution proposing the adoption of the Budget directly involves some specific increase or decrease in Municipal expenditure.

Provided that nothing in this Rule shall prevent the moving under Rule 6 of an amendment which is directly relevant to and arises out of an amendment of which due notice has been given under the provisions of Rule 4.

5.—Every resolution or amendment, except motions for adjournment or points of order, must be in writing and signed by the mover and seconder before it can be put to a meeting by the Chairman and no matter shall be considered as duly before a meeting unless it be put to the meeting by the Chairman.

6.—The mode of procedure with regard to amendments shall be as follows:—Each amendment to a resolution shall be considered and decided before any other amendment can be proposed. When an amendment has been carried, the original resolution as amended shall then be before the meeting, and be open to amendments as before. Amendments to an amendment are not in order, but such proposals can, subject to the provisions of Rule 4, be brought forward as new amendments to the original or amended resolution. When no further amendments are proposed, then the original or amended resolution shall be put to the meeting.

7.—The votes of the meeting shall be taken in the first instance by a show of hands. In case the Chairman cannot on a show of hands decide the number of votes, a division shall take place.

8.—On a division tellers shall be chosen, and the Ratepayers shall then divide by passing through the barriers marked "For" and "Against." The tellers shall count and forward to the Chairman a return of the number of votes cast and in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Ratepayer.

9—A poll may only be demanded by a Ratepayer who is entitled on a Poll to more than one vote and on such a demand being made tellers shall be chosen. The Ratepayers shall then divide by passing through the barriers marked "For" and "Against," and the tellers shall check and count the votes including proxy votes, and shall forward to the Chairman a return of the number of votes cast. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote, or votes, to which he may be entitled as a Ratepayer.

10.—All documents which come before a meeting shall be accepted as read provided they have been previously published in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press or notice has been given in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press that copies are available for Ratepayers who may apply for them.

11.—Each speaker shall address himself to the Chairman and shall only be entitled to address the meeting once on each question, unless in explanation as provided in Rule 12. The proposer of a resolution or amendment shall in all cases be entitled to speak once in making his motion, and once by way of reply; but in his reply he must confine himself to matters raised in his opening speech, or during the debate, and must not introduce any new matter.

12.—A speaker who conceives that he has been misrepresented by any subsequent speaker, shall be entitled to offer an explanation, but his explanation is to be strictly limited to some point in his original speech; he is not to enter upon any new subject.

13.—Speeches of the leading proposer, or opposer, of a resolution, or amendment, shall be limited to half an hour and all other speeches to twenty minutes.

A departure from this rule will be permitted only with the consent of the meeting.

14.—It shall be competent for any ratepayer to move, without debate, that the question be now put, and the motion if seconded shall, unless the Chairman rule otherwise, be put forthwith. Should the motion be carried, the resolution or amendment under debate shall be at once put.

15.—The decision of the Chairman on all questions of order shall be final unless over-ruled by three-fourths of the Ratepayers present or represented.

16.—No business shall be proceeded with at a Special meeting convened under the provisions of Article XV of the Land Regulations unless and until the Chairman shall have declared that the requisite number of Ratepayers are present, or represented, and that their votes have been duly registered; but thereafter it shall not be obligatory upon the Chairman at that meeting, or any adjournment thereof, to again enquire whether the requisite number of Ratepayers are present or represented.

17.—Ratepayers intending to ask questions at a meeting in regard to any of the resolutions mentioned in the notice referred to in Rule 2 hereof must give written notice of such questions to the Secretary of the Council not less than 24 hours before the hour for which the meeting has been convened.

Report of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Municipal Economy Committee

The Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Municipal Economy Committee was constituted as follows:—

Messrs. C. G. Gadow (*Chairman*)
W. A. Hale
Yulin Hsi
J. H. Liddell
I. Okamoto
A. Sadoc

The Sub-Committee appreciated that the range of its functions embraced within its terms of reference, viz.: to explore all revenue producing possibilities, was very extensive and would necessarily involve an examination occupying much time since a survey was necessitated of the basis of all existing forms of taxation including land tax, municipal rate, wharfage dues, licence fees, etc. In view of the measure of urgency in the Sub-Committee's work, due to the necessity for the framing of the Council's budget for 1941, priority of attention was given by the Sub-Committee to an examination of the potentialities of increased revenue from the source of licence fees, to which this the first part of the Sub-Committee's report is limited.

Licence Fees.

The Council has in recent years depended upon about 1/8th of its ordinary income from the source of Licence Fees. In respect of the past year roughly $4,600,000, out of an estimated total ordinary income of roughly $40,000,000, was estimated to be received from Licence Fees. The Council's authority to levy licence fees is derived under the powers conferred by Bye-laws 34 and 35 annexed to the Land Regulations. These Bye-laws specify those trades or occupations which can only be conducted subject to the Council's licence and provides that in respect of such licences the Council may impose such fees as may be authorized by the ratepayers.

The Sub-Committee therefore regarded it as its first task to ensure that all the licensable trades and occupations specified in the Bye-laws are in fact being licensed and taxed and, furthermore, to ensure that such taxation is appropriate and sufficient under the existing financial exigencies. There follow the recommendations of the Sub-Committee pursuant to its thorough examination of the licence fees imposed in respect of each trade or occupation which is required to be licensed under the Bye-laws. The Sub-Committee desires to make it clear that whilst the existing licence fee schedule shows only the net basic fees exclusive of surcharge, the new schedule of fees proposed in this report shows the fee in the form of a basic gross fee, i.e. inclusive of the surcharge of 50 per cent. applying in the latter half of 1940. The fees shown in the new schedule, therefore, are based upon conditions existing at the time of the Sub-Committee's investigation and report, and these new fees in the Sub-Committee's opinion anticipate and cover the maximum inclusive licence fees which they feel should be imposed by the Council during the year 1941.

A schedule is annexed hereto showing the estimated annual increase in revenue accruing from the changes recommended herein.

Entertainments — Theatres, Cinemas and Music Halls, etc.

The Sub-Committee had before it a recommendation of the Deputy Treasurer, Revenue, that in respect of places of entertainment where the entrance fee is in the form of a charge for seats, the licence fee be based on 10 per cent. of the actual gross receipts, subject to audit by the Council; or alternatively be based upon the product of a capacity house and so computed as to give a licence fee approximating the 10 percentage method. The licensed entertainment premises in this "seating" category comprise theatres, cinemas, music halls, Bijou theatres and circuses. It was estimated that additional revenue in the neighbourhood of one million dollars per annum would be forthcoming from the adoption of this recommendation of the Deputy Treasurer, Revenue. The probability was noted that establishments affected by this new licence fee would discontinue their contributions to the Voluntary Entertainment Levy, which at present average in total $360,000, per annum.

There is naturally a close relationship between the seating accommodation in an establishment and the gross receipts returnable therefrom, and if there is a technical objection to a licence fee being related directly to the persons who patronize the licensed establishments, this difficulty can very simply be overcome by assessing the fee to provide an approximation to a 10 percentage return) on the basis of the physical capacity or size of the establishment, which is the basis commonly employed in assessing the licence fees in respect of other premises where licensed occupations are carried on.

In the search for further revenue from the source or licensed occupations, the Sub-Committee deemed it justifiable to regard entertainments as falling within the field of luxuries, and to attach a comparatively heavier burden of licence fees to entertainments than to other licensable trades and occupations.

Accordingly the Sub-Committee recommends that provision be made in the 1941 Licence Fee schedule for licence fees in respect of entertainment furnishing seating accommodation providing a return of or approximately 10 per cent. of the gross receipts; the Licence Fee scales to be based on seating capacity assessed to provide an approximation of such a percentage return, or optionally that the fees be 10 per cent. of the actual gross ticket sales, whichever the licensee may select.

Dance Establishments.

Under the present basis of assessment of licence fees for dancing establishments there is no differentiation between ballrooms where no dancing partners are provided and dance halls where dancing partners are available. There are at present 15 ballrooms where taxi-dancers do not operate and 25 taxi-dance halls, the latter employing about 1,100 taxi-dancers. Police reports were submitted and Police representatives were personally interviewed regarding the living conditions of taxi-dancers. Both types of establishments are prosperous. The present minimum fee is $60 per mensem, inclusive of 50 per cent. surcharge, for up to 50 persons. It was considered reasonable to introduce fee scales which would differentiate between ballrooms and taxi-dance halls, but with a minimum fee in both scales of $120 gross per mensem for up to 50 persons. The differentiation provides a higher scale for taxi-dance halls as compared with ballrooms, the new fees for ballrooms working out at approximately double the existing gross fees, whilst in the case of taxi-dance halls the fees work out at approximately three times the existing gross fees. These new scales are considered reasonable having regard to the fact that dancing establishments come within the category of luxury amusements, which it is considered should properly bear a higher degree of taxation than other forms of licensed occupations. The Sub-Committee is satisfied from its investigations that no hardship will accrue to the taxi-dancers themselves by reason of the increased fees for taxi-dance halls.

Sing Song House and Entertainer.

In respect of Sing Song houses separate licences are issued for the establishment and for the mistresses and entertainers themselves. The present fee is $15 per quarter plus $7.50 surcharge i.e. $22.50 per quarter. The living conditions under which the sing song mistresses and girls operate were explained by Police representatives. It was revealed that the business conducted in these establishments is at the present time good and that the mistresses make a good profit on the entertainers. The Sub-Committee was concerned to ensure that any increased fees should not bear unduly heavily upon the entertainers themselves, which is apparently well cared for, are often of poorer class families, the entertainer having been contracted to the establishment for relatively long terms. Sub-Committee is satisfied that any increase of fee in respect of the mistresses can be recouped from the patrons and not from the entertainers. In view of the luxury category into which this occupation falls it is considered justifiable to increase the fees in respect of the premises, which it is recommended should be $48 gross basic per quarter. No increase in the fee for the entertainer's licence is recommended, except that it be rounded off to a figure of $24 gross basic per quarter.

Billiard and Bowling Saloons.

The Sub-Committee's investigations indicated that these establishments would be adequately burdened by doubling the existing gross fee of $7.50 per table or alley per quarter, and an inclusive fee of $15 gross basic per table or alley per quarter is recommended.

Other Entertainments.

In view of the profitable nature of these occupations and having regard to the luxury category into which they may be said to fall, it is considered reasonable to double the existing fees plus surcharge in respect of the entertainment establishments such as Skating Rinks, Sing-Song and Story Teller premises, Swimming Pools and Fairs.

Eating Houses and Restaurants.

These premises comprise Restaurants which do not sell liquor, Chinese and Japanese Eating Houses, Chinese and Foreign Food Shops, Food and Drink Stalls, and Tea Rooms and Tea

Shops. The majority of these premises are Chinese Food Shops and Eating Houses, numbering over 4,400 establishments. They cater for all classes of the community, including a large section of those of small financial substance, and they deal in staple commodities. The predominant aspect of the licensing of these premises has always been regarded to ensure control in the interests of public health. In view of these factors no change in the licence fees pertaining to these establishments is recommended.

Chinese and Foreign Food Shop and Fruit Shop or Fruit Stall.

In view of the basic commodities which constitute an important part of the sales undertaken by these establishments and since the predominant aspect of the licensing of these premises has always been regarded as the control of production in the interests of public health, it is recommended that no change in the existing fees be made.

Chinese Clubs.

Instead of the present fee of $35 per quarter, plus 50 per cent. surcharge, applied alike to all Chinese Clubs, it is recommended that such premises be graded in two categories, Class "A" to comprise Clubs with full Club facilities and Class "B" to comprise "Associations" without full Club facilities. The recommended gross basic fees are:—

Class "A". $50 per quarter for 100 members or less and $0.50 per member in excess of 100, based on maximum authorized membership. Payable quarterly.

Class "B". $30 per quarter for 100 members or less and $0.10 per member in excess of 100, based on maximum authorized membership. Payable quarterly.

It is not possible to assess the additional revenue from this source since the membership of many Associations is unknown.

It is noted that the Bye-laws provide for the licensing only of Chinese Clubs and not of foreign Clubs. Nevertheless, the Sub-Committee wishes to qualify its recommendation pertaining to increased revenue from Chinese Clubs by the rider that the present fees for Chinese Clubs should only be changed provided the Council finds it possible to undertake the licensing of foreign Clubs on similar lines.

Taverns and Liquor Sellers "On" Licence.

It is considered reasonable to double the existing gross fees for premises supplying liquor for consumption on the premises, comprising Taverns, Restaurants selling liquor, Bars, Malt Liquor Sellers and Chinese Wine Shops. It is proposed that doubling of the gross fees shall apply also to special licence permits granted for extension of the closing hours beyond the present standard time.

The new fees recommended are set out in the Appendix hereto.

Liquor Sellers "Off" Licence.

These establishments comprise places for the sale of liquor, foreign and Chinese, for consumption off the premises. They include licences officially designated as foreign liquor sellers, malt liquor sellers and Chinese wine shops. The existing fees, which were substantially increased in respect of foreign bottled liquor sellers a few years ago, by agreement with the liquor trade, may now be considered to be fairly high. No increase in fees is recommended in respect of the sellers of foreign bottled liquor and malt liquor. It is recommended similarly that the fees for Chinese Wine Shops' Off Licence remain unchanged.

Lodging Houses and Private Hotels.

These premises, catering more for permanent residents of the Settlement than for transients, comprise what are designated as Foreign Lodging Houses, Chinese Lodging Houses, and Private Hotels. It is recommended that the existing fees remain unaltered.

Hotels (Excepting Private Hotels).

It is considered that Hotels of a type which cater to transients as well as to permanent residents of the Settlement are at present taxed too low, particularly in view of the fact that the population congestion conduces to the prosperity of these establishments. The licence fees imposed are in fact very low as compared with those imposed in cities abroad. Moreover, it is noted that the majority of these premises supply liquor, the consumption of which it is deemed justifiable to regard as falling in the luxury category. The present licence fees are regarded as representing an unduly small proportion of the operating costs. The basis upon which a scale of higher fees might be computed was the subject of a very thorough examination and after much careful consideration new scales are recommended as set out in the Appendix hereto.

Foreign Tea Rooms and Chinese Tea Shops.

These premises are limited to the normal and non-luxury refreshment needs of the populace and licensing is exercised predominantly to assure that the refreshment is provided under healthy conditions. Accordingly, it is recommended that no change be made in the existing licence fees.

Dairies.

The Sub-Committee considers to be satisfactory the recommendation framed by the Health Department Sub-Committee of the Economy Committee and adopted by the Council that the gross licence fee for Dairies be increased to $15 per annum per cow for Grade "A" and "B" Dairies, and $20 per annum per cow for Grade "A" (T.T.) Dairies. The existing Dairy licence fee is $15 gross per half year.

Bakeries and Confectionaries.

In view of the large amount of business done by certain types of Bakeries, the existing licence fee of $9 gross per half year is regarded as insufficient for such cases. Accordingly, it is recommended that a new scale be introduced of a gross fee of $24 per half year per 500 sq. ft. (or portion thereof) of working area. In order to obviate hardship, the new scale will apply only to Bakeries where bread is baked, as distinct from numerous small shops where cakes and other confectionery are made mainly for consumption on the premises.

Foodstuffs Licences.

Sellers of Ice Cream and Iced Drinks, etc., Compradore Shops and Provision Stores, etc., and Rice Vendors (Other Foodstuffs Licence Nos. 1, 2 and 3). These licences relate to the retailing of basic commodities and accordingly it is decided that no change in the existing fees be made, except in respect of Ice Cream. It is considered that the manufacture of ice cream can bear higher fees than provided for under the present fee range of $2 to $100 per half year, exclusive of surcharge, at present in force. Accordingly, a new scale is introduced, which is set out in the Appendix, based upon an assessment on an area basis. A limit of 4,000 sq. ft. is provided in the scale in order that spacious establishments planned in accordance with modern hygiene may not be penalized or induced to reduce their space to effect a saving in licence fee.

Prepared Foodstuffs, Ham Curing, Lard Rendering, Egg Packing, and Aerated Water Manufacturing (Other Foodstuffs Licence Nos. 4, 5, 6). The existing scales for these establishments are unbalanced in that the fees are not directly proportionate to area. New scales based on a fixed fee for each unit of area as set out in the Appendix are recommended.

Ice Licence. With regard to Ice factories and Cold Storage Warehouses it is considered that the existing gross fee range of from $8 to $60 per half year is inadequate, and accordingly for such factories and warehouses it is recommended to introduce a new gross fee of $45 per half year per area basis of 500 sq. ft. (or portion thereof) of working area. The remaining fees in the Ice Licence scale will remain unchanged.

Inter-Area Selling Licence. This is a food control licence designed primarily in the interests of public health on a reciprocal basis with the French Concession. No change in the existing fees is recommended.

Private Markets.

There are only five of such type Markets and the present revenue returns in licence fees are regarded as satisfactory. The main consideration in respect of the licensing of these places is to ensure their operation in accordance with the established standards of public health. No change in existing fees is recommended.

Private Slaughterhouses.

The considerations named above in respect of private markets obtain in the case of Private Slaughterhouses. Revenue accrues from these premises both in respect of licence and inspection fees. It is recommended that no change in the existing fees be made.

Pig Lairages.

The considerations named in respect of private slaughterhouses obtain in the case of Pig Lairages. It is recommended that no change in the existing fees be made.

Laundries.

The fee in respect of Laundries has, in accordance with the practice established for many years been regarded as largely nominal, licensing being undertaken primarily in the interests of ensuring that clothing is laundered under sanitary conditions. It is recommended that no change in the existing fee be made.

Tailor Shops.

The considerations named in respect of the laundry licence apply to a large extent to Tailor Shops. The licence was originally designed to ensure the inspection of the premises

by the Public Health Department for the prevention of the spread of consumption and other communicable diseases. It is recommended to make no change in the existing nominal fee.

Food Hawkers.

It is recommended that the existing fee remain untouched, having regard to a recent decision of the Council which opposed the placing of any further tax burdens on this class of small trader.

Vehicle Licences.

The Committee is of the view that the Vehicle group of licences, and especially Motor Vehicles, can readily be looked to for the provision of added revenue. Vehicular transport operating costs have increased and it is deemed justifiable that, commensurately, there should be an upward movement of licence fees. The scales of fees apply to the several types of vehicles comprised in the vehicles group were carefully examined and the following conclusions were arrived at.

Private and Public Motor Vehicles, Public Garages, Motor Registration and Drivers' Fees. It is considered appropriate that operators of motor vehicles should make a full contribution to the added revenues sought to be obtained from increased licence fees. The licence fee in fact represents only a small part of the general operation expenses of motor vehicles, many of which expenses have more than trebled during the past three years. Since the existing proportions between the fees in the Motor Vehicle group were devised only after a very exhaustive investigation, it is considered important that these proportions should not be disturbed. After careful examination of the whole subject of the fees borne by motor vehicles, it is recommended that the existing gross fees, i.e. inclusive of the present 50 per cent. surcharge, be doubled. Such doubling it is recommended be applied to all motor vehicles and trailers, public garage, motor vehicle registration fee and drivers licence.

Carts. Having regard to the recommendation to double the fees for motor vehicles, it was at first thought desirable that the fees for Carts likewise should be doubled, since otherwise there might be a trend towards the use of man-propelled vehicles to the detriment of motor vehicular transport. However, there was taken into consideration the desirability of discouraging an outmoded form of transport and one which does considerable road damage. The matter was complicated, however, by the fact that this form of vehicular transport involves the livelihood of many thousands of the poorer class and it was the wish of the Committee to ensure that the humanitarian aspect should not be neglected in any decision affecting an increase in the licence fees having regard to the possible impact of such higher fees on the pullers of the carts. A special investigation of the living conditions of the cart pullers was therefore undertaken by the Industrial Section. The conclusions derived from this investigation was that the pullers of the hand trolley carts, which constitute the vast majority of the carts, appear to be able to demand and obtain their own prices, and that therefore there was ample justification for an increase in the licence fees. Nevertheless, in deference to the humanitarian considerations involved, it was felt that an increase to the same extent as in the case of motor vehicles, i.e. doubling the fees, should not be made. A compromise received the unanimous agreement of the Committee that the increase in respect of the trolley carts, which bear the lowest licence fee in the cart fee scale, should be in the neighbourhood of 60 per cent. instead of 100 per cent. as in the case of motor vehicles. A new scale was therefore submitted and adopted, as set out in the Appendix hereto, which is based upon an increase of the trolley cart fee from the present gross figure of $3.75 per quarter to a new gross fee of $6 per quarter, and which conserves the existing relationship between the various types of carts calculated proportionately upon this minimum basis. It was considered important not to disturb this relationship which had been calculated with much care in the past.

Wheelbarrows. Encouragement of the increase of this type of solid-tyred vehicle is considered undesirable and it is hoped that no hardship will ensue from adoption of the Committee's recommendation, which is now made, that the existing low fee for Wheelbarrows be doubled.

Private Ricshas and Private Riesha Pullers. For this private transport it is considered reasonable that the present gross fees be doubled, it being noted that the owner customarily pays the Private Ricsha licence fee and not the puller.

Public Riesha and Public Riesha Pullers. Having regard to the Municipally imposed limitation on the hire rental charges to pullers, it is recommended that no change be made in the licence fee for Public Ricshas. Similarly, it is recommended that no change be made in the fee for Public Riesha Pullers.

Carriages—Private and Public, and Livery Stables. It is recommended that the present gross fees be doubled. It is considered that Pony Carriages represent an outmoded form of transport, which it is undesirable to encourage. Moreover, there is considerable ill-treatment of Carriage ponies.

Bicycles and Tandems. The existing fees are regarded as being far too nominal and doubling of the present gross fee is recommended. Bicycles impose considerable strain on traffic and on Police services, which it is felt should reasonably be compensated in the higher fees recommended.

Delivery Tricycle and Trailer. It is recommended that these fees be doubled, in order to preserve the relationship with other vehicles, the fees for which are likewise being doubled.

Boats.

In view of the limitations on the Council's control of Boats in the river and the desirability of refraining from any action which might encourage the evasion of the present restricted licensing, it is recommended that these fees be left without change.

Dogs.

It is felt that an increase in the fees for Dogs can well be afforded by the persons who possess these animals. The present gross fee, inclusive of surcharge, is $7.50 per annum. A small compromise on the initial proposal that the fee be doubled is unanimously agreed upon and it is recommended that the new gross fee be fixed at $12 per annum.

Exchange Shops.

It is noted that the large fee range of $1 to $140 per quarter, exclusive of surcharge, provided for in the authorized scale of fees for Exchange Shops has not been availed of, and that the fees applying at present range only between $1 to $21 per quarter, exclusive of surcharge. In assessing any new fees it is decided that there should properly be differentiation between Exchange Shops dealing primarily in Chinese currency, whose business is comparatively bad, as good as it formerly was, and the larger type of Exchange engaged in foreign exchange, whose business is regarded as prosperous. The finding of a new yardstick for measuring the licence fee value of the two types of Exchange Shops presented considerable difficulty and was the subject of detailed investigation. The type of premises engaged in the more prosperous form of exchange business comprise some 69 out of the 792 premises licensed. Assessment of the premises for the purpose of the licence fee on the basis of business turnover was found to be impracticable, since an examination of the books was considered not to be feasible. The basis of capital involved in the business was also considered and rejected, as not necessarily providing a true index of actual business conditions. It was finally decided that that of "frontage" space occupied, on a unit of 12 ft. frontage, provided a reasonably satisfactory yardstick on which to assess the licence fees in respect of the larger type of Exchange Shops. On this basis of a frontage of 12-ft. the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue recommended a fee of $75 per quarter as the gross minimum fee, inclusive of surcharge, which figure he regarded as a compromise between the higher figure that might be assessed in relation to the present good business done by these shops and their more normal trade. The Committee, however, felt that the existing abnormally high trade profits enjoyed by the larger types of exchange shops should be fully assessed at the present time and it is accordingly recommended that the gross minimum fee be $120 per quarter on a 12-ft. frontage. With regard to the assessment of new fees for the type of Exchange Shop dealing purely in Chinese currency, it is recommended that these be classified on a flat basis having relation to whether the premises are located in a main thoroughfare or on a subsidiary thoroughfare. The new fees recommended are, therefore, $6 per quarter gross and $3 per quarter gross, respectively.

Goldsmith and Silversmith Shops.

The business of Goldsmith's and Silversmith's Shops is on the whole progressively declining. The original aspect emphasized in the licensing of these premises was the assistance of Police protection and control. It is recommended that no increase in licence fees be made.

Pawnshops.

The assessment of the Pawnshop licence fees has in the past been the subject of much care and as the existing fees being on a percentage of turnover basis may be regarded as suitable, it is recommended that no change be made.

Tobacco Shops.

Having regard to the Committee's view that the consumption of tobacco is a form of luxury which appropriately should yield a higher contribution to the income derived from licence fees, the assessment of a new scale of fees for Tobacco

Shops was the subject of exhaustive consideration. Whilst the necessity of preserving a due relationship to the fees charged in the French Concession cannot be disregarded, it is to be observed that the sale of Tobacco is elsewhere very highly taxed. To achieve a proper assessment of the 2,300 odd Tobacco Shops, which vary considerably in the size of premises used and the volume of business done, a thorough investigation was made of the trade operations carried on by these shops, wherefrom it appears that the gross profits on the sale of tobacco range from about 15 per cent. to 20 per cent. The prices for the various brands of tobacco sold in these shops appear to be fixed by the trade organization and seem to vary very slightly according to the location of the shops. It is not unlikely that any increase in the licence fees on these shops could be passed on to the consumers, which it is considered not inappropriate. Since no means exist to insist on these establishments declaring their business turnover, assessment of licence fees on the basis of such turnover is impracticable. After considering several alternatives, it is agreed to classify these establishments on the basis of road frontage location and the following scale is adopted:—

(A) Shops on Municipal Roads an inclusive fee of $30 per quarter.

(B) Those off Municipal Roads an inclusive fee of $18 per quarter.

The existing fees range from $1 to $35 per quarter, exclusive of 50 per cent. surcharge. It is considered that the increased fees will not materially affect the retail selling prices of tobacco, and that there is a possibility of the French Municipal Administration making a proportionate increase in their licence fees. The Committee wishes, however, to append the rider that whilst its recommendation appears to offer the best practical solution of means to obtain considerably more revenue in respect of the consumption of tobacco, which it is considered the nature of the indulgence justifies, it commends to the Council the obtaining of powers to enable the imposition of a "consumption tax" on tobacco.

Ammunition, Firearms and Bullet Proof Vests.

Sale or Manufacture of Firearms and Ammunition. Firearms used solely for sporting, Volunteer, or Police purposes are not licensable. The sale or manufacture of Firearms and Ammunition used for other purposes is on such a small scale as to render licensing unprofitable from a revenue point of view.

Carrying and Keeping of Firearms. It is considered reasonable to double the existing fee for licences authorizing the carrying of Firearms. As to the fee for the keeping of Firearms, it is considered desirable to, subordinate revenue considerations to the desirability of encouraging the registration of the keeping of Firearms, and accordingly it is recommended that the fee for keeping remain unchanged.

Bullet Proof Vests. As regards the importation, manufacture and sale of Bullet Proof Vests, since these fees were fixed only comparatively recently and were assessed at a high figure, with a view to discouraging any indiscriminate marketing of such vests, it is decided to leave the present fees unchanged. These fees exclusive of surcharge, are $700 per annum for importers and manufacturers and $250 per annum for sellers.

As regards the fee for possessing and wearing Bullet Proof Vests, it is recommended that the present fee be left unchanged, in view of the desirability of encouraging the registration of those who possess such vests.

Miscellaneous.

Certain other occupations, which are licensable under the Bye-laws, came under review by the Committee, but in view of the very recent declarations of policy by the Council with respect thereto or long established policy, it was felt that any consideration thereof by the Committee was precluded. These include Factories, Pharmacies, Brothels and Lotteries, and Hawkers of non-foodstuffs.

With regard to the Celluloid licence which has only just been introduced for the purpose of controlling this hazardous industry, it is considered that the existing fees are sufficient for the purpose. Similarly, it is recommended that no change be made in the fees for the storage of Dangerous Materials.

Rounding off of New Basic Fees and Elimination of Maximum.

The Sub-Committee recommends that in all cases where no change in fee is recommended but where the existing fee plus surcharge produces an inconvenient dollar figure, such fee should be rounded off then expressed as a gross basic to the nearest convenient amount. Scales based on size of area generally should be modified to eliminate the arbitrary maximum at present existing and should be re-framed as far as possible on the basis of a fixed fee for each unit of size without limitation of fee.

Other Sources of Revenue.

The foregoing Report treats purely of the Licence Fees source of revenue. The Sub-Committee is at present examining and will report further to the Economy Committee regarding other sources of revenue of the Municipality.

Appreciation.

In concluding this Report the Sub-Committee feels that their most sincere thanks are especially due to Mr. E. T. Nash, Acting Deputy Secretary, and Mr. R. Middleton, Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, for the valuable assistance and advice given to the Sub-Committee during all its sessions. The Sub-Committee takes occasion to tender similar thanks to all Heads of Departments, who have readily given their advice upon request.

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED INCREASED ANNUAL REVENUE ACCRUING FROM REVISED LICENCE FEES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOURCES OF REVENUE SUB-COMMITTEE.

Licence	*Present scales gross $*	*Proposed scales gross $*	*Increase $*
Billiard or Bowling Saloon	2,400	4,000	1,600
Chinese Club	6,600	25,000	18,400
Entertainment not otherwise enumerated	25,000	50,000	25,000
Dancing Saloon	65,000	175,000	110,000
Exchange Shop	18,000	43,000	25,000
HOTEL, TAVERN, ETC.			
Hotel	80,000	240,000	160,000
Tavern	87,000	174,000	87,000
Restaurant (with Liquor)	39,000	60,000	21,000
Temporary Bar	1,000	2,000	1,000
Extension of Closing Hour	21,000	42,000	21,000
Liquor, Malt On	21,000	42,000	21,000
Sing Song House	115,000	164,000	49,000
Sing Song and Story Teller	36,000	72,000	36,000
Theatre, Cinema, Music Hall, etc.	108,000	1,108,000	1,000,000
Tobacco Shop	42,000	250,000	208,000
Wine Shop, Chinese (On)	64,000	128,000	64,000
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Bakery	1,600	3,100	1,500
Dairy	700	40,700	40,000
Ice	3,000	6,000	3,000
Other Foodstuffs No. 1	16,000	26,000	10,000
,, ,, No. 4	3,700	3,700	—
,, ,, No. 5	18,000	18,000	—
,, ,, No. 6	12,000	12,000	—
VEHICLES.			
Bicycle and Tandem	340,000	680,000	340,000
Carriage, Private	600	1,200	600
,, Public) Livery Stable)	750	1,500	750
Cart	420,000	670,000	250,000
Delivery Tricycle	66,000	132,000	66,000
MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.			
Private Cars	990,000	1,980,000	990,000
Trade Cars	12,750	25,500	12,750
Motor Cycles	19,500	39,000	19,500
Public Cars	210,000	420,000	210,000
Freight Vehicles	942,000	1,884,000	942,000
Garages	12,000	24,000	12,000
Registration Fees	49,500	99,000	49,500
Drivers	90,000	180,000	90,000
Pullers, Private Riesha	20,000	40,000	20,000
Riesha, Private	428,000	856,000	428,000
Wheelbarrow	13,000	26,000	13,000
SUNDRIES.			
Dog	22,500	35,000	12,500
Firearm—To Carry	46,000	92,000	46,000
Totals	$4,468,600	$9,873,700	$5,405,100

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVISED LICENCE FEES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOURCES OF REVENUE SUB-COMMITTEE OF THE MUNICIPAL ECONOMY COMMITTEE.

Existing basic fees subject to 50% Surcharge.	*Revised inclusive fees recommended.*
ENTERTAINMENTS.	
Theatres, Cinemas, Music Halls, Bijou Theatres and Circuses.	
$1.50 to $28 for every day or night open, according to size	10% of the actual gross receipts subject to audit by the Council; or alternatively a fixed fee based upon the product of a capacity house and so computed as to approximate 10% of gross receipts.

Existing basic fees subject to 50% Surcharge.	*Revised inclusive fees recommended.*
Dancing Saloons. $0.50 to $28 for every day or night open, according to size.	*Ball Room.* (Dancing partners not provided by the establishment) Approved accommodation up to 50 persons $120 per month. Over 50 persons $120 per month and in addition $1 per month for each person exceeding 50. *Dancing Saloon.* (Dancing partners provided by the establishment) Approved accommodation up to 50 persons $120 per month. Over 50 persons $120 per month and in addition $1.50 per month for each person exceeding 50.
Sing Song House and Entertainer. $15 per quarter.	Sing Song House—$48 per quarter. Entertainer —$24 per quarter.
Sing Song and Story Teller. $14 to $140 per month according to size.	$42 to $420 per month according to size.
Billiard or Bowling Saloon. $5 per quarter for each table or alley.	$15 per quarter for each table or alley.
Fair, or other place of public Entertainment not otherwise enumerated. $0.50 to $28 for every day or night open, according to size.	$1.50 to $84 for every day or night open, according to size.
Chinese Club. $35 per quarter.	*Class "A."* $50 per quarter for 100 members or less and $0.50 per member in excess of 100, based on maximum authorized membership. Payable quarterly. *Class "B."* $50 per quarter for 100 members or less and $0.10 per member in excess of 100, based on maximum authorized membership. Payable quarterly.
Taverns :— *Tavern Restaurant.* $175 to $225 per quarter according to size.	$525 to $675 per quarter according to size.
Bars, Cinema or Theatre. $140 per quarter.	$420 per quarter.
Bars, Dancing Saloon or Other Entertainment. $175 to $300 per quarter according to size.	$525 to $900 per quarter according to size.
Bars, temporary. $1 to $20 per day according to size.	$3 to $60 per day according to size.
Restaurants with liquor at meals only. $85 to $140 per quarter according to size.	*Class "A."* Approved accommodation up to 25 persons $260 per quarter. Over 25 persons $260 per quarter, and in addition $1 per quarter for each person exceeding 25. *Class "B."* Approved accommodation up to 25 persons $243 per quarter. Over 25 persons $243 per quarter, and in addition $0.70 per quarter for each person exceeding 25.
Retailers of Malt Liquor only. On Licence. $35 per quarter.	$105 per quarter.
Chinese Wine Shop. On Licence. $4 to $280 per quarter according to size.	$12 to $840 per quarter according to size.
Closing Hour—Extension Permit. $30 to $120 per month according to class.	$90 to $360 per month according to class.
Hotel—On Licence. $175 to $700 per quarter according to rateable assessment.	*Category "A" (with Bar)* $675 per quarter plus from $3.00 to $7.50 per room per quarter and from $1.50 to $3.75 per bed per quarter, according to class. *Category "B" (without Bar)* from $3.00 to $5.00 per room per quarter and from $1.50 to $2.50 per bed per quarter according to class.
Dairy. $10 per half year.	Grade "A "and "B " $15 per annum per cow Grade "A " (T. T.) $20 ,, ,, ,, ,,
Bakery and Confectionery. $6 per half year.	*Bread Baking Establishments.* $24 per half year for each 500 sq. ft. of working area or portion thereof. *Others.* $9 per half year.

Existing basic fees subject to 50% Surcharge.	*Revised inclusive fees recommended.*
Vendor of Ice Cream and Iced Drinks, etc. (Other Foodstuffs No. 1) $2 to $100 per half year according to class.	*Class I.* (Manufacture—Wholesale) $60 per half year for every 500 sq. ft. of working area or portion thereof, maximum $480. *Class II.* (Manufacture—for sale on the premises) (*a*) For consumption on the premises—$15 per half year. (*b*) For consumption both on and off the premises—$45 per half year. *Class III.* (Retail sale) (*a*) For consumption both on and off the premises—$24 per half year. (*b*) For consumption off the premises (prepared packets, including Ice Suckers)—$24 per half year. (*c*) Iced Drinks for consumption on the premises—$24 per half year. (*d*) Iced Drinks and Ice Cream for consumption both on and off the premises—$42 per half year.
Aerated, Silent or Distilled Water, Fruit Juice, etc. (Other Foodstuffs No. 4) $10 to $300 per half year according to size.	$10 for every 200 sq. ft. or portion thereof. Gross fee $15 per half year.
Lard, Ham, Casing, etc. Factory. (Other Foodstuffs No. 5) $25 to $150 per quarter according to size.	Every 500 sq. ft. or portion thereof. Gross fee $30 per quarter.
Egg Packing, etc. (Other Foodstuffs No. 6) $25 to $150 per quarter according to size.	Every 500 sq. ft. or portion thereof. Gross fee $30 per quarter.
Sale or Manufacture of Ice; Cold Storage Warehouses. $4 to $40 per half year according to size.	*Manufacturers and Cold Storage Warehouses.* For each 500 sq. ft. of working area or portion thereof $45 per half year. *Ice Box* (In Markets) each $6 per half year. *Ice Box* (In Shops, etc.) each $15 per half year.

Existing basic fees subject to 50% Surcharge.	*Revised inclusive fees recommended.*
Private Carriage drawn by horse, pony, mule, or donkey.	
$1.50 per quarter for each horse, pony, mule, or donkey.	$4.50 per quarter for each horse, pony, mule, or donkey.
$12 per quarter for each carriage.	$36 per quarter for each carriage.
Livery Stable.	
$1 for the year or portion thereof.	$3 for the year or portion thereof.
Public Carriage drawn by horse, pony or mule.	
$3 per quarter for each horse, pony or mule.	$9 per quarter for each horse, pony or mule.
$15 per quarter for each carriage.	$45 per quarter for each carriage.
Public Garage.	
$7 to $200 per quarter, according to size.	$21 to $600 per quarter, according to size.
Private Motor Car.	
Where unladen weight, with all standard equipment, does not exceed 1,000 lb.—$32.00 per half-year.	Where unladen weight, with all standard equipment, does not exceed 1,000 lb.—$96.00 per half-year.
1,001 to 2,000 lb. rising from $33.00 by $1.00 per 100 lb. to 2,000 lb.—$42.00 per half year.	1,001 to 2,000 lb. rising from $99.00 by $3.00 per 100 lb. to 2,000 lb.—$126.00 per half-year.
2,001 to 3,000 lb. rising from $43.40 by $1.40 per 100 lb. to 3,000 lb.—$56.00 per half-year.	2,001 to 3,000 lb. rising from $130.20 by $4.20 per 100 lb. to 3,000 lb.—$168.00 per half-year.
3,001 to 4,000 lb. rising from $57.90 by $1.90 per 100 lb. to 4,000 lb.—$75.00 per half-year.	3,001 to 4,000 lb. rising from $173.70 by $5.70 per 100 lb. to 4,000 lb.—$225.00 per half-year.
4,001 to 5,000 lb. rising from $77.50 by $2.50 per 100 lb. to 5,000 lb.—$100.00 per half-year.	4,001 to 5,000 lb. rising from $232.50 by $7.50 per 100 lb. to 5,000 lb.—$300.00 per half-year.
5,001 to 6,000 lb. rising from $103.50 by $3.50 per 100 lb. to 6,000 lb.—$135.00 per half-year.	5,001 to 6,000 lb. rising from $310.50 by $10.50 per 100 lb. to 6,000 lb.—$405.00 per half-year.
6,001 to 7,000 lb. rising from $140.00 by $5.00 per 100 lb. to 7,000 lb.—$185.00 per half-year.	6,001 to 7,000 lb. rising from $420.00 by $15.00 per 100 lb. to 7,000 lb.—$555.00 per half-year.
7,001 lb. and over by special arrangement.	7,001 lb. and over by special arrangement.
Public Motor Car.	
Fees 30% in excess of those set out in the Private Motor Car scale, payable quarterly.	Fees 30% in excess of those set out in the Private Motor Car scale, payable quarterly.
Luggage or Camping Equipment Trailer.	
$12 per half-year.	$36 per half-year.
Caravan Trailer.	
$18 per half-year.	$54 per half-year.
Visitors' Private Motor Car and Driving Licences.	
Vehicle $2 to $11 according to period.	Vehicle $6 to $33 according to period.
Driving Licence $1.	Driving Licence $3.
Van, Lorry or other Freight Vehicle.	
Where gross weight does not exceed 2,000 lb.—$15.00 per quarter.	Where gross weight does not exceed 2,000 lb.—$45.00 per quarter.
2,001 to 3,000 lb.—$17.50 per quarter.	2,001 to 3,000 lb.—$52.50 per quarter.
3,001 to 4,000 lb.—$20.00 per quarter.	3,001 to 4,000 lb.—$60.00 per quarter.
4,001 to 10,000 lb. rising from $21.50 by $1.50 per 1,000 lb. to 10,000 lb.—$29.00 per quarter.	4,001 to 10,000 lb. rising from $64.50 by $4.50 per 1,000 lb. to 10,000 lb.—$87.00 per quarter.
10,001 to 20,000 lb. rising from $32.00 by $3.00 per 1,000 lb. to 20,000 lb.—$59 per quarter.	10,001 to 20,000 lb. rising from $96.00 by $9.00 per 1,000 lb. to 20,000 lb.—$177.00 per quarter.
20,001 to 25,000 lb. rising from $63.00 by $4.00 per 1,000 lb. to 25,000 lb.—$79.00 per quarter.	20,001 to 25,000 lb. rising from $189.00 by $12.00 per 1,000 lb. to 25,000 lb.—$237.00 per quarter.
25,001 lb. and over rising by $7 per every additional 1,000 lb. gross weight.	25,001 lb. and over rising by $21 per every additional 1,000 lb. gross weight.

For motor freight vehicles operating as vehicles for hire or as public freight carriers, fees 50 per cent. in excess of those set out in the above scale. All vehicles not fitted with pneumatic tyres to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police to pay an additional 20 per cent.

Existing basic fees subject to 50% Surcharge.	*Revised inclusive fees recommended.*
Freight Trailer.	
Where gross weight does not exceed 4,000 lb.—$14 per quarter.	Where gross weight does not exceed 4,000 lb.—$42.00 per quarter.
4,001 to 5,000 lb.—$15.50 per quarter and rising thereafter by $1.50 per every 1,000 lb. to 45,000 lb. gross—$75.50 per quarter.	4,001 to 5,000 lb.—$46.50 per quarter and rising thereafter by $4.50 per every 1,000 lb. to 45,000 lb. gross—$226.50 per quarter.
45,001 lb. and over by special arrangement.	45,001 lb. and over by special arrangement.

For freight trailers operating as vehicles for hire or as public freight carriers fees 50 per cent. in excess of those set out in the above scale. All vehicles not fitted with pneumatic tyres to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police to pay an additional 20 per cent.

Charabanc.	
$70 to $140 per quarter, according to size.	$210 to $420 per quarter, according to size.
Public Motor Omnibus.	
The dollar equivalent of 1½ candareens for every mile traversed by each motor omnibus equipped with pneumatic tyres.	
The dollar equivalent of 1⅝ candareens for every mile traversed by each motor omnibus not so equipped.	
For motor omnibuses of special light type operating mainly on approved routes without the Settlement, a fixed quarterly fee at the discretion of the Council.	Adjustment of fees to be considered by Council.
The above fees are subject to an increase of 10% on account of the increase in weight and capacity of these vehicles.	
Private Motor Omnibus.	
Seating capacity not exceeding 20 passengers, $42 per quarter. Over 20 passengers, by special arrangement.	Seating capacity not exceeding 20 passengers, $126 per quarter. Over 20 passengers, by special arrangement.
Motor Ambulance.	
Fees as per Private Motor Car scale.	Fees as per Private Motor Car scale.
Trade Motor Vehicle.	
$68 per half-year.	$204 per half-year.
Motor Bicycle or Motor Tricycle.	
Motor Bicycle—$28 per annum.	Motor Bicycle—$84 per annum.
Motor Bicycle with side-car or Motor Tricycle, not exceeding 800 lb. weight unladen—$42 per annum.	Motor Bicycle with side-car or Motor Tricycle, not exceeding 800 lb. weight unladen—$126 per annum.
If operating for hire or as public freight carrier, $63 per annum.	If operating for hire or as public freight carrier, $189 per annum.
Over 800 lb. weight unladen—	Over 800 lb. weight unladen—
Fees as per Private Motor Car scale. If operating for hire, fees as per Public Motor Car scale. If operating as freight carrier, fees as per Van, Lorry or other Freight Vehicle scale.	Fees as per Private Motor Car scale. If operating for hire, fees as per Public Motor Car scale. If operating as freight carrier, fees as per Van, Lorry or other Freight Vehicle scale.
Driver of Motor Vehicle of any description.	
$5 on issue, and $1 on transfer of employment or issue of a duplicate or renewed licence.	$15 on issue, and $3 on transfer of employment or issue of a duplicate or renewed licence.
Registration or registration of ownership of any motor vehicle.	
$5 each registration.	$15 each registration.
Pony Cart or Van.	
(Fees exclusive of licence plate)	
$12.50 to $25 per quarter, according to class.	$37.50 to $75.00 per quarter, according to class.

Existing basic fees subject to 50% Surcharge.	*Revised inclusive fees recommended.*
Cart (man propelled) (Fees exclusive of licence plate) (*a*) Equipped with iron tyres No. 1 500 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $2.50 per quarter. No. 2 1,000 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $7.00 per quarter. No. 3 2,240 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $15.00 per quarter. 2,241 lb. and over Carrying capacity (maximum) By special arrangement. (*b*) Equipped with pneumatic tyres No. 4 750 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $2.00 per quarter. No. 5 1,500 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $5.00 per quarter. No. 6 1,800 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $6.00 per quarter. No. 7 2,240 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $7.50 per quarter. No. 8 3,000 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $10.00 per quarter. 3,001 lb. and over Carrying capacity (maximum) By special arrangement.	(*a*) Equipped with iron tyres No. 1 500 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $3.00 per quarter. No. 2 1,000 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $16.50 per quarter. No. 3 2,240 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $36.00 per quarter. 2,241 lb. and over Carrying capacity (maximum) By special arrangement. (*b*) Equipped with pneumatic tyres No. 4 750 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $4.50 per quarter. No. 5 1,500 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $12.00 per quarter. No. 6 1,800 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $15.00 per quarter. No. 7 2,240 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $18.00 per quarter. No. 8 3,000 lb. Carrying capacity (maximum) $24.00 per quarter. 3,001 lb. and over Carrying capacity (maximum) By special arrangement.
Delivery Tricycle or Trailer (Fees exclusive of licence plate) $10 per annum.	$30 per annum.
Private Ricsha $16 per half-year.	$48 per half-year.
Registration of allotment of Private Ricsha number plate. $0.50 each registration.	$1.50 each registration.
Wheelbarrow (Fees exclusive of licence plate) $0.70 per month.	$2.00 per month.
Bicycle. (Fees exclusive of licence plate) $4 for the year or $2 if issued after September 30.	$12 for the year or $6 if issued after September 30.
Tandem Bicycle (Fees exclusive of licence plate) *$10* for the year or *$5* if issued after September 30.	*$30* for the year or *$15* if issued after September 30.
Ricsha Puller, public or private. $0.30 to $1 on issue. Renewal fee at the discretion of the Council, not exceeding $1.	$0.45 to $3 on issue. Renewal fee at the discretion of the Council, not exceeding $3.
Dog. $5 for the year or portion thereof.	$12 for the year or portion thereof.
Exchange Shop. $1 to $140 per quarter according to size.	*Dealing in foreign exchange.* $120 per quarter for each 12 feet of frontage or part thereof. *Others :* $3 or $6 per quarter according to location.
Tobacco Shop. $1 to $35 per quarter according to size.	$30 or $18 per quarter according to location.
Firearms. *Licence to carry :* $14 per annum or if issued after June 30, $7.	$42 for the year or if issued after June 30, $21.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1941 1827

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Periodical Investment Deposits

DEPOSITS carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Saturday	February	1
Monday	,,	3
Tuesday	,,	4
Wednesday ..	,,	5

Fixed Deposits

The Municipal Investment Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION NO. 4911. MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5385. PUBLIC PARKS—SALE OF REFRESHMENTS.

THE Council invites tenders for the privilege of selling light refreshments (including beer) at the Public Gardens, Jessfield and Kiaochow Parks from April 15, 1941 to April 14, 1942.

Forms of application may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works and should be submitted to the Secretary and Commissioner General, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on Thursday, March 6.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5376. POLICE SPECIAL SERVICES.

THE services of the Police for private duties may be secured upon application to the Commissioner of Police, under the following revised tariff which will have effect from February 1, 1941. Only a limited number of men are available at any time.

Per day of 8 Hours:

Foreign Sergeant or Probationary Sergeant (Section I)	$ 38
Foreign Sergeant or Probationary Sergeant (Section II)	$ 26
Sikh Havildar or Constable	$ 12
Chinese Sergeant or Constable	$ 6

Per Month:

Sikh Havildar or Constable	$245
Chinese Sergeant or Constable	$180
Chinese Bank Detective	$200

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5386. STRUCTURAL STEEL.

FOR sale by tender approximately 20,000 ft. of M.S. Channels, nominal size 250 x 80 mm. (9¾" x 3¼") x 19.3 lbs. in lengths of 19'6" to 20'0". Deposit —$1,000. Closing date—February 20, 1941. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5384. RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals) Licence in favour of Mr. S. K. Chang of 580-600 Bubbling Well Road in respect of the premises Nos. 580-600 Bubbling Well Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Friday, January 31, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 22, 1941.

REPORT OF THE SOURCES OF REVENUE SUB-COMMITTEE.

The Council at its meeting on January 22 adopted the Report of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Economy Committee, except that it was decided to make no change in the existing licence fee for Chinese Clubs.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5377. FIRE BRIGADE CHARGES.

THE charges for Watching Services and Duties (other than at fires) referred to in Municipal Notification No. 5245 dated April 25, 1940, are amended as follows with effect from February 1, 1941:—

Watching Services and Duties (other than at Fires).

(a) Places of Entertainment:— In accordance with Council Regulations as laid down in the Licence Conditions, there shall be a fireman or firemen on duty at all places of entertainment, for whose services the usual fees shall be paid to the Council by the licensee.

(b) By request in writing:— Persons desirous of obtaining the services of a fireman or firemen for watching services as a fire precaution may obtain such services. Payment of the usual fees shall be demanded by the Council for such services.

(c) Where considered necessary in the public interest:— Where such services may be considered by the Council as necessary in the interest of the general public, the presence of a fireman or firemen may be demanded by the Council and the owner of the premises shall be charged the usual fees.

The following are the Charges in respect of (a), (b) and (c) above for members of the Fire Brigade.

Per day of 8 hours:—

Sub-Officer	$40.00
Chinese Fireman	7.00

Where the service is of 8 hours daily duty on a regular monthly basis:—

Chinese Fireman:
Rate per mensem $100 for each man employed.

Duty in excess of 8 hours daily will be charged at proportionate rates.

(d) Tests of Private Fire Installations, where a Departmental Pump is used:
For a period not exceeding 1 hour $15
For a period not exceeding 2 hours $30

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 14, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5375. WASHING, CLEANING AND REPAIRING OF MOTOR VEHICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the washing, cleaning and repairing of motor vehicles on Public Highways and authorised Public Parking Spaces will be prohibited from February 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 9, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS

Held on December 27, 1940.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), J. W. Carney, W. Gockson, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, R. G. MacDonald, G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell and Yu Ya Ching, Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, E. Y. B. Kiang, I. Okamoto and L. T. Yuan.

Special Meeting held on December 30, 1940.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), J. W. Carney, W. Gockson, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, R. G. MacDonald, G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching. Absent Messrs. N. F. Allman, E. Y. B. Kiang and I. Okamoto.

Forthnightly Meeting held on January 8, 1941.— Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), J. W. Carney, N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, R. G. MacDonald, G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching. Absent: Messrs. W. Gockson, E. Y. B. Kiang and I. Okamoto

Fortnightly Meeting held on January 22, 1941. — Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), J. W. Carney, N. F. Allman, Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, G. A. Haley, R. G. MacDonald, G. E. Mitchell, I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa and Yulin Hsi.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Education Board, December 30, 1940.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan (*Chairman*), Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Messrs. Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, Yulin Hsi, Wenchu T. King and K. I. Lok. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa and R. G. MacDonald.

Public Utilities Committee, January 6, 1941.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, J. W. Carney, S. Francis Liu, G. A. Haley, J. H. Liddell and T. K. Tsutsumi. Absent: Messrs. E. Y. B. Kiang, I. Okamoto and Zurtin Zao.

CONSULAR INFORMATION.

The Council is in receipt of a communication from Mr. Malte Pripp, Charge d'Affaires a.i. and Acting Consul General for Sweden, stating that he has taken over charge of the Swedish Legation and the Swedish Consulate General in Shanghai.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5378. PUBLIC LIBRARY. VACANCY.

THE Council is prepared to receive applications from persons of Chinese nationality for the post of Assistant Librarian.

Candidates should be University Graduates educated abroad and have experience in Library administration; a knowledge of the Dewey system of book classification is desirable.

Further particulars may be obtained from Room 161 of the Secretariat where application forms may be had on personal request. Applications should be forwarded to the Secretary and Commissioner General not later than January 31, 1941.

Canvassing of members of Council and/or Committees will entail disqualification.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 15, 1941.

WASHING, CLEANING AND REPAIRING OF MOTOR VEHICLES

The action of the Council in prohibiting, under Notification No. 5375, the washing, cleaning and repairing of motor vehicles on public highways and authorised public parking spaces is a measure designed to assist the Police in preventing the increasing number of thefts of and from motor cars.

Suspicious characters found loitering in the vicinity of parked motor cars reply, when questioned, that they are employed by the owners to wash, clean or repair the vehicles and elimination of persons genuinely engaged in such activities from the streets and parking spaces which are not the proper places for such operations will enable the Police to take effective preventive action against thieves.

COUNCIL AND COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

Mr. E. Y. B. Kiang, Member of Council, tendered his resignation from the Council owing to his absence from Shanghai. The vacancy has been filled by the co-option of Dr. D. S. Chen who will take also Mr. Kiang's place on the Staff Committee.

The vacancies on the Watch and Public Utilities Committees created by Mr. Kiang's resignation have been filled by the appointments of Mr. Zurtin Zao to the Watch Committee and Mr. W. J. Lee to the Public Utilities Committee.

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Council for issue to Chinese employees was fixed at $24.95 and $23.97 for December, 1940 and January, 1941, respectively.

Owing to the incidence of the Spring Festival the average price of Rice on January 20 was taken for the purpose of computing the Rice Allowance for January.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotions:—

Russian Company.—Capt. C. P. Saveloff to be Maj.—January 31, 1941 in recognition of 12 years in command of the Company.

Field Company.—Lt. G. E. Barker to be Capt.—January 31, 1941.

Philippine Company.—Lt. A. Y. Celis to be Capt.—January 30, 1941.

Appointments—Commissions:—

The undermentioned are appointed 2nd Lieutenants with effect from the dates shown.

Light Horse.—Sgt. John Kenneth Brand—January 31, 1941.

Armoured Car Coy. Sgt. Victor Harris Lourein—January 30, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.

Corps Headquarters.—Lt. R. F. Scott, M.C.,—December 12, 1940; Lt. T. S. Whitfield—December 1, 1940.

Corps Cavalry H.Q.—Lt.-Col. L. R. Andrews, M.C.—December 21, 1940.

Armoured Car Coy.—Maj. D. W. Leach—December 21, 1940.

Medical Officers.—Lt. M. B. Seng —December 27, 1940.

Reserve of Officers "B".—Capt. C. S. Franklin—December 14, 1940.

Resignations:—

Corps Headquarters.—Capt. J. D. Watt resigned his commission—January 3, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5383 EDUCATION DEPARTMENT SUPPLY TEACHERS

FORMER Assistant Mistresses and other qualified persons willing to serve temporarily as Supply Teachers in the Council's Schools for Foreign Children are invited to forward their names to the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building. Interviews will be granted by appointment.

This announcement does not refer to teachers seeking regular employment. Candidates for positions on the educational staff are required to submit written applications in the usual manner. Forms for this purpose are obtainable on request.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 21, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5366 RENTAL CHARGE FOR PUBLIC RICSHAS

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from January 1, 1941, the maximum rental charge authorised for each public ricshas shall be $1.40 Chinese National Currency per day.

Stern measures, including permanent cancellation of the licences, will be taken against the licensees of public ricshas found overcharging the authorised maximum rental.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 28, 1940.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5367 PUBLIC RICSHA LICENCE FEE

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from January 1, 1941, the licence fee for each public ricsha will be $6.00 Chinese National Currency per month (inclusive of the existing surcharge).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 28, 1940.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5368 PUBLIC RICSHAS—TARIFF OF FARES

THE following tariff of fares charged to passengers of public richas has been approved with effect from January 1, 1941:—

By distance:—

Half mile	$0.15
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof	$0.15
Minimum fare	$0.15

By time:—

One hour	$0.90
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof	$0.45
Minimum fare	$0.90

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 28, 1940.

TERMS OF SERVICE REPORT OF THE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ECONOMY COMMITTEE.

Adopted by Council.

THE Council at its meeting on January 22 adopted the Terms of Service Report of the Special Municipal Economy Committee.

The report follows investigation over a period of over four months by the Terms of Service Sub-Committee of the Special Municipal Economy Committee into the Terms and Conditions of Service of Municipal employees. The constitution of the Terms of Service Sub-Committee was as fol'ows:—Rev. C. L. Boynton (*Chairman*) and Mr. J. D. Carriere, Dr. D. S. Chen, Mr. T. S. Powell, Dr. D. Tirinnanzi and Mr. R. Toyokawa (*Members*). Dr. Tirinnanzi was unable to sign the report owing to his absence from Shanghai; he has, however, participated in the sessions of the Sub-Committee and was in accord with the great majority of the recommendations.

The Sub-Committee's report was submitted to the Council after endorsement by the Special Municipal Economy Committee consisting of Mr. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*) and the Rev. C. L. Boynton, Messrs. J. D. Carriere, C. G. Gadow, W. A. Hale, Yulin Hsi, J. H. Liddell, I. Okamoto, A. Sadoc, G. Yasui and Yu Ya Ching (*Members*) and Mr. J. C. Greig (*Secretary*).

The report reads as follows:—

REPORT OF THE TERMS OF SERVICE SUB-COMMITTEE.

We have studied the current Terms of Service and many recent changes. We are particularly indebted to Mr. Rawsthorne, the Personnel Officer, who acted as Secretary to our Committee, prepared many statements for our information and constantly expounded points of detail at our meetings. We also acknowledge our thanks to representatives of the Chinese and Foreign Staff Associations and of the Shanghai Municipal Police who met with us to discuss various proposals we were considering. We devoted much time to the study of the Council's contingent liabilities arising from the system of Exchange Guarantees applicable to Leave Pay, Pensions and the Superannuation Fund for the Foreign Staff. The details of many proposals examined by us are fully recorded in our minutes but they are not put forward here because we have reached the unanimous conclusion that under existing circumstances, considering both the past curtailment of the staff's benefits and the present rising costs of living, it would be detrimental to the Service and unfair to the staff to introduce further economies at their expense.

We did not attempt to revise the Basic Scales of Pay; those introduced in 1931 and modified by the Staff Economy Committee in 1937 had stood the test of a stable period and we judged the present time, when internal and external values of our currency are uncertain, quite inappropriate for the calculation of new scales. For similar reasons we did not try to pass any final judgment on the latest adjustments in the Temporary High Cost of Living and Rice Allowance granted to Municipal Employees but a comparison of these with current Cost of Living Indices suggests that they are by no means excessive. We have in mind that the basic pay of the majority of Municipal Employees is on the low side by comparison with that offered for other employment in Shanghai and that this difference is only justified by the prospect of security and continuity of service and of adequate retirement benefits, in the calculation of which the Exchange Guarantees are the most important item for the Foreign Staff engaged in the past. We cannot withhold the comment that the quality and the standard of the Municipal Service is vitally affected by the Staff's estimate of these prospects—a point to be borne in mind in connection with the succession appointments of various-styled economy committees during recent years; about 48% of the Municipal Budget of Expenditure for 1941 is devoted to staff salaries and allowances (excluding Pensions) and the appointment of public committees of investigation inevitably arouses apprehension which feelings will be sought chiefly at the expense of the Council employees.

We examined the circumstances under which Council granted special terms of service including an annual salary of U.S.$7.500 to the Municipal Advocate. We endorse their decision, noting that like all the rest of the Council's staff appointments it is subject to six months' notice of termination and that it will not create a precedent for the future.

After our complete investigations we recommend that no changes be made in the existing Terms and Conditions of Service other than the following which we submit for the consideration of the Economy Committee:—

(1) That the Council's Staff Committee should consider:—

(a) Adjustments to improve the allowances to the Chinese Staff now granted under the headings:—
Good Service Allowance
Funeral Expenses.

(b) Extension of Medical Benefits to senior Chinese employees on the monthly pay sheets not serving under Letter of Appointment.

(c) The award of Letters of Appointment to more Chinese with Professional or Technical qualifications.

(2) That the Chinese Staff Association's request for the extension of Pensions to all Chinese employees (in addition to those already enjoying such terms under Letters of Appointment) be not approved.

(3) That the present scale for First Grade Chinese clerks which involves automatic increases in salary from $92 to $207 is too wide. We favour the introduction of an extra grade by dividing the present scale at $150. Promotion to the top class would be earned by selection and recommendation as it is at present from Third to Second and Second to First.

(4) That the option of joining the Superannuation Fund be given to all outdoor Chinese employees on the monthly pay sheets whose basic salaries are $50 or over.

(5) That all future recruits in the Council's employ should complete five years' membership of the Superannuation Fund (instead of the present three years) before being entitled to the Council's contributions thereto on termination of service.

(6) That in future members of the Superannuation Fund who retire after six years' membership and whose credits therein are not subject to any exchange guarantee should receive from the Council a cash bonus to supplement the sum due for withdrawal, this supplement to be based upon a percentage factor equal to that enjoyed by the employee for Temporary High Cost of Living Allowance at the date of his retirement.

(7) That this supplement be not granted to those who may have retired prior to the adoption of this proposal and that its further award be reconsidered if the value of local currency should equal 8d. U.S.$0.1642 or Yen 0.5733.

(8) That if it became apparent that the provision for the staff suggested in resolution (6) above created manifest inequity between the benefits of employees entitled to exchange guarantees and those not so entitled the Council should consider adjusting the terms of the former either by adopting a different rate of exchange for Superannuation withdrawals than the existing 8d. or by extending to them the option of foregoing their current exchange guarantees and electing to receive the benefits of Resolution (6) above. If such option is given to and accepted by an employee it should be irrevocable.

(9) That the Council's Staff Committee be requested to review the possibility of extending Special Local Leave (in China but outside Shanghai) to senior Chinese serving under Letter of Appointment.

The Council has already acted upon the first item of recommendation (1) of the report in respect of "Good Service Allowance".

MR. H. C. CHEN

Chinese Education Officer

The Council has accepted with regret the resignation of Mr. H. C. Chen, Chinese Education Officer. The Education Board at its meeting on December 30, 1940, recorded its appreciation of the services of Mr. Chen and regret at the termination of his services with the Council.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5379

OLD CAST IRON

FOR sale by tender 300 tons of Old Cast Iron. Deposit—$1,000. Closing date—February 7, 1941. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 17, 1941.

BASIC COMMODITIES

Matter of Price Control

IN June 1940 the Council approved the formation of a Body of its full time Officials to work in conjunction with representatives of the French Municipal Price Control Committee in an effort to curb profiteering and check abuses in connection with food supplies. Dr. Pedersen of the Public Health Department was put in charge of this Body which became known as the Price Investigation Office.

Its functions have been to collect information regarding wholesale and retail prices, and variations in the prices of basic commodities; to compile such information with a view to demonstrating discrepancies, if any, in prices of identical basic commodities and to investigate profits on them.

The Office has also dealt with a number of cases of over-charging and the desired adjustments were made in all instances except one—a foreign firm. The number of prosecutions for non-compliance with Municipal Notification No. 5233, for charging more than shown on the price tags and for selling goods short-weight, amounted to 187, resulting in fines from $7 to $60.

After six months operation, the Price Investigation Office has submitted its final report which has been endorsed by the Council's Supplies Sub-Committee, which advises the Council on food matters, and adopted by the Council.

In its report the Price Investigation Office recommends that cooperation with the authorities of the French Concession should continue but should not go beyond assisting voluntary price fixing. The Council should concentrate on effecting the fundamental solution of the restrictions of free flow of basic commodities.

The report lists the following arguments against the introduction of compulsory price fixing of Basic Commodities in the International Settlement:—

1.—The magnitude of the problem and the lack of means on the part of the Council to enforce successfully compulsory price fixing in the International Settlement where so many different national laws apply. It is felt that the results for the Settlement would not be commensurate with the work and expense.

2.—The present abnormally high cost of nearly all staple commodities, due primarily to the military occupation of the areas surrounding Shanghai resulting in various forms of interference with the normal influx of such commodities. Whether the interferences are due to military necessity or not, matters little, because in any case, no fundamental solution of the problem can be accomplished without the assistance and goodwill of the Imperial Japanese Forces.

3.—The question of the value of the local currency. Its effect, directly on imported goods and indirectly on domestic products, is beyond any control measures the Council might wish to enforce.

4.—The fact that the Council would be unable to fix reasonable profits for importers and wholesale dealers. Control of retail prices alone will, as long as no shortage of supply exists, always be of a petty nature. Business competition and ordinary common sense amongst the purchasing public should tend to render retail profiteering relatively insignificant.

5.—Should it be decided to fix maximum prices both for Markets and Shops, two or perhaps three different prices would have to be fixed for identical products in accordance with the location, class and overhead expenses of the various shops.

The report adds that it should be realized that the only benefit which is certain to result from voluntary price control, is the psychological effect it would have on the public. All other effects are just as likely to result in, as to prevent excess profits or profiteering in the retail business, and there is not likely to be any effect on wholesale prices at all. In addition, it would seem necessary to stipulate brands of products such as butter, margarine, condensed milk, coffee, tea, in fact nearly all non-perishable products, otherwise the scheme will become farcical.

PUBLIC RICSHAS

After a very careful review of all the factors involved the Council has decided to authorise the raising of the minimum passenger fare of public ricshas from 10 to 15 cents by distance and from 60 to 90 cents by time; the increase of the pullers' contribution to the Pullers' Mutual Aid Association from 7 cents to 12 cents per ricsha per day, and the raising of the maximum ricsha rental from 98 cents to $1.40 per day (including the pullers' contribution of 12 cents to the Pullers' Mutual Aid Association). These increases were effective from January 1, 1941.

Studies undertaken by the Industrial and Social Division on three separate occasions during the past fifteen months show clearly the capacity of the pullers to increase their gross earnings as the cost of living rises. Taking this into account and having regard to the fact that costs of materials for upkeep of vehicles had greatly increased, the Council felt that an increase in the ricsha rental was justified in order to allow the owners to carry on and to maintain their vehicles in good repair. The new maximum rental will be rigidly enforced by the Police and stern measures taken against overcharging by owners.

It is necessary that the public should pay more for public ricsha transport as for other transport services. The increased fare table is as follows:—

By distance:—		
Half mile		$0.15
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof		$0.15
Minimum fare		$0.15
By time:—		
One hour		$0.90
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof		$0.45
Minimum fare		$0.90

The funds of the Pullers' Mutual Aid Association are derived from contributions collected from the pullers through the owners, at the rate of 7 cents per ricsha per day. After careful investigation of the activities and accounts of the Association, the Council is satisfied that the contribution should be increased to 12 cents. The Council finds that the increase is necessary in order to enable the Association to continue its good work for the pullers and to meet the high cost of operation.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5381

AMBULANCE SERVICES

WITH reference to Municipal Notification No. 5069 dated March 30, 1939, in view of the increased cost of operating these services the charges set forth in Municipal Notification No. 5204 dated February 22, 1940, are revised as follows and will come into effect from February 1, 1941:—

For Ordinary Sickness (i.e. Non-Infectious Cases):—		
Residents of the International Settlement and Extra-Settlement Roads:		$8.00 for the first hour or any portion thereof.
Non-Residents of the International Settlement or Extra-Settlement Roads:		$11.00 for the first hour or any portion thereof.
Each period of 15 minutes (or portion thereof) in excess of the first hour:		$2.00
For Infectious Cases (Communicable Diseases):—		
Residents of the International Settlement and Extra-Settlement Roads:		Removal to Hospital from. Removal from Hospital — charges as for Ordinary Sickness published above.
Non-Residents of the International Settlement or Extra-Settlement Roads:		Removal to or from Hospital — charges as for Ordinary Sickness published above.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 20, 1941.

INDUSTRIAL TECHNIQUE AND SAFETY CLASSES

The Technical Training Section of the Industrial and Social Division of the Council has arranged two courses of instruction for mechanics and fitters of the Western district in the Spring of 1941. The object of the classes is to improve technique and ensure safety through knowledge. These classes are a continuation of former instruction. Up to the end of 1940, 427 mechanics, fitters and operators of power presses had been instructed.

The following classes have been planned:—

1. For mechanics and fitters of plants manufacturing machinery for industrial use, a course of seven weeks, four hours weekly Tuesdays and Fridays, from 7 to 9 p.m., from February 7 to March 25, 1941, covering the elements of the following subjects:- workshop calculations, machine shop practice, electrical installation, machinery installation, and demonstrations in the care of pressure vessels and installation of ventilation systems.

Intending students should make application in writing to the Technical Training Section without delay. Registration will take place on February 3, at 7 p.m. in the No. 3 Branch Health Office, 435 Robison Road. First applications received will have first consideration.

2. For owners and operators of power presses, a course of five weeks, four hours weekly Tuesdays and Fridays, from 7 to 9 p.m., from April 1 to May 2, covering the elements of the following subjects: workshop calculations, steel and steel heat treatment, die making, power press operation, and safety measures.

Intending students should also make application to the Technical Training Section without delay, though the class will not commence till the machinery manufacturers' class has completed its sessions. Registration will take place at 435 Robison Road on March 24 at 7 p.m.

A registration fee of $1.00 per student is payable on registration. The only other expense is the provision of two small photographs for use on the certificate which will be presented at the end of the courses to students satisfying the lecturers.

The classes will be instructed by well known engineers including Professor Yenson Hu, Mr. Joseph Yoh, Mr. S. K. Chow, Mr. F. Z. Chow, Mr. C. H. Chang and Mr. W. A. Limbach. Mr. C. C. Shen of the Technical Training Section will instruct in workshop calculations and machine safety measures.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

SURCHARGE AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY

The Council has had under consideration an application submitted by the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., for an increase in the temporary surcharge on gas tariffs and has accorded approval to existing surcharge of 158% being increased to 250% in respect of accounts for consumption periods ending on and after February 15, 1941 for a period of three months.

The Council has also approved proposals submitted by the Company regarding certain alterations in the conditions of supply, namely; an increase in the existing minimum monthly charge for domestic consumers from the equivalent of the cost of 900 cubic feet of gas to the equivalent of the cost of 1500 cubic feet; the imposition of a minimum monthly charge for industrial consumers of the equivalent of the cost of gas represented by 20% of the rated meter capacity per month; and the abolition of the dual rate whereunder domestic consumers using a gas cooker obtain a supply of gas for water or space heating at a reduced rate. The Company's proposal to cease hiring, and instead, to sell appliances to new consumers was also approved.

In support of its application the Company submitted an estimated working account for the period January 1 to June 30, 1941, showing that a considerable increase in revenue is necessary in order to balance expenditure for this period owing to increased costs of operation.

The principal increase in expenditure was for fuel, which was estimated to amount to $5,016,440 as compared with $2,708,132 for the first half of 1940. This increase was attributed to increases in the total quantity required owing to the increased demand for gas; to an increase in the normal proportion of Indian coal and fuel oil required in order to meet increased demand during the completion of the resetting (repairing) of retorts commenced last year; and to increases in the local currency cost of fuel due to increased freight rates and the fall in exchange from an average of 4d. for 1940 to the estimated figure of 3½d. taken for the first half of 1941.

Other increases in expenditure were due to the increased high cost of living allowances which the Company had found necessary to grant to the Foreign and Chinese staff, increases in the cost of imported materials in terms of foreign currency and freight rates thereon, and in the surcharges on electricity, water and telephones. An increase was also shown under bank interest to finance the purchase of larger stocks of fuel and materials necessitated by shipping delays and difficulties.

In addition, it was not anticipated that the beneficial returns from the sale of residuals experienced in 1940 would be continued due to the necessity for carbonising an increased quantity of coke with a consequent reduction in the amount available for sale. A considerable decline in the profit on the sale of consumers' fittings was also expected.

The Company's application and proposals regarding conditions of supply were considered by the Public Utilities Committee, which recommended approval of the proposals and an increase in the surcharge to 250% for a period of three months, prior to the expiry of which the matter is to be reviewed in the light of an investigation to be made into the Company's rate structure. These recommendations were confirmed by the Council.

INCREASE IN TRAMWAY FARE CHARGES

The Council has approved an application submitted by The Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd., for revision of the tramway fare charges involving an increase of approximately 35% over the charges at present in force.

In its application the Company stated that the revision proposed would have the effect of increasing the average fare charges per mile from 5.62 cents and 3.43 cents for 1st and 3rd Class accommodation, respectively, to 6.37 cents and 4.87 cents, respectively, and that while the latter figure was below the maximum 3rd Class fare of 5 cents per mile which the Company was permitted to charge under its agreements with the Council, it was necessary in order to obtain this average figure to seek approval for revision of the maximum 3rd Class fare to 7 cents per mile.

The Company's franchise provided for the revision of maximum fares in the event of an appreciable fall in exchange, increases in duties and surtaxes and a material increase in the charge for electricity, and the Company pointed out that compared with January, 1930, when the last increase in maximum fares was authorised, exchange had fallen from 1/5 1/4 to approximately 3/8d. per Chinese dollar and the charge to the Company for electricity had increased from an average rate for the year 1930 of 3.05 cents local currency per unit to 8.27 cents local currency per unit for the month of November, 1940.

It was stated that the general revision of fares was required to offset in part the constantly increasing cost of operation due to depreciation in the value of local currency, and that in addition to the low rates of exchange so far as imported materials were concerned, there was the factor of higher prime costs, in terms of foreign currencies, due to war conditions throughout the world.

The Company's application was considered by the Public Utilities Committee in meeting on January 6, when it was decided that, apart from the fact that the Company was entitled under the terms of its franchise to the revision of fares applied for, the increases involved were fair and reasonable having regard to prevailing conditions. The Committee recommended the application for approval, which recommendation was confirmed by the Council on January 8.

The revised fares came into effect from January 26, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5361.

RABIES.

OWNERS of dogs are advised to have their dogs vaccinated as an auxiliary measure of prevention against rabies.

Their attention is again directed to Condition No. 4 of the dog licence, requiring dogs to be properly muzzled while in the streets or other public places.

Unmuzzled dogs will be seized by the Police and detained as long as circumstances may warrant, and, if they cannot be seized, are liable to be shot.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 26, 1940.

MUNICIPAL STAFF

Order Book Extracts, December 17, 1940—January 18, 1941.

Volunteer Corps.—With effect from January 31, 1941, Major G. H. Mann, M.C., Staff Officer (G), is appointed temporarily as Deputy Commandant with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

Fire Brigade.—Mr. Ching Loong-zie, Chinese Senior Assistant, is designated Chinese Executive Officer from January 1, 1941.

Mr. B. G. Stahayeff is appointed Sub-Officer on probation from January 20, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with regret the death, on December 25, 1940, of Sergeant G. E. Smiggs.

For outstanding courage and bravery displayed in an encounter with an armed criminal on Taku Road during which he received wounds which later proved fatal, the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class I, is awarded posthumously to Chinese Constable No. 3349.

For courage, tenacity and efficiency in the shooting of an armed criminal on Burkill Road, Chinese Constable No. 2768 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and efficiency in the apprehension of an armed criminal on Linching Road, Chinese Sergeant No. 225 and Chinese Constable No. 308 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Mr. I. Kakegawa, Acting Deputy Commissioner, is given the substantive rank of Deputy Commissioner from December 16, 1940.

Chief Inspector M. Oikawa is promoted to the rank of Superintendent on probation from December 21, 1940.

The promotion of the following is authorised with effect from December 21, 1940:—

To be Chief Inspector on probation:—
Inspector T. Kaneyasu
" M. Tsukazaki

To be Inspector on probation:—
Sub-Inspector K. Watanabe
" " K. Ninomiya

To be Sub-Inspector on probation:—
Sergeant H. Imamura
" S. Mitsushima

To be Sergeant:—
Probationary Sergeant T. Inouye
" " M. Kashima
" " H. Yoshinaga

The promotion of the following Probationary Sergeants to the rank of Sergeant is authorised with effect from January 1, 1941:—

R. Hirai, I. Sakai, N. Toyama, M. Taniyama, M. Yoshimitsu, S. Tsunemi, G. Shimizu, H. Imatake, T. Ishimura, A. Shimoimabeppu, T. Yoshiki, K. Okamoto, T. Miyato, M. Maeda, Y. Wada, T. Tanaka, T. Masuda, I. Naito, T. Yonezawa, M. Shimizu, K. Yamahara, M. Izumi, S. Shinokawa, S. Honda, T. Hangiya, S. Inomata, H. Araki, S. Matsushita, K. Onda, C. Kusumoto, S. Saeki, and I. Hosoi.

Mr. T. Kawashima, Assistant, is promoted to be Senior Assistant from January 1, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant M. E. Meyer is promoted to the rank of Sergeant from January 9, 1941.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from the dates specified:—

E. G. Verschaer, N. L. Stanfill, A. Wiekdahl, December 17, 1940; A. P. Nikitin, G. A. Verschaer, December 19, 1940; K. G. Cance, H. C. Kidby, December 30, 1940; K. E. Sandell, J. F. Fensham, January 15, 1941.

R. G. B. Silva is appointed Assistant Warder on probation from January 15, 1941.

The services of the following Probationary Sergeants on probation terminated on the dates specified:—

B. Ivanchenko, A. S. Szydlowski, December 31, 1940; R. Bruhn, January 15, 1941.

N. L. Stanfill, Probationary Sergeant on probation, is dismissed from the Force from January 2, 1941.

Public Health Department.—Messrs. Chen Teh Hwa, Hsu Meng Lin, Chang Yo Lu, and Huang Foh Hai, are appointed Cadets on probation from January 1, 1941.

Mr. J. Chadderton, Laboratory Assistant, is promoted to be Senior Laboratory Assistant from January 1, 1941.

Messrs. C. M. Zao, and K. H. Waung, Junior Health Inspectors, are promoted to be Inspectors from January 1, 1941.

Assistant Nurse N. Shalit is promoted to be Staff Nurse from January 1, 1941.

Miss W. Martin is transferred from the Country Hospital to the Health Department as X-Ray Sister from December 15, 1940.

Education Department.—The resignation of Mr. H. C. Chen, Chinese Education Officer, is accepted, services terminating on December 31, 1940.

Finance Department — Revenue Office. The Council records with regret the death, on December 25, 1940, of Assistant Inspector P. J. Schluper.

Inspector C. H. Ridgway retires on April 14, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. A. E. Fraser, Chief Assistant, is accepted, services terminating on June 30, 1941.

Mr. F. A. de Campos is appointed Office Assistant on probation from December 27, 1940.

Mr. S. Shimizu is appointed Senior Assistant on probation from January 3, 1941.

Messrs. Yen Cheng and Tai Tung Who, 1st Grade Clerks, are promoted to be Office Assistants from January 1, 1941.

Secretariat.—The resignation of Mr. H. Ibusuki, Deputy Secretary, is accepted, services terminating on February 28, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. E. T. Nash, Acting Deputy Secretary, is accepted, services terminating on March 31, 1941.

Mr. Yue Pao Ching, Assistant (ungraded), is promoted to be Office Assistant from January 1 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

SCHOOL FEES

In view of the substantially increased expenditure now being incurred at the Municipal Schools as compared with that ruling when the fees were last adjusted it is necessary, in the opinion of the Education Board and the Council, for an increase to be made in School Fees. It has been the aim in the past for the income from School fees to approximate one third of the operating expenditure of the schools and it has become clear from the preliminary estimates for 1941 that the fees must be increased considerably if this policy is to be maintained.

The Council at its meeting on January 8 accordingly approved the following increases in fees effective from February 1, 1941:—

Foreign Schools:—The existing surcharge of 75% to be increased to 150%.

Chinese Schools:—

Secondary:—The fees to be increased from $55 to $70 per term at the Nieh Chih Kuei School and from $65 to $82 per term at the other four Chinese schools.

Primary:—

Night School fees to be doubled, i.e. from $1 to $2 per term.

Boone Road School where the present fee is $5 per term the fee to be raised to $7.50 in the Spring term and to $10 the following term.

Sinza Road School fee to be doubled, i.e. $18 to $36 per term.

Other Primary School fees to be increased by 50% commencing with the Spring term.

The new fees at the Chinese Schools include the charge of $1 per term for School Medical Service. This charge was suggested by the Special Economy Committee.

EASEMENTS

The following easements were granted during December, 1940:—

On December 4 to Messrs. Kung Zung Wood Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Rd.

On December 5 to Messrs. Shanghai Tree & Timber Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 51 on North Soochow Road, east of North Chekiang Road.

On December 9 to Messrs. Lu Ho Transportation Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 60 on Soochow Road, east of Chekiang Road.

On December 9 to The Shanghai Special Municipality Ferry Co. to maintain a kiosk on Pontoon No. 13A, The Bund, opposite Jinkee Road.

On December 20 to The Chao Foh Kee Transportation Co., Ltd. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 8 on Soochow Road, opposite Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

On December 19 to The China General Omnibus Co., Ltd. to maintain a kiosk on the Municipal footpath in Great Western Road, north-east of Tifeng Road.

On December 31 to Messrs. King Hsin Hsin Kee Transportation Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 58 on Soochow Road, east of Chekiang Road.

On December 31 to Messrs. King Hsin Hsin Kee Transportation Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 60 on Soochow Road east of Chekiang Road.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION

Workers' Earnings for December

The following figures show what the family should receive from the earnings of the principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in December. Figures for two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A) and the second, (Standard B) shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard.

	Earnings of principal breadwinner (62.3%)	Earnings of other family members (24.5%)	Other family income (13.2%)	Total family income (100.0%)
Standard A:	$61.52	$39.24	$14.65	$115.412
Standard B:	$55.51	$35.41	$13.23	$104.152

Chinese Cost of Living Index for December

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is estimated that a lower standard in December, 1940, involves a cost of living 4.28 times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

Living costs of Shanghai workers recorded a further heavy rise in December as compared with the previous month due mainly to continuous rise in the prices of rice and coal briquettes. With the close of a year of rapid and abnormal changes, an idea of the extent of the increased costs may be gained by comparing the situation in December 1940 with that in November 1940 and with December 1939. On the pre-hostility base of 1936 when retail prices were normal, the December 1940 general index of the cost of living of Shanghai workers of 579.70 showed a rise of 39.08 points over the November 1940 index of 540.62, and of 275.64 points over the December 1939 index of 304.06, averaging 23 points per month. The purchasing power of the dollar dropped to 17.25 cents of its 1936 value in December 1940 as against 18.50 cents in the preceding month and 32.89 cents in December 1939. The following shows the group indices and the number of points of increase in December 1940 as compared with November 1939:

Group	December 1940	November 1940	No. of points of increase in December over November 1940
	Group Indices		
Food	661.22	604.97	56.25
Rent	348.19	348.19	Even
Clothing	418.72	377.69	41.03
Fuel	551.84	540.74	11.10
Miscellaneous	473.30	458.00	15.30

Group	December 1940	December 1939	No. of points of increase in December 1940 over December 1939
	Group Indices		
Food	661.22	318.08	343.14
Rent	348.19	282.41	65.78
Clothing	418.72	223.08	195.64
Fuel	551.84	351.96	199.88
Miscellaneous	473.30	226.85	246.45

It is seen that during the year, the increase was heaviest in the case of the food group followed by the miscellaneous, fuel, clothing and rent groups. The food index has surpassed the 650 mark; fuel, the 550 mark; and miscellaneous index, the 450 mark.

Continuous increase in retail prices has taken place in the course of the year save in items affected by the seasonal factor. Percentage increase or decrease in average prices in December 1940 over November 1940 and December 1939 of a few items of greater weights and affecting all workers are here given to show the extent of changes during the twelve months:

Commodities	Percentage increase in retail prices in December 1940 over November 1940	December 1939
Food group:		
Saigon rice—2nd grade	22.32	122.21
Wheat flour	11.78	146.10
Bean curd	Even	33.33
Sprouted broad beans	0.99	127.78
Chin-ts'ai	—30.30	50.82
Salted white fish	— 3.21	183.19
Rent group:		
Rooms of 2-story house—without courtyard	Even	27.67
Clothing group:		
Grey sheetings	2.21	57.45
Native sheetings	4.82	67.13
Fuel group:		
Coal briquettes	10.67	111.66
Miscellaneous group:		
Soap	0.54	39.55
Toilet paper	13.46	277.60
Hot water	Even	138.10

The extent of rise during the year is further shown by the percentage increases of the average monthly retail prices in December 1940 over December 1939 according to groups and ranges of increase as given below. Of the 58 commodities, 1 item showed an increase of 277.6 per cent.; 22 over 100 to 200 per cent.; 26, over 50 per cent. Only one item has recorded a fall of 4.72 per cent. during the year.

Percentage changes in average retail prices, December 1940 vs. December 1939	*Number of items* Food group	Rent group	Clothing group	Fuel group	Miscellaneous group	Total
Increased by						
Over 200%	—	—	—	—	1	
Over 150 to 200% ..	4	—	—	—	—	
Over 100 to 150% ..	10	—	1	3	4	57
Over 50 to 100% ..	13	—	10	2	1	
50% and below	3	3	—	1	1	
Decreased by						
50% and below	1	—	—	—	—	1
Total	31	3	11	6	7	58

INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF SHANGHAI WORKERS

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*Oct.*	*1939 Nov.*	*Dec.*	*Oct.*	*1940 Nov.*	*Dec.*
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	239.20	249.63	318.08	586.74	604.97	661.22
Rent	100.00	282.41	282.41	282.41	348.19	348.19	348.19
Clothing	100.00	217.44	215.26	223.08	352.05	377.69	418.72
Fuel and Light	100.00	310.79	305.61	351.96	515.11	540.74	551.84
Miscellaneous	100.00	205.14	209.35	226.85	445.29	458.00	473.30
General Index	100.00	248.22	254.54	304.06	524.43	540.62	579.70
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	40.29	39.29	32.89	19.07	18.50	17.25
Percentage Inc. or Dec. as Compared with 1936 (+) or (—)		—59.71	—60.71	—67.11	—80.93	—81.50	—82.75

Retail Price in Shanghai

Commodities	Unit	Average 1936	Oct.	1940 Nov.	Dec.
Food:					
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade)	Shih*	$ 9.943	$79.357	$81.873	$92.744
Sien Rice (1st grade)	Shih	9.735	66.196	66.877	81.802
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	72.903	77.714	86.884
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	18.495	18.960	21.194
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.351	.364	.390
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.030	.030	.030
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.030	.030	.030
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.022	.025	.025
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.280	1.280	1.280
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.210	.203	.205
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.220	.220	.233
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.033	.182	.178	.174
Hsueh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.279	.320	.293
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.166	.132	.092
Turnips	Chin	.034	.162	.131	.100
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.164	.173	.186
Allium Odorum	Chin	.060	.153	.154	.385
Spinach	Chin	.042	.266	.135	.119
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	1.472	1.900	2.000
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	1.340	1.563	1.388
Salted Pork	Chin	.301	1.166	1.471	1.418
Chicken	Chin	.326	1.710	1.800	1.800
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.552	1.620	1.660
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.952	.933	.830
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	.738	1.027	.994
Fresh Duck's Eggs	Piece	.024	.135	.152	.158
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	.958	.899	.928
Lard	Chin	.307	1.478	1.925	2.000
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.293	.292	.294
Salt	Chin	.112	.238	.262	.288
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.647	.639	.654
Rent: ‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.149	7.113	7.113	7.113
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	9.301	9.301	9.301
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	10.105	10.105	10.105
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (13 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.334	.362	.370
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.340	.397	.426
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.232	.245	.289
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.308	.327	.354
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.413	.437	.493
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.215	.228	.239
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	146	.466	.491	.583
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.083	.273	.286	.298
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.349	.386	.412
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	1.900	1.950	1.963
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	.813	.800	.946
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	7.080	7.579	8.388
Kerosene	Chin	.136	.467	.468	.454
Firewood	Bundle	.042	.356	.347	.344
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.065	.075	.076
Matches	Box	.0100	.0426	.0394	.0463
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.929	9.160	12.167	13.000
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.184	.186	.187
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.481	.609	.691
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.173	.180	.181
Shoo-shing	Chin	.094	.334	.332	.354
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	.734	.718	.807
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.600	1.600
Hot Water	10 Ladle	.017	.100	.100	.100

† Sien rice was not on market during the month, quotations given are those of second grade Saigon rice.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien=32 cubic metres.

1 Ch'ih=1.0936 English feet.

1 Chin=1.1023 English pounds.

1 Shih=156 Chin.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR DECEMBER, 1940

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

With the close of the year 1940, a comparison of the status of the cost of living in December with that of the previous month and with December 1939 indicates the extent of changes that have taken place during the year. On an arbitrary base, October 1939, the December provisional consolidated index of cost of living of the Western foreign salaried employees of 180.21 showed a further increase of 4.26 points over the November 1940 index of 175.95 and of as many as 76.87 points over the December 1939 index of 103.34. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced by 44.51 per cent. in December as against 43.17 per cent. in the preceding month and 12.65 per cent. in December 1939. The following shows the general and group indices for these three months and the number of points of increase in December 1940 as compared with November 1940 and December 1939:

General Indices

Nationality	1940 *December*	*November*	*No. of points of increase in December Over November 1940*
American	171.92	169.36	2.56
British	176.38	173.55	2.83
Russian	182.46	177.18	5.28
Others	181.82	177.74	4.08

Nationality	*December* 1940	*December* 1939	*No. of points of increase in December 1940 over December 1939*
American	171.92	102.98	68.94
British	176.38	102.85	73.53
Russian	182.46	103.65	78.81
Others	181.82	103.30	78.52

Group Indices—All Nationalities[1]

Group	1940 *December*	*November*	*No. of points of increase in December Over November 1940*
Food	208.76	199.12	9.64
Clothing	193.72	192.67	1.05
Rent[2]	146.42	146.42	Even
Heat, etc.	194.32	193.07	1.25
Miscellaneous	153.53	148.91	4.62

Group	*December* 1940	*December* 1939	*No. of points of increase ni December 1940 over December 1939*
Food	208.76	105.16	103.60
Clothing	193.72	105.75	87.97
Rent	146.42	100.00	46.42
Heat, etc.	194.32	106.43	87.89
Miscellaneous	153.53	100.59	52.94

Of the general indices, the increase was heaviest in the case of the Russian index followed by other nationalities, British and American, and of the group indices, the increase was heaviest in the case of food followed by heat, clothing, miscellaneous and rent groups during the year.

Increase in retail prices of most items excepting those that are affected by seasonal variations follows an upward curve from month to month. Out of the 206 commodities and services included in the index, percentage increase in average prices in December 1940 over December 1939 of a few representative items of greater weights and affecting the people at large are here presented to show more concretely the extent of increase during the year:

Commodities and services	*Percentage increase in retail prices in December* 1940 *over December* 1939
Food group:	
Bread—white	151.61
Beef—rump steak	184.06
Egg—hen	80.90
Fish—Mandarin	180.36
Cabbage	54.55
Apples	70.00
Butter	40.42
Milk—A grade	72.41
Clothing group:	
Shirts—white poplin	43.64
Stockings—silk	50.00
Laundry	200.00
Rent group:	
Apartments	39.93
Terrace houses	28.45
Municipal rates—International Settlement	50.00
—French Concession	46.67
Heat group:	
Electric light—International Settlement	30.56
—French Concession	22.95
Gas	43.33
Coal—Anthracite, cobbles	144.31
Water—International Settlement	40.00
—French Concession	18.18
Miscellaneous group:	
Bus—International Settlement	66.21
—French Concession	75.00
Tram—First class—International Settlement	61.41
—French Concession	27.50
Wages—Boy	60.02
—Amah	63.45
Soap—washing	39.39

To show further the changes during the twelve months of the average monthly retail prices of commodities and services, percentage changes in December 1940 over December 1939 are tabulated according to groups and ranges of increase or decrease as given below. All items have shown marked increases save one registering a drop of 20.83 per cent.

Percentage charges in average retail prices, December, 1940 vs. December, 1939	*Number of items*					
	Food group	*Clothing group*	*Rent group*	*Heat group*	*Miscellaneous group*	*Total*
Increased by						
Over 250%	2	—	—	—	—	2
Over 200 to 250%	4	—	—	—	—	4
Over 150 to 200%	13	3	—	—	—	16
Over 100 to 150%	15	4	—	3	3	25
Over 50 to 100%	40	12	—	1	20	73
50% and below	34	15	7	7	22	85
Decreased by						
50% and below	1	—	—	—	—	1
Total	109	34	7	11	45	206

(1) Not shown in the Index Table.
(2) No rental survey was made in December.

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	*Average Oct., 1939*	*American*			*British*		
		1940			*1940*		
		Oct.	*Nov.*	*Dec.*	*Oct.*	*Nov.*	*Dec.*
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	175.49	180.91	187.98	185.74	192.33	199.41
Clothing & Materials	100.00	191.21	195.43	195.84	189.99	196.83	198.09
Rent	100.00	137.54	148.81	148.81	136.81	147.47	447.47
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	182.23	192.81	193.68	193.63	199.08	199.15
Miscellaneous	100.00	141.71	143.40	145.55	149.16	151.31	154.72
General Index	100.00	162.64	169.36	171.92	166.68	173.51	176.38

Indices	*Average Oct., 1939*	*Russian*			*Other Nationalities*		
		1940			*1940*		
		Oct.	*Nov.*	*Dec.*	*Oct.*	*Nov.*	*Dec.*
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	191.75	204.79	216.11	190.27	198.89	208.42
Clothing & Materials	100.00	174.12	184.59	185.67	194.21	206.03	206.91
Rent	100.00	134.72	143.45	143.45	140.71	151.57	151.57
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	178.80	190.85	192.89	181.91	190.99	191.94
Miscellaneous	100.00	144.66	148.70	154.66	145.32	147.91	151.51
General Index	100.00	166.89	177.18	182.46	169.19	177.74	181.82

Indices	*Average Oct., 1939*	*Consolidated*		
		1940		
		Oct.	*Nov.*	*Dec.*
General Indices				
American	100.00	162.64	169.36	171.92
British	100.00	166.68	173.55	176.38
Russian	100.00	166.89	177.18	182.46
Other Nationalities	100.00	169.19	177.74	181.82
Consolidated Index	100.00	167.07	175.95	180.21
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	59.89	56.83	55.49

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.

(2) Denoting Western Non-oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Nov.	1940 Dec.
1	Food Group:			$	$	$
1	Bread — White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	.76	.78
2	Bread — White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	.76	.78
3	Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	.73	.76
4	Bread — Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.43	.44
5	Bread — Russian white—Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.43	.45
6	Bread — Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.27	.28
7	Flour — Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.49	.48
8	Flour — Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.42	.45
9	Corn flour—Canary	pk.	1 lb.	.68	.94	.93
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.02	1.10
11	Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	3.38	3.38
12	Rolled oats — Loose	lb.		.44	.70	.74
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.53	.61
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	.84	.86
15	Beef — Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	3.29	3.38
16	Beef — Rump steak	lb.		.65	1.98	1.96
17	Beef — Topside steak	lb.		.63	2.00	1.98
18	Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	2.12	2.46
19	Beef — Rib roast	lb.		.60	2.08	2.23
20	Beef — Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	2.34	2.40
21	Beef — Soup meat	lb.		.35	1.19	1.20
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	1.24	1.29
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	1.20	1.21
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	1.65	1.87
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.42	1.37
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	3.25	3.37
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	2.24	2.41
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	1.91	1.95
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	1.57	1.52
30	Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.19	.18
31	Egg — Duck	pc.		.08	.16	.16
32	Fish — Herring	lb.		.48	.62	.66
33	Fish — Salmon	lb.		.52	1.70	1.74
34	Fish — Mandarin	lb.		.79	1.83	1.57
35	Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	1.09	1.23
36	Fish — Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	.76	.76
37	Fish — Yellow	lb.		.34	.67	.70
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	1.75	1.85
39	Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.23	.27
40	Potatoes — Sweet	lb.		.06	.18	.18
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.17	.17
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.25	.19
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.09	.09
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.53	.55
45	Beans — French	lb.		.14	.55	.98
46	Beans — Lima	lb.		.33	.62	.53
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	.89	1.51
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.33	.24
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.19	.25
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.22	.26
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	4.44	4.20
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz.	1.10	1.91	1.84
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 1a 16 oz.	2.58	3.87	3.75
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.90	3.06	3.07
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	.47	.51
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.46	.44
58	Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.28	.57	.52
59	Oranges — Mandarin	lb.		.35	.49	.58
60	Lemons	pc.		.48	.62	.63
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	.63	.74

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Nov.	1940 Dec.
	Food Group:—*Continued*			$	$	$
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	.81	1.30
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.16	1.28
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	1.58	1.57
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.45	1.46
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.42	1.55
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	6.74	6.74
68	Margarine — Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.26	2.27
69	Margarine — Paim	lb.		1.28	2.27	2.27
70	Milk — Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.00	1.00
71	Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.63	.68
72	Milk — Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	.86	.85
73	Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	4.96	4.65
74	Cheese — Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.40	2.40
75	Cream — Sour	lb.		1.50	2.88	3.10
76	Cream — Table	pint		2.64	4.80	4.80
77	Jam—Assorted—!XL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	1.60	1.63
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	3.08	2.96
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.04	2.95
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	6.59	6.40
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.17	.17
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	.85	.86
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.34	1.88
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	6.67	6.67
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.60	.59
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.23	1.26
87	Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.78	.76
88	Sugar — Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.60	.60
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.77	.78
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.13	1.12
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.19	1.19
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.00	2.00
93	Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	16.84	16.78
94	Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	5.88	5.83
95	Coffee — Mocha	tin	1 lb.	2.08	2.53	2.56
96	Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	3.75	3.73
97	Cocoa — Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	5.74	5.76
98	Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	2.71	2.89
99	Tea — Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	4.46	4.54
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	1.48	1.45
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	tall No. 2	1.43	1.83	1.79
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	3.77	3.76
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	2.47	2.45
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.25	5.32
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	1.90	1.90
106	Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.46	1.46
107	Cigarettes — Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.77
108	Cigarettes — Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.19	1.18
109	Cigarettes — Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.32	1.33
II	Clothing and Materials Group:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	59.50	59.50
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	29.50	29.50
112	Viyella—T T T	yd.		9.75	16.53	16.59
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	19.50	19.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	14.50	15.18
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	9.50	10.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	8.50	8.50
117	Marsarelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.		.58	1.60	1.62
118	Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	7.90	7.90
119	Shirt — White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	5.50	5.500
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	4.70	4.7

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI—*(Continued)*

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Nov.	1940 Dec.
II	CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121	Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin interlock	pc.		2.50	7.00	7.70
122	Slip — Silk	pc.		10.00	11.00	11.00
123	Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	25.00	25.00
124	Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½"—11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	3.80	3.80
125	Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	2.30	2.30
126	Shoes — Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	54.90	54.90
127	Shoes — Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128	Shoes — Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	16.90	15.90
129	Silk stockings — Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	19.90	18.00
130	Silk stockings — Swallow	pr.		2.15	3.55	3.55
131	Silk stockings — Pagoda	pr.		5.50	8.25	8.25
132	Socks — Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.28	1.28
133	Socks — Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	12.10	12.10
134	Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	29.50	29.50
135	Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	13.50	13.50
136	Napkin—Linen—Local made 15" x 15"	pc.		.45	1.15	1.15
137	Knitting wools — Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	33.28	32.60
138	Knitting wools — Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	20.00	20.00
139	Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	.70	.70
140	Laundry — Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.25	.25
141	Laundry — Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.15	.15
142	Dry cleaning — A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	2.25	2.25
143	Dry cleaning — B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	1.75	1.75
III	RENT (2) GROUP:					
144	Detached & semi-detached	std. rm.(3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	28.77	28.77
145	Apartment of flat	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	38.48	38.48
146	Terrace house	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	24.11	24.11
147	Single room	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.58	48.07	48.07
148	Municipal rates — International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	27.00	27.00
149	Municipal rates — International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	24.00	24.00
150	Municipal rates — French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	22.00	22.00
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151	Electric — Light — Inter. — Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.440	.440
152	Electric — Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.191	.191
153	Electric — Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.846	.359
154	Electric — Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.108	.110
155	Gas	10 cu.ft.		.6369	.0774	.0774
156	Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	264.04	263.85
157	Coal briquettes	100 chin(5)		3.75	7.49	8.39
158	Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	31.36	31.36

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Nov.	1940 Dec.
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159	Water — Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160	Water — French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.1541	.1593
161	Ice	100 lb.		1.00	2.50	2.50
V.	MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162	Bus — Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.0615	.0723
163	Bus — French Concession	per mi.		.040	.058	.070
164	Tram-lat — Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0502	.0502
165	Tram-lat class — French Concession	per mi.		.040	.047	.051
166	Taxicab	20 min.		2.20	2.70	2.70
167	Gasoline—Ex pump	am.ga.		2.80	3.10	3.10
168	Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	6.50	8.21
169	Newspapers — North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170	Newspapers — Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171	Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172	Movie — Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.40	1.40
173	Movie — Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.60	.60
174	Wages — Boy	p.mon.		25.61	40.98	40.98
175	Wages — Cook	p.mon.		30.25	46.43	46.43
176	Wages — Amah	p.mon.		19.15	31.30	31.30
177	Lotion — Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	4.11	4.43
178	Lotion — Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	10.25	10.25
179	Face cream — Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.02	4.07
180	Face cream — Niven—No. 363	tin		2.80	4.87	4.93
181	Face power—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	5.88	6.58
182	Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	2.13	2.09
183	Tooth paste — Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	1.82	1.75
184	Tooth paste — Sincere's	tube		.25	.37	.37
185	Razor blades — Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	4.16	4.17
186	Razor blades — Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	2.06	2.07
187	Toilet paper — Red Ball	roll		.34	.69	.70
188	Toilet paper — Pagoda	roll		.64	1.07	1.07
189	Toilet paper — Fan	roll		.45	.83	.84
190	Soap — Lever Health	cake		.15	.27	.27
191	Soap — Lux	cake		.32	.45	.45
192	Soap — Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	.66	.66
193	Soap — Ivory	cake		1.24	1.64	1.65
194	Soap — Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	.92	.92
195	Cleanser — Lion	tin	1 4 oz.	.19	.31	.31
196	Cleanser — Beauty	tin		.07	.13	.13
197	Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	.40	.5 0
198	Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.40	.75	.75
199	Saucepan Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	22.40	22.40
200	Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	22.50	22.50
201	Shoe polish — Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.35	1.32
202	Shoe polish — Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.53	.53
203	Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.13	2.20
204	Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.42	2.35
205	Hair cut — A			.70	.90	.90
206	Hair cut — B			.40	.70	.70

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 chin=110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.

MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTERED IN THE FOREIGN SETTLEMENT

The appended tables show the number of various makes of motor vehicles registered in the Foreign Settlement at the end of the December quarter, 1940:–

MOTOR CARS

Make.	No. registered. Private.	Public.
A. C.	3	—
Alfa-Romeo	2	—
Auburn	36	1
B. M. W.	2	—
Cadillac	18	—
Chevrolet	450	259
Citroen	60	4
D. K. W.	15	—
Datsun	38	51
De Soto	50	9
Donnet	—	1
Edoard Beanchi	1	—
Essex	86	10
Ford	1,216	219
Graham	16	3
Hudson	47	—
Hupmobile	26	2
Jewett	3	—
Juwel	1	—
La Licorne	1	—
Lancia	7	—
Lincoln	33	—
Marmon	5	—
Mathis	2	—
Mercury	9	—
Nash	112	15
Oakland	1	—
Opel	167	—
Overland Whippet	23	6
Peerless	2	—
Pierce Arrow	2	—
Pontiac	80	5
Reo	4	—
Adler Werke	1	—
Armstrong Siddeley	3	—
Austin	597	1
Buick	417	4
Chandler	4	—
Chrysler	158	9
Continental	26	2
Daimler-Benz	1	—
Delage	1	—
Dodge	292	44
Durant	8	1
Erskine	36	2
Fiat	314	—
Franklin	1	—
Hillman	105	—
Humber	7	—
Isetta Fraschini	1	—
Jowett	2	—
Lafayette	21	—
Lanchester	4	—
La Salle	35	—
M. G.	3	—
Marquette	7	1
Mercedes Benz	10	—
Morris	450	3
Nissen	21	—
Oldsmobile	85	2
Overland	6	—
Packard	107	—
Peugeot	20	—
Plymouth	483	76
Renault	54	—
Riley	2	—
Rockne	33	2
Rolls Royce	2	—
Rugby	5	2
Skoda	8	—
Sizaire Freres	1	—
Studebaker	254	12
Talbot	5	—
Terraplane	6	3
Triumph	9	—
Willys	51	2
Willys Overland	2	1
Rohr	1	—
Rover	3	—
S. S.	2	—
Singer	15	—
Standard	95	—
Sunbeam	2	—
Tatra	1	—
Toyoda	1	—
Vauxhall	87	1
Willys Knight	13	1
Wolseley	20	—

MOTOR CARS

Total number of Makes:—
Private M/Cars 87
Public M/Cars 32

Total number of Cars:—
Private M/Cars 6,416
Public M/Cars 753

MOTOR TRUCKS, TRAILERS, AMBULANCES, BUSES, CHARABANCS, ETC.

Make:	No. registered. Private.	Public.
A. E. C.	—	45 (O'Buses)
Auburn	3	—
Austin	9	—
Bedford	37	98
Brockway	—	2
Bussing	2	—
Chevrolet	204	104
Citroen	25	5
Condor	1	—
Daihatsu	84	1
Datsun	45	—
Defiance	2	—
De Soto	6	18
Diamond T.	63	105
		4 (O'Buses)
Donnis	1	—
Dyson	1	—
Essex	2	1
Federal	71	147
Ford	488	133
G. M. C.	64	82
Garford	—	1
Goliath	1	—
Graham Bros.	2	5
Great Wing.	1	—
H. M. C.	3	1
Hanschel	2	—
Highway	4	1
Hillman	1	—
Hupmobile	7	1
International	37	53
Jewett	1	—
Kokuyeni	2	—
Kuragane	33	—
Albion	4	8 (O'Buses)
Ank-Iwasaki	1	—
Awasaki	1	—
Blitz	5	10
Buick	19	2
Cadillac	6	—
Chrysler	9	1
Commer	12	9
D. K. W.	2	—
Daimler	—	4 (O'Buses)
De Dion	2	—
Delage	1	—
Detroit	2	—
Dodge	83	86
Durkopp	1	—
Erskine	2	—
Fargo	35	51
Fiat	8	2
Fujiya	5	—
Gardner	—	1
Giant	13	1
Graham	2	—
Graham paige	2	—
Guy	3	—
Hansa Lloyd Werke	—	4
Hiahatsu	1	—
Hijiri	1	—
Hudson	4	—
Indian	15	35
Iwasaki	6	—
Karrier	3	1
Krupp	1	—
Lacre	1	—
Laffly	8	—
La Salle	3	—
Leyland	2	1 (O'Bus).
M. A. G.	1	—
Marmon	1	—
Mazda	46	3
Mercedes	1	6
Meteer	1	—
Morris	27	1
Morris Cowley	1	—
Nash	6	—
Niso-Go	2	—
Nisso	2	—
Oakland	1	—
Opel	2	—
Overland Whippet	6	2
Palladium	—	2
Plymouth	5	—
Renault	39	5
Republic	1	—
Rugby	1	—
Sanford	2	—
Semi	1	—
Singer	1	—
Spiros	2	—
Studebaker	85	149
Sumida	—	2
Tempo	1	—
Tilling Stevens	—	139 (O'Buses)
Troy	—	1
Vauxhall	2	—
Welby	3	—
Willys	17	1
Willys Overland	4	—
Lancia	1	1
Latil	13	—
Local	11	2
M.A.N.	3	1
		2 (O'Buses)
Matsuda	1	—
McCormick Derring	—	1
Mercedes Benz	2	2
Mizuno	1	—
Morris Commercial	31	3
Morris Oxford	2	—
National	1	1
Nissan	122	31
New Era	—	2
Oldsmobile	15	51
Otak	1	—
Packard	3	2
Pierce Arrow	1	—
Raleigh	9	—
Reo	57	121
Rollfix	1	—
S. D. Freighter	3	—
Sankyo	1	—
Shelvoke & Drewry	2	—
Somua	3	—
Stewart	58	68
Stutz	1	—
Tasker	1	—
Thornycroft	28	6
		1 (O'Bus).
Toyoda	86	28
Truck	—	2
Warner	4	—
White	8	—
Willys Knight	3	2

MOTOR TRUCKS, ETC.

Total number of Makes:—
Private M/Trucks 121
Public M/Trucks 55
Omnibuses 8

Total number of Trucks, etc:—
Private M/Trucks 2,211
Public „ 1,455
Omnibuses 204

MOTOR CYCLES

Make.	No. registered.
A. J. S.	23
Asahi	3
Autoson	3
Bradshaw	1
Cotton	1
Diamont	9
E. B. S.	1
Francis Barnett	1
Harley Davidson	67
Indian	15
M. A. G.	1
Matchless	7
Meister	8
Monet & Goyon	1
Nev-a-car	4
Nisor	1
Peugeot	1
Ritsurin	1
Royal Enfield	13
Saloon Hatsune	1
Sunbeam	5
Velocette	8
Wolf	1
A. K. D.	1
Auto Gidde	1
B. M. W.	4
Calthorpe	7
Coventry Eagle	4
Douglas	8
Eclipse	2
Frera	1
Harvules	3
James	5
M. S. A.	1
Meguro	1
Meyter	1
Montgomery	8
New Hudson	6
Norton	21
Raleigh	13
Rex	2
Rudge	10
Salsbury	1
Terrot	3
Victoria	6
Zundapp	14
Ariel	63
Automoto	1
B. S. A.	29
Cater-Lea	1
D. K. W.	32
Dunlet	3
Excelsior	16
H. R. D.	1
Hercules	3
Jap	3
Master	2
Meifter	1
Miyata	45
N. S. U.	4
New Imperial	9
Padgent	1
Rikuo	3
Rockola	1
Rudge Whitworth	13
Sarolea	1
Triumph	53
Villiers	1

MOTOR CYCLES

Total number of Makes..... 68
" " " M/Cycles 583

NOTIFICATION NO. 5360

WITH effect from January 1, 1941, the undermentioned charge will be added to the "Pathological Laboratory Scale of Fees for General Examinations; Applicable both to Residents and Non-Residents of the International Settlement," published under Municipal Notification No. 5205 of February 22, 1940.

Cor. diphtheriae Virulence Test —$30.00.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 26, 1940.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, December 28th, 1940.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	2	0	19	6
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	5	0
Tuberculosis	5	0	55	35
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	1	7	8
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	4	0	7	1
Bacillary Dysentery	2	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	1	0	4	3
Influenza	5	0	3	3
Malaria	0	0	2	2
Measles	0	0	2	2
Typhus Fever	1	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	2	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		633
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		697

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, January 4th 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	4	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	2	0
Diphtheria	3	0	17	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	4	2
Tuberculosis	2	1	10	39
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	0	16	15
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	10	0	4	2
Bacillary Dysentery	1	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	2	1
Influenza	2	0	3	3
Malaria	0	0	3	3
Measles	0	0	10	3
Typhus Fever	3	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	0	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		5		649
Total Deaths from all Causes		6		722

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, January 11th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	1	0	14	4
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	0
Tuberculosis	5	0	77	76
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	4	0	17	17
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	1	0	9	5
Bacillary Dysentery	1	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	1	1	4	4
Influenza	4	0	2	2
Malaria	1	0	3	0
Measles	1	0	15	4
Typhus Fever	1	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	7	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		12		773
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		887

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 67,000).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, January 18th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	4	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	13	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	4	0
Tuberculosis	0	0	56	47
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	18	15
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	3	0	11	9
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0	0	0
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	2	2
Influenza	6	0	3	3
Malaria	0	0	0	0
Measles	2	0	11	5
Typhus Fever	2	0	2	2
Relapsing Fever	0	0	3	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		13		752
Total Deaths form all Causes		13		839

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 67,000).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5370.

PROVISIONAL VOTING LIST.

NOTICE is hereby given that a provisional Voting List revised and corrected to December 31, 1940 is published this day by display in the Secretariat, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road and in all Police Stations, where it is available for inspection by interested ratepayers.

Copies of the provisional Voting List for display in foreign associations, organisations, and clubs may be obtained on application to the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 4, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5380.

VOTING TICKETS

NOTICE is hereby given that voting tickets are being forwarded by post on Tuesday, January 21, to ratepayers entitled to vote at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers to be held in the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, January 23, 1941, at 2.30 p.m.

Ratepayers who have not received their tickets by 2 p.m. on Wednesday, January 22, at the latest, are requested to communicate with the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, No. 209 Kiangse Road, Tel. No. 12810-ext. 29.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5369

NOTICE is hereby given that renewals of the following licences for 1941 will not be made until January 30, 1941. Applications for new licences, as distinct from renewals, should however be made as heretofore.

Billiard or Bowling Saloon.
Tobacco Shop.
Exchange Shop.
Sing Song House.
Private Carriage.
Livery Stable.
Public Carriage.
Public Garage.
Motor Vehicles, all types.
Motor Vehicles, Trailers, all types.
Pony Cart or Van.
Cart (Man propelled).
Delivery Tricycle or Trailer.
Private Richa.
Bicycle and Tandem.
Firearms, Licence to carry.
Dog.
Dairy.
Bakery.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 30, 1940.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5371.

RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals) Licence in favour of Mr. J. Zarimis of 32 Broadway in respect of the premises No. 32 Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, January 13, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 3, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5374.

TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Franz Oettinger of 1434 Avenue Road in respect of the premises No. 284 Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Friday, January 17, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 8, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	SHANGHAI VOLUNTEER CORPS		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the S.M.P. Headquarters.		
640	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P. for the month of March, 1941:—		February 17, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish and Game	$100	
	" "B" Vegetables and Fruit	$100	
	" "C" Groceries	$100	
	" "D" Bread	$100	
	" "E" Fresh Milk	$100	
641	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P.	$100	February 17, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE		
	Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of the Municipal Gaol, No. 147 Ward Road.		
69A	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section, for a period of three months from March 1, 1941.	$500	February 11, 11 a.m.
69B	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section, for a period of three months from March 1, 1941.	$100	February 11, 11 a.m.
	Information regarding tender under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of Shanghai Municipal Gaol, 147 Ward Road.		
C.L. 77	1,000 pieces White Pepper Drill		February 11, 11 a.m.

TENDERS INVITED—(*Continued*)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works, Room No. 133, Administration Building.

41/21	Picks, Shovels and Spades		April 24, 1941, 11 a.m.

Information regarding tender under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works.

41/51	Alterations and additions to proposed Foreign Isolation Hospital.		February 6, 11 a.m.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Information regarding tender under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, 223 Hankow Road.

12	Approximately 130 dozen X-Ray Films (various sizes) during the period March 1, 1941 to February 28, 1942.		February 14, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Police Force. Tender No. 622 — 3,800 yards Blue Cloth No. 3
" " " " 623 — 900 " " " " 4
" " " " 624 — 1,000 " " Serge " 1
" " " " 625 — 1,800 " " " " 2
" " " " 626 — 14,500 " " " " 3
" " " " 627 — 500 " Frieze Heavy Blue
" " " " 628 — 4,500 " Cotton Lining
" " " " 629 — 2,400 pairs Gloves (Foreigners)
" " " " 630 — 3,300 " " (Chinese)

	622	624	625	626	628	629	630
		Price Per Yard				Price Per Pair	
Harvie, Cooke & Co., Ltd.	8/8½d.						
Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd.			5/10d.	5/6d.			
Shanghai Worsted Mill, Ltd.		8/9d.					
Ah Shing & Co.					Sample "C" $2.10		
Yah Zung					(1) $4.20	(1) $3.20	

Tenders Nos. 623 and 627.—No tender has been accepted.

Police Force. Tender No. 43. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of February, 1941.

Dombey & Son $3.78 per man per day with fresh milk and bread.

P. W. D. Tender No. 41/25. The contract for the work of Sheet Piling and excavation for sewerage and drainage trenches during the year 1941, has been awarded to Messrs. Kwang Shing.

P. W. D. Tender No. 41/11. The Contract for the supply of Bamboo Ware, etc. and supply and erection of Bamboo Fencing, Matsheds and Thatching for the twelve months ending December 31, 1941, has been awarded to the Shanghai Bamboo Co.

P. W. D. Tender No. 41/5. The Contract for the supply of Petroleum, Petrol, Liquid Fuel and Lubricating Oils and Greases during the year 1941 has been apportioned among Messrs. Asiatic Petroleum Co., (North China) Ltd., The Texas Co. (China) Ltd., Jardine Engineering Corporation, Ltd., C. C. Wakefield & Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Standard Vacuum Oil Co.

TENDERS RECEIVED

Police Force. Tender No. 42. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of February, 1941. No tender has been accepted.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 40/67. Sale of old cast iron. No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1941. 1828

REPORT

OF THE

SPECIAL ELECTION COMMITTEE.

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL ELECTION COMMITTEE.

Shanghai, January 18, 1941.

To the CHAIRMAN,

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL:

DEAR SIR,

The Special Election Committee appointed by the Council for the purpose of studying whether any changes are desirable in the conduct of Municipal elections submits this interim report.

The Committee has held six meetings at which all members and the Secretary and Commissioner General and the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue of the Council's staff were present. Owing to his departure from Shanghai at the time the conclusions arrived at in this report were under consideration, Mr. N. F. Allman resigned from membership of the Committee and Mr. J. W. Carney was appointed by the Council to fill the vacancy thus created. We wish to take this opportunity of expressing our appreciation of the advice and assistance given by Mr. Allman during his period of membership.

Since it was pointed out to us by the Secretary and Commissioner General that certain of the recommendations already agreed upon must be considered by the Council immediately if they are to be applied at the next election, it was decided to submit this interim report on the points covered by the Committee with the intimation that a further report will be submitted at a later date.

1. At our first meeting we were supplied with a memorandum by the Secretary and Commissioner General covering a report by the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue in which certain suggestions were submitted for our consideration. The Secretary and Commissioner General's memorandum stated that the present Election Rules dated March 17, 1938, covering the conduct of elections and counting of votes, were drawn up in accordance with the recommendations of the Election Investigation Committee of 1936 with one important exception, namely the fixing of a date prior to the elections after which no claims to vote would be received, which point is covered later in this report. The rules were tested for the first time at the 1940 election and, apart from the point referred to above, were stated to have proved extremely satisfactory. The poll was conducted smoothly and efficiently and the machinery for counting votes appeared to work well. Experience at the election had however shown that certain minor changes were necessary and these changes, recommended by the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue and the Secretary and Commissioner General, were endorsed by the Committee for adoption. They are:—

(a) That duplicate Voting Passes be valid only at the polling stations at which they are issued or for which they are so stamped.

(b) That such number of embossing machines be provided at each polling station as may be required instead of one machine at each station.

(c) That provision be made for the officials to hand over the ballot boxes to the Scrutineers immediately on the close of the poll on the first day of the election instead of waiting until the officials' returns are made up as stipulated in the Rules.

(d) That provision be made for the Scrutineers to witness the sealing of the apertures in the ballot boxes at the close of the poll on each day of the election.

2. In his memorandum the Secretary and Commissioner General pointed out that the conduct of an election involves two entirely separate stages (a) the compilation of the Voting List and (b) the conduct of the election itself which involves the recording of votes at a poll and the subsequent counting of votes and publication of the result.

The Secretary and Commissioner General's and Deputy Treasurer-Revenue's recommendations in connection with (b) have been covered above.

With regard to (a) the Secretary and Commissioner General stated that under Land Regulation XIX there are two principal qualifications for a vote i.e. the landowners' qualification and the householders' qualification.

In regard to landowners there was said to be no difficulty as notice of the acquisition of land by foreigners and change of ownership respectively is given by the Consulates concerned to the Council. All that the Council's officials are required to do is to keep the Voting List up-to-date in accordance with the official notifications received from the Consulates.

In regard to householders difficulties are encountered and it is in connection with this qualification that disputed claims to vote arise. As a preliminary explanation the Secretary and Commissioner General quoted a statement on Voters Qualifications published by the Council in 1935, which in view of its importance is set out in Appendix "A".

The Deputy Treasurer-Revenue pointed out in his report that the difficulties in connection with direct ratepayers, that is those who occupy premises and who themselves pay rates in respect of such premises in their own name, are negligible. The difficulties that arise were said to be in connection with what are known as "indirect ratepayers", that is those who though not excluded as lodgers yet have their rates paid for them by others. It is the desire of the Council's officials to lay down precise and clear tests, which must be conformed to in order to obtain a vote, so that disputed claims will largely disappear.

The tests recommended by the Secretary and Commissioner General and Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, set out in Appendix "B" owing to their length, were given careful consideration by the Committee and endorsed for adoption. However Mr. Yasui proposed, and Mr. Fumagalli and Mr. Glathe subsequently supported the proposal that this point be withheld from application at this year's election for reasons stated in the separate memorandum which will be found at the conclusion of this report.

Other recommendations submitted by the Secretary and Commissioner General with regard to the distribution of the Voting List and the appointment of an Advisory Committee to assist the Council's officials in cases where the application of the tests for indirect householder votes presents difficulties owing to disputed questions of fact, are covered later in this report in connection with Mr. Yasui's proposals.

At our second and subsequent meetings proposals submitted by Mr. Yasui were considered. These proposals and our recommendations thereon follow.

3. Mr. Yasui proposed that all principles of election procedure be set down definitely and clearly in a set of rules which will apply to Municipal elections and be in due time published in the Municipal Gazette and all leading, legally registered newspapers appearing in the Settlement.

We recommend that the Election Rules be revised in accordance with the minor changes with regard to the conduct of elections referred to in the beginning of this report, and expanded to include rules relating to the compilation of the Voting List and qualifications of voters including the tests for indirect ratepayers set out in Appendix "B". While we consider that publication of the revised and expanded rules in all newspapers would be too expensive, we recommend that copies be distributed with the Preliminary Voting List.

4. Mr. Yasui proposed that a preliminary list of voters be mailed to each voter named therein six weeks prior to the election.

Since publication of the preliminary list only six weeks before the election would not provide sufficient time to complete the work of compiling the final list, and as under Land Regulation XIX a list should be published as soon as convenient after December 1, it was agreed to recommend that the preliminary list be published as soon as possible after December 1 and not later than six weeks before the election.

We were informed that the preliminary and final published lists have until now been issued in the form of special Municipal Gazettes, but that under new procedure effective from January 1, 1941, the Gazette will be mailed only to those persons who have asked for it. We were requested by the Secretary and Commissioner General to recommend the manner in which the Voting Lists should be distributed in future. Since mailing of these lists to each person named therein as suggested by Mr. Yasui would be expensive owing to the anticipated size of the lists we consider that their exhibition in the Administration Building and the forwarding of copies to Consulates, National bodies, corporations and clubs would be sufficient.

We accordingly recommend that the Preliminary Voting List be compiled as early as possible after December 1 in each year and not later than six weeks before the election and that it be exhibited in the Administration Building and copies forwarded to Consulates, National bodies, corporations and clubs and that a notification drawing attention to this procedure be published in the local press.

5. The Secretary and Commissioner General stated in his memorandum that the Council had felt it unsafe to adopt the recommendation of the Special Investigation Committee of 1936, that a day be fixed at a reasonable time before the elections after which no new voter may qualify, since legal opinion on this point had not been unanimous.

Under existing practice claims for votes may be made up to the close of the poll on the second day of the election and we support the opinions of the Secretary and Commissioner General and Deputy Treasurer-Revenue that proper investigation of claims to vote received while elections are in progress cannot be made. Furthermore the tests for indirect householder votes which we have recommended for adoption may well take some time to carry out.

We therefore most strongly recommend the Council to inform the Consular Body that it is necessary in the interests of all concerned that a closing date for the receipt of claims to vote be fixed one month in advance of the first day of the election after which date no claims will be considered.

6. Mr. Yasui proposed that no names be added to the Final Voting List published prior to the elections and that no person be permitted to vote unless his name appears in the final list.

It follows that if our recommendation immediately above is adopted the final Voting List as published will in fact be the final list which it is not under existing practice.

We therefore recommend that the Final Voting List be published as soon as possible after the closing date for the receipt of claims to vote, that no persons be permitted to vote unless their names appear in the final Voting List, those whose names are omitted owing to purely clerical errors only excepted, and that the final Voting List be distributed in the same manner as the Preliminary Voting List.

7. Mr. Yasui submitted four proposals with regard to the appointment of a Committee with full power to examine the qualifications of all claimants for votes and to accept or reject their claims. The proposals included stipulations that the Committee should consist of six members of different nationality.

It was pointed out that under Land Regulation XIX it is the duty of the Secretary of the Council to revise and correct the list of persons qualified to vote according to the Regulations, and that as a Municipal employee he is required to refer to the Council matters as to which he is in doubt. We were also informed that under Land Regulation XXIII the Council may only delegate its authority to make decisions to a Committee appointed out of its own body, and that so far as is known the Council never has delegated such authority to any Committee however constituted. All Committees are appointed in an advisory capacity and their recommendations are subject to confirmation or rejection by the Council.

Considerable discussion took place over this proposal which was favoured by some members. Others took the view that the Council would not accept such a proposal in view of the extremely dangerous precedent which would thus be created and what was in their opinion its illegality, but it was pointed out that the effect desired by Mr. Yasui could be achieved by an Advisory Committee since the Council would be most unlikely, without good cause, to reject a recommendation made by such a representative committee as suggested by Mr. Yasui.

Finally we decided to recommend that the Council appoint a Committee consisting of five members of different non-Chinese nationality empowered to pass judgment on claims to vote and report its views to the Council.

8. Mr. Yasui proposed that neither landowners nor householders shall be qualified to vote unless their taxes to the end of December of the year previous to the election are fully paid prior to a fixed date.

We were informed that the existing practice is to allow votes to landowners and householders in respect of land acquired or premises occupied during the previous year or before and still in their possession or occupation, provided the Land Tax or General Municipal Rate respectively thereon had been paid up to December 31 of the previous year. Persons acquiring land on or after January 1 of the year of the election were regarded as qualified to vote provided the Land Tax on the land in respect of which the vote was given had been paid up to December 31 of the previous year, although the Land Tax for the first half year of the election may not have been paid. Persons occupying premises on and after January 1 of the year of the electon were given a vote provided the General Municipal Rate thereon had been paid for the first quarter of the year in which the election is held.

While good reasons were adduced in support of this divergent treatment of landowners and householders who acquired qualifications on and after January 1 of the year of the election, and although the existing practice was based on legal advice, we consider that landowners acquiring land after that date should be required to pay Land Tax for the first half of that year before qualifying for a vote.

We accordingly recommend that the existing practice be continued with regard to householders and with regard to landowners whose land in respect of which a vote is given was acquired previous to the year of the election, but that landowners acquiring land on or after January 1 of the year of the election be required to pay Land Tax on that land for the first half of that year before qualifying for a vote.

9. A proposal submitted by Mr. Yasui that landowners applying for the right to vote must prove that they are in fact bona fide owners of the land concerned in order to qualify for a vote was discussed at length at four meetings of the Committee.

In support of his proposal Mr. Yasui suggested that as a matter of established procedure no change of ownership of land should be recognised for the purpose of compilation of the Voting List until a title deed had been issued by the Chinese Land Office, but that as at the present

time the function of the Chinese Land Office is suspended, proof of bona fide ownership should be established by presentation to the Council of documents and other relevant information in such form as might be required by the Council.

Some members took the view that Mr. Yasui's proposals did not confirm with the practice regarding land transfers or the legal and practical effect of the relevant sections of the Land Regulations in that landowners do not in fact apply for the right to vote, nor has the Council any authority to call for proof of landownership over and above the notice given to the Council by the foreign Consulates concerned, in accordance with Article V of the Land Regulations. Such members held the view that the effect of Article V and XIX of the Land Regulations is that any foreigner whose name is shown as transferee in the notice of transfer of land lodged with the Council by a foreign Consul is, ipso facto, entitled to a vote provided that all taxes due have been paid and that the land concerned is not less than Taels 500 in value and provided that his annual payment of assessment on land or houses, or both, amounts to not less than Taels 10.

Mr. Yasui however disagreed with this view and maintained that the matter of Consular notification referred to in Article V of the Land Regulations is merely indicative of the fact that a transfer of land has taken place and has no connection with the qualifications of voters contained in Article XIX. The Council therefore is, he contended, not necessarily obliged to grant a vote upon receipt of the Consular notice and may, under Article XIX, pass judgment independently upon the voting qualifications of the transferee having regard to the conditions of the transfer; for instance the Consulates notify the Council of all transfers of land however small the lots may be, but the Council has the right under Article XIX to determine whether the value of the lots and the tax payable thereon are sufficient to qualify for votes. The words "transfer of land" in Article V of the Land Regulations and the word "landowner" in Article XIX mean, in Mr. Yasui's opinion, actual transfer and real landowner, respectively, and if a piece of land is divided fictitiously into several hundred units in order to increase the number of votes commanded by the original piece, such transfer clearly contravenes the spirit and letter of the Land Regulations, since at the time the Land Regulations were formulated such transfers could not have been expected. Therefore no rights to vote should be granted those landowners who, as he contends, acquire ownership through such fictitious transactions although the land in question may be of sufficient value to qualify for votes. In Mr. Yasui's opinion mere transfer should not be regarded as sufficient evidence to qualify for a vote; on the contrary, the transfer itself should be strictly examined to establish whether or not such transfer was a genuine change of ownership. Mr. Yasui advocated that proof of bona fide ownership of land be required in the form of bills of sale, cheques, receipts or other documents in respect of any transfers of land made since the Autumn of 1937, when the Chinese Land Office ceased operation. Mr. Yasui's proposals on this point are at his request set out in full in Appendix "C". Mr. Mitchell has requested that his views on Mr. Yasui's proposals should similarly be set out in full and these appear in Appendix "D".

We regret to have to report that after lengthy discussion we were unable to agree upon a recommendation on this point. Mr. Yasui's proposal "That a firm or individual acquiring land without the title deeds for it having been issued by the Chinese authorities shall prove bona fide ownership", was put to the vote and three of our members, Messrs. Glathe, Fumagalli and Yasui voted in favour of the proposal, and against it three of our members, Messrs. Carney, Mitchell and Sauvayre.

As stated above, a further report will be submitted by the Committee after consideration of any further proposals submitted by Mr. Yasui.

(*Signed*) J. SAUVAYRE,
Chairman.

(*Signed*) J. W. CARNEY.

(*Signed*) C. FUMAGALLI.

(*Signed*) A. GLATHE.

(*Signed*) G. E. MITCHELL.

While in agreement with the points outlined in the report above, we are of the opinion that since only a fraction of the work envisioned for this Committee has been covered, it is not logical for the Council to consider an interim report for application in this year's election. Such an interim report, being a report on an incomplete work, is open to misimpressions, and those parts covered in the report which are inextricably related to matters yet to be discussed, should be withheld from judgment until an opportunity is had for further consideration by the Committee and the matter is reported in a complete and final document.

Mr. Yasui proposed therefore in the sixth meeting of the Committee that the Council be requested not to adopt a certain portion of this interim report. This proposal however was not unanimously endorsed by the Committee.

While in full accord with the desire to see the routine and mechanics of the election system made more efficient, in proposing the withholding of a portion of the report we have specific reference to point No. 2 of the interim report dealing with the matter of sub-tenants. We have endorsed the point but we are opposed to its adoption in this year's Municipal Election in the absence of recommendations on matters of equal importance affecting the whole elections system.

(*Signed*) G. YASUI.

(*Signed*) C. FUMAGALLI.

(*Signed*) A. GLATHE.

APPENDIX "A".

STATEMENT PUBLISHED BY THE COUNCIL IN FEBRUARY 1935 ON VOTERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

Voters' Qualifications—Land Regulation XIX, sets out that:—

"Every foreigner, either individually or as a member of a firm, residing in the Settlement, having paid all taxes due, and being an owner of land of not less than five hundred taels in value, whose annual payment of assessment on land or houses or both, exclusive of all payments in respect of licences, shall amount to the sum of ten taels and upwards, or who shall be a householder paying on an assessed rental of not less than five hundred taels per annum and upwards, shall be entitled to vote in the election of the said Members of the Council and at the public meetings. Provided always that the proxies of ratepayers only who are absent from the Consular District of Shanghai, or are prevented by illness from attending, shall be admitted to vote at such meetings."

Thus it will be seen that a vote can be claimed only by virtue of the ownership of land of the requisite value or of being a householder (or renter of an office, shop, or flat) on a certain minimum assessed rental. In cases where landlords are letting premises for a sum inclusive of rates (such as apartment buildings) the landlords are required to furnish the Revenue Office quarterly with a list of tenants showing the gross rental paid in each case. They are also required to sign a declaration that such rates are paid for and on behalf of such tenants. Those tenants named who pay the requisite rental under Land Regulation XIX are given votes.

Also in cases where living quarters are provided by the employer, he makes an annual return to the Revenue Office of the premises occupied by each individual employee and showing the rateable value on which General Municipal Rate is paid by him on the employee's behalf.

Similar conditions prevail in regard to the occupation of office premises where the rent paid includes the General Municipal Rate. Forms are supplied by the Revenue Office and upon these must be stated the amount of the General Municipal Rate included in the rental.

Occupation of furnished apartments when the occupier depends upon the landlord for essential services in connection with these apartments precludes the occupier from being considered a householder within the meaning of Land Regulation XIX; he is a lodger. The general principle may be set out as follows:—

> To entitle a person to a franchise as a householder he must show that he occupies a house or a part of a house separately. If another person is really in control of that part of the house the person living in it has not a separate occupation, he is a lodger. On the other hand, if he has an independent occupation which the landlord cannot control his occupation is that of a tenant and entitles him to a franchise as an inhabitant occupier.

APPENDIX "B".

CONDITIONS TO BE FULFILLED BY INDIRECT RATEPAYERS TO QUALIFY AS VOTERS.

An indirect ratepayer for voting purposes is defined as a ratepayer whose name does not appear on the official rate register but who has sole and independent occupancy of premises or a portion of premises and pays a rental inclusive of General Municipal Rate to his landlord who is in fact the registered ratepayer.

Claims to vote by indirect ratepayers are to be submitted to the Revenue Office on a form obtainable at that office and will be investigated to confirm:—

(1) The foreign nationality of claimant.

(2) That the claimant has sole and independent occupation of the premises in respect to which the vote is claimed, which involves

(a) that the premises concerned are capable of sole and independent occupation and comply with the following requirements:—

Office Premises.

The portion occupied must be clearly defined by walls or partitions and must have an independent door.

Residential Apartments.

The portion occupied must be clearly defined by walls or partitions and must have an independent door from the landing or corridor. The sub-dividing of parts of apartment suites does not qualify unless there is independent access to the parts.

Shops with residences or office premises above.

Claims allowed in respect of either shop or upper portion. Any sub-division of the upper portion however must conform to the rules applying to the particular type of occupancy.

Godowns.

Portions sub-let must be structurally separate with independent access.

N.B. Claims will not be admitted in cases where permission to inspect the premises is refused; nor can claims be admitted in respect of the sub-division of residences as opposed to residential apartments.

(b) That the premises concerned are in fact independently occupied.

Evidence should be given of such independent occupation by e.g., the presence of the declarant's name on a signboard on the door or entrance, the production of a current rent receipt or lease in the name of the declarant, etc.

(3) That the assessed rateable value of the premises occupied is sufficient to qualify the claimant, such value being calculated upon the proportionate value of the premises occupied based on the official rateable value upon which rates are actually paid.

(4) That the interest is separate from any other interest accorded a vote.

APPENDIX "C".

AMPLIFICATION OF MR. YASUI'S VIEWS.

(a) In case of transfer of foreign-owned land:

(1) When both parties are of different nationalities, the old Title Deed held by the former owner is to be cancelled and a new one issued to the new owner according to long-standing practice.

(2) When all parties are of the same nationality, and the land is divided into several units and transferred to several persons of the same nationality, the old Title Deed shall be cancelled and a new one shall be issued to each new landowner, also according to long-standing practice.

(Note: In both cases Article III of the Land Regulations should be applied instead of Article V, since the transfers should be regarded as similar to the case of original purchase of land by foreigners from Chinese owners.)

(3) When both parties are of the same nationality, and the land is transferred as a single unit, the new owners are to present the Title Deed to the Chinese Land Office to have said Title Deed endorsed, as has been the practice since 1930 when Hoi Chang Chu (Joint Measurement Office) was replaced by the present Chinese Land Office.

It is contended under the foregoing reasons, therefore, that the argument with reference to Article V of the Land Regulations that the transfer of land between foreigners can be executed without the Title Deed being issued or endorsed by the Chinese authorities, is without grounds.

As a fundamental principle no Shanghai landowner owns land without holding a title deed.

(Note: The word "transfer" in Article V anticipates only bona fide transfer, since fictitious transfers whose sole aim was to get the right to vote were not visioned when this article was enacted.)

(b) Articles III and V of the Land Regulations are in reference to the acquisition and transfer of land, and do not stipulate the right to vote. The argument that the right to vote follows automatically upon acquisition of land is not always valid.

The matter of Consular notification referred to in Article V means notification to the Council of the fact that a transfer of land has taken place. The Council is notified of the fact of the transfer, but it has no knowledge of circumstances following upon the transfer or whether the new owners are qualified to vote under other requirements. The Council, therefore, is not necessarily obliged to grant a vote upon receipt merely of the Consular notice, and under Article XIX the Council may pass judgment independently upon the qualifications for voting of both householders and landowners without trespass on the authority of the Consulates.

For instance, Consulates notify the Council of transfer of land, however small, and the Council is obligated to assess the land in question, and if the land is short of requirements as set down in Article XIX, the new landowner is denied the right to vote.

Under the same logic the Council may deny the right to vote to claimants whose qualifications are based on nominal division of ownership contrary to the spirit and letter of the Land Regulations, and this cannot be considered trespass of Consular Authority.

(c) Article XIX of the Land Regulations in regard to the Election merely sets down principles, and the principle being simple may be interpreted in various ways. For instance, at the last S.M.C. Election, it happened that land was nominally divided to increase the number of votes, which is distinctly contrary to an equitable election.

With such defects in view, Article XIX should be supplemented by a By-Law which defines the general principle that under normal conditions no landowner shall be given the right to vote unless he holds a Title Deed, which is in accordance with the letter and spirit of the Land Regulations.

But, under present conditions, such a principle cannot be observed strictly. Therefore, it is suggested that land owners who hold no Title Deeds shall be requested to present other documents and information to prove the bona fide nature of their ownership to eliminate invalid claimants.

(d) According to Article XIX Landowners who pay land tax amounting to the sum of 10 Taels and upwards shall have the right to vote, but it is impossible to decide whether the piece of land is taxable to that extent without information of its exact location, size and nature of surroundings. This information can be supplied to the Council by the Title Deeds and the accompanying detailed maps.

But in case a piece of property is divided into a thousand or more units as it happened at the time of the last election, the value of each unit may not necessarily be equal although they may be equal in size. Central units, for instance, may be of less value than units located on the borders, and the value of each unit cannot be calculated by mere mechanical division.

As Title Deeds have not been available since 1937, and since it is difficult to ascertain whether transfer of land is bona fide or not and also whether the new landowner is qualified to vote, it may be contended as a principle that landowners who have acquired property since 1937 are not qualified to vote. In view of present circumstances, however, the following exceptions may be proposed for bona fide transfers of land:—

(1) In the case of a transfer of foreign-owned land as a whole, single unit, whether between persons of the same or different nationality, the location and area having been previously defined and acknowledged, only the bona fide nature of the transfer need be proved with documents required so that the Examining Committee may decide to whom the vote is to be given.

(2) In the case of a transfer of a part of the whole unit of foreign-owned land, the area and location of that part is not previously recognised, and therefore, it is impossible to decide whether the new owner can meet the requirements for the right to vote. As a principle no vote shall be granted to such a landowner unless the Examining Committee after examination of required documents recognises that the transfer is bona fide and that the piece of land meets tax requirements.

It is recommended that the above principles be adopted within the Election Rules under which the Examining Committee will function, and this shall be made public.

Landowners not in possession of Title Deeds shall be required under the above principles to provide documents and information outlined as follows, to be considered by the Examining Committee in order to decide whether qualifications to vote are met:

(a) Name of previous landowner. (In case of foreigners, the number of the Title Deed.)
(b) Location of land.
(c) Size of property and detailed map to indicate nature of surrounding.
(d) Whether the property was transferred as a whole, or as a single unit out of the whole.
(e) Character of transaction. (Business transaction, gratuitous transfer, hereditary transfer, etc.).
(f) Date of transfer.
(g) Date of Consular recognition of transfer.
(h) Nature of condition of premises, and relationship between landowner and owner of property which may be occupying the land. Name of owners of buildings on the premises.
(i) In case one of the contracting parties being a firm:

(i) Name, address, and amount of investment of each representative.
(ii) Capital.
(iii) Address of the office.
(iv) Nature of the business.
(v) Name.
(vi) Date of establishment.

APPENDIX "D".

AMPLIFICATION OF MR. MITCHELL'S VIEWS.

A proposal has been made that the Committee should recommend to the Council that "landowners applying for the right to vote must prove that they are, in fact, bona fide owners" of the property concerned. This proposal is advanced on the grounds that, according to the Land Regulations, no firm or individual is entitled to more than one vote, but that "there have been numerous instances of Companies dividing themselves into numerous nominal ownership units pretending that those Companies or their representatives owned their property in common with their employees, as a means of increasing the number of votes". It is contended that "such nominal owners shall not be considered qualified voters".

It is suggested by those who support this proposal that, in order to establish a claim to a landowner's vote, applicants who cannot produce a Title Deed must satisfy the Council that they are bona fide owners by producing to an Examining Committee "other documents and information to prove the bona fide nature of their ownership". The nature of such "documents" has not been precisely defined, but in the course of discussion "Bills of Sale", "Cheques" and "Receipts" have been mentioned; suggestions have been made that the "information" which should be called for should consist of replies to a number of questions, in connection with land transfers, which would normally concern only the contracting parties to the transfers, and it has been suggested that the Examining Committee could question applicants at their discretion.

It appears to me that this proposal, together with the arguments in its support, is based on a misconception of the procedure and practice governing land ownership in the International Settlement, and also on a misunderstanding of the functions and authority of the Council as regards Municipal Elections. Should this Committee, in reporting to the Council, make a recommendation on the lines of that proposed, it would, in my opinion, be recommending a course of action which is not only inconsistent with the legal position as it now stands, but which it is beyond the Council's power to adopt.

The Land Regulations represent the Constitution of the International Settlement, and it is not within the Council's competence to amend them or to deviate from their provisions.

The provisions of the Land Regulations relevant to this present discussion would appear to be the following:—

> "All transfers of land shall be made at the Consulate where Deeds are registered, and also be registered at that of the vendee or assignee, and notice of the same shall be lodged by the Consul with the Municipal Council". (Article V).
>
> "Every foreigner, either individually or as a member of a firm, ... being an owner of land not less than Tls. 500 in value, ... or who shall be a householder paying on an assessed rental of not less than Tls. 500 per annum and upwards, shall be entitled to vote in the election of the said members of the Council and at the public meetings ..... Provided always that this clause shall not entitle any firm to more than one vote". (Article XIX).

Reference has, however, been made to Article III of the Land Regulations as having application to the subject under discussion. This Article reads as follows:—

> "It having been ascertained that no impediment exists to the renting of the land, the parties interested may settle with the Chinese proprietors the price and conditions of sale, and they will then report the transaction to their Consular representative, and lodge with him the Chinese proprietors' agreement or Deed of Sale ..... The said Consular representative shall then transmit the same to the Intendant of Circuit for examination. If the sale be regular, Deeds will be returned to the Consul, sealed by the Intendant of Circuit and the purchase money can then be paid ....."

I regard the contention that Article III applies to land transfers between foreigners as quite inadmissible. Its position in the Land Regulatons, as well as its wording, seem to me to establish beyond doubt that it refers, as stated above, to original transfers from Chinese to Foreigners.

It also seems to me that the provision in Article V that notice of transfers of land shall be lodged by the Foreign Consuls with the Municipal Council can have only one intention, and that is, in order that the Council may know who are the owners of land for the purpose of taxation and, it follows, for the granting of a vote in accordance with Article XIX. In this connection it should be noted that when a transfer of land takes place between foreigners of the same nationality, involving sub-division of a Lot and, therefore, issue of a new Title Deed, the Deed has always been as far as I am aware, issued by the Chinese Land Office in reliance upon the Consular Notification of the transfer, and without any enquiry into the nature of the transaction. In view of some of the arguments which have been advanced in the discussion of this point, it is important to bear in mind what, in fact, constitutes title to land in the International Settlement. As I understand the position, when a transfer takes place between persons of the same nationality of a piece of land for which a Deed issued by the Chinese Land Office already exists, and the title to which is registered in the Foreign Consulate concerned, the transferee becomes the legal owner upon execution of the instrument of transfer in the Consular Land Register, irrespective of whether the transfer has been noted on the Title Deed by the Chinese Authorities or whether a new Deed is subsequently issued for the portion transferred.

The Council, however, is not directly concerned with what takes place between the Chinese Land Office and the Foreign Consulates: it has no option but to accept Consular Notification of ownership, in accordance with Land Regulation No. V., as evidence of ownership of land in the Settlement.

I can see no literal or reasonable construction of the words used in the relevant Land Regulations other than that which I have set out, and, this being so, I contend that the proposal submitted to us is inconsistent with the actual legal position as regards land transfers as it now exists, and is also based on a misunderstanding of the Council's authority as regards the admission of claims to vote. In my view the Council has no alternative other than to add to its Voting List the name or names of any owner or group of owners of land as communicated to it by any Foreign Consul, provided the assessed value of the land concerned is Tls. 500 or more; that the name or group of names does not already occur in the Voting List; and that no other name is already registered as owner of the land concerned. It seems to me that should the Council call upon a landowner, whose name has been communicated to it as transferee or assignee by a Foreign Consul, for any further evidence as to his ownership of the land concerned, that individual or group could rightly refuse to accede to any such request, and could legally enforce the inclusion of his or their name or names in the Voting List. As the Committee knows, Mr. Allman, who served as one of our members for most of its meetings, stated his views on this point to the Committee in the following words:—

> "An examination of the Land Regulations makes it clear exactly who the landowner is and how he acquires the right to vote as a landowner. In this connection see Articles II, III, IV, V, and XIX of the Land Regulations. In my view, if the Council has been notified by a Consul in accordance with Article V of the Land Regulations, the landowner automatically goes on the Voting List and is entitled to vote. I do not see how the Special Election Committee or any other Committee can change these conditions without at the same time amending the Land Regulations. I feel quite certain that if a Committee were set up and started enquiring beyond the Consular Notification, that a large percentage of the Voters involved would resist, and that if their names were removed from the Voting List they could, and would, take the Council into the Court of Consuls and compel it to restore their names. If successful, as I am quite certain they would be, this would be at the Council's expense".

Lastly, it has been suggested that where a piece of land is divided into a number of units, the value of each unit may not necessarily be equal, although they may be equal in size, and that it is accordingly impossible for the Council to determine, without investigation into the exact location, size and nature of the surroundings of each such unit, whether it is of a value and taxable to the extent required to entitle the owner to a vote. This argument is also, in my opinion, based upon a misconception of the legal position. My understanding of what is required by Land Regulation XIX is that the *assessed* value of any unit of land must be at least Tls. 500 in order to qualify the owner to vote, and though it is quite true that, if a large plot of land is divided into several portions, those portions will probably not each be of the same *market* value per mow, none the less the practice in the Settlement has always been (and this practice has

been upheld in the Courts) that the same assessed value per mow is applied by the Council to all the portions of a subdivided Lot as was previously applied to the whole, until a new general reassessment of land takes place. The Council has no discretion in this matter.

For the reasons which I have advanced I am convinced that the proposal put before us is such that legally it could not be accepted and acted upon by the Council. I therefore oppose its adoption by this Committee.

(*Signed*) G. E. MITCHELL.

Shanghai, January 15, 1941.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1941. 1829

REGULATIONS

Governing The Structure Of The Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force.

(Signed at the Civic Centre, Kiangwan, on February 1, 1941.)

1. These Regulations with 3 appendices are agreed to and recommended by the Chief of the Police Bureau and the Commissioner of the Shanghai Municipal Police in accordance with paragraph 2 of the Modus Vivendi on Policing concluded between the City Government of Greater Shanghai (Shanghai Municipal Government) and the Shanghai Municipal Council on the sixteenth day of February, Nineteen Hundred and Forty.

2. The Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force will organize an institution known as the "Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force" (滬西特別警察總署) to control the area adjacent to the International Settlement and French Concession and the whole area formerly coming under the jurisdiction of West Shanghai Division and a section of the District coming under the jurisdiction of the Zikawei Police Division. The area will be divided into 5 Police Divisions (see map attached). The area under the jurisdiction of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force will include the districts at present guarded by the Shanghai Foreign Defence Forces.

3. The Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force shall be composed of the existing Police Main Corps, the whole West Shanghai Division, a part of the Zikawei Division and the Officers of the Detective Branch Corps, together with Officers recommended by the Municipal Council. The Force shall be the only organization to exercise Police powers in the Area concerned and shall be supervised and directed by the Chief of the Shanghai Municipal Police Bureau in accordance with the instructions of the Shanghai Municipal Government.

The maximum strength of the Special Police Force including the Officers recommended by the Municipal Council shall be 1,446 men with an additional reserve of 12 men, whose distributions are given in appended tables.

4. **Uniforms:** The style of the Uniform of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force will be in accordance with the normal requirements of the Shanghai Municipal Government.

A Hat Badge distinct from the normal Municipal Government Police will be designed with the superimposed Chinese and Foreign characters meaning "Special Police," and worn by all ranks.

Roman Numerals as well as Chinese Numerals will be worn by all ranks below that of Sub-Inspector.

5. To meet emergencies and labour trouble, a Reserve Unit will be formed (see Appendix III).

The strength of the Force will not be increased or decreased without the agreement of the Shanghai Municipal Government and the Shanghai Municipal Council.

6. Under the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force, there will be five Police Divisions, a number of Stations and Sub-Stations; one Commissioner whose title will be (總署長), and one Deputy Commissioner, whose title will be (副總署長), who will, in accordance with the instructions of their superior officer, supervise and direct Officers and men under their command.

The Divisional Branches are as follows:—

1st Division: Soochow Creek on the North, Settlement Boundary on the East, Jessfield Road (exclusive) on the South, Brenan Piece (exclusive) on the West.

2nd Division: Jessfield Road (inclusive) on the North, Settlement Boundary on the East, Avenue Haig on the South, Edinburgh Road (inclusive) on the West.

3rd Division: Soochow Creek on the North, Brenan Piece (inclusive) and Edinburgh Road (exclusive) on the East, Yu Yuen Road (exclusive) on the South, Railway (exclusive) on the West.

4th Division: Yu Yuen Road (inclusive) on the North, Edinburgh Road (exclusive) on the East, Great Western Road (inclusive) on the West.

5th Division: Great Western Road (exclusive) on the North, Edinburgh Road (exclusive) and Avenue Haig (inclusive) on the East, Hungjao (inclusive) on the South, Railway (exclusive) on the West.

The area to the west of the railway line will not be discussed owing to the general unsettled situation.

7. The administration of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force will include the following branches and their functions will be as under:—

Police Affairs Branch: This Branch will deal with affairs relating to personnel, training, official correspondence, official seals, editing, statistics, equipment, arms, files, receiving and despatching of official correspondence, accounts and general business, etc.

Executive Branch: This Branch will deal with affairs relating to the security of peace, maintenance of public morals, traffic, census, sanitation and assistance to Municipal Authorities.

Special Branch: This Branch will deal with affairs relating to the suppression of Communists, reactionaries, collection of intelligence, mediation in labour disputes and suppression of reactionary newspapers, magazines, publications and writings, etc.

Foreign Affairs Branch: This Branch will deal with affairs relating to the protection of life and property of Foreign Nationals, and their domicile and trade; and will also handle cases involving Foreign Nationals and deal with Foreign Police Officers.

Crime Branch: This Branch will deal with affairs relating to criminal investigation, breach of Police Regulations, detention or release of prisoners, examination of finger prints and photos, collection of evidence, etc.

Supervising Branch: This Branch will deal with affairs relating to the supervision of outdoor and indoor staffs.

Secretarial Office: This office will deal with confidential documents and keep records of all outside and interior correspondence.

8. In each Branch there will be one Officer in Charge, one Deputy and 6 to 10 Junior Officers.

In the Supervising Branch there will be a number of superintending Officers, whilst in the Secretarial Office there will be two secretaries. All of these Officers are under the supervision and direction of the Commissioner but the Officer in charge Police Affairs Branch in accordance with the instructions of the Commissioner shall have the authority to direct Divisional Officers. If the Officer in charge of a Branch is not a Municipal Council's nominee, the Deputy shall be selected from those nominated by the Shanghai Municipal Council.

9. In each Police Division of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force, there will be one Divisional Officer and one or two Deputies who will be under the supervision and direction of the Commissioner and take charge of the business of the Division.

10. At the request of either party, the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force and the Shanghai Municipal Police, each will at all times render assistance in accordance with the modus vivendi made separately (Appendix I).

11. To facilitate operation the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force and the Shanghai Municipal Police will each have a Liaison Officer with three assistants to deal with the exchange of intelligence, conducting co-ordinated searches and extradition of suspects and to assist in the satisfactory solution of diplomatic cases.

A separate liaison office shall be established both at the Special Police Force Headquarters and at the Shanghai Municipal Police Department so as to facilitate liaison work.

12. A number of the staff of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force (including certain principal Officers) and Officers in Charge of Divisions wherein majority of residents are Foreign Nationals who own factories, shops and other property, and their Deputies, if deemed necessary, will be appointed by the Shanghai Municipal Government among the candidates recommended by the Shanghai Municipal Council. Such candidates will include men of Chinese nationality. The following basic staff will be appointed from among such candidates:—

1 Deputy Commissioner (European).

1 Deputy (Japanese), 1 European and 1 Chinese attached to Police Affairs Branch.

1 European and 1 Japanese attached to Executive Branch.

1 Deputy (Japanese) and 1 European and 1 Japanese attached to Special Branch.

1 European in Charge of Foreign Affairs Branch; with a staff of 17 Europeans, 9 Japanese and 1 Chinese for duty at various Divisions.

1 Deputy (European) and 1 European and 1 Japanese attached to Crime Branch.

1 Deputy (European), 1 Japanese and 1 Chinese attached to Supervising Branch.

No. 1 Division: 1 Officer in Charge (Japanese) and 5 Sub-Inspectors (4 Japanese and 1 European).

No. 2 Division: 1 Officer in Charge (European) and 7 Sub-Inspectors (3 Japanese).

No. 3 Division: 1 Deputy (Japanese) and 2 Sub-Inspectors (1 Japanese).

No. 4 Division: 1 Deputy (European and 2 Sub-Inspectors (1 Japanese).

No. 5 Division: 1 Deputy (European) and 2 Sub-Inspectors (1 Japanese).

All the above recommended Officers are entitled to an annual leave of three weeks with a reserve of 6%. For the number of reserves under this Article and Article 18 see table attached.

13. To expedite functioning, cases involving Foreign Nationals will be handled by Foreign Affairs Branch and Foreign Officers, under the instructions of the Deputy Commissioner, in accordance with Foreign Laws in force. As regards foreigners enjoying no Consular jurisdiction or having Consular jurisdiction abolished or without treaty rights they shall be dealt with in accordance with Chinese Law in force. The working procedure will be stipulated in separate rules (Appendix II).

14. When a case involving a Foreign National occurs, the Police on the spot should notify the Foreign Affairs Branch by telephone and the case shall be dealt with according to Article 13 above.

15. In case of disagreement arising between Officers recommended by the Shanghai Municipal Council and other Officers appointed by the Shanghai Municipal Government, reference should be made to the Chief of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai Municipal Government and the Commissioner of Police, Shanghai Municipal Council, for their consideration and settlement. Failing such settlement, the disagreement will be referred to the Mayor of the Shanghai Municipal Government and the Chairman of the Municipal Council for final settlement.

16. **Discipline:** The appointment and discharge of Officers recommended by the Shanghai Municipal Council will be made with the approval of the Shanghai Municipal Government. They will be effected by means of official orders. Cases against Police Officers of any Nationality nominated by the Shanghai Municipal Council shall be dealt with by the Commissioner with the agreement of the Deputy Commissioner.

17. **European and Japanese Details:** The European and Japanese details nominated from the Shanghai Municipal Police will be solely responsible for the handling of Foreign and Japanese cases.

Such cases will be handled by the above Officers as expeditiously as possible and referred to the Commissioner prior to their final disposal.

18. **Chinese:** It is agreed that in addition to the personnel specifically mentioned under Paragraph 12, 110 Chinese Police Constables together with 16 Sergeants and 5 Sub-Inspectors will be seconded from the Municipal Police to the Special Police Force.

2nd Division: 2 Chinese Sub-Inspectors, 8 Sergeants and 60 Constables.

3rd Division: 1 Chinese Sub-Inspector, 2 Sergeants and 10 Constables.

4th Division: 1 Chinese Sub-Inspector, 2 Sergeants and 15 Constables.

5th Division: 1 Chinese Sub-Inspector, 4 Sergeants and 25 Constables.

19. **Terms of Service:** The Terms of Service of Europeans, Japanese and Chinese nominated by the Council will remain in all respects unaltered.

If replacements are necessary, these will be nominated by the Council for appointment by the Municipal Government.

20. Employment of Persons Previously Dismissed from the Shanghai Municipal Police:

No Police Officer or Clerk previously dismissed or resigned from the Shanghai Municipal Police for improper conduct will be employed in the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force.

No person previously convicted of a criminal offence, or previously dismissed from the French Police, will be employed in the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force.

The Shanghai Municipal Police will observe similar provisions in regard to men from the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force.

21. **Quarters:** Quarters will be supplied to personnel nominated by the Shanghai Municipal Council generally similar to the accommodation supplied in the Shanghai Municipal Police.

22. After the establishment of the Force the following matters will be discussed and agreed to by the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner and referred to the Mayor of the Municipal Government for approval if they are considered essential.

(a) Quality and material in uniform for European and Japanese staff.

(b) Additional Clerks and Translators necessary for smooth working.

(c) Motor Car and Motor/Bicycle transport and Bicycles.

(d) Armament.

(e) Increase in Detective staff by transfers of Uniform men to Detective duty.

23. The rules governing the organization of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force and routine duties will be made on the basis of this Agreement and promulgated by the Municipal Government.

24. Chinese shall be the official language of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force for all documents for outside public and for the interior.

25. As soon as the new Force is ready to take charge, all Police not appointed to the new Force will hand over and withdraw.

26. These regulations shall be made out in both the English and Chinese languages, but the explanations and interpretations of the various articles shall be based on the Chinese text.

Republic of China, 30th. Year, February 1st.

Shanghai Municipal Government — Shanghai Municipal Council

(Signed) **Chen Kung-po** — *(Signed)* **W. J. Keswick**

Mayor. — *Chairman.*

APPENDIX I.

AGREEMENT

For Close Cooperation Against The Criminal Element Between The Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force And The Shanghai Municipal Polices.

As it is essential in the public interest that criminals who commit crimes in one area, do not obtain safety in an adjacent area, it is suggested the following general provisions be agreed upon:—

Close Pursuit:

Any person committing a crime in the Western area, who runs or escapes into the Settlement or vice versa, and is closely pursued and arrested, will be taken to the nearest Police Station of the area in which the arrest is made for record only, and will be handed over direct and at once, while the Police concerned will be held in no way to blame for crossing the boundary.

Possession of Property Stolen:

Any person found in the Settlement in possession of property stolen from the Western Special Area, or vice versa, will be handed over to the Police Force controlling the area in which the property was stolen at once, as soon as particulars have been recorded at the appropriate Police Station.

Following up Cases of Serious Crime:

In the investigation of crime, when it is found by members of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force that confederates of a criminal gang are living or hiding in the area under the jurisdiction of the Municipal Police, the Police Station concerned will give immediate cooperation to the Officers in charge of such cases to effect the arrests of such criminals.

In the case of the following crimes, such persons when arrested will be handed over direct at once if there is reasonable suspicion that a true case exists:—

Armed Kidnapping; Abduction; Armed Robbery; Robbery; Threatening Letters; Intimidation; Murder or Attempted Murder.

The Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force will, within one week, report details of evidence against such accused to the Shanghai Municipal Police or will return accused to the custody of the Municipal Police or vice versa.

The Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force will afford similar facilities to the Shanghai Municipal Police under exactly similar conditions.

Such prisoners will, in every case, receive proper treatment within the law, and be returned, if not charged, in good condition. Such prisoners will not be detained more than 24 hours without going to Court.

Persons committing crimes in the Western Area shall be handed over direct to the Shanghai District Court to be dealt with according to law.

Following Up Other Crimes:

The direct handling over of suspects in less serious crimes will be ruled by the public interest, and in accordance with the evidence available.

In carrying out the above, much will depend on goodwill and a sincere desire to combine against the criminal element and every effort must be made to follow the spirit as well as the letter of the understanding, while any attempt to misuse these provisions for cooperation can only result in a state of affairs harmful to the public whom it is our duty to protect.

APPENDIX II.

Relations Of The Commissioner And Deputy Commissioner.

(A) The Commissioner, in accordance with the instructions of his superior, will be responsible for the supervision and direction of his subordinate Officers and men, whilst the Deputy Commissioner, in accordance with the instructions of his superior, will assist the Commissioner in a friendly and cooperative spirit in dealing with all matters in the area. The Deputy Commissioner shall be responsible to the Commissioner for the handling of all daily routine matters but must first refer such matters to the Commissioner for his examination and signature before execution.

The relations of the Officers in charge of Divisions and their Deputies will follow the same general principles.

(B) In dealing with all matters concerning Foreigners the Deputy Commissioner shall refer such matters to the Commissioner prior to their final disposal, and a written report shall be submitted by the Foreign Affairs Branch to the Commissioner through the Deputy Commissioner for his perusal.

(C) In case of doubt arising in the proper handling of such cases, the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner will, if unable to agree, refer respectively in writing to the Commissioner of Police of the Shanghai Municipal Government and the Commissioner of the Shanghai Municipal Police for consideration and settlement or, failing such settlement, for reference to the Mayor of the Shanghai Municipal Government and the Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council for decision.

APPENDIX III.

RESERVE UNIT

Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force.

In order to suppress riots or disturbances and labour troubles in the area under its control a Reserve Unit will be formed within the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force with the following personnel:—

1 Officer in charge.
1 Deputy.
3 Officers in charge of squads.
2 Clerks.
9 Sergeants and 62 Constables.
Total—78 men.

When called out to riot or disturbance, Foreign and Japanese members of the Foreign Affairs Branch will accompany the Unit, if Foreign interests are involved.

Duties:

(1) To quell riots or disturbances.
(2) To take emergency precautions.
(3) To maintain order on the spot.
(4) To effect the arrest of robbers and bandits.
(5) To search pedestrians.
(6) To reinforce police beats.

The Unit will be available at any time during 24 hours at strength not less than 1 Senior Officer and 50 other ranks.

Equipment:

The Unit will carry batons, rifles and will be trained in Riot Drill.

Axes and crowbars for breaking in doors will be carried with the transport.

Operations:

The Unit will operate under the orders of the Commissioner and under the direction of the Deputy Commissioner, but when despatched to Divisions to assist in their functions, it will be placed under the direction of the Officer in charge of the Division concerned.

Republic of China, 30th. Year, February 1st.

Shanghai Municipal Government

(Signed) **Chen Kung-po**
Mayor.

Shanghai Municipal Council

(Signed) **W. J. Keswick**
Chairman.

SPECIAL ANNEX.

As soon as the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force has been organized and established and commences to function in accordance with the Chinese law, all illegitimate businesses (such as the running of gambling dens, trafficking in opium and narcotics and providing addicts with such narcotics) shall be forbidden to exist within the area under its jurisdiction.

All illegitimate and unlawful businesses shall be ordered to cease with the inauguration of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force and the commencement of the discharge of its functions. Any attempt to resume such activities shall at once be strictly suppressed.

Republic of China, 30th. Year, February 1st.

Shanghai Municipal Government

(Signed) **Chen Kung-po**

Mayor.

Shanghai Municipal Council

(Signed) **W. J. Keswick**

Chairman.

Establishment of personnel nominated by Shanghai Municipal Council

Deputy Commissioner (Westerner)

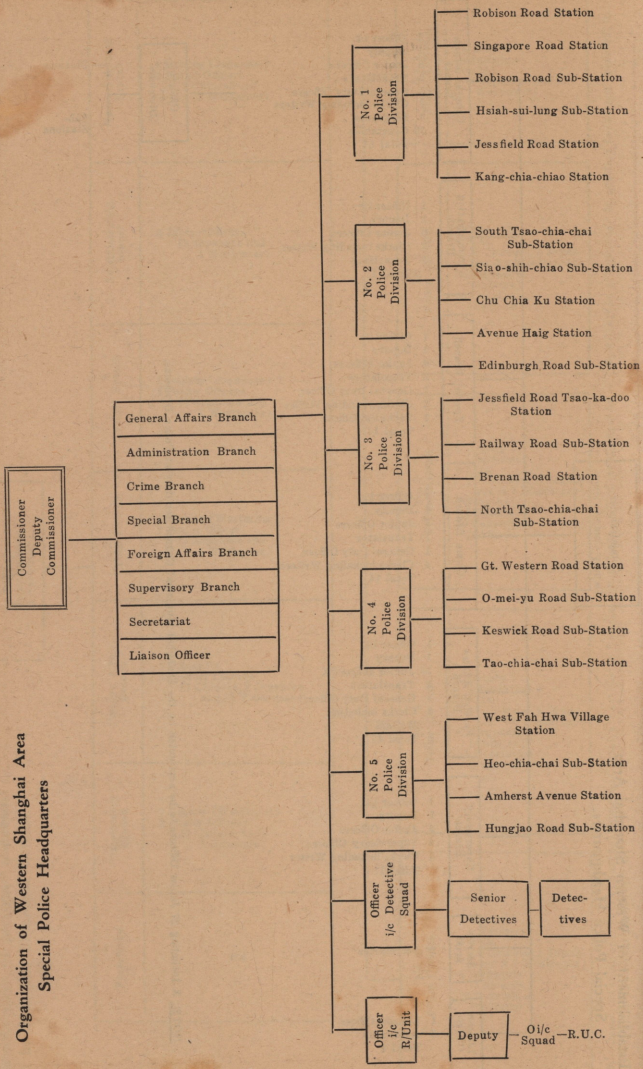
General Affairs Branch	1 Deputy (Japanese) 2 Junior Officers (1 Chinese and 1 Westerner)
Administration Branch	2 Junior Officers (1 Japanese and 1 Westerner)
Special Branch	1 Deputy (Japanese) 2 Junior Officers (1 Japanese and 1 Westerner)
Crime Branch	1 Deputy (Westerner) 2 Junior Officers (1 Japanese and 1 Westerner)
Foreign Affairs Branch	1 Officer i/c 27 Junior Officers (1 Chinese, 9 Japanese and 17 Westerners)
Supervisory Branch	1 Deputy (Westerner) 2 Junior Officers (1 Chinese and 1 Japanese)
Secretariat	Nil

No. 1 Police Division	1 Officer i/c (Japanese) 5 S. Is. (4 Japanese and 1 Westerner)
No. 2 Police Division	1 Officer i/c 9 S. Is. (2 Chinese, 3 Japanese & 4 Westerners) 8 Sergeants (Chinese) 60 Constables (Chinese)
No. 3 Police Division	1 Deputy (Japanese) 3 S. Is. (1 Chinese, 1 Japanese & 1 Westerner) 2 Sergeants (Chinese) 10 Constables (Chinese)
No. 4 Police Division	1 Deputy (Westerner) 3 S. Is. (1 Chinese, 1 Japanese & 1 Westerner) 2 Sergeants (Chinese) 15 Constables (Chinese)
No. 5 Police Division	1 Deputy (Westerner) 3 S. Is. (1 Chinese, 1 Japanese & 1 Westerner) 4 Sergeants (Chinese) 25 Constables (Chinese)

NOTE: Personnel nominated by the Shanghai Municipal Council are entitled to 3 weeks' annual leave. 6% of the strength on reserve will act as substitutes. In addition to 197 men there will be 12 men as a reserve strength.

Establishment of Western Shanghai Area Special Police Headquarters.

NOTE: X Including 27 Junior Officers to be nominated by the Shanghai Municipal Council for duty at Police Divisions.



Organization of Western Shanghai Area Special Police Headquarters

Distribution of Strength including men nominated by Shanghai Municipal Council.

Totals	R/Unit	Detective Squad	No. 5 Police Division	No. 4 Police Division	No. 3 Police Division	No. 2 Police Division	No. 1 Police Division	Headquarters	
1								1	C. P.
1								x1	D. C. P.
6								x1,5	Officers i/c Branches
6								x4,2	Deputies
2								2	Secretaries
64								27 x37	Junior Officers
4								4	Supervisory Officers
4								4	Liaison Officers & Assistants
13			1	1	1	1	1	8	Translators
2								2	Technical Officers
7	1 Oi/c	1 Officer i/c	1	1	1	x1	x1		Officers i/c Division
6	1 Deputy		x1	x1	x1	1	1		Deputies
50	3 Oi/c Squad		4 x3	3 x3	4 x3	6 x9	7 x5		S. Is.
5								5	General Duty Officers
20	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	10	Clerks
21			2	2	2	3	3	9	Writers
90	9	2 Sen. Detectives	8 x4	7 x2	14 x2	13 x8	18	3	Sergeants
792	62	24 Detectives	82 x25	57 x15	134 x10	135 x60	158	30	Constables
1,094	78	29	99 x33	72 x21	157 x16	160 x78	190 x6	112 x43	Totals
172			25	19	30	40	35	23	Coolies
180			30	30	30	50	40		Sweeping Coolies
352			55	49	60	90	75	23	Totals
1,446 (Includes x197)	78	29	187	142	233	328	271	178	Grand Totals

Notes: X denotes Officers nominated by Shanghai Municipal Council.
x37 including 27 Junior Officers attached to Foreign Affairs Branch for duty at various Police Divisions. 6% of strength, i.e. 12 Officers not included in this table.

1
2
3
4
5
SHANGHAI
HANGCHOW
SZAU KA TU
FAHWAH
COLUMBIA COUNTRY CLUB
JESSFIELD PARK
JESSFIELD ROAD
HONGKONG

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1941.

REPORT

OF THE

SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS

Held at the Shanghai Race Club, Public Stand,

ON

January 23, and February 5, 1941.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

Secretary.

Resolution I.—That Mr. E. T. Nash be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

Adoption of increased levies of Land Tax, General Municipal Rate and Special Rate.

Resolution II.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover Rates and Taxes in accordance therewith:

That **Land Tax** be levied at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the values of all land within the limits of the Settlement, payable by the renters thereof, half yearly in advance.

That **General Municipal Rate** be levied at 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the assessed rentals of buildings within the Settlement, payable by the occupants, quarterly in advance.

That **Special Rate** be levied at 24 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, payable quarterly in advance on the assessed rentals of buildings beyond Settlement limits enjoying Settlement amenities including Public Utility services.

Adoption of modifications of Licence Fee Schedule.

Resolution III.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover the undermentioned items of the existing Schedule of Licence Fees in accordance with the modifications set out hereunder. The text of the modifications of the Schedule of Licence Fees recommended by the Council, referred to in this Resolution, is as set forth in the Notice convening this meeting signed by Mr. Poul Scheel, Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul, and published in the Municipal Gazette of January 23, 1941.

PROCEEDINGS.

The CHAIRMAN (Mr. P. Scheel).—Ladies and Gentlemen, I should perhaps explain that the duty of taking the chair at this Special Meeting of Ratepayers devolves upon myself by reason of the terms of Article 15 of the Land Regulations, which provides that at such a Special Meeting, as distinct from your usual Annual General Meeting, the Senior Consul present shall take the chair.

As it is now past the hour for which this meeting has been called, and since I am able to congratulate you on the fact that there is a quorum present, I will call upon Mr. W. J. Keswick, Chairman of Council, to propose Resolution No. 1.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to propose :—

Resolution I.—That Mr. E. T. Nash be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

Mr. J. W. CARNEY.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to second that resolution.

The CHAIRMAN.—It is proposed that Mr. E. T. Nash be appointed Secretary of this meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner?—Carried.

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. II.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to propose :—

Resolution II.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover Rates and Taxes in accordance therewith:

That **Land Tax** be levied at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the values of all land within the limits of the Settlement, payable by the renters thereof, half yearly in advance.

That **General Municipal Rate** be levied at 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the assessed rentals of buildings within the Settlement, payable by the occupants, quarterly in advance.

That **Special Municipal Rate** be levied at 24 per cent. plus a surcharge, of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, payable quarterly in advance on the assessed rentals of buildings within the Settlement, limits enjoying Settlement amenities including Public Utility services.

The Senior Consul has, at the Council's request, called this meeting in order to enable your Council to ask you to pass two resolutions imposing increased taxation upon yourselves from the beginning of this calendar year. While your Council regrets as much as you do the necessity for this increased taxation, we feel no hesitation in asking you to accept the resolutions which we place before you. We are confident that you will appreciate their necessity.

When the Budget for 1940 was in course of preparation, it was apparent that expenditure was on an appreciably higher level than income. The Council accordingly requested you at the last Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to agree to increased taxation. The increase, which took the form of a 50 per cent. surcharge, did not come into effect until the second half of the year. It was, of course, realized that a substantial deficit would be incurred during the first half of the year, but it was estimated that revenue during the second half of the year 1940 would more or less balance expenditure and there seemed a reasonable prospect of achieving a balanced budget in 1941 without further increased taxation. During the year, however, exchange depreciated, the local price level rose and there has been a heavy increase in the cost of living. As a result, ordinary expenditure for 1940 is expected to be some $7,800,000 in excess of the total figure provided in the budget. Ordinary income, on the other hand, is approximately $4,600,000 greater than the amount anticipated, so that the final deficit for 1940 will be roughly $8,-775,000 as compared with the budget figure of $5,573,280. These are estimated figures, but it is improbable that the final deficit for the year will be materially different from the figures quoted.

I have already stated that it was hoped that income and expenditure for the second half of 1940 would more or less balance. In October, however, the High Cost of Living Allowance for the staff had been twice raised from the 40 per cent. level, obtaining at the beginning of the year, and the Rice Allowance granted to the Chinese staff not serving under Letter of Appointment had shown a steady increase : in April it was $3.92 ; in October it was $10.73. There had been substantial increases in the cost of all commodities, and although revenue was coming in well, it had not risen in the same proportion as had expenditure. October and November the Council was working on a small deficit. That this deficit was not larger was due to the fact that the High Cost of Living Allowances granted to staff were still inadequate. In December the Council was compelled to take account of this fact. There was discontent throughout the Municipal service; the number of foreign employees who had already left the service in 1940, or whose resignations had been received, approximated 170. These resignations were, of course, not all due to dissatisfaction with rates of pay, but such dissatisfaction was undoubtedly responsible for a large number of them. There was serious discontent among the Chinese members of the Police force in regard to their remuneration, particularly that of the lower-paid men. The Council, as a result, gave consideration to the remuneration of the entire staff, both foreign and Chinese, and decided increased allowances which, with rice at its present level, will cost approximately one million dollars a month.

May I remind you that it was the lower-paid staff which chiefly benefitted from these increased allowances. Of the sum of one million dollars a month just mentioned, $49,000 a month goes to Class "A" foreign employees, $237,000 a month to Class "B" and Class "L" employees, and $714,000 a month to the Chinese staff not serving under Letter of Appointment. Whereas a coolie received in December an increase of 52 per cent. over his November pay, officials at the top of the service received in December an increase of approximately only 7 per cent.

Your Council is convinced that without a risk to public safety and health and the efficiency of the Municipal administration—a risk which cannot be taken—no further substantial economy can be looked for from either reorganization or restriction of Municipal activities or reduction of staff. Indeed, the Municipal Economy Committee which you appointed at the last Annual Meeting and which has been sitting throughout the Municipal year, has indicated that in the case of some departments staff has been too greatly reduced and activities must be extended. You can rest assured that unremitting attention will continue to be given to economy in expenditure, but you must rule out of account the possibility of any substantial portion of the estimated deficit being financed by further economies.

We have then to consider how best the position can be met. If income and expenditure continued as at present, there would be a deficit for 1941 of approximately 20 million dollars. Of this deficit, 12 million dollars is accounted for by the increased allowances just referred to. Even before these allowances were granted, the Council was, as has been stated, working on a deficit which it is estimated represented an annual sum of approximately two million dollars. Restoration of long-term cuts, modified basis for the foreign staff—and it must be remembered that long leave is an essential feature of the contracts of the service of these employees—represent an outlay of some three million dollars a year for which no provision was made in the 1940 Budget. In 1941 a full year's allowance must be made for interest and redemption payments on the 1940 Loan; this involves an outlay of one million dollars more than the sum provided in the 1940 Budget. Finally, there is the question of exchange. The 1940 Budget was based, as regards sterling commitments, on a fourpenny dollar, and the Council was able to secure a slightly higher rate for most of its foreign currency commitments. The lower rate prevailing to-day makes it necessary to allow not less than two million dollars for the higher cost of unavoidable foreign currency obligations. We thus arrive at the anticipated deficit of 20 million dollars for 1941.

It appeared to your Council that it was clearly in the interests of the ratepayers that they should be invited to start paying the bill at once rather than have to face higher taxation by delaying facing the situation until the Annual Meeting in April. If we had delayed until April we should have had to ask you for a surcharge somewhere in the neighbourhood of 60 per cent. instead of the 40 per cent. surcharge for which we are asking you to-day. A further 20 million dollars has to be found, and the major portion of this sum must necessarily come from the General Municipal Rate and Land Tax. A one per cent. rate with the present Land Tax is estimated to produce $1,400,000, and the 40 per cent. surcharge now recommended by the Council should bring in $15,120,000.

There has been sitting for some time past a Sub-Committee of the Municipal Economy Committee examining possible sources of revenue. A number of the recommendations of this Sub-Committee have already been adopted by the full Economy Committee and by the Council itself. The interim report of this Sub-Committee has been published. One advantage of calling this Special Meeting of Ratepayers is that immediate advantage can be taken of the majority of the recommendations of this Sub-Committee in regard to Licence Fees. The increased Licence Fees which I shall ask you to vote when I come to the next resolution on the Agenda are estimated to produce during 1941 $3,500,000 more than

the sum received from these sources in 1940. This gives towards the 20 million dollar deficit a total sum of $18,600,000.

It is hoped to raise the balance as a result of the increased assessments on owner-occupied properties recommended by a Reassessment Committee of experts that has been sitting for the past few months and is still sitting. In addition, further recommendations resulting from the deliberations of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Economy Committee will be submitted for the approval of the ratepayers at the forthcoming Annual Meeting in April.

I should perhaps add a few further remarks in connection with the reassessment of owner-occupied properties. During the latter half of 1939 it became clear that the upward trend of rentals which had then set in owing to the abnormal demand for accommodation was not a passing phase. Accordingly, in September 1939 the Treasurer recommended the appointment of a Special Sub-Committee to proceed with the reassessment of owner-occupied industrial and commercial premises. The Revenue Office staff was insufficient to cope with this work, and it was decided to appoint a Special Reassessment Sub-Committee composed of fully qualified experts of different nationalities, of wide local experience, assisted by full-time appraisers also fully qualified and with the necessary local experience. This Sub-Committee commenced work with effect from July 1, 1940. The appointment of this Sub-Committee relieved the Rate Assessment section of the Revenue Office to concentrate on the revision of the assessments of owner-occupied residential properties. Owing to unsettled and difficult conditions in the Outside Roads areas, the Revenue Office has confined its reassessment work to owner-occupied residential properties inside Settlement limits.

Up to the present, the assessments of 145 of the larger mills and factories have been dealt with; approximately 20 large industrial concerns, including the properties of the Public Utility Companies, and the majority of commercial premises have yet to be dealt with. As regards residential properties, during the last three months the Revenue Office has reassessed 3/8 of such premises, and this work is proceeding. We are satisfied that, as a result of these activities, there will be a considerable increase in assessments and a corresponding accretion to the Council's revenue, but owing to the fact that the work has not yet been completed, and to the varying dates at which the higher assessments will come into operation, I cannot give you an estimate of the amount to be derived apart from the hope that we should obtain the $1,400,000 necessary to make up the $20,000,000 deficit from these sources and the further recommendations of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee which will come before you at the Annual Meeting.

A problem which has for some time past been exercising the mind of your Council has been the inequality which exists in regard to taxation as the result of the restriction by legislation of the rentals of a large number of properties occupied by Chinese. As an indirect result of this inequality, there can also be said to be inequality between the burden placed upon certain owner-occupiers and certain tenants whose rentals have been considerably increased. The problem is not an easy one to solve. I have already informed you that the Council has for some time past been taking in hand the re-assessment of owner-occupied properties. If still higher assessments are to be placed on such properties, there will be further inequality between them and the properties occupied by tenants whose rentals are restricted. On the other hand, it may still be said that there remains inequality between owner-occupiers and tenants whose rentals are unrestricted. Your Council proposes immediately to appoint a Committee of experts to investigate this problem, and to request such Committee to make their recommendations in ample time for them to be submitted to the forthcoming Annual Meeting of Ratepayers should they be adopted by the Council.

I must inform you how it is proposed to deal with the estimated deficit of $8,775,000 in respect of the year 1940, to which I have already referred. It is proposed to transfer the deficit temporarily to Extraordinary Account. Sooner or later steps will have to be taken to liquidate this sum, but for the time being you are only being asked to provide the Council with adequate funds to enable it to defray its anticipated expenditure for 1941.

With these remarks, I beg to propose.

Resolution II.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover Rates and Taxes in accordance therewith:

That **Land Tax** be levied at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the values of all land within the limits of the Settlement, payable by the tenters thereof, half yearly in advance.

That **General Municipal Rate** be levied at 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, on the assessed rentals of buildings within the Settlement, payable by the occupants, quarterly in advance.

That **Special Municipal Rate** be levied at 24 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. from January 1, 1941, until the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, payable quarterly in advance on the assessed rentals of buildings beyond Settlement limits enjoying Settlement amenities including Public Utility services. (Applause).

Mr. F. W. CARNEY.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to second that resolution.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, there is an amendment to Resolution No. II which has been proposed by Mr. Y. Hayashi and seconded by Mr. C. Fukuda, and I will now call upon the proposer to speak to his amendment which reads as follows:—

"That Resolution II brought by the Council at this Special Meeting of Ratepayers be dropped and the following resolution be substituted:—

'That the Shanghai Municipal Council enforce further economies and study fundamentally the possibilities for revising the present tax system so that a more equitable system may be applied, based on fair distribution of the burden in proportion to individual ability to pay from among the general public, instead of as at present where revenue derives mainly from Land Tax and the General Municipal Rate: that until this system can be realized, the deficit in revenue be met by loans.'

Mr. HAYASHI's speech was given in Japanese and a translation was read by Mr. T. Takagi as follows:—Mr. Chairman and Fellow Ratepayers:

Representative of all the general opinion of all Japanese ratepayers we hereby oppose Resolution II proposed by the Shanghai Municipal Council which provides for a 40 per cent. increase of surcharges on the land tax, the general municipal tax, and the special rate.

At the time when, on behalf of the Japanese ratepayers, we acknowledged a taxation bill calling for 50 per cent. increases at the annual ratepayers' meeting last April, our approval of the Shanghai Municipal Council's draft was conditional on the enlargement and active functioning of the Economy Committee of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Fundamental re-examination of the present municipal machinery was desired which would enable the Shanghai Municipal Council to curtail municipal expenditures on the basis of reports filed by the Committee, and ultimately placing the Council's finances on a more permanent and established foundation.

We believe that it is still vivid in your memory that this proposal of ours was voted unanimously at the meeting.

It has been our consistent assertion, even to date, that the financial state of the Shanghai Municipal Council should be put on a firm and solid basis by means of radical reform in the machinery and system of the city administration.

The Council, however, suddenly proposed a 40 per cent. increase of taxation at the end of last year without waiting for the complete reports of the Economy Committee.

From the viewpoint of restoring sound municipal finance, and preventing an increase of the public's financial burden, we cannot shut our eyes to the unstable financial position of the Council and the incessant increase in municipal rates and taxes.

In view of this situation, the Japanese members of the Council proposed that the Shanghai Municipal Council withhold proposed increases of taxes, which would place a heavy burden on the residents, and that the Administration effect drastic curtailment of unnecessary expenses on the one hand, and achieve a just and equitable distribution of the load by a radical reform of the existing taxation system on the other.

They also suggested that as a temporary expedient, pending the execution of these measures, the deficit in incomes be met by a loan. In this connection, it has been ascertained that a certain banking institution is prepared to meet any requirements of the Shanghai Municipal Council on a reasonable commercial basis.

Notwithstanding the logical and well-intentioned suggestions made by the Japanese, the Shanghai Municipal Council passed the draft for increased taxation by a majority vote and set January 23 as the date for the special meeting of ratepayers.

Let me explain the reasons supporting our demands for a basic economizing of Municipal expenditures through reforms in the Council's machinery, and for revision of the existing taxation system.

Although the Economy Committee has not published its complete report

yet, we fear that simple re-examination by that Committee of the finances of the Shanghai Municipal Council would not prove satisfactory. Perhaps far-reaching recommendations will appear in the Committee's final report. But, it has become evident that the Committee has not utilized its full power to probe the situation with a view to making those fundamental changes in the S.M.C. structure which have become inevitable if we are to achieve economy, a power that was conferred upon it at the time of its formation.

The Committee's study has been conducted to find means of economy on the mistaken assumption that the present Shanghai Municipal Council system must continue. I maintain that the present set-up, if found obsolete, must be replaced or revised to achieve full efficiency. I pay tribute to the members of the Committee for their strenuous efforts, but I protest that the Shanghai Municipal Council distorts the objective of the Economy Committee.

It is thus our most sincere request that the Shanghai Municipal Council renew its study with this understanding in order that all of us may benefit accordingly.

The increased taxation measure of the Municipal Administration reportedly is aimed at meeting increased expenditures brought about by the rise in commodity prices. However, without drastic curtailment of expenditures, the projected increase in rates and taxes will bring about only a still higher price levels and cost of living, which will be followed in turn by the necessity of another increase in taxes, thus promoting the vicious circle of "recurrence of inflation."

There is no promise of an end to this circle if our only recip to the increased costs is increased taxes. In the same vein, some measure of control must be exercised over cost of living, control over rents, services, commodity prices and the like as an imperative brake to inflation. The fact that the Council has been neglicent in not considering this problem earlier.

This is why we insist so persistently on retrenchment by the city administration.

The present taxation system of the Shanghai Municipal Council consists mainly of levies on land and houses with greater importance attached to the latter. A large portion of the Municipal Rate, by its very nature, falls ultimately upon citizens less financially qualified, individuals who are already disproportionately burdened. It is not too much to say that such a taxation system is a bad system.

One's ability to pay taxes cannot be judged only by the assessment on the house occupies, and the rooms of land in one's possession. Since the existing tax system is not based on individual capacity to bear the burden, and it takes no account of other standards of ability to pay such as individual income and wealth Municipal authorities should admit that the present system is neither just nor fair.

Such being the case, it is in the interest of all fair-minded ratepayers to see that administration expenditures will be shared by citizens in proportion without partiality—in other words a taxation system that conform with modern ideas of fair taxation.

We cannot but oppose the Council's projected measure which seeks to make up the deficit in the current income by increasing the burden without making an effort to see that every citizen be asked to pay his share only in accordance with his ability.

We, the Japanese ratepayers, are determined to oppose the Shanghai Municipal Council measure on behalf of less financially qualified ratepayers in the Settlement on the grounds that such a proposed increase in taxation will bring into sharper relief the present inequality of civil burdens.

The importance lies in full realization of the truth of the situation by the Council. Once it recognizes the facts and determines to act, I have not the slightest doubt about the solution. We must not hesitate about breaking tradition if our system has become obsolete. If a reform of the Land Regulations is necessary for justice and equality, let us have it. We must not be afraid to act with determination.

Our opposition to the tax increase is based solely on the views I have just mentioned, and I assure you that it is not opposition for the sake of opposition.

I strongly advocate that the Council authorities take further consideration of the hardships already being experienced by citizens of the middle and lower classes, to give up the idea of causing them further distress, and to accept the plan recommended in good faith by fellow Japanese ratepayers.

In our plan we suggest that the Municipal deficit be met temporarily by a loan, and that the obligation be liquidated at a later date by a fair distribution of the load under the revised, equitable taxation system. Opponents may say this is not a sound financial policy in view of the Council's position, but that, I am afraid, is a wealthy man's point of view.

To achieve this goal, we earnestly request the Council to take appropriate measures for a careful study, with a view to adoption, of a fair, equitable, efficient and modern taxation system. We ask that the Council, meanwhile, seek fundamental economy through a thorough-going reform in the mechanism of the Municipal government itself.

As I have emphasized, the proposal put forward by the Japanese ratepayers is extremely fair. I am sure that the Chinese who shoulder the greater part of the municipal tax burdens and who already are groaning under the load, and foreign ratepayers as well, will support fully my humble recommendations.

Should, however, these important recommendations unfortunately be defeated through opposition by a powerful minority group—who, as is still fresh in our memories, took advantage of the shortcomings in election rules to create several thousand decisive votes at the last general election of Councillors, and should the measure for tax increases pass over the opposition of several million vitally affected Chinese and Japanese, I dare to point out that the responsibility for the ultimate repercussions must fall upon this group and the Municipal authorities alone.

I beg to propose my amendment. I thank you.

1. That Resolution II brought by the Council at this Special Meeting of Ratepayers be dropped.

2. That the following Resolution be substituted:

That the Shanghai Municipal Council enforce further economies and study fundamentally the possibilities for revising the present tax system so that a more equitable system may be applied, based on fair distribution of the burden in proportion to individual ability to pay from among the general public, instead of as at present where revenue derives mainly from land tax and the General Municipal Rate; that until this system can be realized, the deficit in revenue be met by loans.

The CHAIRMAN.—Does the seconder, Mr. C. Fukuda, also wish to speak to this amendment?

Mr. C. FUKUDA.—No.

The CHAIRMAN.—Does the Chairman of Council wish to speak with regard to this proposed amendment?

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Ratepayers:

An amendment has just been moved which your Council is entirely unable to accept. It is suggested in effect that until some different system be introduced instead of the existing system of taxation, the deficit on Municipal expenditure should be met by loans. It would be difficult to imagine a more unsound suggestion. It is to be noted that the amendment begins by instructing the Council to enforce further economies. May I remind you that the mover and seconder of this present amendment last year moved that there be set up a Municipal Economy Committee, international in composition. That Economy Committee has been sitting throughout the Municipal year and has thoroughly and conscientiously devoted itself to investigating the whole Municipal organization. Its reports have been published. You have all had opportunity to study them. As I have indicated to you in my speech proposing this resolution, it should be clear to any fair-minded reader of this Committee's reports that no further substantial economies can be looked for, either by reduction or reorganization of the municipal activities or by a reduction of salaries. The mover and seconder of this amendment appear to be dissatisfied not only with the recommendations of your Council but with the reports of the Committee which they themselves asked you to set up last April.

The amendment then asks that instead of the present system of taxation dependent mainly upon Land Tax and General Municipal Rate, there should be devised some new system which it is asked should be based on a fair distribution of the burden in proportion to individual ability to pay. I am by no means prepared to admit that the present system is inequitable. Your Council is, however, at any time prepared to give full and detailed consideration to any proposals for new forms of taxation which it is advised are within its legal powers. I would point out that it is nearly a month since the Council announced its intention to initiate the calling of a Special Meeting of Ratepayers which was to be asked to sanction an increase in General Municipal Rate. You will note that the mover and seconder of this amendment have put forward no constructive suggestion but merely advocate in general terms that the present system be altered and that in the meantime the municipality should plunge further into debt. No one here is, I suppose, so foolish as to imagine that the Council has not given thought to alternative ways and means of raising revenue. A

Sub-Committee of the Economy Committee specifically devoted to studying sources of revenue has already presented an interim report and is still sitting. Should that Committee bring before the Council through the Economy Committee any practicable suggestions for raising further revenues, such suggestions will, of course, be studied and the Council will not only consider their soundness but take legal advice as to whether they can be enforced. It is unnecessary for me to point out to you how dangerous it would be for the Council to base its budget on sources of revenue which might prove to be legally unenforceable. Of course, other sources of revenue would be welcome to your Council, and of course new sources of taxation could be available by a revision of the Land Regulations. No intelligent ratepayer here will need to have explained to him the political difficulties of securing a revision of the Land Regulations at this present time.

No one regrets more than your Council the necessity for asking you to increase the burden of General Municipal Rate and Land Tax at this time when all your financial burdens are being increased. Let me, however, ask you to examine the position fairly and squarely with yourselves. Ask yourselves the question whether the burden of Municipal taxation is one of those burdens which weigh most heavily upon you. In my belief the answer of the great majority will be "No." If you delay paying the bill now, there will be a far heavier bill to pay when you meet again. Already exchange has again fallen. We can none of us forecast with certainty the future.

With all the force at my command I urge you to meet your obligations now and to reject by an overwhelming vote the suggestion that the deficit in revenue be met by loans. I ask you to reject this amendment.—(Loud Applause).

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, does any other ratepayer wish to speak to the amendment,

There being no further speakers:—

The CHAIRMAN.—I will therefore put the amendment to the meeting. Will those "For" raise their hands?

After a short pause, the Chairman again said:—Will those for the amendment raise their hands again, please?

After a further pause, the Chairman continued:—All right. It seems to me that the ratepayers who are for this amendment are all on this side (indicating left of platform), and those who are against are on that side (indicating right of platform). To me anyhow it seems that there are more votes against this amendment than there are for the amendment. Therefore, in my opinion, to me it seems that the amendment is lost.

At this stage in the proceedings, there was loud shouting from the portion of the stand occupied by Japanese voters and cries of "vote, vote" from the portion of the stand occupied by non-Japanese.

The Chairman then said:—

Will those who are against the amendment raise their hands? All those against the amendment? In my opinion there are more votes against the amendment. (Applause and shouting).

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, may we have a Poll?

Mr. Y. Hayashi, Chairman of the Japanese Ratepayers' Association, and mover of the amendment, was here seen ascending the platform; he approached and bent over the desk occupied by the two Japanese secretaries at the left of the Chairman of the meeting, and shortly afterwards he fired shots which wounded Mr. W. J. Keswick, the Chairman of Council, and Mr. I. Okamoto, member of Council, who was endeavouring to speak from the microphone.

Mr. Keswick, Chairman of Council, who had been wounded, had left his seat, and shortly afterwards, amid uproar and an assault by Japanese voters directed against those on the platform, Mr. Poul Scheel, the Chairman of the meeting, said:—

Ladies and Gentlemen, the meeting is adjourned. A few minutes later Mr. E. Sone, Japanese Consul, asked for and received permission to speak from the Chairman's microphone, which he did with the object of pacifying his countrymen. Subsequently Mr. Akagi, Special Deputy Commissioner of Police, spoke from Mr. Keswick's microphone, presumably for the same purpose.

The meeting adjourned at 3.45 p.m., the uproar and disorder continuing.

There were 2,084 voters present at the meeting representing 13,066 votes.

PROCEEDINGS AT THE RE-ASSEMBLED SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS

February 5, 1941, commencing at 2.30 p.m.

(A Japanese translation of the Proceedings and Speeches was given at the Meeting by Mr. H. Ibusuki, Deputy Secretary of Council).

The CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and Gentlemen, it is now past the hour for which this meeting has been re-assembled. Just before the adjournment of this meeting which has now been re-convened, a poll had been requested on the amendment moved by Mr. Hayashi and seconded by Mr. Fukuda. A poll will now take place. I ask you to listen carefully while you receive instructions in English, which will be repeated in Japanese, as to the procedure to be followed.

Since a "Poll" has been demanded by a ratepayer who is entitled to more than one vote, it is necessary, in accordance with Rule 9 of the authorized Rules of Procedure for Ratepayers' Meetings, that you shall divide in order that a count may be made of your votes on your voting tickets.

I will now ask Mr. Long, the Secretary to the Consular Body, to read the names of the Tellers and the procedure to be followed.

Mr. E. A. LONG.—The following 24 Tellers have consented to conduct the counting of votes:

W. A. Adams
J. A. Anderson
W. A. Ankerson
Shugo Ban
E. S. Barraclough
H. Berents
F. L. Brinkman
A. Brondal
P. H. Dunbar
A. E. Fenton
Chev. Uff. C. Fumagalli
A. J. Hickmott
Teizo Horiba
J. M. Hykes
N. E. Kent
Kiyoshi Kobayashi
P. F. Kops
G. Carleton Lacy
G. E. Marden
P. W. Massey
W. Mellor
Shigeo Miyoshi
S. Sakamaki
C. C. Whitehead

You will find in your seats papers printed in English and Japanese giving details of the procedure to be followed. I will now read that procedure.

Please keep your seats until I advise you that the Tellers are ready to make the count.

For the "Poll" that is now to be made there will be counted the number of votes as shown on the voting tickets which you are to present for the scrutiny of the Tellers. You will please, therefore, present your voting tickets, which will be handed back to you immediately after they have been scrutinized by the Tellers and before you move away from the Tellers' Tables into the voting enclosures.

You will see in front of you signs indicating the Tellers' tables at which your votes are to be recorded. To each side of the platform there are 6 tables. Please record your votes at one of the 6 tables in the voting enclosure nearest to where you are sitting. You will notice that of the 6 tables nearest to you, 3 are marked "for" and 3 "against." If you wish to vote "for" the particular proposition which is up for decision, you will please go to and present your voting ticket at any one of the 3 tables nearest to you marked "for." If you wish to vote "against" the particular proposition which is up for decision, you will please go to and present your voting ticket at any one of the 3 tables nearest to you marked "against."

The vote that you are now to make is "for" or "against" Mr. Hayashi's amendment.

After you have presented your voting ticket at the Tellers' table, please see that your ticket is handed back to you before you leave the table. When your ticket has been handed back to you, please walk straight through into and stand in the voting enclosure as far away as possible from the tables. Please remain in the voting enclosure until I ask you to leave, which will not be until all the Tellers have made their returns to the Chairman and he has totalled the count and is ready to announce the result.

Please keep your seats now until I advise you that the Tellers are ready to make the count.

The Tellers are now ready to receive your voting tickets. Please have them ready in your hand before you reach the Tellers' tables. Please make sure you get them back before you leave the tables and be careful to keep them until the meeting is over, since there may be occasion for another "Poll." You are now requested to proceed please to the table nearest to you at which you wish to vote. Please file in slowly one by one past the tables and do not rush. Please remain in the voting enclosure until the Chairman asks you to resume your seats.

Mr. E. T. NASH.—Will the Tellers please bring their returns to the platform.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, the Tellers have completed their returns to me and I have totalled the count and am now ready to announce the result. I shall not announce the result until you have all resumed your seats. Will you now please resume your seats.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, the result of the vote is 5 votes "for" and 7,055 votes "against."

Accordingly the amendment is lost.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, there is a second amendment to Resolution II which has been proposed by Mr. E. S. Little, Jr., and seconded by Mr. V. M. Allington, and I will now call upon the proposer to speak to his amendment which reads as follows :—

"That there be added to Resolution II the following words :—

'And that the assessed value of all owner-occupied property that has not yet been re-assessed since 1937 be increased as from 1st January, 1941 by 40 per cent. pending exact re-assessment by the Committee now working and that tenants assessments for the purpose of taxation be restricted to 40 per cent. increase over the 1937 assessment and that the Council be authorized at their discretion to impose a substantial surcharge on undeveloped land tax.'

Mr. E. LITTLE.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen. I now beg to propose the amendment already read to you by the Chairman. Before doing so I wish to apologise for reading my speech. The reason for this is that on Monday in order that the Council might know what I wished to say I sent them a copy of my proposed notes. I did not want to spring anything on them. Therefore most of my remarks are in my prepared speech. There are a few extras which I have thought of since.

First I want to express my deep sympathy with Mr. Keswick, Mr. Okamoto and Mr. Ikeda and others who were injured in the affray at our last meeting. I am sure we are all happy that they recovered satisfactorily and I am also sure that everyone regrets that an incident of that kind should disturb a meeting of Ratepayers.

Something very wrong seems to have gone on and continues to be going on in the assessment and collection of revenue and taxation in this place. I am surprised that the Economy Committee appointed last year do not seem in their report to have taken this into full consideration.

Much has appeared in the English language press on this subject of taxation and I have written several letters which are so long that I wish to have them taken as read, but in spite of this I find many people do not understand what the amendment is about at all.

A simple illustration may explain. A few years ago I built two exactly similar houses, in one of these I lived myself and the other I let to one of you, Mr. Smith or Mr. Itoh—You paid me $100 a month rent so you were taxed on $100—my house was considered to be of the same value and I paid tax on $100; then as the years passed circumstances changed and I put your rent up to $200, $250 or more which you had to pay—you couldn't find another place to move to. At each increase of rent you received a bill from the S.M.C. for taxes on the new increased rent but me; oh no I am the owner-occupier I still pay on the $100 basis. This principle applies not only to houses but to godowns, offices, hotels, some apartment houses and many of these buildings you will see on our famous Bund Lane. Thus you, the tenant, and I the owner-occupier live side by side getting equal civic rights and privileges but you the tenant (paying a swollen rent) add from twice to 2½ times the money to the Municipal Treasury that I the sacred and untouchable owner-occupier pay. The object of this amendment is to try to get this affair put right, and if it is passed the rateable value of my house will at once be increased by 40 per cent. and thus worth $140 per month and yours will have to pay taxes on not more than 40 per cent. over the old rate so yours will also be taxed on $140 per month.

This done, you and I can meet each other feeling that we share each others taxation problems on an equal basis even though you will still be paying your rent on the higher basis. The amendment has nothing whatever to do with the relations between landlord and tenant. But still we very likely are not on the same footing as if I am a clever owner-occupier I shall have had my building assessed at even less than the $100.

Lest I might be considered to be entirely anti-Council I want to make it quite clear that I am not disputing the money neither am I for the time being raising any query as to how it is spent.

I can assure you however that I have had more than one argument with the Council on this point and the matter is not yet concluded. The sole objects of the amendment that Mr. Allington and I have brought forward are immediately to ease if possible the load on shoulders of the tenant and immediately to put a little more of the burden on the shoulders, the very broad and strong shoulders I may say, of the owner-occupiers.

The case that I have made in the press is I think perfectly clear but it should be emphasized that it is entirely International in aspect. British, Japanese, Chinese and American owners have in 1939 and 1940 all been allowed to pay their taxes on the basis of 1937 assessments although tenants have been squeezed and have been followed for taxation on each increase in the rentals that greedy Landlords found themselves able to impose.

You remember about 18 months ago there was formed here the Tenants' Association to save and protect tenants from excess rentals. They got very poor support from the Council naturally. Every increase in the rents raised the Council's income and you can easily imagine the Treasurer rubbing his hands as each increase of rentals was announced.

I have been surprised to hear two Councillors say that anyhow a lot of the fuss that is made about this burden of taxation is unnecessary —it is only a trivial proportion of the total load. Both these men are of the owner-occupier class so they had not felt the same weight of load as the tenant. Anyway I wonder when the camel's back ultimately broke whether he cursed the last straw that did the fatal trick or the heavier ones that preceded it !!

Of these two men I met, one is living in a house which is taxed on a value of $140 a month—the rent is supposed to be $140 a month. It is actually worth $1,000 a month but it has not been re-assessed. The other man is a man who holds a very prominent position in a very big industrial undertaking here. He told me that if a re-assessment came into effect the increase in his tax would necessitate a complete re-organization and he would have to close down part of his building because the taxation would be too heavy.

Speaking of loads and costs of living I think it not out of place to remind ourselves of an obvious fact. Our troubles in Shanghai, Municipal and personal, whether we are Orientals or Westerners, are largely due to the cost of essentials, food and coal. Rice is in plenty in the country. With no restrictions on its movement, we would soon see rice at half its present price. Other food-stuffs are similarly taxed and restricted around Shanghai. Coal and its very high price is one of the main causes of our high cost of living, yet in North China there are abundant supplies with a price of about $20 a ton. With no transportation restriction we could at once have large supplies at reasonable prices.

These factors and what follows in their train are basically or fundamentally responsible for the financial crisis in which this Settlement finds itself. Let those who have any influence in this matter bring it to bear on those who surround us with restrictions and the immediate result will be a huge decrease in Municipal Expenditure and therefore a reduction in taxation.

Pending such a happy adjustment we live practically in a state of siege and should all strive according to our strength and ability to carry on the administration.

In a case like this I am reminded of an advertisement in this morning's "North-China Daily News" which quoted that gallant English Admiral, Drake, in a time of crisis 400 years ago "I must have gentlemen to haul and draw with the mariners and the mariners with the gentlemen. Let us show ourselves to be one company."

The passing of this amendment will effect an immediate re-adjustment which may not be ideal. I expect that short of Utopia nothing will be ideal, but it will share the load and what is also very important it will not cripple the General Finances of the Council.

The motto of this settlement is "Omnia Juncta in Uno" and though this originally was meant to apply to the various nationalities I think that it is now meaningless unless it also applies to the various classes. Should our Municipal Chariot become bogged down in the mire of Financial despondency it is up to all of us to put our shoulders to the wheels and heave the Old Waggon out again. It cannot be right that the tenants should be asked to break their backs in the work while the owner-occupiers look on and at the same time spur the tenants on to still greater effort.

I have had a number of interviews with "The People who Count." These were before I put my amendment. At one of these conversations I compared the list of the people of Shanghai to persons overtaken by a flood which we could not stop. The tenants find themselves with the water of taxation rising round their necks while the owner-occupiers on safer ground hardly had their feet wet.

I can assure the Council that many people in this town are discontented and must have proved to them that they are wrong or the cause of their discontent must be eradicated. It is impossible to go on with this discontent going on.

I have had a number of interviews in the situation. I must, to prove justification for my actions, give you one or two instances.

Consider the Cotton Mills, huge concerns, millions of capital, British and Japanese owned, maybe other nationalities too. Read any of the reports issued by these Mills in the last two years. Notice the huge amounts that they are putting away to Reserve, the Dividends that they are paying. Greater than ever in their History. Yet in 1939 and 1940 all

these Mills paid only on their 1937 assessment which meant in money $27 for every $100 of assessment. For the tenants the figure at the same time had risen to $50, $60 and in some cases more. If the situation is not at once remedied the case for the tenants will be still worse in 1941. And the comparison with all buildings which have not been re-assessed even more striking.

I avoid names in all this thing but there is one concern I can mention without doing any harm to anyone. It has no representative on the Council and it is a very good example.

Consider the Power Co. The various surcharges authorized have meant that we all have to pay 3 times what we did for current. The Power Company's turn-over expressed in Local Currency has of course gone up these times and perhaps more due to increased demands for current.

Yet during 1940 they only paid $27 per $100 of 1937 assessment. So the Power Co. in preparing their accounts for 1939 and 1940 were able to show that Municipal taxation in relation to gross turn over showed a very heavy *decrease*.

Please note that I am not blaming the Power Co. By no stretch of the imagination can one imagine that they should go running round to the Finance Department and ask for a bigger bill!

Similar arguments apply in varying degrees to the other 5 Utility Cos., all of whom have had authority to add surcharge to surcharge on the cost of their products without being taxed up to the extent that a small shop or occupier of a flat or house has been *compelled* by legal action to pay. Why ? ? The answer must be left to better brains, but in the meantime you can say what you think of the matter only in one way and that is by passing this amendment.

Of instances of this kind I could continue to give you many but they all resemble each other.

There is one still more striking class of owner occupiers. A number of the big buildings in this town compounded with the Council some years ago and pay taxes on a fixed basis. These buildings thus come under the heading of owner-occupier and have not had their basic rateable assessment changed. Yet these buildings are let out to tenants who have all had their rents brought up and from whom extra taxes have been collected by the owners. So the tenants have been stuck without the S.M.C. funds benefitting. This seems to me to be a dreadful thing.

You understand me. It is not a question of whether we are charged 27, or 37 or 40 per cent. It depends on your assessment what you pay. Two cases of this sort I can mention that came to me in the last few days. In one case there is a column on the bills from the landlord for municipal taxes. When the rent went up the landlord charged on the new rent but the assessment for the whole building has not changed. In the other case, the tenant of the house used to pay C.N.$400; now he pays $90 American or $1,600 Chinese. But the Council still gets payment on the original assessment only.

Many questions have been put to me about points that my enquirers said had not been made clear in the papers.

All of them are very interesting but it is impossible to deal with the huge number.

Q. How did you get on to this matter at all ?

A. Inadvertently. I occasionally carry on correspondence with one of the Councillors and about some affair or other I said that "This town is groaning under heavy taxation." Very terrible thing! To this he replied that as Municipal expenses had gone up three-fold there was nothing to complain of in a 50 per cent. raise in taxes. That is 18 per cent. up to 27 per cent.

To prove that I was not dreaming I looked up my own receipts from the S.M.C. They were over double and would be 5 times in 1941 and then the truth began to dawn on me that the man, who controls large and valuable properties in this town, was actually in point of fact paying only the 50 per cent. he talked about and that on an assessment value which seems ridiculously low. No wonder he could look at the matter with equanimity!! What a different story my tax receipts told!! I think I should in justice to this man say that I do not believe he knew what his firm was paying in taxes. But I was rather amused at another passage in another letter from the same person. You will remember he is a Councillor. He said "You must not think that we (the Council) just spend the money and leave someone else to pay the Bills.! The majority of the Councillors represent Big Financial Interests and are therefore heavily hit by any increase in taxes."

Oh Yeah! But not in 1939 or 1940 and it will not be till late in 1941 either unless this amendment passes.

Many of them have businesses in foreign goods which they bring in here in sterling or American dollars. They sell in local currencies and irrespective of exchange their firms make profits in foreign currency. These people have committed the ratepayers to obligations in foreign currencies—to our obligations—but these people, the owner-occupiers, pay taxes in depreciated currency on much too low a basis.

Q. One other question was, why not put this up through some corporate body. It might be more easily dealt with.

A. I wrote to one such very influential body on Jan. 7, 8, 9 and 10 explaining my views in full detail. They made haste so slowly that on Monday morning Jan, 20 I had received no reply. The latest time for an amendment to be received was noon that day. I could delay no longer. But I believe that some result has been achieved though hardly what I had hoped for or expected. A circular has been sent out urging ratepayers not to support any opposition to any of the Council's proposals. So we progress along the Road of Democracy or what have you! (Laughter and Applause).

I however must re-emphasize to you tenants that if you want to do something for yourselves now is probably your only opportunity. It will certainly not be possible to bring this matter up again at the Annual Meeting in April and in a few days time you will get your new and swollen bills from the Council. So if this amendment is lost it means a definite and final stand by the Ratepayers that they approve of the present method of distributing taxation and that they feel proud of the opportunity that is given to the tenants to pay the bills for the big firms. If you vote for the amendment you openly agree that the injustices which I now discuss should be at once put right even if only partially. There must be some limit to the extent to which the Council will pursue the small man; one shopkeeper I spoke to will this year pay in *taxes* more than his rent of 2 years ago.

And this must be done at once. There must be no more delay. Already we have a very serious deficit from last year which might have been largely avoided. In 1941 we have to find one million dollars to fund the overdraft alone. We cannot risk the danger of delay.

Q. What of the re-assessment committee now working?

A. They are all I think good men and true, the Chairman is Mr. Hans Berents, the secretary is Mr. Pullen and the integrity and efficiency of both of them is beyond question. But I do disapprove of the terms of reference issued by the Council under which they are working. These terms should be re-considered or else the Council is likely to find the whole question brought up again before very long.

The instructions ask the committee to consider that rentals have gone up 20 per cent. This figure has been arrived at by taking the average of all rented properties in Shanghai. Chinese rented houses have not gone up so the average is pulled down; also owner occupied property is not taken into consideration.

But how can one ascertain the correct rental of a modern appartment house or office building by comparison with the rentals on a row of Chinese Li houses up some narrow passage? Like must be compared with like and area by area or the most ridiculous results may be achieved.

Q. Did you not try to get this matter settled 'out of court'? Would not an interview or two have fixed things up?

A. I had several such interviews before the amendment went in but no suggestions were put forward that I thought I could accept as satisfactory.

But I must be quite fair and tell you that though I must have been quite a nuisance to the regular staff of more than one Dept of the S.M.C. the people I have seen were invariably kind, courteous and did their best to give me the information I needed. I take this opportunity of thanking them publicly.

One last question I will select from the very many fired at me and then I hope you will understand the situation enough to vote unanimously for the amendment.

How did this situation arise, these owner-occupiers being let off?

The answer is perhaps clear, perhaps I am wrong. This group controls huge interests; they have much power. Like even small people the big ones do not like paying more money for anything than they have to. So there you are and the situation reminds me of a musical hall song which came out in 1916 shortly after conscription came to England. The singer is supposed to be a man desperate because he thinks he is about to be called up. Let us imagine him as the owner-occupier. Let us consider the military service as the payment of money; say full taxation.

The song went something like this. Take (tax) my Father, take my Uncle, take my Brother, but for God's sake don't take (tax) me! (Laughter and Applause).

The CHAIRMAN.—Does the seconder, Mr. V. M. Allington, also wish to speak to this amendment?

Mr. Allington—No.

The CHAIRMAN.—Does the Chairman of Council wish to speak with regard to this proposed amendment?

(Mr. Keswick was received with applause).

Mr. W. J. Keswick.—Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Ratepayers, the amendment that has just been moved requires a full and considered answer from your Council.

At the present time, as I have previously informed you, there is sitting a Sub-Committee of experts re-assessing all owner-occupied property of an industrial or commercial nature. Simultaneously, the expert staff of the Council's Revenue Office is re-assessing all owner-occupied property in the Settlement of a residential nature.

Assessment involves work, of no small difficulty for it may not be done arbitrarily and an owner may always appeal against the assessment placed upon his premises. As a result of the work of re-assessment now being undertaken, the assessment of owner-occupied properties is being, or will be, increased by varying percentages over the assessment that was placed upon them in the year 1937. Where the assessment which existed in the year 1937 is thought by the Sub-Committee to have been below the general level in that year, the figure for the property is first brought up to the proper level. The Sub-Committee first ascertains scientifically what ought to have been the assessment of the property concerned in 1937, and then increases that assessment by 20 per cent., the percentage which represents the general rise in rentals—taken as an average over the Settlement—since that year.

The purpose of this amendment is to invite you to anticipate the work of that Sub-Committee by immediately increasing by 40 per cent. the assessments of those owner-occupied properties which have not been re-assessed. The object of this proposal is that the Council should immediately obtain an enhanced revenue from such properties without awaiting the decision of the Sub-Committee. You will, however, appreciate that this would be arbitrary procedure. Owner-occupiers are entitled to be assessed by normal procedure, and assessments made in an arbitrary manner might well be resisted and be held unenforceable should the Council be compelled to have recourse to the Courts. Furthermore, some properties in 1937 may have been over-assessed, and should an arbitrary method be adopted, and over-assessment result, the administration, apart from having been placed in an invidious position, might find itself under the necessity of refunding moneys collected.

You must appreciate that there is inevitably a time lag in connection with owner-occupied properties. This time lag is not always in favour of the owner-occupier. It is inevitable that the assessments of owner-occupied properties are reduced or increased after the general level of rentals has on an average been reduced or increased. The tenant, speaking generally, pays rates on an actual rental, and the owner-occupier on an estimated rental. Estimated rentals can only be determined in relation to the rentals paid by the majority of tenants. When rentals rise or fall, the assessments of rented properties rise or fall correspondingly. In the case of owner-occupied properties, assessments remain the same until a re-assessment takes place. It follows that during a period of falling rentals, an owner-occupier is at a disadvantage.

You may question why the Sub-Committee to which I have referred has been instructed to increase basic 1937 assessments by only 20 per cent., while the rentals that many of you have been paying have been increased by a far greater percentage. The reason is this: The assessment of owner-occupied property is an estimated one. You are aware that the rentals of the majority of Chinese-occupied properties have been restricted by legislation to an increase of not more than 10 to 20 per cent. over the rentals current early in 1937. It has thus been calculated that the average increase in rentals in the Settlement is not more than 20 per cent., a figure which to many of you may seem surprisingly low. The increase that one individual tenant may have had to bear is not a measure of the average increase but merely a factor therein. At one moment lettings in any one particular area may be in great demand; at another moment the reverse happens. It might well be deemed inequitable to increase the assessments of owner-occupied properties by more than the general average rise in rentals, and indeed, if assessments were increased by a greater percentage, they might prove unenforceable.

There is here a problem which requires careful consideration. Your Council has been studying the problem for many months and hopes to solve it by securing that its assessments on all properties, whether owner-occupied or rented, shall be accepted by the Courts in the Settlement. By this means inequalities of taxation could quickly be removed.

In addition, your Council proposes to appoint a Committee of experts to examine the whole problem, with instructions to that Committee to report in time for its recommendations, if approved, to be adopted at the forthcoming Annual Meeting of Ratepayers.

The amendment now before you further suggests that tenants' assessments for the purpose of taxation be restricted to a 40 per cent. increase over the 1937 assessments; in other words, that no further increase should be made in the assessments of rented properties than is made in the assessments of owner-occupied properties. This suggestion, too, requires very careful consideration. The Land Regulations provide that assessments shall be based on annual rentals. In the case of a true *bona fide* rental it is doubtful whether there is power to assess the property concerned at any lower figure. Moreover, the adoption in such cases of a rental lower than the annual rental might be held to violate the proportion laid down in the Land Regulations to be observed between General Municipal Rate and Land Tax. All these points, however, would naturally receive full and careful consideration by the Committee which I have told you your Council proposes to appoint immediately.

Finally, the mover of the amendment proposes that the Council be authorized at its discretion to impose a substantial surcharge on undeveloped land tax. Here again I would say that the proposition put before you requires mature, unhasty consideration, both as to its legality and as to its economic consequences.

My advice to you Gentlemen in connection with all the suggestions contained in this amendment is that you should wait in patience for what is only a further 2½ months until the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, and instead of a hasty decision now, await the full deliberations of the Committee which your Council proposes to appoint at once. (Applause).

The Chairman.—Does any other ratepayer wish to speak to Mr. Little's amendment or does the proposer of the amendment wish to make any reply? If not I will put the amendment to the meeting.

Mr. E. S. Little, Jr.—I wish to speak Sir. (Applause). I just made a few notes while I was listening. With regard to this question of time lag, I think it has lagged enough. In 1939 the Council began to feel agitated about increases in rent and on January 1, 1941, the matter is still not settled. I think the lag has been sufficient. We are in most critical times. We have to raise millions of dollars to meet current expenses. We must do something without loss of time, not to put off our obligations. As to the question of 40 per cent. being perhaps too high I explained to the Council when I placed the matter before them if it should turn out that any particular property should be re-assessed at 20 per cent. or 30 per cent. over the 1937 assessment, there is no reason why the Council should not pay them back. To ease your minds I have a few figures here which I think will prove interesting. I have obtained them in a letter from the Revenue Office. 154 industrial properties were re-assessed out of a large number of these properties and these came into bearing on January 1, eight of these properties were selected by the Council—4 of them large, 3 medium, 1 small. The former assessment of these 8 properties was $615,000. The new assessment is $1,100,000, an increase of over 60 per cent, so that I think as far as industrial properties are concerned 40 per cent. is on the low and not on the high side. I am also told that the re-assessment Committee in the Council has been re-assessing houses and has already re-assessed 183. Most of these houses—I have seen some of them—appear to be of the Chinese type of house such as those on Mohawk Road and in alleyways off Seymour Road. These houses before were assessed at $225,000. The increase is $250,000, over 100 per cent. on these 183 houses. I feel sure when we take into consideration some of the buildings there are in the Central area there can be no fear whatever that 40 per cent. is too high a figure. The question of Chinese houses of course is a very difficult one. The Chinese Governments put in legislation to prevent the tenants being squeezed. That was what they meant to do. In fact it does not so work out, as the owners let the properties room by room and the people are squeezed and the Council are unable to get a rateable value of more than 10 per cent. on the old rate. But it does not seem to me that any number of wrongs makes anything right. Because they cannot do anything about the Chinese is no reason why they should continue to squeeze the life out of other tenants. I am asked how much money the Council would get from this 40 per cent. on owner-occupiers. It is impossible for me to say. This reassessment committee is on the job and they have been working on it for many months. They have not finished yet, so you cannot ask me. Last time we were told in the Chairman's speech that the Outside Roads, Yuyuen Road and such like had not been re-assessed on account of special circumstances. But the Council does not fail to collect from the tenants the full amount of rate due. They have no right to collect

those taxes from the tenants or so I maintain. I request you to pass this amendment. (Applause).

The CHAIRMAN.—Does any other ratepayer wish to speak.....I will now put the amendment to the meeting.....Will those in favour of this amendment please raise their hands? Thank you. And will those against please raise their hands?

The CHAIRMAN.—I am unable to determine by a show of hands the result of the vote. Mr. W. J. Keswick.—Mr. Chairman, may we have a Poll please? The Chairman.—A poll has been demanded by a ratepayer who is entitled to do so.

Mr. E. A. LONG.—Will the Tellers take their places please.....Mr. Comery, will you please report to the Chairman when the Tellers are ready. .....The same procedure as before will now be repeated.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, the tellers have completed their returns to me and I have totalled the counts and I am now ready to announce the result. I will not announce the result until you have all resumed your seats. Will you now please resume your seats.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, the result of the vote is 470 votes "For" and 6194 votes "against" the amendment. The amendment is accordingly lost.

The CHAIRMAN.—I must now put to the meeting the original resolution. Will those in favour of that resolution raise their hands? And those against the resolution? The resolution is carried. (Applause).

The CHAIRMAN,—I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution III.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, as I explained to you in my speech at your meeting on January 23 asking you to vote increased tax levies to assist the better balancing of income against expenditure, the Council looks for an additional 3½ million dollars in 1941 from the source of licence fees.

The licence Fees on which you are asked to vote are based on recommendations of a Sub-Committee of the Economy Committee. This Sub-Committee consisted of six members of different nationalities, two of whom were Members of Council. Their recommendations were unanimously adopted both by the full Economy Committee and by your Council. The Report of the Sub-Committee has been published and you have all had an opportunity of studying it. With these remarks I beg to propose:

Resolution III.—That the following recommendation of the Council be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose, collect and recover the undermentioned items of the existing Schedule of Licence Fees in accordance with the modifications set out hereunder. The text of the modifications of the Schedule of Licence Fees recommended by the Council, referred to in this Resolution, is as set forth in the Notice convening this meeting signed by Mr. Poul Scheel, Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul, and published in the Municipal Gazette of January 23, 1941.

Mr. J. W. CARNEY.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I take pleasure in seconding that resolution.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, there is an amendment to Resolution No. III which has been proposed by Mr. E. S. Little, Jr., and seconded by Mr. S. A. Magnussen, and I will now call upon the proposer to speak to his amendment which reads as follows:—

"That there be added to Resolution III the following words:—

'But that all reference to Dairies be omitted.'

Mr. E. S. LITTLE, Jr.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, during the long time all this business has taken, and it is my own fault for talking so long, many people have gone away. Most of you now are interested not in milk but in the cup of tea of Scotch milk that you are soon going to have.

I rise to propose an amendment to Resolution 3. "But that all reference to Dairies be omitted."

The proposed tax is so much per cow per year and thus is a tax on Capital. Most of what I have to say on this subject appeared in the Press on January 23, and with your permission I will take that letter as read, unfortunately the letter appeared nearly two weeks ago so I must repeat the outlook the dairies found that they could not present their own case as being outside the settlement limits they have no vote though paying heavy Rates and Taxes.

Milk is such an important foodstuff, so necessary for children, hospitals, invalids that nothing should be done which would tend to discourage the Dairy Owners in the fullest development of their work.

The Distribute already directly and indirectly large sums to Municipal Revenue—far, far more than would appear to be the case by perusal of the S.M.C. Gazette of Nov. last in which a miserable sum of $700 is given as their contribution. Why this grossly misleading figure should have been given is difficult to explain.

The Legality of the tax is very doubtful—should the Dairies contest it I expect that the Council would find that they would be unable to enforce payment. Almost all the Dairies are under Agreements and the Land Regulations ,that extraordinary collection of Rules which is so often used as a shelter or an excuse) do not provide for the licensing of Dairies outside. Of course if the Dairies should appeal to the law to protect them the Council could stop the sale of their milk inside the Settlement to the great inconvenience of consumers.

The principle of Taxation of Capital, machinery or its equivalent, or profits in general is also at stake. Perhaps the Council intends to use this example as a Test Case for trying out the same methods on for example Cotton Mills and thus exploring new sources of Revenue. It has already been suggested from this platform in the first amendment to Resolution 2 that the Council should find new methods of taxation. Here is one, but it is against the Land Regulations and in any case why select Dairies only out of all the industrial undertakings that there are?

Milk and good pure milk in sufficient quantity is one criterion of an up to date city almost said Model Settlement. This place used to be called the Model Settlement. The duty of the Civic Authorities, to ensure that this supply is good, is clear—as far as I can ascertain there is no precedent for a direct tax on cows in any part of say England or U.S.A., on the other hand there are sometimes subsidies. I must tell you that on Thursday just before the original meeting I met two gentlemen who may be described as the powers behind the throne. Pardon me. the powers above the milk stools. I do not mean that they are in any sense owner-occupiers of the dairies. They were however most serious in their desire that the public should be informed that the Dairy Owners did not want in any way to create the impression that there was the slightest wish on their part to shirk their duties to the Community, whether financial or otherwise. They also endorsed my arguments as to why this tax on animals should be rejected.

I hope that you will all support the amendment which might well have read "Hands Off the city's Milk supply."

One thing you must remember in justification of the Council's idea in taxing Dairy animals. Last year the Council was desperate for money—debts here, loans there. The milking of the tenants had proved highly successful and profitable, so they turned to the next best source, namely the uncomplaining four footed cows. (Applause).

The CHAIRMAN.—Does the seconder, Mr. S. A. Magnussen, also wish to speak to this amendment?

The CHAIRMAN.—Does the Chairman of Council wish to speak with regard to this proposed amendment?

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Ratepayers, an amendment has been moved inviting you to disapprove the recommendation that Dairies be charged a fee of $15 per year per cow in the case of Grade "A" and "B" Dairies, and $20 per year per cow in the case of Grade "A" TT Dairies.

You have already been informed that the new licence fees which you are being asked to adopt are the result of a unanimous recommendation of a Sub-Committee of the Municipal Economy Committee consisting of members of six different nationalities, and that the recommendations of this Sub-Committee have been unanimously adopted both by the full Economy Committee and your Council.

The recommendation in regard to Dairies originated with the Sub-Committee of the Economy Committee which includes the Public Health Department. The Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee adopted the recommendations of that Sub-Committee in regard to Dairies. The Chairman of the Sub-Committee which originated this recommendation was our fellow-ratepayer, Mr. J. H. Liddell, a former Member of Council. On receiving notice of Mr. Little's amendment the Council invited Mr. Liddell to give us the benefit of his advice as to the merits of Mr. Little's objections to the increased fees for dairies. The answers which I now will make to the objections express the views of Mr. Liddell as well as those of the Council.

It is the duty of the Council to ensure that milk sold in the Settlement is produced under safe and sanitary conditions. To do this, the Council employs a staff of health inspectors and also requires the part-time services of a veterinary surgeon.

The investigations of the Economy Committee's Sub-Committee which enquired into the activities of the Health Department revealed that the licence fees charged to dairies last year amounted to the small sum of $700.

It was the unanimous view of the Economy Committee that the dairy licence fees should be increased, not with a view to obtaining revenue for the Council but in order to recover a reasonable part of the cost to the Council of the administrative control necessary. It is estimated that the cost to the Council of supervising dairies will, during 1941, amount to about $100,000. The proposed new fees are estimated to produce

$40,000. In other words, the Council asks the dairies to pay about 40 per cent. of the cost of services rendered, leaving the remaining 60 per cent. to be absorbed by the ratepayers.

To be quite sure that the new fees would not be a hardship on the dairy owners, the Economy Committee made an enquiry as to the total value of milk sold by them in a year. They were advised that this was fully $8,000,000. Will you bear in mind, therefore, that the new fees amount only to one half of one per cent. of the value of milk sold. (Applause). They will not, therefore, provide any justification for more than a fractional increase in cost of milk to the consumer, which your Council estimates at less than half a cent per pound of milk.

The proposed fees are based on a per cow basis so that the larger dairies will pay in proportion more than the smaller ones, which is, you will agree, perfectly fair. It is appreciated that the increased cost of foodstuffs has immensely increased the cost of milk production but there is no reason surely why the cost of the Council's services should any longer be excluded entirely from the category of operation costs.

Let me remind you again that the proposed new fees amount only to $15 a year for a Grade "A" cow, that the total of the fees will amount to no more than one half of one per cent. of the value of milk sold, that the revenue provided will meet only 40 per cent. of the cost of the Council's services to dairies, and that to offset the increased licence fees you should be called upon to pay less than half a cent more per pound of milk. Bearing these figures in mind, I hope that you will endorse the Economy Committee's and the Council's recommendation and approve of the proposed new licence fees. (Applause).

The CHAIRMAN.—Does any other ratepayer wish to speak to Mr. Little's amendment or does the proposer of the amendment wish to make any reply?

Mr. E. S. LITTLE, Jr.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, just a few points occurred to me in listening to the remarks from the platform. The people who asked me to take this matter up because they could not do it themselves explained to me that they are not quarreling over the amount involved. The only argument is on a question of principle. One principle put forward from the stage points out that the larger dairies pay more taxes than the small dairies. If that principle was carried out throughout it would be a damned good idea. But the arguments that I made in support of this amendment have not been responded to. I stated that this does not happen in any other civilized cities of the world and as that has not been answered I suppose it has not been controverted. I suppose I am correct. It does not happen elsewhere. I also stated that it was not covered by the Land Regulations. That was not controverted so I suppose it is not covered by the Land Regulations. So that it is illegal. It is a tax on capital. The cows are the capital of the dairies. If you are going to tax them what are you going to tax next? What wealth or what money are you going to tax next? The argument has also been put up that the fees will amount only ½ of 1% of the value of the milk sold. Is that any argument for putting a tax on cows. Are the Council next going to put a tax on the turnover of the cotton mills and so on. If so what a lot of money we will get. The inspection of these animals is a civic duty and there is no reason why it should be charged for. It is a principle that cannot be argued logically. I am sure of that. What I have said has not been controverted from the platform. I suggest we throw out this tax on dairies and I ask you to vote for the amendment. (Applause).

THE CHAIRMAN.—Does the Chairman of Council or any other ratepayer wish to make any reply to what Mr. Little has said.

There being no response, the CHAIRMAN:—I will now put this amendment to the meeting. Will those for the amendment please raise their hands? Those against the amendment? The amendment is lost.

The CHAIRMAN.—I must now put to the meeting the original resolution. Will those for that resolution please raise their hands? And those against? The resolution is carried.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Fellow-Ratepayers, I would like to propose a very hearty vote of thanks to the Senior Consul, Mr. Poul Scheel, for occupying the Chair at our meeting today. (Applause).

The CHAIRMAN.—Thank you Mr. Chairman of the Council; thank you Ladies and Gentlemen. The meeting is terminated.

The meeting terminated at 5.15 p.m.

There were 1,072 voters present representing 7,245 votes, at the reassembled Special Meeting of Ratepayers.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1941 1830

NOTICE.

The following is published by authority of the Treaty Power Consuls.

THE Foreign Treaty Consuls, in pursuance of the respective provisions of Articles IX and VIA of the Land Regulations for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai, hereby give notice that Wednesday and Thursday, April 2 and 3, 1941, are fixed upon for the election of Councillors and for the election, by registered owners of land in the Foreign Settlement, of a Land Commissioner for the Municipal Year 1941.

Nomination papers must be delivered to the Secretary & Commissioner General, Shanghai Municipal Council, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than 12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, March 25, 1941.

(Sgd.) POUL SCHEEL,
Consul General for Denmark and Senior Consul.

Shanghai, February 7, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5394.
VOTING LIST

NOTICE is hereby given that no person or firm will be accorded a vote unless the name of such person or firm appears in the Final Voting List containing the names of persons and firms qualified to vote at the Election of Councillors and of a Land Commissioner for the Municipal year 1941/42 and at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers 1941, (clerical omissions in error only excepted).

This Final Voting List will be issued as soon as possible after March 2, 1941, and copies will be exhibited in the lobby of the Council Chamber, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, and at all Police Stations. Copies will also be distributed to Consulates, foreign national organisations, bodies and clubs.

All claims for the addition of the names of persons or firms to the Final Voting List, and all notifications of changes of land ownership or in the occupancy of premises must be received by the Revenue Office not later than March 2, 1941, after which date no claims, changes in ownership, or occupancy, will be recognized for voting list purposes.

Ratepayers entitled to vote are accordingly advised to make early application to the *Deputy Treasurer—Revenue, Revenue Office, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road*, with regard to corrections of and omissions in the preliminary Voting List issued on December 31, 1940.

N.B. No claims or enquiries in regard to the Voting List should be addressed to the Secretariat.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 7, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5402.
ROAD PLANS—1941.

NOTICE is hereby given that plans showing new roads, extension and widening of existing roads, and extension of lands already occupied by public works and for purposes of sanitation in the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai are now open to inspection at the offices of the Public Works Department, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

Landowners and agents are reminded that proprietors have the right, for three months after the publication of notice that the plans are open to inspection, to protest in writing against any proposed roads, extension and widening of roads or extension of public works or establishment of sanitary buildings or works, therein scheduled.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5392.
PRIVATE RICSHA LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that Private Ricsha Licences for the Half-year ending June 30, 1941, will be issued at the Licence Issuing Office, Vehicle Inspection Compound, No. 557 Gordon Road, commencing Friday, February 7, 1941.

Licensees are reminded that applications submitted after March 1, 1941, will be allotted a new licence number entailing the payment of $1.50 registration fee in addition to the usual licence fee.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5388.
LAND TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that Land Tax for the Half-year ending June 30, 1941, is due on February 6, 1941. In accordance with the resolution adopted at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers on February 5, 1941, Land Tax as from January 1, 1941 will be at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent.

Taxpayers are reminded that Land Tax will not be called for but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Saturday	March	1
Monday	,,	3
Tuesday	,,	4
Wednesday	,,	5

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION No. 5405.
RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR & MEALS).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals) Licence in favour of Mr. E. B. Shevardnadze of Lane No. 21, House No. 3, Wayside Road in respect of premises Lane No. 21, House No. 3 Wayside Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, March 10, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 27, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on February 4.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), J. W. Carney, N. F Allman, Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, R. G. MacDonald, G. E. Mitchell, I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi and Yu Ya Ching.

Fortnightly meeting held on February 18.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Acting Chairman*), N. F. Allman, Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching. Absent: Messrs. W. J. Keswick and Yulin Hsi.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Works Committee, February 17.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), B. Chih Chen, G. A. Haley, F. J. Hookham, K. Kuroda, W. J. Lee and G. E. Marden. Absent: Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi and K. Watanabe.

Health Committee, February 18.—Present: Mr. G. A. Haley (*Chairman*), Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Messrs. K. Harada, Yulin Hsi, Dr. W. S. Parsons and Mr. T. S. Powell. Absent: Mr. F. S. Hsu, Dr. Szeming Sze, Dr. Y. Tongu and Mr. L. T. Yuan.

Watch Committee, February 20.—Present: Messrs. R. G. MacDonald (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, F. Hoehnke, W. J. Lee, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Mr. I. Okamoto. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. O. Okamoto, Yu Ya Ching and Zurtin Zao.

Library Committee, February 21.—Present: Rev. P. C. Matthews (*Acting Chairman*), Mrs. A. Baer, Mr. Paulsen Lee, Mrs. A. W. Sherriff, Messrs. Tseu Yih-zan and Zee Yi Hao. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi, T. R. Scanlon, Dr. K. Sugimura and Mr. E. S. Wilkinson.

Staff Committee, February 24.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), W. Gockson, G. A. Haley, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. G. E. Mitchell and I. Okamoto. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. Y. Hanawa and Yulin Hsi.

Orchestra and Band Committee, February 25.—Present: Messrs. R. G. MacDonald (*Chairman*), Ch. Grosbois, A. Harman, L. de Luca, Lee Wei Ning and J. S. Potter. Abstnt: Mr. E. F. Harris and Prof. B. S. Zakharoff.

NOTIFICATION No. 5401.

SALE OF SURPLUS LAND.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of an area of Mow 0.560 thereabouts of surplus land situated west of the Sinza Market, being a portion of Cadastral Lot 1058, British Consular Lot 13260, registered in the name of The Shanghai Municipal Council.

Official tender forms, on which all tenders must be submitted, together with plans and particulars of the property and conditions of sale may be obtained on application to the Public Works Department.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on March 21, 1941.

Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, at 11 a.m. on March 21, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5389.

COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign Houses for the quarter ending March 31, 1941, is due on February 6, 1941. In accordance with the resolution adopted at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers on February 5, 1941, General Municipal Rate as from January 1, 1941 will be at the rate of 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. and Special Rate at the rate of 24 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. Ratepayers are reminded that except in special circumstances rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5396.

RULES GOVERNING QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that rules governing the Qualifications of Voters and compilation of the Voting List have been approved by the Council and will be enforced at the Election of Councillors and a Land Commissioner for the Municipal year 1941/1942 and at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers 1941.

Copies of these rules are exhibited in the lobby of the Council Chamber, Administration Building, and at all Police Stations. Copies have also been distributed to Consulates, foreign national organisations, bodies and clubs.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5400.

OTHER FOODSTUFFS LICENCE No. 3.

Notice is hereby given that with effect from March 1, 1941, the following clauses are added to Condition No. 7 of Other Foodstuffs Licence No. 3:—

"All weights, measures and scales will be periodically tested and those found to be incorrect will be seized.

The licensee or any dealer or vendor possessing any incorrect weights, measures or scales, or who keeps, offers or exposes for sale or sells, produce short weighed will be liable to prosecution."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5395.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Vacancy—Assistant Pharmacist.

THE Council is prepared to receive applications from persons of Chinese nationality for the post of Assistant Pharmacist.

Requirements:—

(1) Foreign statutory qualifications in pharmacy.
(2) Adequate knowledge of English.
(3) Age not over 35, preferably unmarried.

The candidate selected will be required to pass a medical examination of physical fitness before engagement, and give satisfactory service during a probationary period of at least six months before appointment is confirmed.

Particulars as to Pay and Allowances may be obtained from Room 161 of the Secretariat where application forms may be had on personal request.

Applications in candidates' own handwriting, giving full information as to qualifications and experience, accompanied by copies of recent testimonials, should be addressed to the Secretary and Commissioner General, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than March 7, 1941.

Canvassing of Members of Council and/or Committees will entail disqualification.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 10, 1941.

MUNICIPAL GAOLS.

The Senior Consul has informed the Council that the following have been elected to serve on the Consular Committee for the Inspection of Municipal Gaols for the year 1941:—

Mr. Stanislaw B. M. de Rosset, Consul-General for Poland;

Dr. J. E. Teixeira, Consul for Portugal; and

Mr. A. H. Hasselman, Vice-Consul for the Netherlands.

The Secretary of the Consular Body, Mr. E. A. Long, will continue to serve as Secretary of the Committee.

VICE-CHAIRMAN OF COUNCIL.

At a meeting of the Council held on February 5, members unanimously elected Mr. G. E. Mitchell as Vice-Chairman of Council on the departure of Mr. J. W. Carney from Shanghai. The Chairman of Council placed on record his personal appreciation and thanks and those of his colleagues for all that Mr. Carney has done for so many years for Shanghai.

COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP.

Dr. R. J. McMullen has been co-opted for the remainder of the Municipal year to the vacant seat on the Council created by the resignation of Mr. J. W. Carney, in accordance with the provisions of Article XX of the Land Regulations.

Dr. McMullen has also taken Mr. Carney's place on the Watch, Staff and Public Utilities Committees of the Council.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5393.

HANDCART, TROLLEY CART AND DELIVERY TRICYCLE OR TRAILER LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that licences for Handcarts and Trolley Carts for the quarter ending March 31, 1941, and Delivery Tricycle or Trailer licences for the year ending December 31, 1941, will be issued at the Licence Issuing Office, Vehicle Inspection Compound, No. 557 Gordon Road, commencing Friday, February 7, 1941.

The annual inspection of Delivery Tricycles or Trailers will be carried out at the Ricsha Inspection Depot, No. 808 Seymour Road, and licences in respect of such vehicles will be issued only on presentation of the Inspection Certificate.

Licensees are reminded that the annual inspection of Handcarts and Trolley Carts licensed to carry up to 500 lb. (iron-tyred) and 750 lb. (pneumatic-tyred) maximum will be carried out in the month of October and not in January as previously.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5390.

NOTICE is hereby given that applications for renewal of the under-mentioned licences for the current licensing term should be made forthwith:

Billiard or Bowling Saloon.
Tobacco Shop.
Exchange Shop.
Sing Song House and Entertainer.
Private Carriage.
Livery Stable.
Public Carriage.
Public Garage.
Motor Vehicles, all types.
Motor Vehicles, Trailers, all types.
Firearms, Licence to carry.
Dog.
Dairy.
Bakery.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

S.V.C. ANNUAL INSPECTION PARADE.

In view of the fact that the majority of members of the Corps have been doing regular duty in "B" Sector since last August, the Council has decided, on the recommendation of the Commandant, S.V.C., to forego the usual Corps Inspection Parade this year, and to substitute in its place inspection of each Unit by the Commandant.

A certain amount of preparation and rehearsal is always necessary for a big parade, whereas an inspection of each Unit near the end of the Training Season should call for no special preparatory work.

Whilst it is appreciated that some Units in the Corps are in favour of holding the parade as usual, enquiry has elicited that the weight of volunteer opinion is inclined towards shelving it until the return of more normal conditions.

It is pointed out that the Council's decision refers to suspension for the current year only, and does not imply that the Corps Parade will not be held in future years.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5391.

BICYCLE LICENCES.

DURING the period February 6 to 28, inclusive, Bicycle licences for the year 1941 will be issued at the undermentioned places:

Administration Building, (Revenue Office),
209 Kiangse Road.
Bubbling Well Police Station,
172 Yu Yuen Road.
Chengtu Road Police Station,
360 Chengtu Road.
Licence Issuing Office, (Vehicle Inspection Compound),
557 Gordon Road.
Hongkew Police Station,
260 Minghong Road.
Louza Police Station,
645 Ningpo Road.
Sinza Police Station,
279 Avenue Road.
Temporary Branch Licensing Office,
528 Muirhead Road.
Yangtszepoo Police Station,
2049 Pingliang Road.

From March 1 onwards Bicycle licences will be issued from the Administration Building, Temporary Branch Licensing Office (at Muirhead Road) and Licence Issuing Office (at Gordon Road), only.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotions:—

Corps Headquarters.—Major G. H. Mann, M. C. to be Lieutenant-Colonel—January 31, 1941.

"A" Bn. Headquarters.—Lt. J. Dalton, M. C. to be Captain—February 17, 1941.

Transfers:—

Major W. C. Bond is transferred from Reserve of Officers "B" to Active List—February 17, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.

Field Company.—Capt. G. E. Barker—January 1, 1941.

Japanese Company.—Lt. K. Nakamura—January 18, 1941.

"A" Company.—Capt. G. T. Gambling—January 21, 1941; Lt. S. E. G. Hillman—January 22, 1941.

Medical Officers.—Capt. A. V. Marshad Marsh—January 30, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B".—2nd Lt. J. E. Marsh—January 30, 1941.

Resignations:—

Medical Officers.—Capt. I. G. Anderson resigned his commission —February 19, 1941.

COURT OF CONSULS.

The Council has been notified by the Senior Consul that the following have been elected as Judges of the Court of Consuls for the year 1941:—

Mr. A. H. George, C.M.G. Consul-General for Great Britain, (President);

Mr. Tateki Horiuchi, Consul-General for Japan; and

Mr. Frank P. Lockhart, Consul-General for the U.S.A.

Mr. E. A. Long, Secretary of the Consular Body, will continue to act as Secretary to the Court.

RICE

Measures of Control.

THE Council's Supplies Sub-Committee, which advises the Council on food matters, has suggested to the Council that in order to prevent profiteering, speculation and hoarding of rice, certain measures of control should be introduced by Members of the Rice Market. The measures of control which the Council has suggested to the Rice Market Control Committee should be given a trial are as follows:—

(1) That it be made obligatory for all wholesale dealers in rice to be members of the Market.

(2) That registration be made in the Market of all reputable rice brokers and provision be made by the said broker for a suitable guarantee to be furnished, such guarantee to be satisfactory to the Rice Guild.

(3) That it be obligatory for all merchants to write down all sales in their books as also on vouchers. When a transaction is concluded triplicate bills must be furnished, one to be given to the buyer, one to the market management and the third to be retained by the seller. Such bills should clearly state the price, quantity, quality, name and address of buyer and seller. Books, vouchers and the bills to be open for inspection by Officers of the Council whenever required.

(4) That concentration in the market of all the local wholesale rice transactions be compulsory and the maintenance of the present minimum purchase of ten bags of rice at a time be enforced. That a deposit of $5 per bag be required on each transaction being concluded and the taking of delivery of cargoes within 5 days of completion of transaction to be strictly enforced, failing which the deposit shall be forfeited.

That the Guild appoint a recognized Bank to collect the deposits of $5 per bag and to produce receipts of such deposits for inspection, when required, by Officers of the Council.

(5) That the daily posting and publishing of selling prices be strictly enforced.

(6) That up to date statistics be kept indicating forward purchases, arrivals, sales of rice, as also stocks, storage places, etc.

(7) That dealings in cargoes of rice which have not yet arrived should be restricted to reputable wholesale dealers only.

The Council has expressed the hope that in the interest of members of the Market (trade) and that of the public, immediate steps will be taken by the management of the Rice Market to have the Control measure suggested introduced and strictly enforced.

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Municipal Council for issue to Chinese employees has been fixed at $23.56 for February.

WESTERN AREA SPECIAL POLICE FORCE APPOINTMENTS.

Mayor Chen Kung-po of the Shanghai Municipal Government has informed the Council of the appointment by the Shanghai Municipal Government of Mr. C. C. Pan as Commissioner of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force and the Council has recommended the appointment of Mr. J. B. Clissold as Deputy Commissioner of this Police Force. The names of the other personnel to be nominated by the Council will be announced later.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE NEW SOURCES OF TAXATION.

The Council has accepted the recommendation of the Economy Committee, which in its turn accepted the recommendation of its Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee, that there should be set up a Sub-Committee of the Finance Committee of the Council to investigate new sources of taxation. The Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee, which has just completed its work, confined itself to examining existing licence fees in view of the fact that licence fees afforded a field within which the Council and Ratepayers had unquestioned legal powers and in view also of the fact that there was an urgent need to provide additional funds from the beginning of the financial year 1941. The Sub-Committee has, however, recommended that the Council should re-examine the powers of taxation conferred by the Land Regulations and Byelaws in the light of the present urgent needs for widening the fields of taxation.

All the members of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee, namely, Messrs. C. G. Gadow, W. A. Hale, J. H. Liddell, I. Okamoto, A. Sadoc and Yulin Hsi, have agreed to serve on the new Sub-Committee of the Finance Committee which will investigate new sources of taxation.

The task of this new Committee will be:

(a) to re-examine the position in regard to those trades and occupations for the licensing of which provision is made in the byelaws but which are not in fact licensed;

(b) to review the possibility of initiating measures to increase the range of licensable trades and occupations; and

(c) to investigate wholly new sources of taxation.

The Committee will not regard itself as fettered in any way by any legal interpretations as to the Council's powers. Should the Committee recommend any new taxes and the Council accept the Committee's recommendation, the Council will then take every practicable step to enforce the taxes adopted.

It is hoped that any person having suggestions to make in regard to new sources of taxation will make such suggestions in writing to the Secretary of the Sub-Committee, Mr. J. W. Allan, Secretariat, Administration Building.

There follows the full final report of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee which has been adopted by the full Economy Committee:—

FINAL REPORT OF THE SOURCES OF REVENUE SUB-COMMITTEE OF THE MUNICIPAL ECONOMY COMMITTEE.

Proposed new Committee to Investigate Taxable Sources.

The Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee concludes its activities with the presentation of this second brief report. The Sub-Committee's Interim Report, it will be remembered, dealt solely with the matter of increased licence fees, for the reasons, first, that licence fees afforded a field within which the Council and the Ratepayers had unquestioned powers by virtue of the clear provisions of the Byelaws and, secondly, it was regarded as urgent to provide additional funds from the beginning of the financial year 1941.

In its initial survey of all of the sources of revenue available to the Municipality, it was noted that the taxable sources at present utilized by the Council did not go beyond Land Rates, House and Advertisement Rates, Licence and other Fees, Wharfage Dues, and Public Utility Royalities. The Sub-Committee's investigations substantiated the fact that the historical and traditional interpretation of the Council's powers of taxation under the provisions of the Land Regulations had resulted in those powers being limited in practice exclusively to these sources.

The Sub-Committee did not feel itself competent to examine further into or in any way question the long-established interpretation of the Land Regulations in this regard, nor has it had an opportunity to subject this established interpretation to a test case for the purpose of ascertaining its legal validity.

The Sub-Committee considers the Council should not be content to regard itself as irrevocably committed to past practice and usage, however long established, but should re-examine the powers of taxation conferred upon the ratepayers by the Land Regulations and Bye-laws in the light of the present urgent needs for widening the fields of taxation in the interests of the Municipality's finances.

With regard to Licence Fees, the Sub-Committee had time at its disposal sufficient only to review the Schedule of Fees actually levied. It was aware that certain licensable occupations—admittedly a very few—for which the licensing Byelaws make express provision, have not for reasons of policy in fact been subjected to the Council's licensing control. Moreover, the Sub-Committee took cognisance of the fact that the Council has in practice limited itself to licensing only those trades and occupations that are specifically enumerated in the Bye-laws, and has regarded itself as being precluded in its own right from adding to the trades and occupations prescribed as licensable.

The Sub-Committee considers that re-examination should be made of the existing policies whereunder certain trades and occupations whose licensing is provided for are in fact not licensed, and that the provisions of the licensing Bye-laws should be reviewed with a view to the initiating of measures to increase the range of licensable, and therefore taxable, trades and occupations.

Having regard to the great importance to the Settlement's welfare of finding new sources of taxation, and therefore of investigating the needs as to the Council's powers and scope of taxation and licensing referred to in this report, the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee considers that the Economy Committee should recommend to the Council the setting up forthwith of a standing Sub-Committee of the Finance Committee of the Council to investigate and report upon these matters.

Investigation of the Revenue Office (Finance Department).

The functions of the Revenue Office are varied and complex. Part of the work is financial, involving the collection of municipal revenue, the assessment of premises for rating purposes, and licensing; whilst other duties are of non-financial nature connected with the Voting List, Election of Councillors, and Ratepayers' Meetings.

A complete reorganization of the Revenue Office commenced in 1932 on its transfer from the Secretariat to the Finance Department. The main features of this reorganization were completed prior to the 1937 hostilities. Two major changes in organization have, however, been introduced during the past year, namely, the opening of Sub-Offices to decentralize revenue collections, and the replacement of Foreign Assistant Inspectors by Chinese Supervisors.

Under the decentralizing process, nine Sub-Offices have been opened, one in each collection area, and substantial savings have thus been effected in the working time and locomotion expenses.

Eleven Chinese Supervisors have been engaged to fill a similar number of posts previously occupied by Foreign Assistant Inspectors.

Both of these changes have produced satisfactory results.

The cost of collection has been lowered from 3.26% in 1931 to 2.55% in 1940.

Our Sub-Committee has examined the present organization of the Revenue Office and is satisfied that its functions are performed in an efficient and economical manner.

FIRE BRIGADE VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

Appointment of Officers.

The Constitution and Regulations of the Shanghai Fire Brigade Volunteer Reserve, which became effective when the Unit was reorganized after the 1937 Emergency, provided for the appointment of Officers from the Reserve personnel, but their appointment was deferred until the Unit had been brought to a higher standard of efficiency. During the past year drills and training have been extended considerably, with the result that the Reserve has become established as a valuable and efficient auxiliary to the Brigade, and Officers have now been appointed as follows:—

Volunteer Officer—Mr. A. F. T. Holland.

Assistant Volunteer Officers—Capt. S. C. Smith and Mr. G. A. Johnston.

The Reserve will continue to be in charge of an Executive Officer of the Brigade—at present Third Officer R. G. Watkins.

RULES GOVERNING QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.

General.

(1) These rules apply to the Voting List prepared for the Election of Councillors and Land Commissioner and the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers.

(2) Claims by persons or firms for the inclusion of their names in the Final Voting List must be received at least one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors. Claims received less than one month before the said date will not be admitted.

(3) A provisional list of persons and firms duly qualified to vote in accordance with the Land Regulations will be published by the Secretary on or about December 20 and a further and final list revised to date will be published by the Secretary as soon as possible after the closing date referred to in (2) above. Publication of these lists will be effected by exhibition of copies in the Administration Building and at all Police Stations, due notice of which will be given in the press. Copies of these lists will also be distributed to Consulates, foreign organisations, bodies and clubs.

Qualifications—Landowners.

(4) There will be included in the Voting List the names of all persons and firms other than those excepted hereunder whose names are notified to the Council by the Consulate concerned as being the registered owners of land within the Settlement, provided such land is of not less than $699.30 in assessed value and whose assessed Land Tax and/or General Municipal Rate amounts to $13.99 per annum and upwards.

(5) In the case of land registered in the name of a deceased person the Executor/Administrator of the estate will be shown in the Voting List as "representative." Votes will be allowed in such cases; as a personal interest if the Executor/Administrator is the beneficiary of the land and as a separate interest if he is not the beneficiary. In the event of decease of the Executor/Administrator there shall be succession of voting rights in respect to the land from Executor/Administrator to Executor/Administrator and so on.

(6) There will be excluded from the list the names of deceased registered landowners in respect of whose estate no satisfactory documents have been produced to establish the identity of the Executor/Administrator.

(7) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of registered owners who have not, at least one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors, paid all Land Tax due up to the end of the year preceding the Election and Annual Meeting of Ratepayers.

(8) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of registered owners who acquired registered ownership of land during the period between January 1 and the publication of the Final Voting List who have not, at least one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors, paid Land Tax for the first half of the year.

(9) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of registered owners who acquired registered ownership of land less than one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors.

Qualifications—Householders.

(10) There will be included in the Voting List the names of all foreigners having sole and independent occupation of premises within the Settlement of an assessed annual rental of $699.30 or above other than those excepted hereunder.

(11) Where the occupancy is separately rated sole and independent occupation is deemed to be held by the person in whose name the occupancy appears in the Council's rate registers.

(12) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of occupiers by or on behalf of whom there have not been paid, at least one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors, all rates due by them up to the end of the year preceding the Election and Annual Meeting of Ratepayers.

(13) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of persons or firms who have commenced occupancy during the period between January I and the publication of the Final Voting List and by or on behalf of whom rates for the first quarter of the year have not been paid at least one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors.

(14) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of persons or firms who have commenced occupancy of premises less than one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors.

(15) There will be excluded from the Final Voting List the names of lodgers, i.e. persons living in furnished apartments in hotels, private hotels, boarding houses and other premises, who depend upon the landlord for essential services in connection with such apartments. The fact that the apartments may be rated furnished does not in itself disqualify the occupier, but to entitle a person to franchise as a householder he must show that he has sole and independent occupation of premises or to part thereof.

(16) There will be removed from the Final Voting List the names of deceased persons and of persons who have vacated the premises which qualified them for the franchise.

(17) Indirect ratepayers must submit claims to be included in the Final Voting List on the form to be obtained from the Revenue Office, a specimen of which is attached. Indirect Ratepayers for this purpose are defined as ratepayers whose names do not appear on the official rate register but who have sole and independent occupancy of premises or a portion thereof and who pay to their landlord who is in fact the registered ratepayer a rental inclusive of General Municipal Rate.

(18) Claims by indirect ratepayers must be signed not only by the person claiming a vote but also by the ratepayer of the hereditament. Indirect ratepayers must submit new claims to vote each year at least one month before the date set for the Election of Councillors.

(19) Claims by indirect ratepayers will not be admitted in cases where permission to inspect the premises is refused; nor will claims be admitted in respect of the sub-division of self-contained dwellings.

(20) Claims by indirect ratepayers will be investigated to confirm:—

(*a*) The foreign nationality of claimant,

(*b*) That the premises concerned are capable of sole and independent occupation and comply with the following requirements:—

(1) Office Premises.—The portion occupied must be clearly defined by walls or partitions and must have an independent doof.

(2) Residential Apartments.—The portion occupied must be clearly defined by walls or partitions and must have an independent door from the landing or corridor. The sub-dividing of parts of apartment suites does not qualify unless there is independent access to the parts.

(3) Shops with Residences or Office Premises Above.—Claims may be allowed in respect of either shop or upper portion. Any sub-division of the upper portion however must conform to the rules applying to the particular type of occupancy.

(4) Godowns. — Portions sub-let must be structurally separate with independent access.

(*c*) That the premises concerned are in fact independently occupied. Evidence should be available of such independent occupation by e.g., the presence of the declarant's name on a signboard on the door or entrance, the production of a current rent receipt or lease in the name of the declarant, etc.

(*d*) That the assessed rateable value of the premises occupied is sufficient to qualify the claimant, such value being calculated upon the proportionate value of

the premises occupied based on the official rateable value of the whole upon which rates are actually paid.

(e) That the interest is separate from any other interest accorded a vote.

Dual Qualifications—Landowner/Householder.

(21) A landowner being also a householder is entitled to be included in the Voting List in either of these capacities for which he may be qualified notwithstanding that he may be disqualified by reason of non-payment of rates or taxes in respect to one capacity.

Shanghai, February 8, 1941.

Certificate of Occupancy. (for voting purposes only)

Instructions

This form is to be used in cases where a vote is claimed by a party paying General Municipal Rate *indirectly* to the Council.

After completion by the claimant and by the party paying General Municipal Rate on his behalf, the form should be forwarded to the Deputy Treasurer, Revenue Office, S.M.C., No. 209 Kiangse Road.

Inspection of the premises by Council officials for the purpose of this claim may be found necessary. The claim will be disallowed if permission to inspect is refused.

Claims in respect of Self-contained Dwellings, Lodging or Boarding Houses and Hotels will not be admitted.

It should be noted that no claim can be allowed unless the proportionate rateable value of the claimant's portion based on the official rateable value of the whole premises is $699.30 per annum or over.

The certificate is in respect of actual occupancies expected to be still effective at the date of the Election and Annual Meeting of Ratepayers. Changes in occupancy occurring after the certificate has been lodged with the Revenue Office and before the publication of the final voting list must be notified immediately to the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue in writing.

---

* I/We the undersigned hereby declare that * I/We am/are of.....nationality and that

* I/We occupy and have sole and independent control of

* Room, Apartment, Office, Shop, Godown, No.....

of the building known as No.....Road at a gross monthly rental

of $.....including General Municipal Rate and the following services:

* Use of furniture, Supply of—Light, Water, Heating, Food, Domestic services, Crockery, Cutlery, Refrigerator, Lift,

and * I/We hereby claim a vote in respect to such occupancy.

WITNESS:

.....
Signature

.....
Signature

Date.....194.....

Name in block capitals.....

**Delete words not applying.*

---

* I/We the undersigned hereby confirm the foregoing particulars of tenancy and certify that the General Municipal Rate paid by * me/us on the premises No.....Road includes General Municipal Rate paid for and on behalf of the occupant.....
(Name)

in respect of the said * Room, Apartment, Office, Shop, Godown.

WITNESS:

.....
Signature

.....
(Signature of Ratepayer)

Date.....194.....

**Delete words not applying.*

Please consult fifth paragraph of instructions above before signing and satisfy yourself that the rateable value of the claimant's portion of the premises appears sufficient to qualify.

NOTIFICATION No. 5406.

ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS POLL & COUNT PROCEDURE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following amended procedure has been approved by the Council and will be enforced in future Elections of Councillors in supersession of the rules promulgated under Notification No. 4924 dated March 17, 1938.

I.—Appointment of Officers.

(1) The two officials appointed in accordance with the Land Regulations to conduct the election shall be informed by the Secretary of their duties and responsibilities in connection therewith. When two places are appointed for the election the officials shall each be in charge of one place.

(2) The Secretary shall inform the other officials appointed by the Council of their duties in connection with the election and shall send to them an extract from Land Regulation No. VIII. wherein their duties are defined.

II.—Rules Relating to the Conduct of the Election.

(1) The Secretary shall provide the officials appointed to conduct the election (hereinafter called the officials) with two ballot boxes, with separate keys, for each place appointed for the election. Such boxes shall be of a design approved by the Council and shall bear a distinguishing number.

(2) The Secretary in his instructions to the officials shall specify the distinguishing numbers of the ballot boxes to be used at each place appointed for the election, and shall specify the day each box shall be used. Each box shall be used on one day only and at one place only.

(3) The Secretary shall provide the officials with one seal of a special pattern for each place appointed for the election. The seals shall be distinguishable by the incorporation in the design of a different numeral.

(4) The Secretary in his instructions to the officials shall designate the seal to be used on specified ballot boxes.

(5) The officials shall return the seals to the Secretary immediately after the close of the second day's poll.

(6) The officials shall transport one ballot box each day to each place appointed for the election and shall in the presence of one of the Scrutineers lock the empty box and seal it with the special seal provided. Such sealing shall be effected in public at the place appointed for the election immediately prior to the opening of each day's poll.

The Secretary in his instructions to the Scrutineers shall designate by name the Scrutineer who is to attend to witness the sealing at each place appointed for the election.

(7) The Secretary shall prior to the election provide the officials with two copies of the final Voting List.

(8) The officials shall at a suitable time before the election forward voting passes to all persons and firms whose names are included in the final Voting List. Such passes shall be numbered in sequence by the printer and be of a form approved by the Council and shall indicate the name of the person entitled to vote and the interest or other qualification by which the right to vote is acquired. One pass shall be issued for each vote.

(9) The officials shall require electors to produce and surrender a voting pass for each vote claimed and shall after checking each pass with the voting list tick the item on the list with a coloured pencil and shall issue to the elector one voting paper as specified in Clause 13 hereof in exchange for each pass verified and ticked on the voting list. A blue pencil shall be used for ticking the list on the first day of the poll and a red pencil on the second day.

(10) The officials shall be empowered to require intending voters to answer all reasonable questions designed to check impersonation notwithstanding that such voters may produce a voting pass.

(11) Duplicate voting passes may be issued by the officials providing the identity of the applicant is established to the officials' satisfaction subject to the procedure laid down hereunder. Such duplicate passes shall be valid only for use at the polling place at which they are issued, or if issued prior to the opening of the poll, they shall be valid at one polling place only, such place to be elected by the applicant. Each duplicate pass shall be clearly marked to show the place for which it is valid.

The officials shall when two places are appointed for the election establish communication between such places by direct telephone. Before a duplicate voting pass is issued to any elector the official to whom the request for a duplicate is made shall telephone the name and qualification of the applicant to the Official-in-Charge at the other polling place and obtain confirmation that the vote claimed has not been exercised there. A record shall be kept in both places in a readily accessible form, of all duplicate voting passes issued at both places.

(12) The officials shall make all necessary arrangements with regard to the places appointed for the election and shall have sole control thereof with power to exclude therefrom any person not qualified to vote or who shall not carry out their reasonable instructions. They shall also be empowered to regulate the number of voters to be allowed in the polling booth at one time in order to avoid overcrowding and consequent inability to exercise efficient control.

(13) The officials shall be responsible for the provision of voting papers on which the electors will mark their votes. Such voting papers shall be of a form approved by the Council. They shall be numbered by the printers commencing from 1 in unbroken sequence and shall be bound in books of 100 papers with perforation to facilitate detachment.

(14) The officials shall be provided by the Secretary with embossing machines for each place of election wherewith each voting pass shall be embossed immediately before issue to an elector.

The officials shall be responsible for the safe custody of the embossing machines and shall return them to the Secretary at the close of the second day's poll.

(15) The officials shall take steps to ensure that all voting papers issued are either placed in the ballot box or returned to them for cancellation. No voting papers shall be removed by the electors from the place appointed for the election.

(16) The officials shall be responsible for the safe custody of the ballot boxes and the keys thereof from the time they receive them from the Secretary until they have handed over their respective boxes and keys with seals intact to the officers hereunder designated to receive them at the end of each day's poll.

(17) Immediately on the close of the first day's poll the officials shall in the presence of one of the Scrutineers seal with the seal provided the aperture through which the voting papers are introduced into the ballot box and shall then forthwith escort the ballot box for which they are responsible to the place appointed by the Scrutineers, who after satisfying themselves that all seals are intact, will deliver a receipt to each official for each box and the key thereof. Such receipt shall specify the box identification number and shall certify that all seals are unbroken. The responsibility for the safe custody of these boxes remains thenceforth with the Scrutineers.

The officials shall then verify the number of voting papers issued by comparison with the ticked items on the voting list and also with the surrendered voting passes and shall then prepare a correct return of all used, unused and spoilt voting papers. Such return shall show the number of voting papers received from the printers and shall indicate the place and day to which it relates and the identification number of the ballot box in which the used papers have been inserted, it shall be signed by the responsible official and shall be delivered to the Scrutineers on the termination of the second day of poll at the place where votes are to be counted. The voting passes for the first day shall be kept distinct from the passes for the second day.

(18) Immediately on the close of the second day's poll the officials shall carry out the same procedure as laid down above in relation to the first day's poll except that they shall escort the ballot box for which they are responsible to the place where the votes are to be counted and hand the box and the key thereof into the custody of the Scrutineers. In addition separate packages shall be made by the officials of surrendered voting passes, of unused voting papers, and of spoilt voting papers. Each package shall be sealed and ticketed to show the quantity and nature of contents and the place from which such packages originate. The voting passes for the first day shall be packed apart from those for the second day.

These packages together with the officials' copies of the voting list, their returns for both the first and second days' poll and their records of duplicate voting passes issued, shall be handed by the officials to the Scrutineers when delivering the second day's ballot boxes into their custody.

III.—Rules relating to the duties of the Scrutineers and to the count.

(1) The Secretary shall inform the Scrutineers immediately upon their appointment of an efficient method of conducting the count and shall supply to the Scrutineers any necessary forms relating thereto. Such method of conducting the count may be adopted, modified or discarded in the sole

discretion of the Scrutineers. The Secretary shall in addition supply to the Scrutineers any forms of their own devising which they may require for the purpose of conducting the count.

(2) One Scrutineer shall witness the sealing in public of the ballot boxes at each polling place in accordance with Part II, Clause 6, of these rules. He shall also witness the sealing of the ballot box aperture at the close of the poll on each day as provided for in Part II, Clauses 17 & 18, of these rules.

(3) The Scrutineers shall as soon after the close of the first day's poll as may be convenient receive from the officials the ballot boxes used at the first day's poll, together with the keys thereof.

The Scrutineers shall provide a place for the safe keeping of these boxes and shall instruct the officials beforehand as to the place where they desire to receive custody thereof.

The Scrutineers, upon receipt of the boxes, shall, after satisfying themselves that all the seals are intact, deliver a receipt to each official for each box and its key. Such receipt shall specify the box identification number and shall certify that all seals are unbroken. The responsibility for the safe custody of these boxes shall thereafter remain with the Scrutineers.

(4) Immediately after the close of the second day's poll the Scrutineers shall transport the ballot boxes which are in their custody, together with the keys thereof, to the place appointed by the Scrutineers for the counting of votes (hereinafter called the counting chamber). They will there receive from the officials:

(*a*) One sealed and locked ballot box from each polling place containing the votes cast on the second day of the poll, together with the keys of such ballot boxes;

(*b*) The returns of used, unused and spoilt voting papers required under Part II of these rules. A separate return shall be made in respect of each of the four ballot boxes;

(*c*) Separate sealed packages, as required by Part II of these rules, ticketed to show the quantity and nature of the contents and the polling place from which they come, containing:

1. All surrendered voting passes;
2. All unused voting papers;
3. All spoilt voting papers;

(*d*) A record from each place appointed for the election of duplicate voting passes issued during the poll.

(*e*) The officials' copies of the Voting List.

(5) The Scrutineers shall, before proceeding to count the votes, examine all ballot boxes and satisfy themselves that the seals thereof are intact and that the boxes show no signs of having been tampered with. Should the Scrutineers not be satisfied with the condition of any box, the attention of the officials and of the Secretary shall be drawn thereto and written records shall be made forthwith by the Scrutineers, before the opening of such box, of the number of the box and of its condition.

(6) All persons other than the Scrutineers and their authorized assistants shall withdraw from the counting chamber before the seals of any box are broken.

(7) The Scrutineers shall then proceed to count the number of voting papers in each ballot box and to check the contents of each such box with the official's return made in respect of such box. Any difference between the contents and the return shall be noted on the return and the contents of the box in respect of which such a difference is discovered shall be kept separate from the contents of other boxes.

Should such difference be subsequently found to be such that it could in the circumstances affect the election of any candidate it may be ignored.

Should there be found to be a surplus of voting papers in any ballot box as compared with the number of voting papers shown by the return made in respect of such box, and should such surplus be such as might affect the election of any candidate, the official's voting list, the return, the surrendered voting passes, and the unused and spoilt papers shall be checked in order to ascertain the error, and the used voting papers shall be examined in order to ascertain whether all are properly embossed. Should the error not be ascertained the Scrutineers shall in their sole discretion decide as to the validity of the poll.

Should there be found to be a deficit of voting papers in the ballot box as compared with the number of voting papers shown in the return made in respect of such box, and should a check of the ballot box, voting list, return, surrendered voting passes, unused and spoilt papers, and used voting papers not disclose any error, the Scrutineers shall assume that the missing voting papers were retained by the voters and not placed in the ballot box, provided the examination of the ballot box referred to in Clause 5 hereof has disclosed no sign of the ballot box and seals having been tampered with. In the event of the deficit being such that it could affect the election of any candidate and should the examination of the ballot box referred to in Clause 5 hereof have disclosed signs of the ballot box or seals having been tampered with, the Scrutineers shall in their sole discretion decide as to the validity of the poll.

(8) The Scrutineers shall then count the number of votes that have been cast for each candidate and shall make a list thereof, and for this purpose they may at the expense of the Council obtain the assistance of a firm of Chartered Accountants to be agreed upon by the Council and the Scrutineers.

(9) The Scrutineers shall reject any voting paper which is not signed as prescribed by Land Regulation XVIII (2), but shall further have power in their own discretion to reject any voting paper which they consider does not clearly disclose the intention of the voter.

(10) The Scrutineers shall immediately on completion of the count furnish the Secretary with a list signed by themselves declaring the names of the nine Ratepayers who have the greatest number of votes.

Such list shall in addition show:
The number of votes cast for each candidate.
The number of invalid voting papers contained in the ballot boxes.
The number of valid voting papers contained in the ballot boxes.

(11) Upon receipt of the result of the poll from the Scrutineers the Secretary shall forthwith arrange for the publication thereof.

(12) The Scrutineers and their authorized assistants shall not disclose the particulars of any voting paper to any person not authorized to be present at the count. The Scrutineers shall warn their assistants accordingly.

(13) The Secretary shall have all voting papers destroyed as soon as shall be convenient after the declaration of the result of the poll, and until they are so destroyed shall not grant to anyone access thereto other than the Scrutineers. Instructions shall be given by the Secretary for the disposal of the officials' returns and voting lists, voting passes and all other papers and documents used in the election and the count.

(14) The Secretary shall take charge of the empty ballot boxes on completion of the count. The Secretary and the officials shall throughout the count remain within call in order that they may be available to the scrutineers for consultation or for the giving of information.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 27, 1941.

INDUSTRIAL TECHNIQUE AND SAFETY CLASSES.

Eastern District.

The Technical Training Section of the Industrial and Social Division of the Shanghai Municipal Council has arranged a course of instruction for mechanics and fitters of the Eastern District in the Spring of 1941. The object of the classes is to improve technique and ensure safety through knowledge. These classes are a continuation of former instruction. The following class has been planned:—

For mechanics and fitters of plants manufacturing machinery for industrial use, a course of seven weeks, two hours weekly Mondays and Thursdays, from 7 to 9 p.m., from March 3 to April 17, 1941, covering the elements of the following subjects: workshop calculations, machine shop practice, electrical installation, machinery installation, and demonstrations in the care of pressure vessels and installation of ventilation systems.

Intending students should make application in writing to the Technical Training Section without delay. Registration will take place on February 24 at 7 p.m., in the No. 3 Eastern Branch Health Office, 133 Chusan Road. First applications received will have first consideration.

A registration fee of $1 per student is payable on registration. The only other expense is the provision of two small photographs for use on the certificate which will be presented at the end of the course to students satisfying the lecturers.

NOTIFICATION No. 5404.

PATHOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL LABORATORIES.

Revised Scale of Fees.

Pathological Examinations.

EXAMINATION of specimens of communicable diseases from cases, contacts, convalescents and carriers resident in the International Settlement are undertaken free of charge. Diseases included under this heading are:—Anthrax, cerebro-spinal meningitis, cholera, diphtheria, amoebic and bacillary dysentery, leprosy, malaria, malta fever, plague, pulmonary tuberculosis, rabies, relapsing fever, scarlet fever, schistosomiasis, typhus, typhoid and paratyphoid fevers.

Examination of specimens for the above diseases from persons not resident in the International Settlement are charged for at the following rates:—

Scale of fees for non-residents of the International Settlement.

1. Cerebro-spinal Meningitis: Microscopical and cultural examination of cerebro-spinal fluid ..... $ 12.50
   of naso-pharyngeal swab ..... $ 20.00
2. Examination of swabs for C. diphtheriae by cultural method ..... $ 10.00
3. Leprosy: Microscopical examination of nasal swab for Myco. leprae ..... $ 8.00

Sputum.

4. Examination for Myco. tuberculosis:
   Direct method ..... $ 8.00
   Concentration method $ 12.00

Blood.

5. Examination of blood films for malaria and relapsing fever ..... $ 8.00
6. Agglutination Tests for enteric fever, malta fever or typhus fever; per test ..... $ 10.00

Faeces.

7. Culture for V. cholerae or organisms of the enteric and dysenteric groups; per test ..... $ 15.00
8. Ova of Schistosoma japonicum, concentration of and search for ..... $ 10.00
9. Concentration of and search for ova (other than ova of Schistosoma japonicum) and cysts ..... $ 15.00

Anti-Rabic Treatment.

Full Treatment $140.00
Contact cases, 15 injections $100.00
Precautionary Treatment.... $ 75.00
Rabies: Animal inoculation test ..... $ 50.00

Anti-Rabic Treatment is given free to bona fide Residents of the International Settlement.

Scale of Fees for General Examinations: Applicable both to residents and non-residents of the International Settlement.

1. Microscopical examination of urine, pus, exudates, sputa, throat swabs, etc., without culture ..... $ 8.00
2. Microscopical examination and cultivation of uncontaminated material, urine, pleural effusion, blood, etc. ..... $ 15.00
3. Microscopical and cultural examination of pus, sputa, throat swabs, etc., and isolation of the organisms present ..... $ 20.00
4. Pneumococci, typing of; Neufeld method ..... $ 10.00
   Mouse inoculation; agglutination and precipitin tests (including above) ..... $ 25.00
5. Tubercle bacilli, guinea-pig inoculation test. $ 50.00
6. Faeces, concentration of and search for ova (other than ova of Schistosoma japonicum) ..... $ 10.00
7. Treponema pallidum Specimen delivered to laboratory ..... $ 9.00
   Taking and examining specimen at laboratory ..... $ 30.00
8. Spermatozoa — examination for motility .....$ 15.00
9. Friedman Pregnancy Test ..... $ 75.00
10. C. diphtheriae. Virulence Test ..... $ 30.00

Blood and Cerebro-spinal Fluid Examinations.
Blood.

11. Platelet Count ..... $ 10.00
12. Red Cell Count and Haemoglobin Estimation (Sahli) .....$ 20.00
13. White Cell Count and Differential Count ....$ 20.00
14. Complete Count, including both the above ..... $ 35.00
15. Combined Wassermann and Kahn Tests .....$ 15.00
16. Blood Matching or Blood Grouping, per donor ..... $ 8.00
17. Coagulation time .....$ 8.00
18. Bleeding time .....$ 8.00
19. Sedimentation Rate ....$ 15.00
20. Precipitin Test for human blood, per stain $100.00

Cerebro-Spinal Fluid.

21. White Cell Count and Differential Count ....$ 15.00

Vaccines and Stock Cultures.

Autogenous vaccine. Preparation of one organism $ 50.00
Each additional organism ..$ 10.00
Cholera Vaccine (1 set) .....$ 2.00
Gonococcal vaccine (polyvalent) per 25 c.c. .....$ 60.00
Gonococcal and Staphylococcal vaccine (mixed) per 25 c.c. ..... $ 40.00
Live cultures (only issued to Laboratories) each .....$ 2.50
Pasteurella Bacterin, per 25 c.c. ..... $ 25.00
Semple Vaccine, per 20 c.c. $ 20.00
Smallpox Vaccine (1 tube, sufficient for 5 vaccinations) ..... $ 1.00
Smallpox Vaccine (In bulk, advisable where many consecutive vaccinations are to be made, one gram) ..... $ 6.00
Typhoid and paratyphoid vaccine (1 set) ..... $ 3.50
Typhoid Endotoxoid vaccine (1 set) ..... $ 5.00
(Special quotations for large quantities of any of the above)

Agglutinating Suspensions.

Bact. typhosum "H & O" 25 c.c. bottle ..... $ 7.50
Bact. typhosum "O" 25 c.c. bottle ..... $ 7.50
Bact. paratyphosum A 25 c.c. bottle ..... $ 7.50
Bact. paratyphosum B 25 c.c. bottle ..... $ 7.50
Bact. suipestifer 25 c.c. bottle ..... $ 7.50
Br. abortus 25 c.c. bottle .....$ 7.50

Wassermann Test.

Antigen, 25 c.c. bottle .....$ 25.00
Ambroceptor, 1 c.c. ampoule $ 5.00

Media.

Trypsin Broth (for blood culture) each flask .....$ 5.00

Histological Sections.

Preparation of section only (per block) ..... $ 10.00
Opinion on nature of section ..... $ 30.00

Water.

Enumeration of B. coli .....$ 40.00
Full Chemical and Bacteriological Examination $ 80.00
(Only undertaken when samples are properly taken and transported).
Personal Examination of Patients.
Personal examination by Pathologist ..... $ 15.00
Consultation with Pathologist ..... $ 30.00

Chemical Examinations.

I. *Blood Examinations:*
*Determination of sugar $ 10.00
Sugar tolerance test .....$ 65.00
Determination of urea nitrogen, creatine, cholesterol .....each $ 16.00
Determination of calcium $ 15.00
Non - protein - nitrogen, creatinine, uric acid ..... each $ 15.00
Van den Bergh test .....$ 10.00
Examination of stains on fabrics, etc. for blood ..... from $ 25.00

*Where a series of estimations are required a reduced fee will be charged.

II. *Cerebro Spinal Fluid:*
Globulin Increase test .....$ 5.00
Determination of urea nitrogen ..... $ 16.00
Determination of sugar ..$ 10.00

III. *Urine:*
Qualitative Examination: (Reaction, Sp. Grav., Albumen and Sugar) $ 5.00
Qualitative tests for acetone, diacetic acid, indican, urobilin, diazo reaction or bile pigment ..... each $ 5.00
Quantitative tests for
a. albumen, urea, chlorides, acidity, sugar or phosphates ..... each $ 8.00
b. uric acid or ammonia nitrogen ..... each $ 10.00
c. total nitrogen ..... $ 12.50

IV. *Faeces:*
Test for occult blood .....$ 5.00
Schmidts fermentation test ..... $ 15.00
Differential estimation of fatty extract ..... $ 30.00

V. *Vomit or Test Meals:*
a. Test for free hydrochloric acid or lactic acid .....$ 5.00
†*b.* Estimation of total acidity and free hydrochloric acid ....$ 10.00
c. Differential estimation of the acids, including free and combined hydrochloric acid, acid salts and total acidity ..... $ 20.00

†Where a series of estimations are required, as in a fractional test meal, a reduced fee will be charged.

VI. *Analysis of Urinary Calculi:* $ 15.00

VII. *Analysis of Faecal Concretions or Gall Stones:* from $ 15.00

VIII. *Water:*
(*a*) Complete chemical analysis (total solids, chlorine, nitrogen as nitrates, saline and albumenoid ammonia, oxygen absorbed, total and permanent hardness with tests for nitrites, poisonous metals, etc. $ 60.00
(*b*) As above if combined with bacterial test ..... $ 50.00
(*c*) Hardness only ..... $ 15.00
(*d*) Analysis for industrial purposes ..... $ 50.00
(*e*) Quantitative analysis of mineral water from $100.00

IX. *Milk:*
Cow's milk: specific gravity, fat, solids-not-fat ..... $ 15.00
Human milk: complete analysis (total solids, fat, sugar, proteins and ash) ..... $ 25.00

X. *Foodstuffs, Liquors, Drugs etc.*
Fees according to nature of examination required.

XI. *General Analysis:*
Fees according to nature of examination required.

XII *Toxicological Examinations:*
(*a*) General qualitative examination $100.00
(*b*) General quantitative examination $250.00
Reduced fees charged where examination is confined to a specified poison.

General analyses and tests are made for the public under the following conditions:—

1.—Applications and samples should be addressed to the Commissioner of Public Health.

2.—The right is reserved of refusing samples which may not be of sufficient public importance.

3.—Where purity of food or drugs, which may influence public health, is in question, analysis may, at the discretion of the Commissioner of Public Health, be undertaken at a nominal fee.

4.—All samples analysed will remain the property of the Council.

5.—The Council will not recognize any claims arising from the results of analysis.

Fees for other examinations and analyses are charged for in proportion to work and skill involved.

In future charges for specimens from Hospital patients will be at full rate.

COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER INEQUALITIES IN TAXATION.

In accordance with the announcement made by the Chairman of Council in his speech at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers, the Council appointed a Committee to consider any inequalities of taxation which in the Committee's opinion exist in the rating of owner-occupied property and tenanted property and to devise practical means for remedying such inequalities as may be found.

Invitations to serve on this Committee were issued to the following gentlemen:—Messrs. C. S. Franklin, J. R. Jones, N. F. Meyers, O. Okamoto and J. H. Sun who have consented to serve.

Mr. J. B. Etherington, a representative of the Shanghai Property Owners' Association was subsequently added to the Committee and consented to serve.

The Council on February 6 announced that the views of representative bodies or individual ratepayers who have studied taxation problems will be welcomed by the Committee.

The first meeting of the Committee was held on February 11 when Mr. C. S. Franklin was unanimously elected Chairman.

At their first meeting the Committee felt that they might be debarred from considering certain possible recommendations in regard to assessments for purposes of General Municipal Rate unless it was made clear by their Terms of Reference that they were also entitled to give consideration to assessments for Land Tax. The Council accordingly enlarged the Terms of Reference of the Committee to read as follows:—

"To consider any inequalities of taxation which in the Committee's opinion exist in the rating of owner-occupied property and tenanted property or in connection with Land Tax, and to devise practical means for remedying such inequalities as may be found."

The Committee confirmed the announcement previously made by the Council to the effect that the views of representative bodies or individual ratepayers will be welcomed. On February 12 the Council issued Notification (No. 5397) which reads:—

"Notice is hereby given that the views of representative bodies or individual ratepayers will be welcomed by the Committee appointed to investigate inequalities of taxation. The names of bodies or persons wishing to appear before the Committee to express their views should be sent to Mr. J. C. Greig, Secretary of the Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation, Room No. 165, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than noon on Friday, February 14. Those willing to put their views in writing are requested to do so as early as possible and in any event not later than Friday, February 21."

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS.

Negotiations have been concluded for the acquisition of the following land scheduled for road purposes:—

Road	*Cad. Lot*	*Area Mow*	*Compensation*
Myburgh & Burkill	369	0.053	$3,406*

*Including compensation for the removal of graves.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The following Table shows the number of pupils enrolled in Council Schools during the current Term.

School	Present Location	No. of Pupils	
Foreign Schools:			
Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys		250	
Western District Public School	282 Kinnear Road	295	
Public School for Girls	10 Tifeng Road	409	
Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Girls	404 Yu Yuen Road	318	1,272
	2 Jessfield Road		
Chinese Secondary Schools:		621	
Public School for Chinese		583	
Ellis Kadoorie Public School for Chinese	25 Mapai Road	457	
Nieh Chih Kuei Public School for Chinese	445 Shanhaikwan Road	422	
Polytechnic Public School for Chinese	100 Kinchow Road	522	2,605
Secondary School for Chinese Girls	57A Great Western Road		
	9 Singapore Road		
Chinese Primary Schools:		527	
Wayside Road School		703	
Cunningham Road School	Lane 660, House 21, Seymour Road	718	
Sinza Road School	199 Cunningham Road	546	
	1461 Sinza Road	120	
Ward Road School	301 Yenping Road	442	
	883 Connaught Road	292	
Kinchow Road School	375 Seymour Road	320	
	100 Kinchow Road	311	4,461
Boone Road School	375 Seymour Road	482	
	29 Singapore Road		
Singapore Road School	29 Singapore Road		
Chinese Night Schools:		207	
Kinchow Road Night School		364	
Wayside Road Night School	Lane 660, House 21, Seymour Road	177	
Cunningham Road Night School	375 Seymour Road	232	980
Sinza Road Night School	199 Cunningham Road		
	1461 Sinza Road		
	Total		9,318

NOTIFICATION NO. 5399.

FIRE BRIGADE CHARGES.

THE charges for Pumping Services referred to in Municipal Notification No. 5245 dated April 25, 1940, are superseded by the charges listed below which will take effect from March 1, 1941:—

1. Within Settlement Boundaries or where Municipal rates are levied and paid:—There is no charge made for the attendance of the Brigade at premises within the Settlement Boundaries for fire extinguishing purposes in or upon properties situate adjacent to Municipal Council roads and in respect of which Municipal Rates are levied and paid.

2. **Special Services:—**

(a) **Pumping Services** (other than at fires).
Persons whose premises have been flooded, or who may desire the services of a Brigade pump for any special reason, may obtain such assistance at the following rates:—

For Appliances.

(i) Heavy Duty Pump:—
$60 for the first hour or any part thereof and $50 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

(ii) Medium Duty Pump:—
$50 for the first hour or any part thereof and $40 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

(iii) Trailer Pump (small):—
$35 for the first hour or any part thereof and $25 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

(iv) Use of minor appliances:
Charge will be made in accordance with the nature of appliances loaned or used.

Note: All damage to appliances on loan or used on behalf of any person or firm will be charged for, unless the damage is proved to have been caused by Brigade personnel.

For Personnel.

Sub-Officer:—
$6 for the first hour or any part thereof and $5 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

Motormen:—
$2 for the first hour or any part thereof and $1 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

Firemen:—
$1 for each hour or any part thereof.

(b) **Testing of Fire Extinguishers.**
A fee of $100 for testing of all fire extinguishers submitted for test and report.
Re-test in the event of appliance having failed in the initial trial to conform to Brigade standards and requirements, $80.

(c) **Testing of Fire Resisting Materials, Paints and Liquids.**
$100 for any one series of tests made at any one time, of such substances or liquids submitted for test and report.

(d) **Testing of Fire Appliances e.g. Sprinkler Heads, Drencher Heads, etc.**
$100 for any one series of tests made at any one time on fire appliances submitted for test and report.

(e) **Miscellaneous Charges.**
Services, other than those specifically mentioned in the above Special Services, will be charged for according to the nature of the work done or service rendered.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 12, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, January 18—February 20, 1941.

Volunteer Corps.—Colonel J. W. Hornby, M. C., relinquishes his appointment as Commandant of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps on February 24, 1941.

With effect from February 1, 1941, Mr. J. Moffat, Senior Assistant Master in the Education Department, is transferred to the Volunteer Corps as Assistant Staff Officer.

Police Force.—Mr. H. Huruya is appointed Assistant Commissioner of Police from February 16, 1941.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from the dates specified:—

R. Woodcraft, February 5; A. Kruse and E. W. Lind, February 10; T. Ostergaard, February 12, 1941.

The following are appointed Assistant Warders on probation from the dates specified:—

B. T. Breva, R. R. Smith and D. Novgorodoff, February 1; J. D. Stefanis, February 7, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant C. A. S. Hill is promoted to the rank of Sergeant from February 23, 1941.

Assistant Warder A. T. Evans is promoted to the rank of Warder from February 1, 1941.

Superintendent J. Mason retires on April 23, 1941.

Probationary Sergeants G. E. Jensen and M. Kisawa are dismissed the Force, services terminating on January 22 and February 7, 1941, respectively.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Mr. D. S. Venn, Clerical Assistant on probation, February 15, 1941.

Mr. C. F. Walter, Office Assistant, August 31, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant A. Gammie, August 5, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant, J. D. Killingbeck, August 5, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant G. H. Reynolds, August 5, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant E. A. T. Reece, August 5, 1941.

Sergeant A. J. Buxton August 19, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant R. L. Bloor, August 19, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant T. H. Crook, August 19, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant J. T. Duffy, August 19, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant W. R. Horne, August 19, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant A. M. MacGregor, August 19, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant L. T. Roberts, August 19, 1941.

Public Health Department.—Mrs. K. B. Parlane and Mrs. M. C. Cady are appointed Sisters from January 1 and February 15, 1941, respectively.

Mr. Chu Ping Kong is appointed Cadet for training as Laboratory Assistant on probation from February 1, 1941.

Education Department.—Dr. H. S. Chen, Assistant Chinese Education Officer, is promoted to be Chinese Education Officer from January 1, 1941.

The resignations of Mrs. E. Mant and Mrs. E. R. Young, Assistant Mistresses, are accepted, services terminating on February 28 and March 15, 1941, respectively.

Finance Department.—Mr. W. H. Helm, Accountant in the Public Works Department, is transferred for service in the Finance Department from February 1, 1941.

Mr. P. Pecaric, Clerical Assistant in the Public Works Department, is transferred for service in the Finance Department from February 1, 1941.

Mr. A. T. Kemp, Assistant in the Volunteer Corps, is transferred for service in the Finance Department as Senior Assistant from January 20, 1941.

Mr. R. C. Lent, Clerical Assistant in the Finance Department, is dismissed the Service, services terminating on January 18, 1941.

Secretariat.—Mr. J. W. Allan, Acting Deputy Secretary, is given the substantive rank of Deputy Secretary from April 1, 1941.

Mr. K. Teraoka is appointed Deputy Secretary from February 24, 1941.

Mr. J. C. Greig, Chief of Section in the Secretariat, is promoted to be Assistant Secretary from April 1, 1941.

Office of the Director of Chinese Studies.—The Council records with regret the death, on February 13, 1941, of Mr. H. Westnidge, Assistant to the Director of Chinese Studies.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during January:—

On January 13 to Messrs. Yuan Feng to erect a canopy over the Municipal footpath fronting their premises at 146 Fokien Road, Cad. Lot 426, Central.

On January 13 to Messrs. Grantown Cabaret to erect a canopy over the Municipal footpath fronting their premises at 33 Ningpo Road, Cad. Lot 81A, Central.

On January 20 to Messrs. Woo Shing Huh Kee Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Public Jetty No. 121 on Markham Road, north of Changping Road.

On January 25 to Messrs. Ta Chong Hsin (Zung Kee) Oil Pressing Factory to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 167 on West Soochow Road, west of Tonquin Road.

On January 31 to The Texas Company (China) Ltd. to utilize a portion of the Council's land on Honan and Foochow Roads for the purpose of extending their service station kiosk.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Workers' Earnings for January.

The following figures show what a worker's family should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in January. Figures for two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A), and the second shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard (Standard B).

	Earnings of Principal Wage Earner	Earnings of Other Family Members (4.6%)	Other family Income (12.7%)	Total Family Income (100.0%)
Standard A:	$65.19	$0.31	$15.00	$108.554
Standard B:	$57.33	$36.57	$13.66	$107.563

Chinese Workers' Cost of Living for January.

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is estimated that a lower standard in January, 1941, involves a cost of living 4.42 times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

Living costs for Chinese workers rose further in January. The general index was 597.19, an increase of 17.49 points or 3.02 per cent. over December 1940. The purchasing power of the dollar dropped from 17.25 in December to 16.75 cents in January. The food index was 674.62, a rise of 13.40 points over December: the rent index 385.26, a rise of 37.07 points: the clothing index 432.44, rising 13.72 points: the fuel index 563.05, rising 11.19 points, and the miscellaneous index, 497.18, rising 23.88 points.

General rise in prices took place despite a turn for the better in the rice situation. Although the average retail prices for the month were higher than the previous month's average, definite lowering of prices was observable from January 9 onward, when new price limits were set by the Rice Price Fixing Committee. Imported rice continued to arrive in large quantities. There appeared a desire on the part of holders to obtain cash. Flour prices rose by 16.16 per cent. as compared with December, resulting in rise of noodle prices by 21.03 per cent. Salted pork, eggs, soy bean oil etc., consumed at festival time rose in price. Prices of vegetables—chin-ts'ai, turnips, spinach, on the other hand fell markedly, as did the price of fresh fish, owing to plentiful supply.

The first semi-annual investigation of rent for 1941 was carried out in January. 34.43 per cent. of the families surveyed have had their rentals increased since July last. The increase for rooms of one-story house was 3.84 per cent; that of two-story house without courtyard, 9.61 per cent; and of two-story house with courtyard, 24.94 per cent. Better houses have shown higher increases in rentals.

A general increase in price was also shown in the items of the clothing group ranging from 0.81 to 15.06 per cent; the increase was heaviest for native sheetings. In the fuel group, coal briquettes have gone up another 5.91 per cent.; kerosene, 11.45 per cent.; and matches, 23.76 per cent. In the miscellaneous group excepting hot water and tea, which remained unchanged, the rest of the items have shown increases ranging from 3.62 to 14.37 per cent. Of the 58 items included in the index, 37 items have shown further rises in prices as compared with December 1940, 15 have shown drops, and 6 remained the same.

INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF SHANGHAI WORKERS

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*1939 Nov.*	*Dec.*	*Jan.*	*1940 Nov.*	*Dec.*	*1941 Jan.*
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	249.63	318.08	337.97	604.97	661.22	674.62
Rent	100.00	282.41	282.41	304.83	348.19	348.19	385.26
Clothing	100.00	215.26	223.08	240.77	377.69	418.72	432.44
Fuel and Light	100.00	305.61	351.96	374.25	540.74	551.84	563.03
Miscellaneous	100.00	209.35	226.85	255.87	458.00	473.30	497.18
General Index	100.00	254.54	304.06	325.44	540.62	579.70	597.19
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	39.29	32.89	30.73	18.50	17.25	16.75
Percentage Inc. or Dec. as Compared with 1936 (+) or (−)		−60.71	−67.11	−69.27	−81.50	−82.75	−83.25

RETAIL PRICE IN SHANGHAI

Commodities Food:	*Unit*	*Average 1936*	*Nov.*	*1940 Dec.*	*1941 Jan.*
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade)	Shih*	$ 9.943	81.873	92.744	96.497
Sien Rice (1st grade)†	Shih	9.735	66.877	81.802	84.194
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	77.714	86.884	84.089
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	18.960	21.194	24.619
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.364	.390	.472
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.030	.030	.030
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.030	.030	.030
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.025	.025	.025
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.280	1.280	1.280
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.202	.205	.210
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.220	.233	.230
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.033	.178	.174	.184
Huoh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.320	.293	.274
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.132	.092	.072
Turnips	Chin	.034	.131	.100	.066
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.178	.186	.180
Allium Odorum	Chin	.060	.154	.385	.390
Spinach	Chin	.042	.135	.119	.090
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	1.900	2.000	1.875
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	1.563	1.388	1.425
Salted Pork	Chin	.301	1.471	1.418	1.508
Chicken	Chin	.326	1.800	1.800	1.925
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.620	1.660	1.680
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.933	.830	.707
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	1.027	.994	.967
Fresh Duck's Eggs	Piece	.024	.152	.158	.173
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	.899	.928	1.012
Lard	Chin	.307	1.925	2.000	1.900
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.292	.294	.297
Salt	Chin	.112	.262	.288	.327
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.639	.654	.687
Rent:‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.149	7.113	7.113	7.386
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	9.301	9.301	10.195
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	10.105	10.105	12.625
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (13 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.362	.370	.373
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.397	.426	.457
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.245	.289	.310
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.327	.354	.374
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.437	.493	.517
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.228	.239	.275
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	.146	.491	.583	.547
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.083	.286	.298	.297
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.386	.412	.423
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	1.950	1.963	2.025
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	.800	.946	.959
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	7.579	8.388	8.884
Kerosene	Chin	.136	.468	.454	.506
Firewood	Bundle	.042	.347	.344	.322
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.075	.076	.079
Matches	Box	.0100	.0394	.0463	.0573
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.929	12.167	13.000	14.500
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.186	.187	.203
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.609	.691	.716
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.180	.181	.191
Shao-shing	Chin	.094	.332	.354	.376
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	.718	.807	.923
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.600	1.600
Hot Water	10 Ladle	.017	.100	.100	.100

† Sien rice was not on market since Feb. 1940, quotations given are those of second grade Saigon rice.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien=32 cubic metres. 1 Chin=1.1023 English pounds.

1 Ch'ih=1.0936 English feet. 1 Shih=156 Chin.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR JANUARY.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

The opening of the year 1941 saw further rises in the cost of living of foreign salaried employees. On October 1939 base as 100, the food index for all nationalities rose 10.63 points to 219.39; clothing index, 4.58 points to 198.30; rent, 16.43 points to 162.85; heat, light, water and refrigeration, 4.94 points to 199.26; and the miscellaneous index, 16.64 points to 170.17. The American general index rose 11.45 points to 183.37; British, 10.70 points to 187.08; Russian, 12.23 points to 194.69; and other nationalities, 12.06 points to 193.88. The changes during the month are summarized in the January consolidated index of 191.98 which showed an increase of 11.77 points or 6.53 per cent. over December 1940. The purchasing power of the Chinese dollar was reduced by 47.91 per cent. as against 44.51 in December.

The exchange market was comparatively quiet during the first half of January, but toward the middle of the month, exchange, stock and commodity markets again became active. Exchange rates dropped from January 16 onward. On the morning of January 20, the rate for U.S. currency was quoted at 5 9/32 but immediately improved to 5 9/16 at which level it remained for the rest of the month. Retail prices have been affected adversely.

Rentals rose further in January. Detached and semi-detached houses, apartments and flats, terrace houses, and single rooms registered increases of 14.88, 8.34, 4.19, and 10.34 per cent. over November, 1940 respectively. Municipal rates in the French Concession were increased from 22 to 30 per cent. in January.

A marked rise in prices was shown in the food group; topside steak, chicken, lettuce, French and Lima beans, etc., registered increases of over 20 per cent. and native and Australian flour and B grade milk, 13.33, 18.75, and 10.30 per cent. respectively. Tomatoes and carrots, however, showed a fall of 32.45 and 20.83 per cent. Of the 34 items in the clothing and materials group, 12 items recorded rises ranging from 0.95 to 22.22 per cent. Crepe de Chine alone showed a drop of 9.52 per cent.

In the heat, light, water and refrigeration group, Hongay cobbles rose 3.85 per cent. over last month. Due to mild weather and high prices, demand for coal this winter has not been active. In the French Concession, surcharges on water were raised from 30 per cent. on basic charges to 49. per cent.; electric light from 97 to 103 per cent.; and power for heating from 97 to 140 per cent. from January 26.

In the miscellaneous group, wages for boys were raised 16.69 per cent.; for cooks, 5.45 per cent.; and amahs, 10.83 per cent. Tram fares in the International Settlement and tram and bus fares in the French Concession were raised on January 26 and taxicab fares on January 1. Admission fees in cinema houses advanced from $1.40 to $1.80 in first-run theatres and from 60 to 80 cents in second-run houses.

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American			British		
		1940		1941	1940		1941
		Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	180.91	187.98	193.07	192.33	199.41	207.50
Clothing & Materials	100.00	195.43	195.84	200.60	196.83	198.09	203.26
Rent	100.00	148.81	148.81	169.71	147.47	147.47	162.01
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	192.81	193.68	198.89	199.08	199.15	203.85
Miscellaneous	100.00	143.40	145.55	163.07	151.31	154.72	171.40
General Index	100.00	169.36	171.92	183.37	173.55	176.38	187.08

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian			Other Nationalities		
		1940		1941	1940		1941
		Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	204.79	216.11	228.86	198.89	208.42	218.63
Clothing & Materials	100.00	184.59	185.67	189.82	206.03	206.91	211.88
Rent	100.00	143.45	143.45	159.77	151.57	151.57	169.40
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	190.85	192.89	198.08	190.99	191.94	196.50
Miscellaneous	100.00	148.70	154.66	171.14	147.91	151.51	168.24
General Index	100.00	177.18	182.46	194.69	177.74	181.82	193.88

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated		
		1940		1941
		Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
General Indices				
American	100.00	169.36	171.92	183.37
British	100.00	173.55	176.38	187.08
Russian	100.00	177.18	182.46	194.69
Other Nationalities	100.00	177.74	181.82	193.88
Consolidated Index	100.00	175.95	180.21	191.98
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	56.83	55.49	52.09

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Dec.	1941 Jan.
				$	$	$
1	**Food Group:**					
1	Bread — White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	.78	.78
2	Bread — White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	.78	.78
3	Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	.76	.77
4	Bread — Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.44	.49
5	Bread — Russian white—Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.45	.49
6	Bread — Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.28	.33
7	Flour — Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.48	.57
8	Flour — Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.45	.51
9	Corn flour—Canary	pk.	1 lb.	.68	.93	.89
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.10	1.12
11	Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	3.38	3.48
12	Rolled oats — Loose	lb.		.44	.74	.83
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.61	.62
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	.86	.90
15	Beef — Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	3.38	3.49
16	Beef — Rump steak	lb.		.65	1.96	2.19
17	Beef — Topside steak	lb.		.63	1.98	2.38
18	Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	2.46	2.23
19	Beef — Rib roast	lb.		.60	2.23	2.23
20	Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	2.40	2.60
21	Soup meat	lb.		.35	1.20	1.43
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	1.29	1.53
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	1.21	1.32
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	1.87	1.90
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.37	1.36
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	3.37	3.88
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	2.41	2.63
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	1.95	2.16
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	1.52	1.84
30	Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.18	.20
31	Egg — Duck	pc.		.08	.16	.18
32	Fish — Herring	lb.		.48	.66	.70
33	Fish — Salmon	lb.		.52	1.74	1.76
34	Fish — Mandarin	lb.		.79	1.57	1.65
35	Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	1.23	1.33
36	Fish — Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	.76	.75
37	Fish — Yellow	lb.		.34	.70	.74
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	1.85	2.43
39	Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.27	.37
40	Potatoes — Sweet	lb.		.06	.18	.19
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.17	.17
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.19	.23
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.09	.10
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.55	.56
45	Beans — French	lb.		.14	.98	.73
46	Beans — Lima	lt.		.33	.53	.69
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.51	1.02
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.24	.19
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.25	.27
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.26	.24
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	4.20	4.45
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½ oz.	1.10	1.84	1.86
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 12 16 oz.	2.98	3.75	3.75
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.90	3.07	3.06
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	.51	.59
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.44	.40
58	Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.28	.52	.60
59	Oranges — Mandarin	lb.		.35	.58	.62
60	Lemons	pc.		.08	.63	.63
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	.74	.81

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Dec.	1941 Jan.
				$	$	$
1	**Food Group:—Continued**					
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.30	1.23
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.23	1.25
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb.	1.24	1.57	1.55
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.46	1.58
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.55	1.52
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	6.74	6.88
68	Margarine — Vitasyna	lb.		1.28	2.27	2.25
69	Margarine — Palm	lb.		1.28	2.27	2.25
70	Milk — Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.00	1.00
71	Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.68	.75
72	Milk — Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	.85	.88
73	Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	4.65	4.80
74	Cheese — Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.40	2.40
75	Cream — Sour	lb.		1.50	3.10	3.10
76	Cream — Table	pint		2.64	4.80	4.80
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	1.63	1.75
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	2.96	2.99
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	2.95	2.98
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	6.40	6.24
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.17	.17
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	.86	.85
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.88	1.89
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	6.67	6.79
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.59	.60
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.26	1.24
87	Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.76	.79
88	Sugar — Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.60	.64
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.78	.87
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.12	1.12
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.19	1.41
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.00	2.03
93	Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	16.78	17.41
94	Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	5.83	6.05
95	Coffee — Mocha	1 lb.		2.08	2.56	2.68
96	Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	3.73	3.76
97	Cocoa — Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	5.76	5.74
98	Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	2.89	2.97
99	Tea — Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	4.54	4.49
100	Pineapple Juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	1.45	1.48
101	Tomato Juice—Libby's	tin	tall No. 2	1.43	1.79	1.77
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	3.76	3.76
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	2.45	2.50
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.32	5.29
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	1.90	1.90
106	Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.46	1.47
107	Cigarettes — Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.77
108	Cigarettes — Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.18	1.27
109	Cigarettes — Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.33	1.34
II	**Clothing and Materials Group:**					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	59.50	59.50
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	29.50	29.50
112	Vyella—T T T	yd.		9.75	16.69	17.44
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	19.50	19.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	15.13	15.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	10.50	9.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	8.50	8.50
117	Marsarelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.		.58	1.62	1.62
118	Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	7.90	8.36
119	Shirt — White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	5.50	5.50
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	4.70	4.70

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI—(*Continued*)

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Dec.	1941 Jan.
II	CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121	Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122	Slip — Silk	pc.		10.00	11.00	11.00
123	Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	25.00	25.00
124	Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½"—11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	3.80	3.80
125	Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	2.30	2.30
126	Shoes — Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	54.90	54.90
127	Shoes — Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128	Shoes — Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	15.90	15.90
129	Silk stockings — Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	18.00	22.50
130	Silk stockings — Swallow	pr.		2.15	3.55	3.55
131	Silk stockings — Pagoda	pr.		5.50	8.25	8.25
132	Socks — Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.28	1.33
133	Socks — Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	12.10	12.10
134	Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	29.50	29.50
135	Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	13.50	13.50
136	Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.15	1.15
137	Knitting wools — Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	32.60	34.43
138	Knitting wools — Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	20.00	20.19
139	Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	.70	.70
140	Laundry — Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.25	.28
141	Laundry — Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.15	.16
142	Dry cleaning — A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	2.25	2.75
143	Dry cleaning — B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	1.75	2.00
111	RENT (2) GROUP:					
144	Detached & semi-detached	std. rm. (3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	28.77	33.05
145	Apartment of flat	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.59	38.48	41.69
146	Terrace house	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	24.11	25.12
147	Single room	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.58	48.07	53.04
148	Municipal rates — International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	27.00	27.00
149	Municipal rates — International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	24.00	24.00
150	Municipal rates — French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	22.00	30.00
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151	Electric — Light — Inter. — Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.440	.440
152	Electric — Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.191	.191
153	Electric — Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.359	.362
154	Electric — Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.110	.116
155	Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.0774	.0774
156	Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		168.00	263.85	274.00
157	Coal briquettes	100 chin(5)		3.75	8.39	8.89
158	Kerosene—Crown—Yin Fou	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	31.36	34.36

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1940 Dec.	1941 Jan.
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159	Water — Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160	Water — French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.1593	.1651
161	Ice	100 lb.		1.00	2.50	2.50
V.	MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162	Bus — Inter. Settlement	permi.		.0435	.0723	.083
163	Bus — French Concession	permi.		.040	.070	.070
164	Tram-let — Inter. Settlement	permi.		.0311	.0502	.0536
165	class — French Concession	permi.		.040	.051	.051
166	Taxicab	20mi n		2.20	2.70	3.60
167	Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	3.10	3.40
168	Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	8.21	11.64
169	Newspapers — North China Daily News (6)	p.mon.		3.00	7.00	7.00
170	Newspapers — Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171	Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172	Movie — Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.40	1.60
173	Movie — Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.60	.70
174	Wages — Boy	p.mon.		25.61	40.98	47.82
175	Wages — Cook	p.mon.		30.25	46.45	48.96
176	Wages — Amah	p.mon.		19.15	31.30	34.69
177	Lotion — Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	4.43	4.47
178	Lotion — Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	10.25	10.25
179	Face cream — Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.07	4.63
180	Face cream — Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.80	4.93	5.03
181	Face power—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	6.58	6.70
182	Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	2.09	2.05
183	Tooth paste — Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	1.75	1.77
184	Tooth paste — Sincere's	tube		.25	.37	.37
185	Razor blades — Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	4.17	4.21
186	Razor blades — Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	2.07	2.09
187	Toilet paper — Red Ball	roll		.34	.70	.78
188	Toilet paper — Pagoda	roll		.64	1.07	1.13
189	Toilet paper — Fan	roll		.45	.84	.90
190	Soap — Lever Health	cake		.15	.27	.27
191	Soap — Lux	cake		.32	.45	.46
192	Soap — Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	.66	.67
193	Soap — Ivory	cake		1.24	1.65	1.68
194	Soap — Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	.92	.93
195	Cleanser — Lion	tin	1 4 oz.	.19	.31	.31
196	Cleanser — Beauty	tin		.07	.13	.14
197	Match—Phoenix	pkge.	10 box.	.23	.50	.65
198	Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.10	.75	.79
199	Saucepan Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	22.40	22.55
200	Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	22.50	22.50
201	Shoe polish — Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.32	1.37
202	Shoe polish — Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.53	.54
203	Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.20	2.24
204	Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.35	2.34
205	Hair cut — A			.70	.90	1.10
206	Hair cut — B			.40	.70	.77

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 chin=110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, January 25, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	1	0
Diphtheria	4	0	8	4
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	9	2	34	39
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	4	4
Paratyphoid Fever	0	1	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	0	0	3	3
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	3	3
Influenza	6	2	1	1
Malaria	0	0	1	1
Measles *	0	0	14	8
Typhus Fever	7	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	7	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		9		772
Total Deaths from all Causes		14		836

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, February 1, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	0	0
Diphtheria	1	1	13	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	1
Tuberculosis	3	3	58	53
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	2	0	17	16
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	6	0	7	7
Bacillary Dysentery	1	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	4	3
Influenza	1	0	2	2
Malaria	1	1	0	0
Measles	2	0	8	4
Typhus Fever	2	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	3	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		10		847
Total Deaths from all Causes		15		935

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, February 8, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	3	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	1	0
Diphtheria	5	0	12	4
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	8	4	87	86
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	37	35
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	2	1
Amoebic Dysentery	0	0	6	6
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	3	2
Influenza	2	0	7	7
Malaria	0	0	1	1
Measles	1	0	16	13
Typhus Fever	7	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	6	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		6		1168
Total Deaths from all Causes		10		1314

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 67,000).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, February 15, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	2	0	11	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	0
Tuberculosis	9	2	95	75
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	0	21	19
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	2	0	2	2
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	5
Influenza	4	0	0	0
Malaria	1	0	0	0
Measles	12	0	28	13
Typhus Fever	4	1	4	1
Relapsing Fever	1	0	5	3
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		983
Total Deaths form all Causes		13		1105

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, February 22, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese Cases notified	Chinese Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	2	0	13	4
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	3	0
Tuberculosis	5	1	88	69
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	0	40	38
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	0	0	3	3
Bacillary Dysentery	3	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	4	2
Influenza	2	0	4	4
Malaria	0	0	1	1
Measles	5	1	23	16
Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	9	2
Encephalitis Lethargica	0	0	1	1
Deaths from Non-Communicable Diseases and Other Causes		20		921
Total Deaths from all Causes		22		1062

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 67,000).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES. PAHSIENJAO CEMETERY—SURPLUS LAND.

French Concession.

A portion of B. C. Lot 813, Cadastral Lot 418, measuring Mow 2.150, has been sold for a sum of $130,290.

ORCHESTRA AND BAND COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP.

The Council has accepted with regret the resignation from the Orchestra and Band Committee of Mrs. Ryuko Miyoshi, on account of her departure for Japan, and has conveyed its gratitude for the valuable services rendered by her in the interests of the Municipal Orchestra and Band.

NOTIFICATION No. 5403. HOTEL, RESTAURANT, TAVERN AND BEER LICENCES.

Notice is hereby given that a Committee of the Council, sitting as a Licensing Committee, will hold session in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, on Friday, March 21, at 4.30 p.m. to decide upon the number and locality of Hotels, Restaurants, Taverns and Beer-Sellers (for consumption on premises) to be licensed during the ensuing year.

Applications for new licences and in respect of all existing interim licences, which will expire on March 31, must be forwarded to the undersigned on or before March 7. Applications received after that date will not be considered.

Thereafter, by public notification, an opportunity will be afforded to the public to protest against or support before the Licensing Committee the issue or renewal of any licence.

Forms of application are obtainable at the Revenue Office, Administration Building.

No new licences other than interim licences will be issued during the twelve months ensuing and until the next annual session of the Licensing Committee.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 26, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5387.

VOTING TICKETS.

NOTICE is hereby given that new voting tickets are being forwarded by post on Monday, February 3, to ratepayers entitled to vote at the adjourned Special Meeting of Ratepayers to be held in the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on Wednesday, February 5, 1941, at 2.30 p.m.

Admittance to the meeting will be restricted to ratepayers in possession of the new voting tickets which is green in colour to distinguish it from the white voting ticket previously issued.

Ratepayers who have not received their tickets by 2 p.m. on Tuesday, February 4, at the latest, are requested to communicate with the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, No. 209 Kiangse Road, Tel. No. 12810-ext. 29.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 30, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5397.

COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE INEQUALITIES OF TAXATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the views of representative bodies or individual ratepayers will be welcomed by the Committee appointed to investigate inequalities of taxation. The names of bodies or persons wishing to appear before the Committee to express their views should be sent to Mr. J. C. Greig, Secretary of the Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation, Room No. 165, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than noon on Friday, February 14. Those willing to put their views in writing are requested to do so as early as possible and in any event not later than Friday, February 21.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 12, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5398.

OLD CAST IRON.

FOR sale by tender 300 tons of Old Cast Iron. Deposit—$1,000. Closing date—February 21, 1941. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 12, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the S.M.P. Headquarters.		
642	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P. for the month of April, 1941:—		March 17, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish and Game	$100	
	" "B" Vegetables and Fruit	$100	
	" "C" Groceries	$100	
	" "D" Bread	$100	
	" "E" Fresh Milk	$100	
643	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P.	$100	March 17, 11 a.m.
	PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works, Room No. 133, Administration Building.		
41/21	Picks, Shovels and Spades		April 24, 1941, 11 a.m.

TENDERS RECEIVED.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/53 (February 7, 1941). Sale of Cast Iron.

No tender has been accepted.

Police Force. Tender No. 640. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police for the month of March, 1941.

No tender has been accepted.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/54. Sale of 1,000 Mild Steel Channels nominal size 250 x 80 mm. (9-⅞" x 3.1/8") x 19.3 lbs. in lengths of 19'6" to 20'0".

No tender has been accepted.

TENDERS ACCEPTED.

Police Force. Tender No. 641. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of March, 1941.

Dombey & Son $4.33 per man per day including fresh milk and bread.

Police Force. Tender No. C. L. 76. The contracts for supply of Printing Machinery for Municipal Gaol Printing Department have been awarded to the Ault & Wiborg Co. (Far East) and Messrs. Linotype and Machinery Ltd.

TENDERS ACCEPTED—*(Continued)*

Police Force. Tender No. 69A. Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section for a period of 3 months from March 1. 1941.

	Z. S. Waung	Hong Lee & Co.		Z. S. Waung	Hong Lee & Co.
Bean Oil		$1.00 per lb.	Orange (Chinese)	$0.70	per lb.
Beef (2nd Grade)		1.50 „ „	Ox Liver		$1.30 „ „
Cabbage		0.04 „ „	Pork (2nd Grade)		1.35 „ „
Fish, salt		0.33 „ „	Salt		0.28 „ „
Lard		1.45 „ „	Tea		2.00 „ „
Milk, Grade "B"	$0.49	„ pint	Lamp Oil		1.10 „ „
Onions	0.30	„ lb.	Turnips		0.04 „ „

Police Force. Tender No. 69B. Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section for a period of 3 months from March 1, 1941.

	Hong Lee & Co.		Z. S. Waung	Hong Lee & Co.
Barley	$1.00 per lb.	Milk (Grade "B")	$0.49	per pint
Beef (1st Grade)	1.70 „ „	Oatmeal		$0.84 „ lb.
Bread	0.54 „ „	Onions	0.30	„ „
Cabbage	0.08 „ „	Pepper		1.00 „ bot.
Chili Powder	1.50 „ „	Pork (1st Grade)		1.45 „ lb.
Cocoa	4.00 „ „	Potatoes	0.32	„ „
Fish, Fresh	0.55 „ „	Rice		0.55 „ „
Fish, Salt, Russian	1.75 „ „	Salt, (Cooking)		0.28 „ „
Flour	0.55 „ „	Sesame Oil		1.10 „ „
Fruit, Fresh	0.60 „ „	Suet	0.90	„ „
Green Beans	0.42 „ „			

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/51. Alterations and additions to proposed Foreign Isolation Hospital, 63 Great Western Road.

Cheng Tai & Co. $12,370

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/53 (Re-invited-February 21, 1941). Sale of Cast Iron.

Far East Trading Syndicate $0.40 per lb.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1941 1831

NOTICE.

The following is published by authority of the Treaty Power Consuls:

The Notice dated February 7, 1941, stating that Wednesday and Thursday, April 2 and 3, 1941, are fixed upon for the election of Councillors and a Land Commissioner for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai for the Municipal Year 1941 is hereby cancelled.

The Foreign Treaty Consuls, in pursuance of the respective provisions of Articles IX and VIA of the Land Regulations for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai, hereby give notice that Wednesday and Thursday, April 9 and 10, 1941, are fixed upon for the election of Councillors and for the election, by registered owners of land in the Foreign Settlement, of a Land Commissioner for the Municipal Year 1941.

Nomination papers must be delivered to the Secretary and Commissioner General, Shanghai Municipal Council, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than 12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, April 1, 1941.

(Sgd.) POUL SCHEEL,
Consul General for Denmark and Senior Consul.

Shanghai, March 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5414.
FINAL VOTING LIST.

NOTICE is hereby given that the final Voting List published under the provisions of Land Regulation XIX of persons duly qualified to vote at the Election of Members of Council and the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers, revised and corrected to March 2, 1941, in accordance with Municipal Notification No. 5394, dated February 7, 1941, is exhibited in the lobby of the Council Chamber, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, and at all Police Stations, where it is available for inspection by interested ratepayers.

Copies to be exhibited in Consulates, foreign national organisations, bodies and clubs may be obtained upon application to the Deputy Treasurer—Revenue, Revenue Office, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, (Telephone 12810 Extension 29), to whom all enquiries concerning the Voting List should be addressed.

Enquiries in regard to the Voting List should not be addressed to the Secretariat.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 24, 1941.

CEMETERY FOR JEWISH INDIGENTS.

The Council has allotted Cad. Lot 6087, Point Road, measuring 2.487 *mow*, free of charge to the Jewish Community for use as a Cemetery for Jewish indigents to be administered by that community at their own expense.

ANNUAL REPORT.

Voting ratepayers desirous of having copies of the Annual Report forwarded to them are requested to notify the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, 209 Kiangse Road, by letter, marking the envelope "Annual Report".

NOTIFICATION No. 5415.
DANCING SALOON AND TAVERN.

The issue of a Dancing Saloon and an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Fritz Spirs of 2-4 Yuenchang Road in respect of the premises No. 1026 Broadway East is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, April 7, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5402.
ROAD PLANS—1941.

NOTICE is hereby given that plans showing new roads, extension and widening of existing roads, and extension of lands already occupied by public works and for purposes of sanitation in the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai are now open to inspection at the offices of the Public Works Department, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

Landowners and agents are reminded that proprietors have the right, for three months after the publication of notice that the plans are open to inspection, to protest in writing against any proposed roads, extension and widening of roads or extension of public works or establishment of sanitary buildings or works, therein scheduled.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5407.
COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE NEW FORMS OF TAXATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the views of representative bodies or individual ratepayers will be welcomed by the Committee appointed to investigate new forms of taxation.

Those willing to do so are requested to put their suggestions in writing and forward them as early as possible to Mr. J. W. C. Allan, Secretary of the Committee Investigating New Forms of Taxation, Room 155, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 28, 1941.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road,

from
Tuesday, April 1,
to
Saturday, April 5,
inclusive.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION No. 5410.
SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY.

NOTICE is hereby given that in view of the shortage of fuel and the difficulty of obtaining a sufficient supply, the Shanghai Municipal Council has agreed that no further applications for power service, i.e. Bulk Supply and Small Power, either for new installations or for additions to existing installations, will be accepted by the Shanghai Power Company until further notice.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 4, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on March 5.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching. Absent: Mr. W. Gockson.

Fortnightly meeting held on March 19.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. W. Gockson and Yu Ya Ching.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Works Committee, February 26.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), B. Chih Chen, G. A. Haley, F. C. Hookham, K. Kuroda, W. J. Lee and G. E. Marden. Absent: Messrs. W. Gockson and Yulin Hsi.

Education Board, February 28.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan (*Chairman*), Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Messrs. Y. Hanawa, Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, Yulin Hsi, Wenchu T. Y. Hanawa and R. G. MacDonald. Absent: Mr. K. I. Loh.

Orchestra and Band Committee, March 3.—Messrs. R. G. MacDonald (*Chairman*), E. F. Harris, L. de Luca and A. S. Potter. Absent: Messrs. Ch. Grosbois, A. Harman, Lee Wei Ning and Prof. B. S. Zakharoff.

Finance Committee, March 7.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, M. Den, Yulin Hsi, G. E. Mitchell, I. Okamoto, H. S. Poulsen, Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Messrs. G. A. Haley, T. Haraguchi, Dr. W. S. Parsons, Mr. T. S. Powell, Drs. Szeming Sze and Y. Tongu. Absent: Messrs. H. E. Arnhold, F. S. Hsu, K. C. Hsu, Li Ming and L. T. Yuan.

Education Board, March 11.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan (*Chairman*), Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Messrs. Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, Wenchu T. King, K. I. Loh and R. G. MacDonald. Absent: Messrs. Victor Hanson and W. J. Hawkings.

Health Committee, March 17.—Present: Mr. G. A. Haley (*Chairman*), Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Mr. T. Haraguchi, Dr. W. S. Parsons, Mr. T. S. Powell, Drs. Szeming Sze and Y. Tongu. Absent: Messrs. F. S. Hsu, K. C. Hsu and L. T. Yuan.

Finance Committee, March 17.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, H. E. Arnhold, Yulin Hsi, G. E. Mitchell, I. Okamoto and H. S. Poulsen. Absent: Messrs. M. Den, F. S. Hsu and Li Ming.

Public Utilities Committee, March 18.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), J. H. Liddell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and Zurtin Zao. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, W. J. Lee, S. Francis Liu and T. K. Tsutsumi.

Watch Committee, March 21.—Present: Messrs. R. G. MacDonald (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, Dr. D. S. Chen, Mr. F. Hoehnke. Absent: Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. W. J. Lee, I. Okamoto, O. Okamoto, Yu Ya Ching and Zurtin Zao.

NOTIFICATION No. 5416.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Good Friday, April 11, on Saturday, April 12, and on Easter Monday, April 14.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 27, 1941.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Appointments:—

Corps Headquarters.—Capt. J. Moffat, M. C. appointed Staff Officer 2—February 1, 1941.

Appointments—Commissions:—

The undermentioned are appointed 2nd Lieutenants with effect from February 22, 1941.

Shanghai Field Company.—Mr. Arthur Cecil Robert Nash, Mr. Finn Berge, and Spr. Hans Petter Berents.

Transfers:—

Captain H. B. Lobb is re-appointed to the Active List from the Reserve of Officers "B" with effect from February 17, 1941.

Captain L. F. Bright is re-appointed to the Active List from the Reserve of Officers "B" with effect from March 10, 1941.

Lieutenant Fernando O. R. Xavier, Portuguese Company is transferred to Reserve of Officers "A" with effect from February 5, 1941.

Resignations:—

"A" Battalion H. Q.—Lt. L. C. Smith resigned his commission—March 3, 1941.

Light Automatic (A. D.) Company.—Lt. W. G. T. Howe resigned his commission—March 13, 1941.

Armoured Car Company.—Lt. J. M. Houghton resigned his commission—March 13, 1941.

Retirements:—

Chinese Company.—Lt. H. E. Yu, retires from the Corps with effect from March 6, 1941 and is granted the retired rank of Lieutenant with the right to wear the prescribed uniform.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.,

Corps Headquarters.—Lt.-Col. G. H. Mann, M. C.—February 5, 1941.

"B" Battalion H. Q.—Capt. W. C. Farnham—February 5, 1941.

American Company.—Capt. W. M. Awad—February 5, 1941.

Portuguese Company.—Lt. F. M. F. Gutierrez—February 5, 1941.

American M. G. Coy.—Capt. J. S. Brenneman—February 16, 1941.

American M. G. Coy.—Lt. C. Melchers—February 17, 1941.

Scandinavian Coy.—Capt. J. E. Rainals—February 19, 1941.

Medical Officers.—Maj. W. S. Parsons—February 1, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B".—Lt. A. T. Wong—February 4, 1941.

Long Service Medal—Awards:—

The undermentioned have been awarded the medal for Long Service:—

Company Quartermaster Sergeant W. C. A. Wolnizer—Active 1927—1933; 1935—1941.

Private Luiz J. Pintos—Active 1914—1918; 1919—1920; 1921—1925; 1934—1940.

SHANGHAI GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The Council has been informed that the Board of Governors of the Shanghai General Hospital has appointed Dr. R. J. McMullen as a Governor of the Hospital, in succession to Mr. J. W. Carney upon the latter's resignation.

NOTIFICATION No. 5413.
HANDCART AND TROLLEY CART LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that licences for Handcarts and Trolley carts for the quarter ending June 30, 1941, will be issued at the Licence Issuing Office, Vehicle Inspection Compound, No. 557 Gordon Road, commencing Friday, March 28, 1941.

The annual inspection of iron and pneumatic tyred handcarts licensed to carry up to 1,000 lb. and 2,240 lb. maximum, respectively, will be carried out at the Ricsha Inspection Depot, No. 808 Seymour Road, commencing March 28, 1941. Licences for the quarter ending June 30, 1941, in respect of such vehicles will be issued only on presentation of the Inspection certificate.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 14, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5408.
CINEMATOGRAPHS AND THEATRES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from March 1, 1941, Cinematograph, the Theatre and Music Hall and the Circus, Fair, Dancing Saloon or Other Place of Public Entertainment Licence Conditions are amended by the addition of the following condition:—

"The licensee shall furnish the Revenue Office, as and when required, with full details of the authorized seating accommodation, prices of admission and number of performances."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5409.
PUBLIC PARKS—SPORTS GROUNDS.

APPLICATIONS for the use of sports grounds at the Parks during the 1941 summer season should be forwarded to the Commissioner of Public Works on or before April 15, 1941. Particulars may be obtained from Room No. 234, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 3, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5388.
LAND TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that Land Tax for the Half-year ending June 30, 1941, is due on February 6, 1941. In accordance with the resolution adopted at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers on February 5, 1941, Land Tax as from January 1, 1941 will be at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent.

Taxpayers are reminded that Land Tax will not be called for but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

SCHEDULE OF RATES, TAXES, DUES AND FEES—1941.

The proposed Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees for 1941 was submitted to the meeting of the Finance Committee held on March 17. It was agreed to recommend adoption of the Schedule and that taxation be levied at the following rates:—

Land Tax at the rate of 1.35 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent.

General Municipal Rate at 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent.

Special Rate at 24 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent.

The foregoing items are at the same rate of levy as approved at the recent Special Meeting of Ratepayers.

Special Advertisement Rate from April 1, 1941 until June 30, 1941 from $0.225 to $0.60 per square foot, and from July 1 from $0.35 to $0.80 per square foot. The proposed increase from July 1 is approximately 40 per cent. over the existing scale, and is consistent with the surcharge imposed in the case of the Land Tax and Rate items above.

Wharfage Dues at the usual established rates.

Licence Fees are scheduled for increases in accordance with the recommendations of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Special Economy Committee, and include the new basis for assessing the licence fees of theatres, cinematographs, etc., namely 10 per cent. of the actual gross receipts subject to audit by the Council; or alternatively a fixed fee based upon the product of a capacity house and so computed as to approximate 10 per cent. of gross receipts. It is proposed that this new method should be applied as from May 1, 1941.

Health Department Fees, such as Slaughter Fees, Animal and Animal Products Testing Fees have been adjusted upwards consistent with the increased costs of operation and control.

Similarly, adjustments have been made in P.W.D. Plan Examination, Permit, and other Fees.

A draft schedule is on display in the Secretariat, where it may be consulted by interested parties.

The Council at its meeting on March 19 endorsed the recommendation of the Finance Committee.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT—1940.

Ordinary Income and Expenditure—The Treasurer submitted a report to the Finance Committee at a meeting held on March 17 stating that in an earlier report he estimated that the budgetary position at the end of 1940 would probably show a combined Deficit of $6,873,690 for the General and Education sections of the Budget.

The actual results are now available and disclose a final combined Deficit subject to audit of $9,084,020 or an increase of some $2,210,330 as compared with his previous estimate of $6,873,690.

The major portion of this difference of $2,210,330 relates to the higher compensatory allowances granted to the staff last December with retroactive effect from November 1, 1940. These additional high cost of living allowances were estimated to cost in the neighbourhood of $1,000,000 a month. In addition the Treasurer has charged to 1940 Account the expenditure incurred in that year relating to the Rate Reassessment Committee. The balance of the excess amounting to the moderate sum of some $120,000 is spread over all sections of the Budget and calls for no special comment.

The actual Deficit of $9,084,020 is higher by $3,510,740 than the budgeted Deficit of $5,573,280 and has been transferred to Capital Account:

	Budget 1940	Actual 1940 (Subject to Audit)	Comparative Increases
Deficit	$	$	$
General	5,063,690	8,392,900	3,329,210
Education	509,590	691,120	181,530
	5,573,280	9,084,020	3,510,740

Extraordinary Income and Expenditure—The actual results for 1940 disclose a Deficit of $1,835,540 to be carried forward to 1941 subject to audit. This compares with a budgetted Surplus of $30,770, or an adverse difference of $1,866,310.

The position, however, may be regarded as satisfactory if it is borne in mind that Capital Account has been burdened as a tentative measure with a Deficit on Ordinary Account that has exceeded the budgetted provision by some $3,510,740.

After discussion it was unanimously recommended that the Financial Statement for 1940, as submitted by the Treasurer, be adopted.

The Council at its meeting on March 19 approved this recommendation of the Finance Committee.

NOTIFICATION No. 5389.
COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign Houses for the quarter ending March 31, 1941, is due on February 6, 1941. In accordance with the resolution adopted at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers on February 5, 1941, General Municipal Rate as from January 1, 1941 will be at the rate of 27 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. and Special Rate at the rate of 24 per cent. plus a surcharge of 40 per cent. Ratepayers are reminded that except in special circumstances rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chambers,
Shanghai, February 5, 1941.

SHANGHAI MEDICAL BOARD.

In inviting Dr. W. E. O'Hara to accept renomination as a member of the Shanghai Medical Board for a further period of two years, the Council has expressed to Dr. O'Hara its thanks for the valuable services which he has rendered on behalf of the community as a member of the Board.

FINAL REPORT OF SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ECONOMY COMMITTEE.

THE final report of the Special Municipal Economy Committe was adopted by the Council at its meeting on Wednesday, March 5. The report is as follows:—

FINAL REPORT OF THE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ECONOMY COMMITEE.

Sources of Revenue.—We endorse and submit our Sub-Committe's final report (previously published).

Municipal Orchestra and Band.—The Municipal Orchestra and Band is one of the few cultural amenities supported by municipal funds. Having considered the accounts and seen preliminary estimates of the 1941 Budget totalling $378,540, we are of the opinion that the Orchestra and Band is organised on an economical basis and that if this amenity is to be maintained by municipal funds no reduction in cost can reasonably be expected.

Only the ratepayers can judge the desire for such an organisation, therefore we endorse the policy of the Council which we understand is to ask the ratepayers themselves to decide whether this organisation should be maintained or not.

London and New York Agents.—We note that this item of expenditure has received the Council's attention many times recently and that following the recommendations of a special committee in 1939 the fees payable to the London agents were considerably reduced as from 1st January, 1940. If these agents are retained, their remuneration cannot be reduced further and as long as the Council has no more British pensioners and British employees as it has now, these agents are necessary. When this circumstance changes, it might be possible to discontinue the services of these agents and we recommend the Council to have this point in mind with a view to liquidating both the New York and London agencies at some future date.

As this report concludes our work, we take pleasure in recording our appreciation of the services of Mr. J. C. Greig of the S.M.C. Secretariat who acted as Secretary to our Committee.

(*Signed*) T. S. Powell *(Chairman)*, Rev. C. L. Boynton, J. D. Carriere, C. C. Gadow, W. A. Hale, Yulin Hsi, J. H. Liddell, I. Okamoto, A. Sadoe, Dr. D. Tirinnanzi, G. Yasui and Yu Ya Ching.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during February:—

On February 14 to Messrs. Hsin Kee Company to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 58 on Soochow Road, East of Chekiang Road.

On February 14 to Messrs. Hsin Kee Company to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 60 on Soochow Road, East of Chekiang Road.

On February 17 to Messrs. Shanghai Flower Pots and Nursery Company to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 68 on Soochow Road, West of Chekiang Road.

On February 26 to The Golden City Company to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 58 on Soochow Road, East of Chekiang Road.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY —FUEL SUPPLIES.

ON March 1 the Council announced that the Shanghai Power Company had informed the Council that fuel deliveries to the Company are now inadequate to meet requirements, being equivalent only to one-half of current consumption. The Company has a reserve stock of fuel equivalent to three months' current requirements which may have to be drawn upon.

In view of the time required to devise and enforce the allocation and/or restriction of the use of electrical energy prior to serious depletion of reserve stocks of fuel, the Shanghai Power Company has fully informed the Council of the precise status of its stocks of fuel, anticipated current receipts and the present requirements of its consumers.

Pending some clarification of the problem, the consumers of the Shanghai Power Company were urgently requested in their own interests to make every effort to reduce their utilization of electrical energy and thereby assist in conserving the available stocks of fuel.

The Council's announcement added that unless relief is immediately forthcoming it will be necessary to ration supplies of electricity in a manner suitable to the urgency of the situation.

The matter was under consideration by a Committee appointed by the Council for the purpose comprising the following gentlemen, Mr. G. E. Mitchell, Sir Robert Calder Marshall, Messrs. F. H. Bordwell, T. K. Tsutsumi, and David Kwok.

This was followed by a communique issued by the Council on March 6 which reads as follows:—

"As has been previously announced, the Shanghai Power Company on February 24 informed the Council that fuel deliveries to the Company are now inadequate to meet requirements being equivalent only to one-half of current consumption. On receiving this report, the Council, as has previously been made known, appointed a small Committee to give preliminary study to the problem of allocation of supplies. This Committee performed valuable exploratory work and made known to the Council the principal points which require decision. The Committee, however, felt that a decision on the principles to be followed in allocating supplies would better be taken by the Council itself which would have to take the responsibility of deciding how best available supplies should be allocated in the interest of the community as a whole.

The whole problem, therefore, came before the Council at its regular meeting on Wednesday, March 5, when there were taken under consideration various proposals for meeting the situation which had been put forward by the Shanghai Power Company.

It should first be made clear that every possible step is being taken and will be taken to obtain increased fuel supplies so as to reduce the interference with use of power to a miniumum. The Council, however, unanimously came to the conclusion that an immediate reduction in consumption is imperative and that in the present circumstances the allocation of supplies must be based only on supplies of coal that are assured. In other words, while every effort will be made to obtain more coal it is felt imperative in the public interest to allocate supplies taking into account assured supplies only.

Independent experts of different nationalities will at once be appointed by the Council with instructions to draw up a comprehensive scheme in conjunction with the Power Company under which supplies will be allocated as they are most needed in the public interest. Without attempting to pre-judge the findings of the experts and merely by way of illustration it can be stated without fear of controversy that there will be universal agreement that a public utility should have a smaller reduction in its supplies than should a luxury trade.

The experts will be asked to classify various industries, etc., in groups based upon the function that they are performing for the community. The experts will then allocate to each group a certain quota of power based upon available assured coal supplies. The experts will make a report to the Council as speedily as possible.

The situation is, however, such that action cannot wait until the experts have completed their work. The Council has, therefore, authorised the Power Company to introduce immediately an interim scheme which it is hoped will receive the full cooperation of the whole community. This scheme will be brought in detail to the notice of the public by the Shanghai Power Company. Its principal features are as follows:—

Every consumer of electrical energy whether small or big is requested in the public interest to limit his consumption to the minimum necessary for essential requirements. All consumers whose established usage of power since January 1, 1940, exceeded 1,000 kilowatt hours will be notified at once that as from the next date when their meters are read by the Company they are requested to limit their next month's consumption to 70% of their established usage. By established usage is meant the maximum monthly consumption between January 1940 and January 1941 inclusive. Consumers who are found to have exceeded the 70% allotment (subject to a minimum allotment of 1,000 kilowatt hours) will be charged for any excess kilowatt hours at a rate which will be three times as great as the rate charged for the 70% allotment. Any consumer whose established usage is 1,000 kilowatt hours or less who shall exceed 1,000 kilowatt hours in any month will be charged for the excess above 1,000 kilowatt hours at a rate which shall be three times as great as that charged for the first 1,000 kilowatt hours. No profit will be made by the Company by this extra charge as the Company will only receive the authorised rates. Any surplus will go to a special reserve to be used as authorised by the Council for the best interests of the consumers.

It should again be emphasized that this interim scheme is purely temporary and to remain in force only until the experts have made their report. It will only restrain use of electrical energy to a limited extent but it is hoped that it will give consumers an opportunity to experiment with restriction."

On March 12 the Council announced that Messrs. N. Maas and R. Toyokawa and Dr. Chennan Li had accepted the Council's invitation to study in conjunction with the Shanghai Power Company the possible allocation of supplies of electrical energy to various classes of consumers in accordance with the supply of fuel available.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE (SPECIALS).

Orders by the D. C. (Specials).

Promotion.—The following promotions are authorised as from the undermentioned dates:—

Sgt. 801 Y. T. Zee to Sub-Inspector on 6 months' probation —11/1/41.

A/S 898 S. W. Chow to Sergeant-11/1/41.

N.C.O's Examination (21st). The following have passed the oral examination for the undermentioned ranks on 23/12/40:—

Inspector.	Sgt.	764	N. Z. Ney
	,,	803	P. Y. Tsao
	,,	888	W. P. Yie
	,,	801	Y. T. Zee
	,,	861	S. T. Tang
	A/S	804	Z. L. Tsao
Sergeant.	S/C	7	O. Taudien
	,,	23	V. Z. Mazuk
	,,	149	E. A. Machado
	,,	292	B. Italiener
	,,	776	K. C. Chang
	,,	786	H. Z. Chow
	,,	821	C. Y. Fang
	,,	845	B. T. Cheng
	,,	16	S. W. Poliak
	,,	99	N. Hasanove
	,,	150	F. A. Sangster (not above Asst./Sgt.)
	,,	295	A. Mahomed
	,,	782	L. Mah
	,,	802	Y. Wu
	,,	822	P. K. Cheng
	,,	918	N. Whay

The following Boards are now appointed:—

Recruiting, Promotion and Disciplinary.—Chairman—Mr. W. J. Gande, Members—Mr. C. Tao and Superintendents Areas and Training.

Recruiting Board.—On being properly proposed and seconded all recruits must appear before the Board accompanied by their proposers.

The Board will meet on the second Thursday of each month.

Application forms to be at Headquarters at least 7 days prior to this date.

Promotion Board.—Will meet on the second Tuesday of each Quarter and Inspectors i/c Divisions will appear on that date together with the candidates.

Inspectors i/c Divisions will forward to Headquarters the names of applicants for promotion at least 7 days before the Board sits.

Disciplinary Board.—The Board will meet when necessary.

VOLUNTARY ENTERTAINMENT LEVY.

The following places of entertainment only are now contributing to the welfare of refugees by collecting and forwarding to the Council the Voluntary Entertainment Tax:—Capitol Theatre, Rialto Theatre, Grand Theatre, Metropole Theatre, Roxy Theatre, Uptown Theatre, and the Wing On Skating Rink.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, February 20—March 21, 1941.

Volunteer Corps.—Lt.-Col. G. H. Mann, M. C., Deputy Commandant, is appointed Commandant of Volunteers from February 25, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with deep regret the death, on February 26, 1941, of Chinese Sergeant No. 342.

For courage and initiative displayed in the arrest of an armed criminal on Amoy Road, Chinese Constable No. 3140 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and efficiency displayed whilst off duty in the apprehension of an armed criminal in a lane off Sinza Road, Chinese Constable No. 2911 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For initiative and determination displayed in an encounter with an armed criminal on Shanhaikwan Road, Chinese Constable No. 1536 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and initiative displayed in a shooting affray with armed criminals on Chengtu, Myburgh and Shanhaikwan Roads, Sergeant A. R. Turner and Chinese Constable No. 3421 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and initiative displayed in the disarming of an armed criminal in a pawnshop on Yunnan Road, Inspector J. J. Gavan and Chinese Constable No. 78 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and initiative displayed in the apprehension of an armed criminal on Canton Road, Chinese Constable No. 1653 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For great courage, tenacity and initiative displayed in a shooting affray with armed criminals in the central district, on Nanking over Nanking, Honan, Kiukiang, Tientsin and Shantung Roads, Chinese Constables Nos. 92, 2121 and 1843 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage, initiative and tenacity displayed in an encounter with armed criminals on Tatung and Shanhaikwan Roads, Probationary Sergeant L. J. Ellis and Chinese Constable No. 264 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Chief Inspectors O. B. Perkins, F. G. West, J. A. McFarlane, A. Telfer, W. Duncan and W. H. Widdowson are promoted to the rank of Superintendent on probation from March 1, 1941.

The promotion of the following is authorised with effect from March 15, 1941:—

To be Chief Inspector on probation.

Inspectors E. Papp, W. T. Ware, S. V. Gash, T. Hill, W. Hutton, E. J. Lees, J. Leslie, and E. E. Williamson.

To be Inspector on probation.

Sub-Inspectors T. E. Wilkinson, W. C. Moore, J. T. Allen, H. A. Moffat, E. A. G. Verschaer, A. G. Tilton, E. Burton, W. Dow, P. T. Goffe, N. Bell, V. I. Ovsiannikoff, B. Makhlaevsky, W. R. Parker, M. H. M. Varndell, A. Prokofiev, M. L. Crowther, N. A. Alexandroff, D. Cormie and J. J. Ross.

To be Sub-Inspector on probation.

Sergeants J. L. Albon, J. H. Weeks, C. Weed, J. H. G. Pitman, T. Dow, A. E. Kyte, J. W. Coleman, W. H. Johnson, H. J. Oakley, V. F. Bojko, S. G. Nadeyeff, J. Beresovsky, C. Frankish, F. C. Carter, W. F. White, R. Phinn, P. A. Woschikoff, J. W. Bellamy, R. Thompson, R. J. Wimsett, P. A. J. Coleman, H. F. Gill, I. B. Williams, R. Eynstone, G. F. Rhodes, F. Peasgood, H. Edgar, D. G. Jones, B. F. Warman, H. R. Cooper, J. Scott, A. F. Jack, J. Scaby, J. H. Bevan, A. E. Cornwell, and S. E. Burt.

To be Chief Inspettor on probation.

Inspector H. Yamaguchi.

To be Inspector on probation.

Sub-Inspectors S. Mitsushima, T. Sugisaki and S. Segawa.

To be Sub-Inspector on probation.

Sergeants T. Yamashita, N. Kamashita, K. Nakamura, F. Urakami, S. Murata, K. Nagamune, Y. Uruma, S. Ando, and G. Tsuda.

The promotion of the following Probationary Sergeants to the rank of Sergeant is authorised with effect from the dates specified:—

A. Wernberg	March 15, 1941
T. H. Crook	March 20, 1941
A.C.P. Abbott	March 25, 1941

Assistant Warder W. G. Eaton is promoted to the rank of Warder from March 1, 1941.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from March 1, 1941:—

C. C. Gioulis, N. S. Alexeieff, A. I. Cheremisin, K. P. Golionko, K. I. Miheeff, N. V. Nikolsky, U. S. Viun, V. L. Volsky and D. V. Yanchevsky.

S. P. Onipkin and D. Greenberg are appointed Cycle Inspectors on probation from March 1, 1941.

Mr. D. L. Blix is appointed Office Assistant on probation from March 12, 1941.

The resignations of Inspector J. C. Dickson and Probationary Sergeant S. T. A. J. Drury are accepted, services terminating on August 31 and August 19, 1941, respectively.

Assistant Warder P. McDonald is compulsorily retired, services terminating on March 3, 1941.

The following Probationary Sergeants are dismissed the Force, services terminating on March 5, 1941:—

S. Arai, T. Ide, K. Inoue, T. Kaneko, M. Kihara, T. Kijima, M. Okuma, N. Yatsushiro.

Public Health Department.—Misses W. N. Kwan, M. Lieu, M. Chi, S. Sun, T. K. Tsao and Y. Y. Lee, Staff Nurses—Chinese, are promoted to be Sisters—Chinese from March 1, 1941.

Mrs. F. B. Hoeppner is appointed Assistant Nurse from March 17, 1941.

Miss A. Kazakova is engaged as a candidate for appointment as Probationer Nurse on trial from March 17, 1941.

Junior Sanitary Overseer V. V. Shick is promoted to be Sanitary Overseer from March 29, 1941.

Public Works Department.—Mr. G. E. Barker, Assistant Engineer, is promoted to be Senior Assistant from March 29, 1941.

Assistant Clerk-of-Works D. C. L. Neubourg is promoted to be Clerk-of-Works from April 1, 1941.

Assistant Inspectors S. Edamatsu and I. Hirayama are promoted to be Inspectors from March 23 and April 15, 1941, respectively.

Education Department. — Dr. Eugene Shen is appointed Assistant Chinese Education Officer on probation from March 10, 1941.

Miss M. L. Rothery is appointed Assistant Mistress from March 17, 1941.

Finance Department.—Mr. E. H. Ezekiel is appointed Assistant on probation from March 12, 1941.

Mr. N. N. Kosloff is appointed Office Assistant on probation from March 1, 1941.

Finance Department — Revenue Office.—Mr. G. Kliene, Chief Assistant, is promoted to be Chief of Section from February 1, 1941.

Messrs. T. H. Walker, A. Pratt and G. A. Johnston, Senior Assistants, are promoted to be Chief Assistants from February 1, 1941.

Mr. L. J. Lopes is appointed Clerical Assistant on probation from March 17, 1941.

Mr. A. P. C. Roliz is appointed Office Assistant on probation from March 18, 1941.

Mr. M. Fukunaga is appointed Assistant Inspector on probation from March 3, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. F. A. de Campos, Office Assistant on probation, is accepted, services terminating on March 31, 1941.

Legal Department.—The resignation of Mrs. A. L. Dodge, Secretary (Female), is accepted, services terminating on February 28, 1941.

Miss M. A. Diniz is appointed Secretary (Female) on probation from March 1, 1941.

Secretariat.—Mr. C. N. Brown, Senior Assistant, is promoted to be Chief Assistant from November 14, 1940.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Council for issue to Chinese employees has been fixed at $36.92 for March.

DAYLIGHT SAVING.

The Shanghai Municipal Council, the French Municipal Administration and the Shanghai Municipal Government have decided to adopt a scheme of daylight saving by which all clocks will be advanced by one hour from midnight, Saturday, March 15. Notice was given of this on March 11.

The Municipal Administrations hope that public and private bodies and individuals will co-operate in giving effect to this scheme of daylight saving which is considered in the best interests of the vast body of the Shanghai public.

NOTIFICATION No. 5406.

ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS POLL & COUNT PROCEDURE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following amended procedure has been approved by the Council and will be enforced in future Elections of Councillors in supersession of the rules promulgated under Notification No. 4924 dated March 17, 1938.

I.—Appointment of Officers.

(1) The two officials appointed in accordance with the Land Regulations to conduct the election shall be informed by the Secretary of their duties and responsibilities in connection therewith. When two places are appointed for the election the officials shall each be in charge of one place.

(2) The Secretary shall inform the two Scrutineers appointed by the Council of their duties in connection with the election and shall send to them an extract from Land Regulation XVIII wherein their duties are defined.

II.—Rules Relating to the Conduct of the Election.

(1) The Secretary shall provide the officials appointed to conduct the election (hereinafter called the officials) with two ballot boxes, with separate keys, for each place appointed for the election. Such boxes shall be of a design approved by the Council and shall bear a distinguishing number.

(2) The Secretary in his instructions to the officials shall specify the distinguishing numbers of the ballot boxes to be used at each place appointed for the election, and shall specify the day each box shall be used. Each box shall be used on one day only and at one place only.

(3) The Secretary shall provide the officials with one seal of a special pattern for each place appointed for the election. The seals shall be distinguishable by the incorporation in the design of a different numeral.

(4) The Secretary in his instructions to the officials shall designate the seal to be used on specified ballot boxes.

(5) The officials shall return the seals to the Secretary immediately after the close of the second day's poll.

(6) The officials shall transport one ballot box each day to each place appointed for the election and shall in the presence of one of the Scrutineers lock the empty box and seal it with the special seal provided. Such sealing shall be effected in public at the place appointed for the election immediately prior to the opening of each day's poll.

The Secretary in his instructions to the Scrutineers shall designate by name the Scrutineer who is to attend to witness the sealing at each place appointed for the election.

(7) The Secretary shall prior to the election provide the officials with two copies of the final Voting List.

(8) The officials shall at a suitable time before the election forward voting passes to all persons and firms whose names are included in the final Voting List. Such passes shall be numbered in sequence by the printer and be of a form approved by the Council and shall indicate the name of the person entitled to vote and the interest or other qualification by which the right to vote is acquired. One pass shall be issued for each vote.

(9) The officials shall require electors to produce and surrender a voting pass for each vote claimed and shall after checking each pass with the voting list tick the item on the list with a coloured pencil and shall issue to the elector one voting paper as specified in Clause 13 hereof in exchange for each pass verified and ticked on the voting list. A blue pencil shall be used for ticking the list on the first day of the poll and a red pencil on the second day.

(10) The officials shall be empowered to require intending voters to answer all reasonable questions designed to check impersonation notwithstanding that such voters may produce a voting pass.

(11) Duplicate voting passes may be issued by the officials providing the identity of the applicant is established to the officials' satisfaction subject to the procedure laid down hereunder. Such duplicate passes shall be valid only for use at the polling place at which they are issued and if issued prior to the opening of the poll, they shall be valid at one polling place only, such place to be selected by the applicant. Each duplicate pass shall be clearly marked to show the place for which it is valid.

The officials shall when two places are appointed for the election establish communication between such places by direct telephone. Before a duplicate voting pass is issued to any elector the official to whom a request for a duplicate is made shall telephone the name and qualification of the applicant to the Official-in-Charge at the other polling place and obtain confirmation that the vote claimed has not been exercised there. A record shall be kept in both places in a speedily accessible form, of all duplicate voting passes issued at both places.

(12) The officials shall make all necessary arrangements with regard to the places appointed for the election and shall have sole control thereof with power to exclude therefrom any person not qualified to vote or who shall not carry out these reasonable instructions. They shall also be empowered to regulate the number of voters to be allowed in the polling booth at one time in order to avoid overcrowding and consequent inability to exercise efficient control.

(13) The officials shall be responsible for the provision of voting papers on which the electors will mark their votes. Such voting papers shall be of a form approved by the Council. They shall be numbered by the printers commencing from 1 in unbroken sequence and shall be bound in books of 100 papers with perforation to facilitate detachment.

(14) The officials shall be provided by the Secretary with embossing machines for each place of election wherewith each voting pass shall be embossed immediately before issue to an elector.

The officials shall be responsible for the safe custody of the embossing machines and shall return them to the Secretary at the close of the second day's poll.

(15) The officials shall take steps to ensure that all voting papers issued are either placed in the ballot box or returned to them for cancellation. No voting papers shall be removed by the electors from the place appointed for the election.

(16) The officials shall be responsible for the safe custody of the ballot boxes and the keys thereof from the time they receive them from the Secretary until they have handed over their respective boxes and keys with seals intact to the officers hereunder designated to receive them at the end of each day's poll.

(17) Immediately on the close of the first day's poll the officials shall in the presence of one of the Scrutineers seal with the seal provided the aperture through which the voting papers are introduced into the ballot box and shall then forthwith escort the ballot box for which they are responsible to the place appointed by the Scrutineers, who after satisfying themselves that all seals are intact, will deliver a receipt to each official for each box and the key thereof. Such receipt shall specify the box identification number and shall certify that all seals are unbroken. The responsibility for the safe custody of these boxes remains thenceforth with the Scrutineers.

The officials shall then verify the number of voting papers issued by comparison with the ticked items on the voting list and also with the surrendered voting passes and shall then prepare a correct return of all issued unused and spoilt voting papers. Such return shall show the number of voting papers received from the printers and shall indicate the place and day to which it relates and the identification number of the ballot box in which the used papers have been inserted, it shall be signed by the responsible official and shall be delivered to the Scrutineers on the termination of the second day of poll at the place where the votes are to be counted. The voting passes for the first day shall be kept distinct from the passes for the second day.

(18) Immediately on the close of the second day's poll the officials shall carry out the same procedure as laid down above in relation to the first day's poll except that they shall escort the ballot box for which they are responsible to the place where the votes are to be counted and hand the box and the key thereof into the custody of the Scrutineers. In addition separate packages shall be made by the officials of surrendered voting passes, of unused voting papers, and of spoilt voting papers. Each package shall be sealed and ticketed to show the quantity and nature of contents and the place from which such packages originate. The voting passes for the first day shall be packed apart from those for the second day.

These packages together with the officials' copies of the voting list, their returns for both the first and second days' poll and their records of duplicate voting passes issued, shall be handed by the officials to the Scrutineers when delivering the second day's ballot boxes into their custody.

III.—Rules relating to the duties of the Scrutineers and to the count.

(1) The Secretary shall inform the Scrutineers immediately upon their appointment of an efficient method of conducting the count and shall supply to the Scrutineers any necessary forms relating thereto. Such method of conducting the count may be adopted, modified or discarded in the sole discretion of the Scrutineers. The Secretary shall in addition supply to the Scrutineers any forms of their own devising which they may require for the purpose of conducting the count.

(2) One Scrutineer shall witness the sealing in public of the ballot boxes at the polling place in accordance with Part II, Clause 6, of these rules. He shall also witness

the sealing of the ballot box aperture at the close of the poll on each day as provided for in Part II, Clauses 17 & 18, of these rules.

(3) The Scrutineers shall as soon after the close of the first day's poll as may be convenient receive from the officials the ballot boxes used at the first day's poll, together with the keys thereof.

The Scrutineers shall provide a place for the safe keeping of these boxes and shall instruct the officials beforehand as to the place where they desire to receive custody thereof.

The Scrutineers, upon receipt of the boxes, shall, after satisfying themselves that all the seals are intact, deliver a receipt to each official for each box and its key. Such receipt shall specify the box identification number and shall certify that all seals are unbroken. The responsibility for the safe custody of these boxes shall thereafter remain with the Scrutineers.

(4) Immediately after the close of the second day's poll the Scrutineers shall transport the ballot boxes with all their custody, together with the keys thereof, to the place appointed by the Scrutineers for the counting of votes (hereinafter called the counting chamber). They will there receive from the officials:

(*a*) One sealed and locked ballot box from each polling place containing the votes cast on the second day of the poll, together with the keys of such ballot boxes;

(*b*) The returns of used, unused and spoilt voting papers required under Part II of these rules. A separate return shall be made in respect of each of the four ballot boxes;

(*c*) Separate sealed packages, as required by Part II of these rules, ticketed to show the quality and nature of the contents and the polling place from which they come, containing:
1. All surrendered voting passes;
2. All unused voting papers;
3. All spoilt voting papers;

(*d*) A record from each place appointed for the election of duplicate voting passes issued during the poll.

(*e*) The officials' copies of the Voting List.

(5) The Scrutineers shall, before proceeding to count the votes, examine all ballot boxes and satisfy themselves that the seals thereof are intact and that the boxes show no signs of having been tampered with. Should the Scrutineers not be satisfied with the condition of any box, the attention of the officials and of the Secretary shall be drawn thereto and written records shall be made forthwith by the Scrutineers, before the opening of such box, of the number of the box and of its condition.

(6) All persons other than the Scrutineers and their authorized assistants shall withdraw from the counting chamber before the seals of any box are broken.

(7) The Scrutineers shall then proceed to count the number of voting papers in each ballot box and to check the contents of each such box with the official's return made in respect of such box. Any difference between the contents and the return shall be noted on the return and the contents of the box in respect of which such a difference is discovered shall be kept separate from the contents of other boxes.

Should such difference be subsequently found to be such that it could in no circumstances affect the election of any candidate it may be ignored.

Should there be found to be a surplus of voting papers in any ballot box as compared with the number of voting papers shown by the return made in respect of such box, and should such surplus be such as might affect the election of any candidate, the official's voting list, the return, the surrendered voting passes, and the unused and spoilt papers shall be checked in order to ascertain the error, and the used voting papers shall be examined in order to ascertain whether all are properly embossed. Should the error not be ascertained the Scrutineers shall in their sole discretion decide as to the validity of the poll.

Should there be found to be a deficit of voting papers in the ballot box as compared with the number of voting papers shown in the return in respect of such box, and should a check of the ballot box, voting list, return, surrendered voting passes, unused and spoilt papers, and used voting papers not disclose any error, the Scrutineers shall assume that the missing voting papers were retained by the voters and not placed in the ballot box, provided the examination of the ballot box referred to in Clause 5 hereof has disclosed no sign of the ballot box and seals having been tampered with. In the event of the deficit being such that it could affect the election of any candidate and should the examination of the ballot box referred to in Clause 5 hereof have disclosed signs of the ballot box or seals having been tampered with, the Scrutineers shall in their sole discretion decide as to the validity of the poll.

(8) The Scrutineers shall then count the number of votes that have been cast for each candidate and shall make a list thereof, and for this purpose they may at the expense of the Council obtain the assistance of a firm of Chartered Accountants to be agreed upon by the Council and the Scrutineers.

(9) The Scrutineers shall reject any voting paper which is not signed as prescribed by Land Regulation XVIII. They shall further have power in their own discretion to reject any voting paper which they consider does not clearly disclose the intention of the voter.

(10) The Scrutineers shall immediately on completion of the count furnish the Secretary with a list signed by themselves declaring the names of the nine Ratepayers who have the greatest number of votes.

Such list shall in addition show:
The number of votes cast for each candidate.
The number of invalid voting papers contained in the ballot boxes.
The number of valid voting papers contained in the ballot boxes.

(11) Upon receipt of the result of the poll from the Scrutineers the Secretary shall forthwith arrange for the publication thereof.

(12) The Scrutineers and their authorized assistants shall not disclose the particulars of any voting paper to any person not authorized to be present at the count. The Scrutineers shall warn their assistants accordingly.

(13) The Secretary shall have all voting papers destroyed as soon as shall be convenient after the declaration of the result of the poll, and until they are so destroyed shall not grant to anyone access thereto other than the Scrutineers. Instructions shall be given by the Secretary for the disposal of the officials' returns and voting lists, voting passes and all other papers and documents used in the election and the count.

(14) The Secretary shall take charge of the empty ballot boxes on completion of the count. The Secretary and the officials shall throughout the count remain within call in order that they may be available to the scrutineers for consultation or for the giving of information.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 27, 1941.

SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ECONOMY COMMITTEE.

The Chairman of Council has sent the following letter of appreciation to (The Rev. C. L. Boynton, Messrs. J. D. Carriere, C. G. Gadow, W. A. Hale, Yulin Hsi, J. H. Liddell, I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, A. Sadoc, Dr. D. C. Trinanzi, Messrs. G. Tasui and Yu Ya Ching) members of the Special Municipal Economy Committee:—

"I have to convey to you the Council's very sincere and grateful thanks for the strenuous work that you have done for the community as a member of the Municipal Economy Committee which has now completed its work.

I am informed that there have been seventy-nine meetings of either the full Committee or its Sub-Committees. My colleagues and I are fully aware of the volume of work that your Committee has undertaken. The exhaustive investigation into all municipal activities which you have carried out, and the reports that you have issued, will be of permanent value to the Council.

May I be allowed to say that I hope that you will feel some satisfaction in the fact that all your reports have been unanimous and all have been adopted by the Council. It should be a source of pride to this international community that unanimity of this kind is possible in an international Committee at this difficult period in world history."

The Chairman of Council has also addressed letters of appreciation to Dr. D. S. Chen and Mr. R. Toyokawa, members of the Terms of Service Sub-Committee; Mr. S. Okano, member of the W.D. and Fire Brigade Sub-Committee; and Mr. N. Yano, member of the Legal Department and Library Sub-Committee of the Special Municipal Economy Committee.

ORCHESTRA AND BAND COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP.

The Council has accepted with regret the resignation from the Orchestra and Band Committee of Mrs. Ryuko Miyoshi, on account of her departure for Japan, and has conveyed its gratitude for the valuable services rendered by her in the interests of the Municipal Orchestra and Band.

MUNICIPAL BUDGET FOR 1941.

The individual estimates of Municipal Departments having been reviewed and approved by the relevant departmental Committees, the Treasurer presented for the consideration of the Finance Committee at its meeting on Monday, March 17, the Complete Budget of Ordinary Income and Expenditure for 1941.

In his report the Treasurer reminded members that the basis of increased taxation assessed last December for submission to the Ratepayers in Special Meeting was designed to achieve a balanced working budget for the year 1941. The realization of this expectation has unfortunately been disturbed by certain influences which he cited briefly as follows:—

1. The larger number of employees exercising their option to take long leave during 1941 than had been anticipated when this privilege was reinstituted;
2. The necessity for raising a blanket appropriation to cover the additional cost of Police personnel seconded for duty in the newly constituted Joint Police Force in the Western Extra-Settlement Area; and
3. The necessity for providing additional funds to cover impending revisions in the pay and allowances of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment.

Remedial measures have been taken to rectify the position as far as it has been practicable to do so and action has been taken to provide for necessary additional expenditure within the narrowest possible compass. These measures consist primarily of:—

1. A revision of revenue prospects in the light of more recent information.
2. The inclusion of a million dollars revenue in Ordinary Income—Miscellaneous—in anticipation of sales of surplus scrap metal held by the Public Works Department following the replacement of Metal Manhole and Drain covers by Concreteware ones.
3. An adjustment of the Long Leave appropriations in the Police Force estimates to reflect the lower number of employees that it is now anticipated will be able to leave Shanghai as compared with the original estimates.

Major items relating to the revised Income and Expenditure estimates were outlined in comparative statements accompanying the report.

A net Deficit on the Ordinary Budget of some $792,100 is provisionally anticipated on the basis of the estimates as they are constituted at present. The position may be summarized generally as follows:—

	$	
Expenditure		
General		74,927,960
Education		5,973,880
		80,901,840
Income		
General	$79,119,740	
Less: Market Fees transferred to Health Department	534,000	
	78,585,740	
Education		
Miscellaneous	24,000	78,609,740
		2,292,100
Amount to be appropriated from General Reserve		1,500,000
Estimated Deficit for 1941		$ 792,100

It will thus be seen that the excess of Expenditure over Income in the amended estimates amounts to $2,292,100. This adverse position is almost entirely due to the larger number of employees exercising their option to take long leave during 1941 than had been contemplated last December.

The Treasurer stated that he considers it desirable to reduce this preliminary Deficit of $2,292,100 to more reasonable dimensions and recommended accordingly that a sum of $1,500,000 be earmarked from General Reserve for this purpose. This sum of $1,500,000 represents accumulated profits on sales of surplus land, differences in exchange on Sterling balances as at December 31 last, and a portion of the credits derived from the reconstitution of Sinking Funds in previous years.

Approval of this expedient would reduce the Deficit to a provisional figure of $792,100 and it is conceivable that the reconstitution of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee under the aegis of the Finance Committee may be productive of sufficient additional revenue during the course of the year with which to achieve the balanced budget for 1941 that was earlier envisaged.

The Treasurer therefore recommended further that no provision be made in the Capital budget this year for the disposal of the estimated Deficit on the Ordinary Budget of $792,100.

The Treasurer's report continued by stating that it should be borne in mind that the sum of $1,500,000 to be appropriated from General Reserve is represented largely by assets temporarily frozen but it is anticipated that sales of surplus areas of land and the raising of loan moneys will serve to liquefy the transfer before the end of the current year.

The net deficit of $792,100 reflects a provisional deficit on Education Account of $2,852,080 and an estimated Surplus on General Account of $2,059,980. This seeming paradox is due to the necessity for limiting the transfer of funds for Education purposes to the maximum permissible of the equivalent of a 2 per cent rate and correlative proportion of land tax until such time as satisfactory measures for ensuring the adequate financing of Education requirements have been devised by the Special Sub-Committee recently appointed to examine and advise the Council in regard to Education policy and finance generally.

Ordinary Income—General.

The estimates of Ordinary Income are reasonably based with due appreciation of all the relevant factors and the revenue shown as accruing should be realized if no untoward circumstances intervene during the course of the year. Provision has been included for full returns from the Western Extra-Settlement Area as an offset to the cost of services furnished in that area by the Council and a margin has been allowed for additional revenue to be derived from the reassessment of owner-occupied premises throughout all areas.

A statement attached to the Treasurer's report contains an analysis of the various items of income. Gross revenue from all sources is estimated at $79,119,740 an increase of $37,257,990 or 89.00% as compared with the Budget for 1940. Of this amount of $79,119,740 Land Tax accounts for $19,450,000, General Municipal Rate for $35,737,000 and Special Rate for $2,988,000, or a total of $58,175,000. The balance of $20,944,740 comprises the undernoted main headings:—

	$
Special Advertisement Rate	100,000
Wharfage Dues	325,000
Licence Fees	10,502,050
Rent of Municipal Properties (including Market Fees)	1,151,000
Revenue from Public and Municipal Undertakings	7,516,690
Miscellaneous	1,050,000
	$20,944,740

The Land Tax and Rate provisions are based on the bases of levy approved at the recent Special Meeting of Ratepayers:—

Land Tax
1.35% plus a 40% surcharge
General Municipal Rate
27% plus a 40% surcharge
Special Rate
24% plus a 40% surcharge

The product of a 1% General Municipal Rate and correlative Land Tax is assessed in round figures at $1,460,000 for 1941 as compared with $1,298,000 for 1940. The corresponding products of a 1% Special Rate are $89,000 for 1941 and $58,000 for 1940. Detailed comments covering the various items are set forth hereunder and sums are shown inclusive of surcharge to facilitate comparison with 1940 figures.

Land Tax—$19,450,000.

This item is $7,961,250 over the estimate for last year and $7,910,010 more than the actual income for 1940. $7,200,000 of the increase is derived from the higher rate of taxation and $39,000 from expected increased collections from developed unregistered land.

General Municipal Rate—Foreign —$22,198,000.

This item exceeds the estimate for 1940 by $11,351,750 and is $10,771,080 more than the actual income for that year. The increase is mainly attributable to the higher rate of taxation but steady increases in rateable value and new buildings contribute substantially to these favourable figures.

General Municipal Rate—Chinese —$13,539,000.

This heading shows an increase of $6,664,000 over the estimate for 1940 and is $6,019,910 more than the actual receipts for last year. The reasons for the increase are the same as those already given under General Municipal Rate—Foreign.

Special Rate—Foreign—$2,736,000.

This item is $1,711,000 more than the estimate for 1940 and $1,134,940 more than the actual receipts for that year.

The 1941 estimate has been framed on the assumption that collections in the Western Outside Limits Area will be not less favourable than those for the latter half of 1940. The increase is attributable to the higher rate of taxation and to a less pessimistic attitude towards collection probabilities than it was prudent to take when preparing last year's estimates. No provision is made for the resumption of collections in the Northern and Eastern Extra-Settlement Areas.

Special Rate—Chinese—$252,000.

This item is $127,000 over the estimate for 1940 and $49,760 more than the actual receipts for that year.

Special Advertisement Rate—$100,000.

This item is $68,750 above the 1940 estimate and $49,890 more than the actual receipts for that year. Provision is made to cover receipts from a higher proposed scale of charges to be submitted for consideration in due course.

Wharfage Dues—$625,000.

This item is $225,000 above the estimate for 1940, and approximately $72,000 less than the actual receipts for that year. Returns from this source are necessarily subject to the vagaries of commerce and exchange.

Licence Fees—$10,502,050.

This item is $5,898,350 above the 1940 estimate and $5,381,600 above the actual revenue for 1940. The increase arises from the substantial revision upwards of certain Licence Fees as recommended by the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Special Economy Committee and also from the fact that surcharges on the remaining items in 1940 were on the basis of 10% for the first-half year and 50% for the second-half year whereas in the case of 1941 estimates surcharges at 50% for the whole year have been incorporated in the new inclusive fees. The 1941 estimate for the vehicle licence group absorbs $4,055,070 of the total comparative increase of $5,898,350.

Rent of Municipal Properties—$1,151,000.

This heading covers anticipated receipts from Markets $534,000; Bund Foreshore $350,000; and from other miscellaneous sources $267,000. The estimated receipts from Markets are shown as a deduction from gross income to comply with the approved recommendation of the Special Municipal Economy Committee that these receipts should be shown under the Health section of the Budget.

Revenue from Public and Municipal Undertakings $7,516,690.

The total shown under this heading comprises the undernoted items:—

		1941 Estimates	Increases over 1940 Budget
		$	$
Royalties, Route Mileage Fees, etc.			
Shanghai Power Company		4,550,610	900,610
Western District Power Company		967,080	202,080
China General Omnibus Company		195,000	10,000
Shanghai Electric Construction Co.		380,000	80,000
Shanghai Gas Company		411,000	246,000
Cie Francaise de Tramways		13,000	2,500
Shanghai Telephone Company		800,000	540,000
Dividends and Contributions			
Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.	shares	100,000	30,000
Contribution from the Council's Industrial Undertakings		100,000	35,000
Totals		7,516,690	2,046,190

The comparative increases shown under receipts from the Public Utility Companies are attributable mainly to the surcharges and higher rates for public service levied by these companies with the authorization of the Council.

Ordinary Expenditure—General.

The Treasurer in his report then referred briefly to certain features affecting the budgetary position as a whole before reviewing the expenditure estimates of individual departments.

The main adverse factor is obviously the serious decline from various causes in the purchasing value of the Chinese dollar which has occasioned continuous and unprecedented rises in the costs of commodities and services required for the normal and efficient functioning of the Municipality. The enormous rise in the cost of living has necessitated the grant of substantially higher compensatory allowances to the Staff from which there can be no relief until conditions improve.

Provision has been included throughout all departmental estimates for normal promotions and pay increments in accordance with the Grading Scales. Another factor of importance is the reinstitution of long leave on a modified basis after a suspension of slightly more than a year. It is now estimated that the cost during 1941 of restoring this privilege will border closely upon 4-1/2 millions of dollars. This of course is due to the adverse effect of the low prevailing exchange value of the Chinese dollar on foreign currency passage and long leave exchange appropriations.

The 1941 Budget has been framed on the basis of a 3-1/2d. dollar as compared with a 4d. dollar for last year. The Council's foreign currency commitments in 1940 were approximately £200,000 so that additional expenditure to be faced in regard to these commitments during 1941 as a result of this variation in exchange is roughly $1,700,000.

A statement attached to the Treasurer's report contains an analysis of the various main expenditure headings and discloses, that estimated expenditure under 'General' amounts to $74,927,960 and under 'Education' to $5,973,880 or a total of $80,901,840. This latter figure of $80,901,840 represents an increase of $34,768,480 or 75.37% as compared with the relevant Budget total for last year.

Volunteer Corps.

The amended estimates of the Volunteer Corps for 1941 total $844,600, an increase of $482,860 or 133.48% as compared with the Budget provision for 1940. Details are as follows:—

	Budget 1940	Amended Estimates 1941	Comparative Differences
	$	$	$
Volunteer Unit	360,880	844,100	483,220
Stock and Stores	860	500	—360
Totals	361,740	844,600	
Net Increase			**$482,860 or 133.48%**

The most noteworthy feature in regard to the 1941 Volunteer estimates is the absence of provision for the Russian Detachment upon the transfer of this Unit for service with the Police Force.

The former Commandant, Colonel Hornby, has retired upon completion of his extended period of secondment and has been replaced by Lt.-Colonel Mann who served the Council in a civilian capacity before his appointment to the Corps as Staff Officer, Capt. Moffat has been transferred from the Education Department as Staff Officer and the replacement also of the former Corps Sergeant Major by a civilian appointment removes from the Volunteer establishment the last of the personnel seconded from the British War Office.

Provision has necessarily been included in the estimates to cover the repatriation of retiring seconded staff as well as for the long leave passages and benefits accruing to the Corps Quartermaster Sergeant and the Secretary (female).

The commitment in the Corps has risen very considerably in the last twelve months and requires substantial increases in the appropriations for Uniform and Ammunition.

Fire Brigade.

The amended estimates of the Fire Brigade for 1941 total $3,188,430, an increase of $1,672,700 or 110.36% as compared with last year:—

	Budget 1940	Amended Estimates 1941	Comparative Increases
	$	$	$
General	1,413,740	2,973,190	1,559,450
Ambulance Services:			
Emergency Branch	50,230	111,080	60,850
Hospital Branch	17,850	41,690	23,840
	1,481,820	3,125,960	1,644,140
Stock and Stores	33,910	62,470	28,560
Totals	1,515,730	3,188,430	
Increase			**$1,672,700 or 110.36%**

Of the total increase shown at $1,672,700 no less a sum than $1,193,700 is absorbed by the substantial adjustments under Pay and Allowances that have been necessitated by the increases authorized in the temporary high cost of living allowances and by the reinstitution of long leave on a modified basis.

The balance of the increase relates to the enhanced costs of commodities and services and contains recent provision for long leave passages.

Requirements of a Stock and Stores character amounting to $63,970 were tentatively approved as representing the minima consistent with efficient service but the Chief Officer has since reduced this total to $62,470.

Receipts for services rendered by all branches have been raised in recent months.

Police Force.

The estimates approved in principle by the Watch Committee totalled $36,997,640, including provision for the recently transferred Russian Auxiliary Detachment. It was indicated at that time, that further funds would be required to provide for the additional cost of personnel seconded for duty in the newly created Joint Police Force in the Western Extra-Settlement Area and for impending revisions in the Pay and Allowances of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment. These additional requirements have been met by a re-adjustment of appropriations relating to long leave.

The estimates previously contained provision for a programme allowing 10 men to proceed on long leave each month or a total of 120 for the year. The Commissioner of Police has since indicated that a programme of 7 men a month will in all probability suffice and the estimates have accordingly been relieved of the substantial sum of $700,000.

A re-examination of material estimates in the light of actual results for 1940 has enabled pruning of the Uniform and Equipment appropriation to be effected to the extent of some $75,000 and a revision of the figures relating to charges for Special Services has yielded a further $175,000.

Of the total saving of $950,000 thus achieved a sum of $795,130 has been absorbed by the undernoted amendments:—

1. Inclusion of a blanket provision to cover the estimated additional cost of personnel seconded for duty with the Joint Police Force in the Western Extra-Settlement Area for a period of 8 months $450,000
2. Inclusion of provision for impending revisions of the Pay and Allowances of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment 200,000
3. Routine amendments necessarily made from day to day in relation to staff movements and varying costs of commodities and services 145,130

$795,130

There is thus a net reduction of $154,870 in the estimates approved in principle by the Watch Committee and the position now to be considered may be summarized as follows:—

	Budget 1940	Amended Estimates 1941	Comparative Increases
General	$12,881,660	$29,192,640	$16,310,980
Russian Auxiliary Detachment ...	880,980	1,498,220	617,240
Gaol	3,347,250	5,883,700	2,536,450
Specials	61,640	107,690	46,050
	$17,171,530	$36,682,250	$19,510,720
Stock and Stores	112,350	160,520	48,170
Totals	$17,283,880	$36,842,770	
Increase			$19,558,890 or 113.16%

Health Department.

The estimates approved in principle by the Health Committee have been reduced by subsequent adjustments totalling $121,230, to a revised figure of $3,303,590, analyzed as follows:—

	Budget 1940	Amended Estimates 1941	Comparative Differences
General	$ 1,534,030	$ 2,132,630	$ 598,600
Hospitals	840,610	1,132,390	291,780
	$ 2,374,640	$ 3,265,020	890,380
Stock and Stores	48,620	38,570	–10,050
Totals	$ 2,423,260	$ 3,303,590	
Net Increase			$ 880,330 or 36.33%

In his report to the Health Committee on these estimates the Treasurer drew attention to certain unbalancing features which must necessarily be taken into account before any true comparison can be made with the Budget for 1940. These arose from the adoption of important changes recommended by the Municipal Economy Committee and comprise the undernoted measures which have been adopted with the approval of the Council:—

1. The measure allocating to the Health Section of the Budget market fees formerly shown under Ordinary Income and estimated for 1941 at 534,000
2. The measure relieving the Health Department of the cost of operating the Police Hospital which effects a comparative saving of the budgeted cost to the Health Department for 1940 of 130,710
3. The decision to transfer the full cost of the School Medical Service to Education which effects a comparative saving of the Health Department budgeted share for 1940 of 42,560

Total ... $707,270

The taking of these factors into consideration will raise the adverse comparative difference from $880,330 to $1,587,600 or an increase of say 65.52% as compared with the Budget for 1940. This is a truer reflection of the comparative results and is lower than the percentage increase for most departments by virtue of the relatively wider scope in this particular department for recoupment by the raising of fees for services rendered.

It was noted by the Commissioner of Public Health in his running commentary on the Preliminary Estimates that no provision had been included in the estimates for possible epidemics or other emergency condition and that the Hospital estimates had been prepared on the assumption that Municipal Hospitals would continue to occupy the premises in use during the latter half of 1940.

Contributions and Grants in Aid.

Expenditure under this heading is customarily shown in the Health section of the Budget and the necessary provisions are included by the Treasurer as and when the various grants have received the approval of the Council.

It is not possible at this time to assess accurately the ultimate cost of these grants as several matters are still outstanding but blanket provision has been included to cover applications for increases in certain grants pending the decision of the Council as to whether or not such increases are justified.

A tentative comparision between the provisional estimate for 1941 and the Budget for 1940 follows:—

	Budget 1940	Provisional Estimates 1941	Comparative Increases
Country and General Hospital Deficits etc.	$ 364,150	$ 442,930	$ 78,780
Hospitalization of Indigent Mental and other cases	103,500	237,260	133,760
Grants in Aid to Non-Municipal Hospitals	300,210	453,180	152,970
Totals	$ 767,860	$ 1,133,370	
Increase			$ 365,510 or 47.60%

Public Works Department.

The Commissioner of Public Works presented his Preliminary Estimates in such a manner as to provide for known adjustments up to quite a recent date. This was done because the majority of the allocations appertaining to the activities of the Public Works Department are technical in character and it was deemed more appropriate that amendments occasioned by variations in the costs of materials and services and the recently approved revisions of allowances for personnel and casual labour should be effected by that department.

The estimates as they stand at present are virtually the same as those approved in principle by the Works Committee but some addition to the Buildings appropriation may be necessary when representations of the Commissioner of Police in regard to the painting of certain quarters have received consideration and approval.

Requirements at this time are set out hereunder in Budget rotation under main headings:—

	Budget 1940	Amended Estimates 1941	Comparative Increases
General	$ 2,030,390	$ 3,091,510	$ 1,061,120
Buildings	232,350	422,950	190,600
Creeks and River	70,000	167,000	97,000
Drainage and Sewerage	94,000	376,000	282,000
Cleansing	1,046,500	2,734,600	1,688,100
Maintenance of Roads and Parks	829,630	2,543,300	1,713,670
Lighting	777,000	816,000	39,000
	$ 5,079,870	$10,151,360	$ 5,071,490
Stock and Stores	7,400	6,300	— 1,100
Totals	$ 5,087,270	$10,157,660	
Increase			$ 5,070,390 or 99.67%

Municipal Orchestra and Band.

The estimates of the Orchestra and Band for 1941 amount to $378,540, an increase of $182,120, or 92.72% as compared with the relevant Budget appropriation for 1940.

These estimates were subjected to a searching preliminary examination by the Orchestra and Band Business Sub-Committee before they were presented to the main Committee. The Chairman of this Sub-Committee recorded the opinion that the estimates erred if anything on the modest side. He also stated that he was satisfied as to the impossibility of maintaining the Orchestra on any lesser sum than the figure submitted.

The higher ratio of expenditure required is due almost entirely to the increased temporary high cost of living allowances recently authorized by the Council. Provision for the rental of the concert hall is contained as in former years in the General Charges section of the Budget at a cost of $16,500.

Full effective receipts are now credited to the Orchestra and provision is also included in substantially the same amount as last year for contributions from the French and Italian governments in anticipation of continued support from these authorities. The estimated Receipts from Private Services and Symphony Concerts, etc., reflect the increased scales of hire tariffs and admission fees in operation and substantial additional revenue is envisaged from cooperation on a percentage basis with the Russian Ballet.

It should be observed that the structure and composition of the Orchestra has not changed since its reorganization during 1936 and, further, that the Ratepayers' authorization of $200,000 annually has not until now been exceeded in the Budget and only last year did actual expenditure exceed this limit by some $41,860.

The Council has approved the recommendation of the Municipal Economy Committee that the decision in regard to the retention or otherwise of the Orchestra should rest with the Ratepayers and provision for the full year has therefore been included in the Budget as a tentative measure.

Public Library.

The amended estimates of the Library amount to $97,340 plus Stock and Stores $500, or a total of $97,840. This figure represents an increase of $47,800 or 95.52% as compared with the relevant Budget provisions for 1940. The Council has disapproved a request from the Library Committee for the appropriation for books to be increased from $40,000 to $50,000.

Finance Department.

Secretariat.

Legal Department.

Chinese Studies and Translation Office.

The estimates of these departments have already been approved by the Finance Committee and the Council and were covered in detail by separate reports from the Treasurer.

	Budget 1940 (Amended)	Estimates 1941	Comparative Increases
Extra-Departmental Expenses (1)	$ 237,000	$ 705,180	$ 467,880
Pension and Other Retirement Benefits	5,810,140	6,557,980	747,840
Grants in Aid and Remission of Taxation	494,190	825,390	331,200
Rent of Leased Premises (2)	58,040	113,690	55,650
Totals	$ 6,599,670	$ 8,202,240	
Effective Increase			$ 1,602,570 or 24.28%

Excluded:

(1) Rice Allowance	$ 900,000
(2) Rent of Police Leased Quarters	500,900
	$1,400,900

Industrial and Social Division.

The estimates in the form submitted by the Treasurer amounted to $265,420 plus Stock and Stores $18,600 or a total of $284,020. This figure represented an increase of $129,350 or 83.63% as compared with the Budget for 1940. The Treasurer reported that the modified re-grading scheme submitted by the Chief of the Division had tentatively been incorporated in the estimates but that no provision had been included for the remodelled scheme of expansion simultaneously submitted.

It was decided after full discussion that provisional allowance to the extent of $22,628 should be included in the Budget for expansion measures pending more detailed consideration of the proposals by a special Industrial and Social Division Committee to be formulated in due course.

Interest, Brokerage, etc.

Redemption of Debentures

General Charges.

Detailed comparative statements were attached for the consideration of Members.

Interest Brokerage, etc. $3,498,270.

The estimated requirements for 1941 are $510,910 in excess of the Budget appropriation for 1940.

Normal interest payment provisions have been included for outstanding and projected Municipal Loans and for Superannuation and other Provident Funds.

Redemption of Debentures $2,246,390.

The estimated requirements under this heading for 1941 show an increase of $800,000 as compared with the Budget appropriation for 1940.

This is occasioned by the inclusion of a full year's provision to cover the proportionate redemption of the 6% Loan of 1940 due this year under the conditions of issue.

Other provisions relate to normal Sinking Fund Instalments of various categories and show no change from last year.

General Charges.

Requirements under this heading for 1941 were shown in a comparative statement as being $201,670 in excess of last year's appropriation. The footnotes to the summary show that unbalancing features are present to the extent of $1,400,900. These relate to substantial appropriations in the 1940 Budget in regard to Rice Allowance $900,000 and Rent of Leased Police Quarters $500,900 which are shown elsewhere in the estimates for 1941.

In effect therefore a truer conception of the position would be afforded by adjusting the 1940 Budget appropriations for purposes of comparison. This has been done and the revised results are set out hereunder in summarized form:—

Extra-Departmental Expenses (Increase $467,880).

The major comparative increases in this sub-section relate to the undernoted headings of expenditure.

1. Rate Reassessment Sub-Committee	$180,700
2. Allocation to Fire Insurance Fund	100,000
3. Election of Councillors and Ratepayers Meeting	44,500
4. Semaphore Service (contribution)	33,300

Pension and other Retirement Benefits (Increase $747,840).

This comparative increase is due almost entirely to the lower exchange value of the Chinese dollar

on the Council's standing commitments in regard to pensions. The Treasurer observed that expenditure under Superannuation Exchange Compensation is non-recurrent and that payments on this account reduce the fund balances upon which exchange compensation is payable at high rates of exchange.

Grants-in-Aid and Remission of Taxation (Increase $331,200).

Of the increase $171,051 relates to the higher scale of payments authorized by the Council for issue to the Pullers' Mutual Aid Association. It should be noted that this additional sum is covered by the revised public ricsha licence fee. Other differences relate to higher grants to non-Municipal Hospitals and other institutions and to the higher levels of taxation upon which rate remissions are based.

Rent of Leased Premises (Increases $55,650).

This comparative increase is almost entirely absorbed by higher rental payments for leased Police Stations.

Education Department.

The estimates approved in principle by the Education Board have been subjected to minor amendments and now total $5,973,880, an increase of $2,710,910 or 83.08% as compared with the relevant Budget appropriation for 1940. This increase is very largely attributable to the higher cost of living allowance granted to the Staff and to the reinstitution of long leave on a modified basis. Other contributing factors are the higher costs of commodities and services and the necessity for making larger grants in aid to foreign and Chinese schools.

It is necessary to deal at some length with the question of Educational Grants in Aid. A sum of $1,000,000 was provisionally included in the Budget and in a report the Treasurer made specific recommendations relative to the apportionment of this sum between Japanese and other foreign schools and those for Chinese children. On the estimates being considered by the Education Board that body made the following recommendation:—

"That the appropriation for Grants-in-Aid be increased in the same ratio as the cost of operating the Council Schools to an amount sufficient to maintain the volume of educational work at the same level as that approved in the 1937 Budget, the amount so determined being divided among the foreign and Chinese schools in the ratio of 45/55 (the grants to the foreign schools being not less than $480,000)."

This recommendation was referred back to the Education Board for reconsideration and the Board has recommended that the foreign schools grants remain at $495,000 and the appropriation for Chinese schools be raised to $605,000 thus maintaining the 45/55 proportion.

The Treasurer felt that the time had come for the Council to decide whether there is any need to adhere closely, or at all, to the 45/55 proportion. The essential point seems to be the approval of estimates whereby the best use is made of the limited sum that is available for educational purposes. The Treasurer in his report stated that he had every sympathy with the efforts that are made to provide additional educational facilities for the Chinese community but he cannot escape the feeling that the best interests of that community are not served by the approval of grants for a large number of schools that have difficulty in complying with the moderate requirements of the Fire, Works and Health Departments of the Council as regards the health and safety of the pupils and which he understands are not required to conform to any educational standard.

The Treasurer therefore felt that because a reasonable assessment can be made of a grant to schools for foreign children it does not follow that this should be a material consideration in assessing the allocation for Chinese schools.

The transfer from General Funds has been limited as in former years to the amount estimated to be derived from a 2% General Municipal Rate together with correlative Land Tax. This amounts to $3,097,800 and after allowing for Miscellaneous Income of $24,000 there is an estimated deficit for 1941 of $2,852,080. It will be necessary to decide as to the disposal of this large deficit. It will be recalled that the estimated deficit on 1940 was transferred to Capital Account. Such course is not recommended in respect to the deficit for 1941.

As it would appear to be no longer possible to meet Education requirements from the product of a 2% General Municipal Rate together with correlative Land Tax, the Treasurer suggested that the Education estimates as now submitted should be approved and that the Board be instructed to recover as large a portion of this deficit as is possible on a further increase in school fees.

Concluding his report the Treasurer stated that it will doubtless be appreciated that routine amendments are being effected from day to day at this juncture but the position essentially can only be maintained so long as the exchange situation does not worsen and costs of commodities and services do not transcend the levels assessed in the current estimates. In this latter connection it is of interest to record that the facilities so kindly placed at his disposal by the Council's bankers have enabled him to purchase $75,000 this year at an average rate of exchange slightly in excess of 3-13/32d. He anticipates that this sum added to the sterling balances available from 1940 will suffice to cover the Council's foreign currency commitments until say the end of July next.

It may also be necessary to provide additional funds for Health and other services connected with the problems of Refuge and Beggar Relief and for grants to the organizations sponsoring such relief work if the proposed increases in Cinema Theatre licence fees result in a cessation or curtailment of contributions to the Voluntary Entertainment Levy Fund from which relief grants are made at the present time.

The Chairman drew attention to three matters connected with the Budget which required special consideration: the deficit, education, with particular regard to financing the cost of education and the allocation of grants and finally the matter of refugee relief.

With regard to the estimated deficit of $792,100, it would appear that there are hopes that it can be met and members agreed that no provision need be made in the Capital Budget to dispose of it.

Regarding grants-in-aid to schools a member stated that while the Education Board last year waived the ratio of 45% for foreign schools and 55% for Chinese schools he considered it unreasonable to continue doing so. He drew attention to the increased number of Chinese students and the higher operating costs and pointed out that while the former grant to Chinese schools calculated at $5 per capita is now increased to $10 per capita the relative figures for the foreign schools are $40 and $80. He felt strongly that the Council should allocate an additional $100,000 beyond the figure recommended by the Treasurer which he regards as inequitable.

In reply to a question the Treasurer stated that the addition of this sum would increase the deficit, which with the addition of $35,000 for the painting of Police buildings and the expansion of the Industrial and Social Division, would bring it to a total of approximately $960,000.

A member expressed the view that the additional $100,000 would make little difference to the total Budget and favoured endorsing the sum recommended by the Education Board, i.e. $600,000.

A discussion then ensued as to the inadequacy of the present ruling that the maximum expenditure on Education should be the product of a 2% General Municipal Rate together with correlative Land Tax.

A member pointed out that when the 2% rule was introduced the General Municipal Rate was 14% so that the amount available for Education was a seventh of Municipal income. On the basis of a 37% Rate the percentage for Education should be 5.4%.

Another member explained why the limit of Education expenditure was imposed, to which a member replied that he did not wish to advocate allocating 5.4% but merely that the Council should budget to meet reasonable expenditure.

After further discussion it was unanimously recommended (a) that no change should be made in the present formula limiting expenditure on Education until after the report of the Special Education Committee has been received and (b) that appropriations of $495,000 and $605,000 for 1941 grants-in-aid to foreign and Chinese schools respectively be approved.

With regard to the question of beggar relief and the falling off in receipts from the Voluntary Entertainment Levy the Chairman remarked that the sequel will presumably be that fewer beggars will be helped. He reminded members that the Council had consistently declined to finance beggar relief from its general revenue.

The Treasurer recalled that in the report of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee the probability was noted that establishments affected by the proposed new licence fee of 10% of gross receipts would discontinue their contributions to the Voluntary Entertainment Levy. He suggested that in the circumstances the Council has no option but to earmark a portion of the receipts from these licence fees for beggar relief.

A member expressed the opinion that such action should only be taken as a matter of expediency. The Council has not in the past accepted responsibility for poor relief and he was opposed to it in this case.

The Secretary and Commissioner General suggested that the Com-

mittee should look on this as a special case. The Voluntary Entertainment Levy was started on the initiative of the Council and the Council has now taken a step which will cause the disappearance of the Levy.

It was thereupon unanimously recommended that the preliminary Budget of Ordinary Income and Expenditure for 1941 be adopted subject to the foregoing observations.

This recommendation was approved by the Council at its meeting on March 19.

The Treasurer submitted for the consideration of the Finance Committee on March 17 a statement which set forth in abbreviated form the provisional Capital Budget for 1941.

Extraordinary Expenditure.—The Deficit to be brought forward from 1940 amounts to £1,835,540, subject to audit. Items relating to constructional projects and purchases of plant and equipment have received the approval of the various departmental committees and are estimated to cost $2,003,-570. A blanket appropriation of some $800,000 is required under the heading of Emergency Measures to cover approved expenditure and to provide for contingencies. A further sum of $145,000 is provided for similar purposes under the Education section of the Capital budget. Major requirements under this heading relate to the rehabilitation and reinstatement of Municipal properties damaged during the local hostilities.

Provision for the balance of the capitalization of the Pension Fund is a normal charge on the Capital budget until such time as the requisite peak level of the Fund has been reached. This provision does not cover the exchange adjustment comparable to pensions. The amount required for 1941 is shown at $750,000. Loan Redemption requirements total $4,787,100 and cover the redemption of Fixed Deposit balances and the Temporary Loan in Local Currency arising out of the consolidation and conversion of the remaining balance of the former Temporary Loan in United States Currency. Education requirements are shown as a deduction from "Income" at $156,920. The balance of $11,920 not required Emergency Measures relates to minor construction work and alterations to buildings.

Extraordinary Income.—A sum of $1,000,000 has been included to cover the sale of such surplus Municipal properties as may be released during the course of the year.

The amount to be raised by debentures or other temporary measures is tentatively set at $9,000,-000 and a nominal sum of $50,000 is provided for Miscellaneous items.

In its present form the Extraordinary Budget for 1941 discloses a deficit of $2,243,130 to be carried forward to 1942.

The Chairman enquired why the amount shown to be raised by debentures, i.e. $9,000,000, is lower than that included in the Budget last year. The Treasurer replied that the deficit is lower and the restricted programme of capital outlay is also a factor. He added that it should be noted that $2,500,000 of the amount shown under loan redemption is available for conversion into Debentures. It was thereupon unanimously recommended that the Budget of Extraordinary Income and Expenditure for 1941, as submitted by the Treasurer, be adopted.

This recommendation was approved by the Council at its meeting on March 19.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, March 1, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	2	0
Diphtheria	4	0	9	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	5	4
Tuberculosis	3	1	86	81
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	5	0	29	26
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	0
Amoebic Dysentery	2	0	10	5
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	4	4
Influenza	5	0	2	2
Malaria	1	0	2	1
Measles	12	2	42	21
Typhus Fever	2	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	8	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		16		962
Total Deaths from all Causes		19		1109

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, March 8, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	8	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	1
Tuberculosis	4	1	59	52
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	0	19	19
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	1	0	2	1
Bacillary Dysentery	1	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	3	3
Influenza	0	0	6	6
Malaria	0	0	2	1
Measles	14	1	43	27
Typhus Fever	2	0	4	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	7	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		9		941
Total Deaths from all Causes		11		1053

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, March 15, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	14	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	4	0
Tuberculosis	6	3	67	59
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	0	33	31
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	0
Amoebic Dysentery	3	0	2	2
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	4
Influenza	2	0	7	8
Malaria	1	0	5	5
Measles	26	3	55	28
Typhus Fever	1	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	20	4
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		10		995
Total Deaths from all Causes		13		1132

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday midnight, March 22, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	2	0	2	0
Diphtheria	5	0	16	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	3	2	4	1
Tuberculosis	8	4	99	81
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	3	0	14	13
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	10	4	4	3
Bacillary Dysentery	3	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	12	8
Influenza	8	0	4	4
Malaria	3	0	0	0
Measles	9	1	42	23
Typhus Fever	0	0	1	1
Relapsing Fever	2	0	11	2
Leprosy	1	0	0	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		889
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		1030

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

THE RICE PROBLEM.

The rice problem was discussed in Council on March 19 and the need for positive and early measures to improve the situation was unanimously agreed upon. Following the discussion in meeting the Council issued the appended communique:—

"The Council has considered reports and recommendations of its Supplies Committee and also a communication which that Committee had received from the local Rice Price Fixing Committee. Before, however, embarking upon a new course of action in which the interest of neighbouring authorities is involved and where their cooperation will be needed, members of Council felt it necessary to re-examine for themselves the potential far-reaching effects of many suggestions under consideration. This re-examination is being conducted by two of their number and an early decision by the Council may be expected.

Constantly rising levels of rice prices are the subject of keen public criticism and the Council is much influenced by public feelings expressed on this subject but it must be appreciated that the roots of the problem lie in transportation from producing centres, the maintenance of adequate stocks in Shanghai and their distribution and constant circulation through channels legitimately engaged in the rice trade. The experience and goodwill of genuine traders is essential to any solution of this problem and it may be anticipated that the Council will direct its forces to theirs to eradicate abuses, to restore stability to the rice market, and ensure adequate supplies at a reasonable price."

WORKS COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP.

The Council has accepted with regret the resignation from the Works Committee of Mr. K. Watanabe, on his departure from Shanghai and conveyed its thanks to Mr. Watanabe for his valuable services on the Committee.

Mr. Y. Yazima has accepted the invitation of the Council to succeed Mr. Watanabe as a member of the Works Committee during the remainder of the Municipal year.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Worker's Earnings for February.

The following figures show what a worker's family should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in February. Figures for two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A), and the second shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard (Standard B).

	Earnings of Principal Wage Earner (53.5% of Total)	Earnings of Other Family Members (34.9%)	Other Family Income (12.7% of Family Income (100.0%)
Standard A :	$82.58	$39.92	$14.67 $137.412
Standard B:	$57.12	$36.44	$13.61 $107.176

Chinese Workers' Cost of Living for February.

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is estimated that a lower standard in February, 1941, involves a cost of living 4.40 times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

The general index of cost of living for Chinese workers has surpassed the 600 mark in the month of February. It stood at 602.29 as against 597.19 in January, 1941, and 377.92 in February, 1940. Excepting the food index, other group indices continued to rise. The food index of 673.53 showed a slight decline of 1.09 points over January; while the clothing index of 474.62 recorded an increase of 42.18 points; the fuel index of 575.98, 12.15 points; and the miscellaneous index of 526.04, 28.86 points. The purchasing power of the dollar has gone down to 16.60 cents as against 16.75 cents in January.

The decline of the food index is attributable to a slight lowering in the price of rice. As indicated in the January report, the rice situation was improving steadily toward the close of the Lunar year. There followed a period of comparative calmness until the middle of February when conditions again worsened. During the latter half of the month, rice prices were once again above price limits. Nevertheless, the average prices per shih for second grade non-glutinous and Saigon rice showed a decline of 1.19 and 3.24 per cent. as against January.

Retail prices of most other commodities, however, registered further increases. Toward the close of the month, prices of bean curd, dried bean curd, fried bean curd and sheet bean, the daily food among the Chinese, increased considerably in price. Beef and fresh fish, too, showed sharp rises. In the middle of the month, prices of most vegetables rose following a period of rain and snow, but quickly dropped as the weather cleared. The prices of hsueh-li-hung, chin-ts'ai and turnips recorded declines of 19.71, 16.67 and 24.24 per cent. Flour prices continued to ascend. Salt and soy bean sauce were increased by 9.79 and 28.28 per cent. respectively. Contrary to the movements of foreign exchange rates during the month, the prices of clothing items, excepting that of raw cotton which showed a slight fall, increased from 2.68 to 17.91 per cent. For the first time since last October, the average price of coal briquettes has shown a fall of 1.33 per cent. In the miscellaneous group, Shao-shing wine recorded an increase of 19.41 per cent. Its production is being greatly curtailed owing to the lack of raw material. Kao-liang also rose 11.81 per cent. Daily necessities like soap, toilet paper, matches, etc., continued to rise in prices.

Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*1939 Dec.*	*Jan.*	*1940 Feb.*	*Dec.*	*Jan.*	*1941 Feb.*
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	318.08	337.97	394.07	661.22	674.62	673.53
Rent	100.00	282.41	304.83	304.83	348.19	385.26	385.26
Clothing	100.00	223.68	240.77	264.36	418.72	432.44	474.62
Fuel and Light	100.00	351.56	374.25	433.45	551.84	568.03	575.98
Miscellaneous	100.00	226.85	255.87	355.99	473.30	497.18	526.04
General Index	100.00	304.06	325.44	377.92	579.70	597.19	602.29
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	32.89	30.73	26.46	17.25	16.75	16.60
Percentage Inc. or Dec. as Compared with 1936 (+) or (—)			—67.11	—69.27	—73.54	—82.75	—83.25	—83.40

Retail Price in Shanghai

Commodities	*Unit*	*Average 1936*	*1940 Dec.*	*Jan.*	*1941 Feb.*
Food:					
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade)	Shih*	$ 9.943	92.744	96.497	95.347
Sien Rice (1st grade)†	Shih	9.735	81.802	84.194	81.448
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	86.884	84.089	80.548
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	21.194	24.619	25.506
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.300	.472	.500
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.0300	.0300	.0350
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.0300	.0300	.0350
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.0250	.0250	.0263
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.750	1.280	1.360
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.205	.210	.218
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.233	.230	.230
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.033	.174	.184	.183
Hsueh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.293	.274	.220
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.092	.072	.060
Turnips	Chin	.034	.100	.066	.050
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.196	.180	.240
Allium Odorum	Chin	.060	.385	.390	.510
Spinach	Chin	.042	.119	.090	.093
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	2.000	1.875	1.800
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	1.388	1.425	1.588
Salted Pork	Chin	.301	1.418	1.508	1.421
Chicken	Chin	.326	1.800	1.925	2.000
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.660	1.680	1.620
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.830	.707	.868
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	.994	.967	1.006
Fresh Duck's Eggs	Piece	.024	.158	.173	.179
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	.928	1.012	1.018
Lard	Chin	.307	2.000	1.900	1.800
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.294	.297	.381
Salt	Chin	.112	.288	.327	.359
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.654	.687	.721
Rent:‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.149	7.113	7.386	7.386
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	9.301	10.195	10.195
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	10.105	12.625	12.625
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (13 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.370	.373	.383
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.426	.457	.503
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.289	.310	.331
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.354	.374	.441
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.493	.517	.572
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.239	.275	.296
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	.146	.583	.547	.641
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.083	.298	.297	.324
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.412	.423	.482
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	1.963	2.025	2.000
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	.946	.959	1.025
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	8.388	8.884	8.775
Kerosene	Chin	.136	.454	.506	.546
Firewood	Bundle	.042	.344	.322	.322
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.076	.070	.070
Matches	Box	.0100	.0463	.0573	.0688
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.329	13.000	14.500	14.000
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.187	.203	.234
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.691	.716	.747
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.181	.191	.195
Shao-shing	Chin	.094	.354	.376	.449
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	.807	.923	1.032
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.600	1.600
Hot Water	10 Ladles	.017	.100	.100	.100

† Sien rice was not on market since Feb, 1940, quotations given are those of second grade Saigon rice.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien = 32 cubic metres. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 English pounds.

1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 English feet. 1 Shih shih = 156 Shih chin.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR FEBRUARY, 1941.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1936, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

Despite the drastic falls in the commodity and stock markets and the strengthening of the Chinese national dollar in the exchange market during the month, retail prices in general rose sharply. On February 3 and 5, the Chinese dollar in terms of U.S. currency was quoted at 5 9/32. The subsequent tense situation, both political and financial and at home and abroad, brought the rate to 5⅝ on February 18. Gold bars dropped over $1,000 per 10 ounces. Stock quotations fell almost to the low levels reached last October. Commodity prices, too, experienced heavy falls, in particular cotton yarn which dropped by $150 to $350 per bale. Considerable reluctance, however, was observed among retailers to adjust their prices in contrast to their readiness to put up prices when exchange rates drop or wholesale prices increase. In spite of the firmness of the Chinese dollar during the month, its purchasing power in the retail market, instead of being improved, was further reduced.

A sharp rise of 13.79 points was recorded in the consolidated index of cost of living of foreign salaried employees for February. It stood at 205.77 as against 191.98 in January. The purchasing power of the Chinese dollar was reduced by 51.40 per cent. as compared with 47.91 per cent. in January. Among the national indices, the Russian index of 210.24 registered the heaviest increase of 15.55 points over January; followed by the British index of 199.67, a rise of 12.59 points; the index of 206.08 for other nationalities, 12.20 points; and the American index of 193.15, 9.78 points. Of the group indices for all nationalities, the food index of 248.80 recorded the heaviest increase of 29.41 points; followed by the heat index of 206.49, a rise of 12.75 points; the rent index of 169.77, 6.92 points; the clothing index of 203.43, 5.10 points; and the miscellaneous index of 172.77, 2.60 points.

During the month there was a rise in food prices in general, and in cereals, meats, and canned foods in particular. Different brands of bread have been raised from 2.60 to 14.29 per cent. over January. Various cuts of beef made spectacular upward movements in price from week to week; sirloin roast went up 26.90 per cent., and soup meat, 37.06 per cent. Minced meat and chicken also rose 37.25 and 22.83 per cent. respectively. Among vegetables, Irish potatoes have gone up 51.85 per cent. and onions, 100.00 per cent. In the clothing group, many items stayed even, some showed slight increases, while a few rose sharply. Municipal rates in the International Settlement and Extra-Settlement Area were further raised to 37.80 and 33.60 per cent. respectively. Surcharges on electric light and heating for February in the International Settlement were increased to 180.97 and 276.37 per cent., and that on gas to 250 per cent. from February 15.

PROVISIONAL(1) INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN(2) SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American			British		
		1940	1941		1940	1941	
		Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	187.98	193.07	214.90	199.41	207.50	232.28
Clothing & Materials	100.00	195.84	200.60	204.36	198.09	203.26	208.64
Rent	100.00	148.81	169.71	176.30	147.47	162.01	173.77
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	193.68	198.89	206.04	199.15	203.85	210.28
Miscellaneous	100.00	145.55	163.07	165.52	154.72	171.40	174.05
General Index	100.00	171.92	183.37	193.15	176.38	187.08	199.67

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian			Other Nationalities		
		1940	1941		1940	1941	
		Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	216.11	228.86	263.01	208.42	218.63	244.49
Clothing & Materials	100.00	185.67	189.82	194.86	206.91	211.88	217.15
Rent	100.00	143.45	159.77	164.33	151.57	169.40	176.03
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	192.89	198.08	205.55	191.94	196.50	204.17
Miscellaneous	100.00	154.66	171.14	174.25	151.51	168.24	169.62
General Index	100.00	182.46	194.69	210.24	181.82	193.88	206.08

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated		
		1940	1941	
		Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
General Indices				
American	100.00	171.92	183.37	193.15
British	100.00	176.38	187.08	199.67
Russian	100.00	182.46	194.69	210.24
Other Nationalities	100.00	181.82	193.88	206.08
Consolidated Index	100.00	180.21	191.98	205.77
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	55.49	52.09	48.60

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Jan.	1941 Feb.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:					
1	White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	.78	.83
2	White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	.78	.83
3	Bread White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	.77	.79
4	Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.49	.56
5	Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.49	.56
6	Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.33	.36
7	Flour Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.57	.59
8	Flour Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.51	.53
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	.89	.96
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1¼ lb.	.62	1.12	1.12
11	Rolled oats Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	3.48	3.74
12	Rolled oats Loose	lb.		.44	.83	.96
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.62	.65
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	.90	1.04
15	Beef Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	3.49	3.83
16	Beef Rump steak	lb.		.65	2.19	2.75
17	Beef Topside steak	lb.		.63	2.38	2.73
18	Beef Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	2.23	2.83
19	Beef Rib roast	lb.		.60	2.23	2.70
20	Beef Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	2.60	3.05
21	Beef Soup meat	lb.		.35	1.43	1.96
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	1.53	2.10
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	1.32	1.81
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	1.90	1.82
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.36	1.53
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	3.88	4.05
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	2.63	2.76
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	2.16	2.36
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	1.84	2.26
30	Egg Hen	pc.		.10	.20	.21
31	Egg Duck	pc.		.08	.18	.20
32	Fish Herring	lb.		.18	.70	.60
33	Fish Salmon	lb.		.52	1.76	1.58
34	Fish Mandarin	lb.		.79	1.65	1.68
35	Fish Cod	lb.		.44	1.33	1.37
36	Fish Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	.75	.96
37	Fish Yellow	lb.		.34	.74	.71
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	2.43	2.77
39	Potatoes Irish	lb.		.10	.27	.41
40	Potatoes Sweet	lb.		.06	.19	.25
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.17	.17
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.23	.23
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.10	.11
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.50	—(8)
45	Beans French	lb.		.14	.73	.87
46	Beans Lima	lb.		.33	.69	.70
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.02	1.08
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.19	.18
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.27	.32
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.24	.48
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N.1sq.	3.45	4.45	4.32
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½ oz.	1.40	1.86	1.95
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 12 16 oz.	2.98	2.75	3.89
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No.8	1.90	3.06	3.11
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	.59	.75
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.40	.45
58	Oranges Sunkist	pc.		.23	.60	.61
59	Oranges Mandarin	lb.		.35	.62	.93
60	Lemons	pc.		.08	.63	.66
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	.81	.98

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Jan.	1941 Feb.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*					
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.23	1.62
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.25	1.24
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	1.55	1.73
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.58	1.65
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.52	1.52
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	6.88	7.03
68	Margarine Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.25	2.25
69	Margarine Paim	lb.		1.28	2.25	2.25
70	Milk Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.00	1.15
71	Milk Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.75	.79
72	Milk Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	.88	.89
73	Cheese Kraft	lb.		3.41	4.80	5.31
74	Cheese Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.40	2.80
75	Cream Sour	pint		1.60	3.10	3.10
76	Cream Table	pint		2.64	4.80	5.55
77	Jam—Assorted—1XL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	1.75	1.81
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	2.99	2.99
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	2.98	3.13
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	6.24	6.62
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.17	.18
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	.85	.85
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.89	1.92
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	6.79	7.13
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.60	.60
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.24	1.26
87	Sugar Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.79	.81
88	Sugar Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.64	.66
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.87	.87
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.12	1.11
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.41	1.41
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.03	2.08
93	Whisky—Harvey	tot.	qt.	11.22	17.41	18.23
94	Coffee Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	6.05	6.41
95	Coffee Mocha	lb.		2.08	2.68	2.91
96	Cocoa Bak er	tin	1 lb.	2.38	3.76	3.79
97	Cocoa Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	5.74	5.91
98	Tea Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	2.97	2.97
99	Tea Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	4.49	4.58
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	1.48	1.55
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	tall No. 2	1.43	1.77	1.88
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	3.76	4.55
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	2.50	3.11
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.29	5.44
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.09	1.90	1.90
106	Cigarettes Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.89	1.47	1.48
107	Cigarettes Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.77
108	Cigarettes Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.21	1.21
109	Cigarettes Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.34	1.36
II	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	59.50	59.50
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	29.50	29.50
112	Vigella—T T T	yd.		9.75	17.44	18.54
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	19.50	19.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	15.50	15.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	9.50	10.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	8.50	8.75
117	Mararrelle—Red Label—Lung Chong	yd.		.58	1.62	1.62
118	Shirt White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	8.36	8.48
119	Shirt White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	5.50	6.60
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	4.70	4.70

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— (*Continued*)

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Jan.	1941 Feb.
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122 Slip — Silk	pc.		10.00	11.00	13.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	25.00	27.50
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	3.80	5.45
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	2.30	2.30
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	54.90	54.90
127 Shoes Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	15.90	17.90
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	22.50	22.50
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	3.55	3.99
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	8.25	9.25
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.33	1.53
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	12.10	12.10
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finisy — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	29.50	29.50
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—60" x 60"	pc.		4.45	13.50	13.50
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.15	1.15
137 Knitting wools Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	34.43	35.80
138 Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	20.19	22.98
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	.70	.80
140 Laundry Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.28	.28
141 Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.15	.16
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	2.75	2.75
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	2.00	2.00
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached	std. rm.(3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.05	33.05
145 Apartment of flat	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	41.69	41.69
146 Terrace house	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	25.12	25.12
147 Single room	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	53.04	53.04
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.I. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.440	.472
152 Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.191	.211
Elec- 153 tric Light — French — Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.362	.369
154 Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.116	.134
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.0774	.0912
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	274.00	274.00
157 Coal briquettes	100shin chin(5)		3.75	8.89	8.78
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	34.36	36.86

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Jan.	1941 Feb.
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160 French Concession	cu.m.		.1343	.1651	.1825
161 Ice	100 lb.		1.00	2.50	2.50
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.083	.083
163 French Concession	per mi.		.040	.050	.056
164 Tram- Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0536	.0637
165 cars French Concession	per mi.		.040	.051	.061
166 Taxicab	20min.		2.20	3.60	3.60
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	3.40	3.40
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169 Newspapers North China Daily News (6)	p.mon.		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.60	1.80
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.70	.80
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	47.82	47.82
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	48.96	48.96
176 Amah	p.mon		19.15	34.69	34.69
177 Lotion Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	4.47	4.80
178 Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	10.25	10.43
179 Face cream Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.03	4.12
180 Niven—No. 363	tin		2.80	5.03	5.58
181 Face power—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	6.70	7.29
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	2.05	2.11
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	1.77	1.87
184 Sincere's	tube		.25	.37	.38
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	4.21	4.55
186 Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	2.09	2.13
187 Toilet paper Red Ball	roll		.34	.78	.85
188 Pagoda	roll		.64	1.13	1.20
189 Fan	roll		.45	.90	.94
190 Soap Lever Health	cake		.15	.27	.27
191 Lux	cake		.32	.46	.46
192 Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	.67	.71
193 Ivory	cake		1.24	1.68	1.77
194 Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	.93	1.05
195 Cleanser Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.31	.34
196 Beauty	tin		.07	.14	.13
197 Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	.65	.73
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.10	.79	.83
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	22.55	22.40
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	22.50	22.50
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.37	1.36
202 Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.54	.55
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.24	2.30
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.34	2.33
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.10	1.15
206 B			.40	.77	.80

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.
(8) Not on market.

NOTIFICATION No. 5400. OTHER FOODSTUFFS LICENCE No. 3.

Notice is hereby given that with effect from March 1, 1941, the following clauses are added to Condition No. 7 of Other Foodstuffs Licence No. 3:—

"All weights, measures and scales will be periodically tested and those found to be incorrect will be seized.

The licensee or any dealer or vendor possessing any incorrect weights, measures or scales, or who keeps, offers or exposes for sale or sells, produce short weighed will be liable to prosecution."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 18, 1941.

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS.

Negotiations have been concluded for the acquisition of the following areas of land scheduled for road purposes:—

Road	Cad. Lot	Area Mow	Compensation
Chengtu	1992	0.289	$19,378
Weihaiwei	2023	0.068	$ 2,658

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5412.

FIREWOOD

TENDERS are required for the Supply of Firewood.

Information and tender forms may be obtained from Room No. 39, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road. Deposit $100. Closing date, March 21, 1941, at 11 a.m.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 14, 1941.

MARKHAM ROAD AND SURPLUS ROAD LAND.

Arrangements have been made for the acquisition of an area of *Mow* 0.083 scheduled from Cadastral Lot 3553 for the widening of Markham Road and the release of *Mow* 0.315 of surplus road land fronting this lot, subject to payment to the Council of a sum of $17,357 as equity of exchange.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

Notification No. 5411.

HOTEL, TAVERN, RESTAURANT AND BEER LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that a list of the liquor licences to be considered by a Committee of the Council sitting in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, on Friday, March 21, at 4.30 p.m. is on public exhibition in the Administration Building. Copies of the list can be obtained from the Secretariat by request in writing.

The public is reminded that the session affords an opportunity to protest against the issue of these licences, or against the renewal of any existing licences. It is requested that such protests be in writing to the undersigned.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 14, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the S.M.P. Headquarters.		
646	Supply of foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P. for the month of May, 1941:—		April 16, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish and Game	$100	
	" "B" Vegetables and Fruit	$100	
	" "C" Groceries	$100	
	" "D" Bread	$100	
	" "E" Fresh Milk	$100	
647	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P.	$100	April 16, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information, sample and official tender form may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
645	450 pairs British Army Pattern Ankle Boots with mohair laces.		April 30, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of the Municipal Gaol, No. 147 Ward Road.		
70A	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section, for a period of three months from June 1, 1941.	$500	May 13, 11 a.m.
70B	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section, for a period of three months from June 1, 1941.	$100	May 13, 11 a.m.

TENDERS INVITED. —(*Continued*)

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Information regarding the tender under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, 223 Hankow Road.

	Cotton Wool, Gauze, Bandages and Lint. Samples must be delivered prior to the opening of tenders to Room 5, Public Health Department Administration Building.		April 15, 11 a.m.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Information as to conditions of supply, standards to which the products must confirm, and relative tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Administration Building, 223 Hankow Road.

4(c)	Supply to Municipal Hospitals and Schools as from July 1 to December 31, 1941, of 100 pints Grade "A" (TT) milk daily and 15 pints Grade "A" (TT) cream monthly.		May 16, 11 a.m.
4(d)	Supply to Municipal Hospitals and Schools as from July 1 to December 31, 1941, of 100 pints Grade "A" milk daily.		May 16, 11 a.m.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works, Room No. 133, Administration Building.

41/21	Picks, Shovels and Spades	$100	April 24, 1941, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Police Force. Tender No. 643. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of April, 1941.

Dombey and Son — $4.85 per man per day including fresh milk and bread.

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5385. S. M. C. Parks—Sale of Refreshments.

Z. S. Waung — $10,000

Public Health Department. Tender No. 12. Approximately 130 dozen X-Ray Films (various sizes) during the period March 1, 1941 to February 28, 1942.

Ilford Ltd.	24 dozen 14" x 17"	$125.46 per doz.
	32 ,, 12" x 15"	93.56 ,, ,,
	24 ,, 11" x 14"	82.22 ,, ,,
	24 ,, 10" x 12"	65.21 ,, ,,
	16 ,, 10" x 8"	41.13 ,, ,,

Fire Brigade. Tender No. 65/40. Supply of Branded Motor Lubricating Oils and Greases during 1941.

	Motor Engine Oil				Automobile Greases	General Bearing Greases	Gear Oils	Penetrating Oil
	Light	Medium	Heavy	Ex-Heavy	Price per pound			
	Price per American Gallon							
The Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China) Ltd.	—	—	—	—	—	US$ 0.07	—	—
C. C. Wakefield & Co., Ltd.	US$0.3770	0.3770	0.3770	0.3770	—	—	US$0.378 per A.G.	US$2.00 per A.G.
The Texas Co. (China) Ltd.	—	—	—		Marfak 1,2,3 US$4.27 per 1/36 lb. tin	—	—	—

TENDERS RECEIVED

Police Force. Tender No. 642. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police for the month of April, 1941. No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1941 1832

Proposed New Bye-laws And Amendments to Bye-laws XXX and XXXIV.

(The proposed new Bye-laws and amendments to Bye-laws XXX and XXXIV as hereunder numbered and set forth will be submitted at a Special Meeting of Ratepayers which the Council is initiating to be held at 2.30 p.m. at the Shanghai Race Club, Public Stand, 305 Bubbling Well Road, on Thursday, April 17, 1941.)

PROPOSED NEW BYE-LAWS.

Bye-law No. XLIII. **Registration of Doctors, etc.**

No person shall practise medicine, surgery, midwifery, dentistry, veterinary surgery, or as a nurse or midwife, or shall dispense drugs within such limits unless such person shall be registered with the Council. And any person offending against or infringing any provision of this Bye-law shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $200 or to such other penalty as shall be prescribed by the law to which such person is amenable.

XLIV. **Notification of Infectious Diseases.**

In the event of an infectious disease of the nature or kind included in such lists as shall from time to time be published by the Council being present in any premises within such limits it shall be incumbent on the medical practitioner attending the sick person forthwith to notify in writing the nature of the disease to the Officer of Health. Should the sick person not be attended by a medical practitioner the obligation to notify the Officer of Health of such disease or suspicion of such disease shall rest with the occupier or keeper of such premises or in default of such occupier or keeper with the nearest relative living on such premises. If such registered medical practitioner or occupier or keeper or such relative fail so to notify such person shall be liable to a penalty or fine not exceeding $10 for every 24 hours continuance of such neglect.

XLV. **Isolation.**

If at any time the Officer of Health certify to the Council that any person suffering from any infectious disease of the nature or kind included in the aforesaid lists is a danger to the public health through imperfect isolation or disinfection the Council shall be entitled to remove such person to an Isolation Hospital provided for the purpose and such person shall be there detained so long as such danger remains and the Council shall be entitled to recover the expense of such removal and detention from such person in the same manner as damages.

XLVI. **Wilful exposure.**

No person within such limits knowingly suffering from any infectious disease of the nature or kind included in the aforesaid lists shall wilfully expose himself without proper precaution against spreading such disease in any street public place shop inn or public conveyance and no person being in charge of any person so suffering shall expose without previous disinfection, or retain in any premises, any bedding clothing or other article which has been exposed to infection from such disease. No person within such limits knowingly suffering from any such infectious disease shall milk any animal or wash any clothes or engage in any trade business or occupation in such a manner as to be liable to spread such disease.

The Council shall be entitled without payment of compensation to seize any bedding clothing or other article as aforesaid which has been exposed to infection for the purpose of disinfecting the same. Any person offending against any provision of this Bye-law shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $300 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three

months or to both fine and imprisonment to the above extent or to any other such penalty as shall be prescribed by the law to which such person is amenable.

XLVII. **Vaccination.**

Every person above the age of 6 months shall be effectively vaccinated against smallpox and reasonable proof of effective vaccination within the preceding 3 years may be required in the case of every person. Any person not furnishing such reasonable proof and refusing to submit himself to vaccination will be liable to a fine not exceeding $5.00 on each occasion that he fails to furnish such proof or to submit himself to vaccination.

XLVIII. **Registration of deaths.**

It shall be incumbent upon the registered medical practitioner to notify in writing to the Officer of Health forthwith the death of any person under his care together with the true cause thereof. Failure to give such notification shall render the medical practitioner liable to a fine not exceeding $10.00.

XLIX. **Overcrowding.**

If at any time the Officer of Health shall certify to the Council that any building or any part thereof is overcrowded so that the health of the inmates or of the neighbours is thereby affected or endangered and that such condition had not been remedied within seven days after receipt of warning notice the occupier of such building or part thereof shall be liable to a penalty or fine not exceeding $25 provided that no premises shall be deemed overcrowded except where the said premises are inhabited in excess of a proportion of one person for every 30 square feet of habitable floor space or superficial area or in excess of one person for every 400 cubic feet of clean and unobstructed internal air space.

L. **Entry.**

Any official of the Council being so authorized in writing shall be entitled to enter any premises within the limits at all reasonable times for the purpose of investigating or remedying any matters or things relating to health.

LI. **Spitting.**

No person shall spit in public places public vehicles streets or pavements or in any other places where spitting is detrimental to public health. Any person offending against this Bye-law shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $5 for every offence.

LII. **Assessments for Taxation purposes, etc.**

The value of the lands, buildings, rentals, or goods upon which rates, taxes, or dues, may be imposed or levied by a Public Meeting duly assembled in accordance with Land Regulation IX shall be assessed and/or collected in the following manner:—

1. (*a*) The Council shall first assess or re-assess the value of lands, buildings, rentals or goods. The occupier, owner or lessee of any hereditament or any one or more of them shall upon service of a notice requiring a return, make to the Council a return containing such particulars as may be reasonably required for the purpose of facilitating such assessment or re-assessment. Every person on whom a notice to make a return is served shall within ten days make a return to the Council in such form as is required by the said notice.

(*b*) After such assessments or re-assessments have been made, the occupier, owner or lessee shall be informed in writing by the Council of the amount of such assessment or re-assessment.

(*c*) The said occupier, owner or lessee may, if he so desires, file an appeal with the Council from its assessment, or re-assessment, directed to the Committee hereinafter mentioned within 30 days after having received notice in writing of the amount of the said assessment or re-assessment.

(*d*) Upon the receipt of such appeal, the Council shall forward the same to the Committee hereinafter mentioned, for disposal.

(*e*) If the said occupier, owner or lessee fails to file an appeal with the Council directed to the Committee hereinafter mentioned within 30 days after having received notice of the amount of the said assessment or re-assessment, such assessment or re-assessment shall be considered final and binding on both the Council and the occupier, owner or lessee concerned.

2. (*a*) After the Annual Meeting of Foreign Ratepayers the Council shall appoint with appropriate terms of reference, for a period of one year, a Committee consisting of six persons, chosen from among the ratepayers foreign and Chinese who shall not be members or employees of the Council, to determine appeals from assessments or re-assessments made by the Council.

(*b*) The Committee so appointed shall make and enforce its own rules of procedure which may be altered and amended by it from time to time.

(*c*) Vacancies in the personnel of the said Committee during any year shall be filled by the Council.

(*d*) The decisions of the said Committee shall be final and binding on both the Council and the occupier, owner or lessee concerned.

3. When the decisions of the Council or the Appeal Committee, as aforesaid, have become final and binding, as above provided, the Council may, at its discretion, enforce such decisions and collect the rates, taxes or dues thereby provided for in one or both of the following methods:—

(*a*) By suing the defaulter or defaulters in the Court or Courts having jurisdiction in accordance with Land Regulation XIII.

(*b*) By entering and distraining on the lands and tenements and seizing and selling goods on the lands and tenements of the defaulter or defaulters, in respect of which rates, taxes or dues are in arrear or unpaid, in accordance with Land Regulation X.

4. If the Council elects to distrain on the lands and tenements and to seize and sell goods of the defaulter or defaulters to such extent as may be required to satisfy such assessment, re-assessment, taxes, dues or rates, the following procedure shall be followed:—

(*a*) The Secretary of the Council shall issue a Distress Warrant directed to the Commissioner of Police or his representative, and Seals for the sealing of the premises.

(*b*) The said Distress Warrant shall state:—

1. The name and address of the defaulter.
2. A description of the property on which "distress" is sought.
3. The amount of the rates, taxes or dues, due and unpaid.
4. The period for which such rates, taxes or dues are payable.
5. The date upon which such rates, taxes or dues became payable.

(*c*) The Distress Warrant and Seals shall be handed by the Commissioner of Police or his representative to the Officer in charge of the Police Station of the district in which the premises or goods are situated.

(*d*) The said Police Officer or his representative shall proceed from the said Station to the premises or the place where the goods are situated and if the amount of the rates, taxes or dues, specified in the Warrant, is not paid, the Police Officer shall seal up the premises or remove the said goods to said Police Station.

(*e*) If the amount of the rates, taxes or dues specified in the Warrant are paid, or a settlement is arranged between the Council and the party concerned after the sealing, the said Seals shall not be removed except by order of the Secretary.

(*f*) If the amount of the rates, taxes or dues specified in the Warrant be not paid within 14 days after the affixing of the Seals, the Secretary shall issue an order for the sale, by auction, of the said lands and tenements or the said goods or the contents of the said premises. One week's public notice of such sale by auction shall be given.

(*g*) The Council shall, out of the proceeds of such sale if the same be sufficient, retain the amount of the rates, taxes or dues specified in the Warrant, together with all costs and fees incurred in connection with the same, if any, and shall pay the surplus, if any, to the said defaulter mentioned in the said Warrant.

5. The Council's claims for rates, taxes and dues are prior claims and shall take precedence over rents, liens, mortgages, and any other claims whatsoever.

Nothing contained in this Bye-law shall in any way diminish or prejudice any other rights of the Council not herein mentioned in regard to the assessment or re-assessment of land or buildings or in regard to the collection or enforcement of rates, taxes and dues.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING BYE-LAWS.

Bye-law XXX. Substitute the words "disinfecting", "disinfect" and "disinfected" for the words "purifying", "purify" and "purified" respectively. Insert the words "or amend the ventilation thereof" after the words "purify the same."

Amend the words "filthy and unwholesome conditions" to read "filthy, inadequately ventilated or otherwise unwholesome condition."

Bye-law XXXIV. After the word "laundry" add "establishment for the dyeing or cleaning of garments."

PROPOSED HEALTH BYE-LAWS.

In December last Dr. H. Couper Patrick suggested to the Council that consideration should be given to the possibility of calling a Special Meeting of Ratepayers to pass a Bye-law to bring about compulsory registration for doctors practising in the International Settlement.

The subject had engaged the Council's attention for some time and it was also felt by the Council that the time had come, in the public interest, to take steps to make Medical Registration in the Settlement compulsory. The Commissioner of Public Health was accordingly requested to consult the Shanghai Medical Board (which is the body that controls the existing voluntary registration scheme and consists of representatives of the leading medical groups in Shanghai) and to report to the Council as to the practicability and proposed wording of a Bye-law.

In submitting a proposed Bye-law, which had the support of the Shanghai Medical Board, the Commissioner of Public Health suggested other new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Municipal Bye-laws which would provide the Council with much needed powers to afford greater protection of the health of the community.

A Special Sub-Committee of the Health Committee was appointed to consider the suggested new Bye-laws and the proposed amendments to existing Bye-laws. A number of meetings were held; the views of various Municipal departments obtained and legal advice taken. After most careful consideration the Sub-Committee consisting of Mr. G. A. Haley (Chairman), and Drs. E. G. Gauntlett and Szeming Sze submitted a report to the full Health Committee recommending the adoption of the abovementioned new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws. The Health Committee at a meeting on March 17 after discussion unanimously recommended that the proposed new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws be adopted by the Council for presentation at a Special Meeting of Ratepayers to be held immediately preceding the forthcoming Annual Meeting of Ratepayers. The Council at a Meeting held on March 19, carefully considered the proposals and endorsed the Health Committee's recommendations.

The Council realises that certain of the proposed Bye-laws, particularly those relating to spitting and overcrowding, will be considered somewhat advanced for strict application in present-day conditions. But they should be regarded primarily as measures aimed to educate the public to a higher standard of conduct in public health matters. The Council intends to exercise the powers conferred upon them by these Bye-laws with discretion and with due regard to the circumstances prevailing in Shanghai. The overcrowding Bye-law is designed to strike at exploitation of the poor and to provide the Commissioner of Public Health with the power he needs to curb the spread of disease and improve the health of the city. The Council appreciates that this Bye-law can probably only be enforced in the most exceptional cases of deliberate disregard for the health of inhabitants of the Settlement and in order to protect the public in every way it proposes at first to submit all cases of violation of the overcrowding Bye-law to the consideration of the Health Committee before any action is authorised by Council.

It is realised that the enforcement of the spitting Bye-law will be difficult. In the past the Commissioner of Public Health has had to depend on the publicity measures of his Department and such assistance as has been given by other organizations interested in the work of combatting the dangerous and unhealthy spitting habit. Public enlightenment as to the unhealthiness of this habit through health campaigns will continue. The introduction of a Bye-law for application in cases where the necessity arises is most desirable.

With the better protection of the health of the public as its main purpose, the Council will submit the abovementioned new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws for the approval of the ratepayers at a Special Meeting of Ratepayers notice of which will be announced later.

PROPOSED ASSESSMENT BYE-LAW.

The purpose of this Bye-law is to give more formal authority to the procedure in regard to assessments for taxation purposes and appeals therefrom. At the present time appeals from assessments for General Municipal Rate are to the Finance Committee which is advised by the Rate Assessment Committee. Appeals from assessments for Land Tax are to the Finance, Rate and Appeal Committee. Under the proposed Bye-law both types of appeals will be heard by a Special Committee who are neither members of Council nor Council employees. The proposed Bye-law also regulates precisely the procedure to be followed in the exercise of the Council's right to distress.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1941 1833

The Council will move a Resolution at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to be held on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, that approval be given to the adoption by the Council of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation subject to it being left to the incoming Council to give consideration to the implementation of Recommendations Nos. 2 and 3 of the Majority Report, published below.

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL TO INVESTIGATE INEQUALITIES OF TAXATION.

MUNICIPAL rates of tenant-occupiers of property in the International Settlement of Shanghai and in the so-called "Outside Roads Area" have in the past been and are now based on a valuation in most instances determined by the actual rental paid. The Council has exercisent its right to disregard the actual rental paid or claimed to be paid only in the rare cases where the Revenue Department of the Council considered the rental paid to be preferential or the claim as to the rental paid to be fraudulent. Municipal rates of owner-occupiers of property have in the past been and are now based upon an assessment of the property made by the Council. Such assessment has in theory been predicated upon rental paid by tenants for similar property. In times of fluctuations in rental values there has been an inevitable time-lag in adjusting the assessment of owner-occupied property to meet the rental fluctuations.

There can be no question but that the Council's present system of taxation has worked economically and conveniently and with reasonable fairness to all ratepayers over a long period of time. Had conditions remained the same, had Shanghai carried on the even tenor of its way, possibly no fault could have been found with such system. However, as a result of the hostilities in 1937 abnormal conditions have come into being and the system that worked so satisfactorily in the past has resulted in inequalities that have developed to such an extent that a remedy must be found.

Inequalities resulting from the scheme of taxation now in force in the International Settlement of Shanghai and the so-called "Outside Roads Area" may be summarized as follows:

1. Inequalities between tenant-occupiers of property;
2. Inequalities between tenant-occupiers of property and owner-occupiers of property; and
3. Inequalities arising out of compounding of taxes.

These three classes of inequalities will be discussed in their order.

1. In order to consider properly the inequalities now existing between tenant-occupiers of property it is necessary to divide tenants into two classes which will be referred to as protected and unprotected tenants.

Protected tenants are those who by reason of social legislation found in the Chinese Civil Code are protected against eviction and any increase in rent unless approved by the Chinese Court and those tenants who are similarly protected by reason of long leases. The provisions of the Chinese Civil Code referred to as interpreted by the Chinese Courts make it impossible for a landlord to evict a tenant who is in possession under a written lease on a month to month basis or who is in possession without a written lease, unless the landlord intends to occupy the premises himself or to demolish the premises for the purpose of re-building. The Chinese Civil Code also makes it impossible for a landlord to increase the rental payable by such a tenant without the Court's approval and it has been found in practice since 1937 that it is extremely difficult for a landlord to obtain such approval and in the relatively few cases where approval has been granted by the Court the increase approved has been limited in most cases to 20% or less. Reliable estimates are that protected tenants make up about 80% of the total number of tenants in Shanghai.

Unprotected tenants are those who are not subject to Chinese law and who do not have long leases that came into being prior to the hostilities in 1937.

As a result of the protection enjoyed by protected tenants the rental paid by them has either remained at the pre-hostility figure or has been increased by varying amounts up to 20% either by Court order or by agreement between the landlord and the tenant. In many instances landlords and protected tenants have appreciated the possibility of court approval of a slight increase in rent and have reached a compromise accordingly. On the other hand unprotected tenants have been subject to the mercy of their landlords and have either been reasonably increased in relation to the depreciation of local currency and the increase in living costs or they have been exploited by their landlords. As a result unprotected tenants since 1937 have been paying taxes based on ever increasing rentals while protected tenants have been paying taxes based on pre-hostility rentals or restricted increases thereof.

Although the social legislation in the Chinese Civil Code before referred to is not new, there was little inequality in taxation resulting therefrom prior to the hostilities in 1937 for the reason that prior to such hostilities there was an open market for rented properties in Shanghai and rentals found a normal and natural level. In the Spring of 1937 for instance, if a landlord endeavoured to increase his tenant's rent beyond an amount considered reasonable by the tenant, the tenant simply moved to other premises. Protected tenants were not in a more favourable position at that time because there was a slump in rental values during 1934 and 1935 and by the Spring of 1937 rentals had not quite regained their 1933 level. As a general statement, all landlords preferred to receive rental on the basis of that paid by the protected tenant rather than have their premises unoccupied. The devastation of large areas in and around Shanghai and the resulting congestion in the Settlement and the areas under Settlement control brought about quite a different situation. It became increasingly difficult, if not impossible, for unprotected tenants to find premises into which to move when increases in rents were demanded. The open market disappeared and an ever widening discrepancy developed between rentals paid by protected tenants and rentals paid by unprotected tenants, even for identical property. Such discrepancy in rentals paid resulted in inequalities of large proportion in the amount of taxes paid based on such rentals.

2. As soon as rentals started increasing an inequality developed between tenant-occupiers and owner-occupiers of property with respect to the taxes paid by each. Any fluctuation, either up or down, in rental values must result under the Council's existing system in such inequality for, as above stated, there is an inevitable time-lag between the fluctuation in rental and the re-assessment of owner - occupied property. The Council recognized that such an inequality existed and early in 1940 established a Re-Assessment Sub-Committee to re-assess owner-occupied premises. This Re-Assess-

ment Sub-Committee was instructed to re-assess all owner-occupied industrial and commercial premises as of the 30th of June 1937 and to add 20% thereto to fix the present existing value for tax purposes. The 20% to be added to the 1937 value was considered to be the average increase in rentals since June 1937 taking into consideration both protected and unprotected tenants. Concurrently the Revenue Office undertook the re-assessment of owner occupied residential premises on the same basis.

In spite of sincere efforts to expedite their labors as much as possible the Re-Assessment Sub-Committee were not able to re-assess all owner-occupied premises prior to the end of 1940. In order not to deprive the Council of revenue from the re-assessed owner-occupied premises rates were levied on the re-assessed value of such premises from the 1st of January 1941 even though many other owner-occupied premises remained to be re-assessed. This lessened the inequality between owner-occupied premises and the re-assessed owner-occupied premises but created an inequality between the re-assessed owner-occupied premises and the owner-occupied premises not re-assessed. As the work of the Re-Assessment Sub-Committee will probably not be completed before the autumn of 1941 it is apparent that this last mentioned inequality will not entirely disappear until after the third quarter of 1941 unless some change is made.

Even with the addition of 20% to the true 1937 assessment of owner-occupiers it remains necessary to deal with the inequalities of taxation existing between owner-occupiers and unprotected tenant-occupiers and between protected tenant-occupiers and unprotected tenant-occupiers.

3. In the past it has been the practice of the Council to permit owners of certain properties mainly large apartment or office buildings to compound the municipal rate payable with respect to such premises by agreeing to pay to the Council a lump sum regardless of whether the buildings in question were fully occupied or not and regardless of the actual rental paid. There are only fourteen such cases in existence at the present time. This compounding has resulted in obvious inequalities as in each case the Council has almost surely been receiving either more or less than would have been payable had the compounding not been agreed to.

In considering practical ways and means for remedying the inequalities above mentioned that have been found to exist in respect to municipal rate this Committee has taken into consideration the abnormal conditions now prevailing as well as the necessity of maintaining the financial position of the Council.

Obviously both the theoretical and the practical remedy for all of such inequalities is for the Council to revamp its entire system of determining the basis upon which municipal rate is payable. This Committee is of the opinion that as soon as possible the Council should discard actual rental paid as the only yardstick for determining the value upon which municipal rate is based and should have the fair rental value of all property uniformly assessed by expert assessors — valuers and base municipal rate on their assessment. This would remove entirely the existing inequality in taxation between protected and unprotected tenants as the municipal rate payable with respect to any particular property would be based upon the assessed value of that property rather than upon the rental paid by the tenant thereof. The existing inequality between tenant - occupiers and owner-occupiers would also be removed as the municipal rate payable with respect to any particular property would be based upon the assessment thereof regardless of whether such property was occupied by the owner or by tenant. As the re-assessment of all property in the Settlement by expert assessors would be a long and tedious job requiring well over a year to complete, this Committee recommends that the Council take immediate steps to put the necessary machinery in motion to have such an assessment made and that as the completion of such assessment of all property municipal rate in the Settlement and in the Outside Roads Area be based upon such assessment. It is also recommended that the valuation lists be made available for inspection by ratepayers. This Committee further recommends that all compounding of taxes be immediately abolished.

As it is felt that pending the assessment of all property subject to municipal rate something should be done to lessen the inequalities found to exist, this Committee has endeavoured to find a formula which would be a step toward the goal of taxation on assessed values and which would lessen the existing inequalities. Such a formula has been worked out based upon the value of property upon which municipal rate was paid or should have been paid on June 30, 1937. This date was chosen as the end of the last taxable period during which there was an open market for rented properties. It is recognized that since that date certain types of properties in certain districts have increased in value in relation to other types of properties or similar types of properties in other districts. In order to make an adjustment which would take into consideration these increases in value and which would preserve the proper relation between different types of property and between different districts, the following schedule of adjustments to the valuations of June 30, 1937 have been agreed upon.

	Western				*Northern*	*Eastern*
	Central	Inside & Outside Settlement within the perimeter	Beyond perimeter	West Honzkew	Remainder	Inside & Outside Settlement
Industrial	25%	30%	20%	25%	20%	20%
Commercial	25%	30%	20%	25%	20%	20%
Residential	20%	20%	20%	20%	1937 level assessment	1937 level assessment

This Committee therefore recommends with respect to tenant occupied properties that from the 1st of April, 1941 municipal rate be based upon property values appearing in the rate registers of the Council on June 30, 1937 after such values have been adjusted as provided in the schedule set forth above.

With respect to buildings erected, remodelled or added to since June 30, 1937, it will of course be necessary for such properties to be assessed as of that date and the assessment then adjusted in accordance with the above schedule. Owner-occupied premises which have already been reassessed as of June 30, 1937 and then adjusted by adding a flat 20% will have to be readjusted by applying the above schedule instead of the flat 20%. Owner-occupied premises which have not yet been reassessed will have to be re-assessed as of June 30, 1937 and the re-assessment then adjusted in accordance with the above schedule. As it will take some time for the remaining owner-occupied premises to be reassessed as of June 30, 1937 it is recommended that the Council for the second quarter of 1941 and for each succeeding quarter as may be necessary, send to such ratepayers provisional demand notes based upon the rates paid by them for the first quarter of 1941 plus the appropriate percentage increase, if any, applicable under the above schedule and that such ratepayers be notified by the Council that as soon as the property in question has been reassessed, an adjustment from April 1, 1941 will be made and the Council will refund any amount found to be overpaid and will require payment of any amount found to be due.

The effect on the Council's revenue of the foregoing recommendations according to estimates furnished this Committee by the Revenue Office of the Council will be to produce approximately the same revenue for a whole year as that provided for in the 1941 budget.

This Committee also considered the question of inequality between general municipal rate and land tax. The Committee is not prepared on the evidence before it to make a positive recommendation for a general re-assessment of land values but recommends the Council to give early consideration to this question.

The Council has always successfully maintained its right to base its municipal rate upon an assessment rather than upon actual rental paid. As the recommendations of this Committee, if adopted, will result in municipal rate being based entirely on assessment from April 1, 1941, this Committee fully endorses the proposal of the Municipal Advocate that a bye-law be passed clearly setting forth the Council's right to assess and the procedure to be followed.

In submitting this report the Committee wishes to place on record their appreciation of the services rendered by Mr. J. C. Greig of the Secretariat who acted as Secretary, of the advice freely given by Mr. G. G. Phillips, the Secretary & Commissioner General and by Mr. R. T. Bryan, the Municipal Advocate, and of the invaluable help of Messrs. R. Middleton and A. T. Gray of the Revenue Office. The Committee also wishes to thank Mr. E. S. Little in particular and other interested ratepayers who put forth facts, figures and suggestions for consideration.

Summary of Recommendations.

1. That all compounding of taxes be abolished from April 1, 1941.
2. That the Council immediately set up machinery

for the assessment by experts of all property subject to the Council's municipal rate and that such assessment be completed as soon as possible.

3. That upon the completion of the assessment of all such property the municipal rate payable to the Council be based on such assessment.

4. That pending the assessment of all such tenanted property municipal rate be based with effect from April 1, 1941 upon rateable values appearing in the rate registers of the Council on June 30, 1937 after such values have been adjusted by adding thereto the percentages set forth in the following schedule according to the type and location of the property concerned. That owner - occupied premises which have already been reassessed as of June 30, 1937 and then adjusted by adding a flat 20% be re-adjusted by applying the following schedule instead of the flat 20%.

	Western			Northern		Eastern
	Central	Inside & Outside Settlement within the perimeter	Beyond perimeter	West Hongkew	Remainder	Inside & Outside Settlement
Industrial	25%	30%	20%	25%	20%	20%
Commercial	25%	30%	20%	25%	20%	20%
Residential	20%	20%	20%	20%	1937 level assessment	1937 level assessment

5. That pending the assessment of all property subject to municipal rate all buildings erected, re-modelled or added to since June 30, 1937 be assessed as of that date and the assessment then adjusted in accordance with the schedule set forth above and municipal rate be based on such adjusted assessment with effect from April 1, 1941.

6. That all owner-occupied premises not re-assessed be reassessed as of June 30, 1937 as soon as possible and the re-assessment then adjusted in accordance with the schedule set forth above.

7. That pending the re-assessment of such owner-occupied premises as have not yet been re-assessed the owners thereof be sent provisional demand notes with effect from April 1, 1941 based upon rates paid upon the property in question for the first quarter of 1941 plus the appropriate percentage increase, if any, applicable under the above schedule and that such ratepayers be notified by the Council that as soon as the property in question has been assessed or re-assessed, as the case may be, an adjustment will be made and the Council will refund any amount found to be overpaid and will require payment of any amount found to be due.

8. That valuation lists be made available for inspection by ratepayers.

9. That the Council give early consideration to the question of re-assessment of land value.

(Sgd.) C. S. Franklin (Chairman), A. R. Jones, N. F. Meyers, O. Okamoto, J. H. Sun.

MINORITY REPORT OF MR. J. R. ETHERINGTON TO THE REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE INEQUALITIES OF TAXATION.

I am in agreement, in principle, with the main recommendations of the Committee, but I am not in agreement with the form of the interim measures recommended, pending the re-assessment by experts of all properties subject to the Council's Municipal Rate, on the following grounds:—

The proposed scheme (paragraph 4 of the Summary of Recommendations) involves the Council in a considerable shortfall in revenue. The statement in the Report that "the effect on the Council's revenue of the foregoing recommendations, according to estimates furnished by the Revenue Office of the Council, would be to produce approximately the same revenue for a whole year as that provided for in the budget for 1941", is misleading.

In effect, it will be necessary to transfer some $1,000,000.00 to cover the shortfall in revenue created by the proposed scheme. This transfer has been made possible by an increase in revenue derived by the Council from the re-assessment of certain owner occupied properties. The shortfall of some $1,000,000, indicated above, may appear to be negligible, but having regard to the fact that

(1) The Council is already faced with a deficit from last year of roughly eleven million dollars, and consequently needs all the additional revenue it can derive from taxation in order to offset this deficit. The fact that this deficit has been transferred to Capital Account does not alter the position.

(2) The Council most likely will be faced with another deficit in the budget for 1941, due to the probable increase in the cost of administration owing to the further depreciation in exchange which has taken place since the budget was prepared,

it is my opinion that the interim measures recommended do not go far enough.

These measures tend to endorse the fallacy that rentals, in the average, have only increased by a maximum of 20% since the outbreak of Sino-Japanese hostilities in 1937. It is my contention that had it not been for the questionable rulings of the local Chinese Courts, rentals generally would have found their true levels, which would have been nearer 100% over the 1937 figures than the maximum of 30% provided for in the table of adjustments shown in the report. The definition of "Protected tenants" given in the Report as being "those who by reason of social legislation found in the Chinese Civil Code are protected against eviction and any increase in rent unless approved by the Chinese Court" is not in accordance with facts.

In my opinion, theoretically there is nothing fundamentally wrong with the provisions of the Chinese Civil Code which are applicable to the relations between landlord and tenant. It is solely due to the questionable interpretation of the Chinese law that most of the inequalities in taxation exist today, and no practical and lasting solution of the problem of eliminating these inequalities will be found unless the root of this evil is removed and justice is accorded, thereby enabling the Council to obtain its legitimate amount of revenue from the very large proportion of protected tenants.

In support of this argument, I cannot do better than to quote an extract from the report of the "Industrial and Social Division" of the Council, which appears on page 59 of the Council's Report for 1940 (Part 1):—

"Concurrently with inadequate returns to owners, Council revenue suffers from the low rents paid by principal tenants to Landlords. A possible 50,000 principal tenants, who are protected from payment of any greater increase over their pre-war rentals of more than a small percentage by Court ruling, reap handsome benefits from sub-letting to tenants who pay high rentals."

That the Committee is fully aware of this fact is proved by its recommendations in the Majority Report that "the Council immediately set up machinery for the assessment by experts of all property subject to the Council's Municipal Rate, and that such assessment be completed as soon as possible" and "that upon the completion of the assessment of all such property the Municipal Rate payable to the Council be based on such assessment."

It is hard to believe, in view of the above, that the experts who will be entrusted with this task, will be influenced in any way by the actual amounts of rentals paid, where such are obviously restricted rentals owing to the interpretation of the Law by the local Chinese Courts.

The budget requirements will necessitate a considerably higher scale of assessment all round, and there seems to be a little point, therefore, in taking measures at this juncture which fall so far short of realities.

In view of the foregoing, I submit that it would have been more logical if a uniform supplement of 50% on the assessment in force at 30th June 1937 had been recommended, instead of the variable percentages provided for in the tables set out in the Majority Report, for which variations there is no justification seeing that the so-called increase in value on certain types of properties in different districts is already clearly reflected in the rentals now being paid for the various types of occupancy in the said districts. The supplement of 50% pending the re-assessment by experts of all property which is subject to the payment of Municipal Rate would not only have benefitted the Coun-

cil insofar as it would have resulted in no loss of revenue, but it would also have permitted the Council, if it were considered expedient to do so, to reduce the present Municipal Rate of 37.8% to about 33.5%.

A temporary arrangement on this basis would have been more equitable to the Council, and all other sections of the community, and at the same time would have gone much further towards the ultimate aim of the Committee, with which I agree, recommending the Council to base the Municipal Rate on the re-assessment by experts of all properties irrespective of the actual rentals paid.

(Sgd.) J. B. Etherington.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, APRIL 17, 1941. 1834

SPECIAL AND ANNUAL MEETINGS OF RATEPAYERS

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB, PUBLIC STAND, APRIL 17, 1941, 2.30 p.m.

AGENDA FOR SPECIAL MEETING

Resolution I.—Appointment of Chairman.

Resolution II.—Appointment of Secretary to the Meeting.

Resolution III.—New Bye-laws and Amendments to Bye-laws XXX and XXXIV.

Resolution IV.—Composition of a Provisional Council for the Municipal year 1941-2.

AGENDA FOR ANNUAL MEETING

Resolution I.—Appointment of Chairman.

Resolution II.—Appointment of Secretary to the Meeting.

Resolution III.—Adoption of Rules of Procedure.

Resolution IV.—Election of a Land Commissioner.

Resolution V.—Election of four Governors of the General Hospital.

Resolution VII.—Adoption of Budget for 1941.

Resolution VIII.—Adoption of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation.

Resolution VI.—Passing of Report and Accounts for 1940.

(Note that the order of taking the last three resolutions has been transposed).

NOTICE.

UNDER authority of Article XV of the Land Regulations and in accordance with the request of the Council, I hereby give notice that a Special Meeting of Ratepayers will be held at the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at 2.30 p.m. when the following Resolution will be proposed.

Resolution.—That the new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws published in the Municipal Gazette of March 31, 1941, be passed and approved, and that such Bye-laws be numbered as set out in the aforementioned Gazette.

Proposed by: W. J. Keswick
Seconded by: G. E. Mitchell

(Sgd.) POUL SCHEEL,
Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul.

Shanghai, March 31, 1941.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the request of the Shanghai Municipal Council there will be considered at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers, to be held on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at 2.30 p.m. at the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, a resolution relating to the composition and powers of the Council for the Municipal year 1941-1942. The terms of the said resolution will be published by the Council prior to the Meeting.

(Sgd.) POUL SCHEEL,
Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul.

Shanghai, April 5, 1941.

NOTICE.

The following is published by authority of the Treaty Power Consuls.

THE Foreign Treaty Consuls, in pursuance of the provisions of Article IX of the Land Regulations for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai, hereby give notice that a Public Meeting of Ratepayers will be held on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at a place and hour to be announced subsequently by the Council, to devise ways and means of raising the requisite funds for Municipal purposes, to pass resolutions in reference thereto and to deliberate and decide upon other Municipal matters and business. At such meeting the accounts of the Council for the year ended December 31, 1940, will be submitted for the sanction and approval of the Ratepayers.

(Sgd.) POUL SCHEEL,
Consul-General for Denmark and Senior Consul.

Shanghai, March 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5423.
(AMENDED)
FINAL NOTICE.
SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS.
Resolutions.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following resolutions will be brought forward by the Council at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers to be held on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at 2.30 p.m. at the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road:—

Resolutions I and II.—Appointment of Chairman and Secretary.

Resolution III.—That the new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws published in the Municipal Gazette of March 31, 1941, be passed and approved, and that such Bye-laws be numbered as set out in the aforementioned Gazette, save that Clause 4 of new Bye-law LII be deleted and Clause 3 of new Bye-law LII be reworded to read as follows: "When the decisions of the Council or the Appeal Committee, as aforesaid, have become final and binding, as above provided, the Council may enforce such decisions and collect the rates, taxes or dues in accordance with Land Regulations X or XIII."

Resolution IV.

I. That the present Council be authorized to request the Representatives of the Powers concerned to consent to the establishment of a Provisional Council, as hereinafter constituted, to carry on the administration of the International Settlement; that the present Council be requested to resign upon the establishment of the Provisional Council and that the present Council shall, in conjunction with the Representatives of the Powers concerned, take all necessary action to enable the Provisional Council to function within the frame-work of the Land Regulations and Bye-Laws, but with the following modifications:—

(1) That the Provisional Council shall consist of the following members:—

Messrs. N. F. ALLMAN
J. D. CARRIERE
A. GLATHE
Y. HANAWA
J. H. LIDDELL
R. T. MCDONNELL
Dr. R. J. MCMULLEN
Messrs. G. E. MITCHELL
I. OKAMOTO
T. S. POWELL
R. VON DER CRONE
Y. YAZIMA

together with four Chinese members;

(2) That the Provisional Council of sixteen members, provided for in this Resolution, shall be duly and lawfully recognized as being in every way legitimately constituted, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary contained in the Land Regulations and Bye-Laws;

(3) That the members of the Provisional Council shall hold office for not less than one year and thereafter until their successors are lawfully elected or appointed;

(4) That the Provisional Council, as above constituted, shall have, and is hereby granted, during its tenure of office, all rights, privileges, powers and authorities of the present Council and the foreign ratepayers in public meeting duly assembled;

(5) That the Provisional Council shall take over the assets of the present Council, and assume all the duties and liabilities of the present Council imposed by law, custom, or contract: provided, however, that it shall not be incumbent upon the Provisional Council to hold elections, or initiate the calling of meetings of foreign ratepayers;

(6) That the Provisional Council, as above constituted, in addition to the taxing and licensing powers granted to it by the Land Regulations and Bye-Laws, shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to impose, levy, and collect such other taxes, rates, fees, or dues, and to issue such other licenses, as it may consider reasonable and necessary for municipal purposes: provided, however, that such other taxes, rates, fees, or dues shall be levied, and such other licenses issued, only after consultation with an advisory committee selected from among residents of the International Settlement; and

(7) That during the tenure of office of the Provisional Council, the present Land Regulations, except as above modified, shall remain in full force and effect, and be binding on the Provisional Council, together with the additional powers and obligations conferred or assumed by this Resolution.

II. That the Provisional Council shall, during its tenure of office, recommend to the residents of the International Settlement, and to the Representatives of the Powers concerned, that consideration be given to evolving a more satisfactory form of municipal government than that provided for under the provisions of the existing Land Regulations.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. I. Okamoto.

Ratepayers intending to ask questions in regard to Resolutions III and IV are required to give written notice of such intention to the undersigned at least 24 hours before the meeting.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,

Shanghai, April 15, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5419.
(AMENDED)
FINAL NOTICE.
ANNUAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS.
Resolutions.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Resolutions will be brought forward in the order published below at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to be held on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, immediately following a Special Meeting of Ratepayers which will be held at 2.30 p.m. at the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand) on Thursday, April 17, 1941:—

Resolution I.—That our esteemed fellow-ratepayer, Judge Milton

J. Helmick, be invited to take the Chair.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Resolution II.—That Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Resolution III.—That the Rules of Procedure adopted at the previous annual meeting be adopted for use at this meeting and remain in force until the adoption of Rules of Procedure at the next annual meeting.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Resolution IV.—That Mr. A. Aeschbach be elected a Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

Proposer: Mr. R. J. E. Price.
Seconder: Mr. H. M. Spence.

Resolution V.—That Mr. G. A. Haley and Drs. T. B. Dunn, R. J. McMullen and W. S. Parsons be elected to serve on the Board of Governors of the Shanghai General Hospital for the ensuing year.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Resolution VII.—That the estimated expenditure for the year 1941 contained in the Budget proposed by the retiring Council together with the recommendations attached thereto be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose collect and recover the rates taxes dues and fees recommended therein and to raise should it be considered expedient to do so upon such terms and in such manner as the Council may in its discretion think fit a sum not exceeding $9,000,000 or the equivalent thereof for the purpose defined in the estimate of Extraordinary Expenditure.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Resolution VIII.—That approval be given to the adoption by the Council of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation published in the Municipal Gazette dated April 5, 1941, subject to it being left to the incoming Council to give consideration to the implementation of Recommendations Nos. 2 and 3 of the said Report.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Resolution VI.—That the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940 be passed.

Proposer: Mr. W. J. Keswick.
Seconder: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Ratepayers intending to ask questions in regard to the Accounts or Budget or other matters connected with the Preceding Resolutions are required to give written notice of such intention to the undersigned at least 24 hours before the meeting.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 15, 1941.

SPEAKERS AT RATEPAYERS' MEETINGS.

All speakers at the Special and Annual Meetings of Ratepayers are earnestly requested to cooperate by addressing the meetings only from the special stand provided for Speakers, adjacent to the Platform, and not from their seats. This is in the interests of the large body of listeners and is essential to the accurate recording of speeches for purposes of the official report of the proceedings.

Rules of Procedure to be Observed at Public Meetings of Ratepayers Convened Under the Provisions of the Land Regulations.

1.—Every Ratepayer attending a meeting shall before entering the meeting room have his name registered together with the number of proxies for absentees held by him.

2.—When the hour has arrived for which a meeting has been called the Chairman of the Council shall call the meeting to order and the business of the meeting shall be proceeded with in the order mentioned in the final notice under the hand of the Secretary of the Council and published in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press specifying the resolutions to be brought forward at the meeting, but this order may be varied by the votes of a majority of the Ratepayers present.

3.—No resolution shall be submitted to an Annual meeting unless a copy of the resolution has been lodged with the Secretary of the Council not less than three clear days (exclusive of Sundays and holidays) before the date for which the meeting has been convened.

A copy of such resolution shall be published in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press by the Council on the day before and the day or days of the meeting.

4.—No amendment to either the Resolution proposing the passing of the Report and Accounts for the year ended, or the Resolution proposing the adoption of the Budget for the ensuing year, shall be submitted to a meeting unless

(*a*) a copy of the proposed amendment has been lodged with the Secretary of the Council not less than 3 clear days (exclusive of Sundays and holidays) before the date for which the meeting has been convened and

(*b*) the proposed amendment in the case of an amendment to the resolution proposing the adoption of the Budget directly involves some specific increase or decrease in Municipal expenditure.

Provided that nothing in this Rule shall prevent the moving under Rule 6 of an amendment which is directly relevant to and arises out of an amendment of which due notice has been given under the provisions of Rule 4.

5.—Every resolution or amendment, except motions for adjournment or points of order, must be in writing and signed by the mover and seconder before it can be put to a meeting by the Chairman and no matter shall be considered as duly before a meeting unless it be put to the meeting by the Chairman.

6.—The mode of procedure with regard to amendments shall be as follows:—Each amendment to a resolution shall be considered and decided before any other amendment can be proposed. When an amendment has been carried, the original resolution as amended shall then be before the meeting, and be open to amendments as before. Amendments to an amendment are not in order, but such proposals can, subject to the provisions of Rule 4, be brought forward as new amendments to the original or amended resolution. When no further amendments are proposed, then the original or amended resolution shall be put to the meeting.

7.—The votes of the meeting shall be taken in the first instance by a show of hands. In case the Chairman cannot on a show of hands decide the number of votes, a division shall take place.

8.—On a division tellers shall be chosen, and the Ratepayers shall then divide by passing through the barriers marked "For" and "Against." The tellers shall count and forward to the Chairman a return of the number of votes cast and in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Ratepayer.

9.—A poll may only be demanded by a Ratepayer who is entitled on a Poll to more than one vote and on such a demand being made tellers shall be chosen. The Ratepayers shall then divide by passing through the barriers marked "For" and "Against," and the tellers shall check and count the votes including proxy votes, and shall forward to the Chairman a return of the number of votes cast. In case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote, or votes, to which he may be entitled as a Ratepayer.

10.—All documents which come before a meeting shall be accepted as read provided they have been previously published in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press or notice has been given in the "Municipal Gazette" or public press that copies are available for Ratepayers who may apply for them.

11.—Each speaker shall address himself to the Chairman and shall only be entitled to address the meeting once on each question, unless in explanation as provided in Rule 12. The proposer of a resolution or amendment shall in all cases be entitled to speak once in making his motion, and once by way of reply; but in his reply he must confine himself to matters raised in his opening speech, or during the debate, and must not introduce any new matter.

12.—A speaker who conceives that he has been misrepresented by any subsequent speaker, shall be entitled to offer an explanation, but his explanation is to be strict-

ly limited to some point in his original speech; he is not to enter upon any new subject.

13.—Speeches of the leading proposer, or opposer, of a resolution, or amendment, shall be limited to half an hour and all other speeches to twenty minutes.

A departure from this rule will be permitted only with the consent of the meeting.

14.—It shall be competent for any ratepayer to move, without debate, that the question be now put, and the motion if seconded shall, unless the Chairman rule otherwise, be put forthwith. Should the motion be carried, the resolution or amendment under debate shall be at once put.

15.—The decision of the Chairman on all questions of order shall be final unless over-ruled by three-fourths of the Ratepayers present or represented.

16.—No business shall be proceeded with at a Special meeting convened under the provisions of Article XV of the Land Regulations unless and until the Chairman shall have declared that the requisite number of Ratepayers are present, or represented, and that their votes have been duly registered; but thereafter it shall not be obligatory upon the Chairman at that meeting, or any adjournment thereof, to again enquire whether the requisite number of Ratepayers are present or represented.

17.—Ratepayers intending to ask questions at a meeting in regard to any of the resolutions mentioned in the notice referred to in Rule 2 hereof must give written notice of such questions to the Secretary of the Council not less than 24 hours before the hour for which the meeting has been convened.

Explanation of the meaning of a Poll and Instructions which Voters are to follow in order to register their votes in the event of a Poll.

UNDER the authorized Rules of Procedure for Ratepayers' Meetings, a Poll of votes may at any time be demanded by a ratepayer who is himself the possessor of more than one vote. Upon such a demand for a Poll being made, it is the duty of the Chairman of the meeting to grant the demand, and to appoint persons called "Tellers" to count the votes "for" and "against."

The taking of a Poll means a count of the varying numbers of votes held by the persons voting, as shown on their voting tickets. It does not mean a count of the number of persons who vote. For example, in a Poll, a person who holds say three votes, as shown on his voting ticket, counts for three "for" or "against" and not only one "for" or "against."

Voters must be careful to know exactly what proposition it is in respect of which they have been called upon to vote. That is, they must be careful to know whether the vote they have been called upon to make (i.e., a vote "for" or "against") is in respect of (1) an original resolution; or (2) an amendment, or (3) an original resolution as amended.

To assist a voter to record his vote or votes in a Poll, the Chairman of the meeting will address the ratepayers explaining the procedure to be followed, which procedure is set out hereunder.

Please keep your seats until advised by the Chairman of the meeting that the Tellers are ready to make the count.

The Tellers will count the number of votes as shown on the voting ticket which you are to present for their scrutiny.

Your voting ticket will be handed back to you immediately after it has been scrutinized by the Tellers and before you move away from the Tellers' table into the voting enclosure.

You will see in front of you signs indicating the Tellers' tables at which your votes are to be recorded. To each side of the platform there are 6 tables. Please record your votes at one of the 6 tables in the voting enclosure nearest to where you are sitting. You will notice that of the 6 tables nearest to you, 3 are marked "for" and 3 "against." If you wish to vote "for" the particular proposition which is up for decision, you will please go to and present your voting ticket at any one of the 3 tables nearest to you marked "for." If you wish to vote "against" the particular proposition which is up for decision, you will please go to and present your voting ticket at any one of the 3 tables nearest to you marked "against."

After you have presented your voting ticket at the Tellers' table, **please see that your ticket is handed back to you before you leave the table.** When your ticket has been handed back to you, please walk straight through into and stand in the voting enclosure as far away as possible from the tables. Please remain in the voting enclosure until the Chairman of the meeting asks you to leave, which will not be until all the Tellers have made their returns to the Chairman of the meeting and he has totalled the count and is ready to announce the result to you.

When the Chairman of the meeting informs you that the Tellers are ready to receive your voting ticket, please have the ticket ready in your hand before you reach the Tellers' table. Please make sure you get your voting ticket back before you leave the Tellers' table and be careful to keep your ticket until the meeting is over, since there may be occasion for another Poll.

After you have been requested so to do by the Chairman, please proceed to the Tellers' table nearest to you at which you wish to vote. Please file in slowly one by one past the tables and do not rush.

Please remain in the voting enclosure until the Chairman of the meeting asks you to resume your seat.

The Chairman of the meeting will not ask you to leave the voting enclosure to resume your seat until the Tellers' returns of the count have been presented to him and until he has totalled those returns and is ready to announce the result of the voting. After you have been asked by the Chairman of the meeting to do so and have resumed your seats, the Chairman of the meeting will announce the result of the voting.

Please keep your voting ticket until the meeting is over.

S. M. C. Chairman's Speeches

SPECIAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS

(Resolution IV.)

MR. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, It is my privilege as Chairman of the outgoing Council to propose to you Resolution No. IV which involves matters of vital public concern. The Resolution, which is seconded by my colleague, Mr. K. Okamoto, invites you to request the representatives of the Powers concerned to agree to the establishment of a Provisional Council of 16 members to carry on the administration of the International Settlement. It further invites you to agree to 16 names which have been proposed for membership of the Provisional Council. If the Resolution is passed, a step will have been taken to broaden the basis of national representation on the Council. The problems which we are facing today require the cooperation for their solution of all responsible persons in the Settlement irrespective of nationality.

In the 4th Clause of the first part of the Resolution you are invited to agree to the Provisional Council having during its tenure of office the powers not only of the Council but also of the body of foreign ratepayers. I believe that most of you will agree that the time has come when some alternative machinery must be substituted for the holding of meetings which many thousands of ratepayers are entitled to attend. A procedure based on the parish meeting of a small township is not suitable for one of the largest cities of the world with a population of many different nationalities speaking different languages. You will note that the Resolution provides that the Provisional Council shall during its tenure of office recommend that consideration be given to evolving a more satisfactory form of municipal government.

I must deal specifically with questions of taxation, in which you are all vitally interested. There has been widespread public feeling that the Council's basis of taxation should be broadened. A Committee is now sitting and studying the questions of new forms of taxation. Until that Committee is ready to report, it is neither practicable nor desirable to specify what particular new forms of taxation should be adopted. It has, therefore, been necessary, as you will notice from the 6th Clause of the first part of the Resolution, to recommend that there be given to the Provisional Council wide and general taxing powers.

I can, however, assure you that those powers will, as is specifically stated in the Resolution, only be used after consultation with an Advisory Committee selected from among residents of the Settlement. In my belief, you should in practice, when some new satisfactory machinery for consultation is devised, have more real opportunity than now to make your voices heard on questions of taxation.

I appeal to you to give this Resolution your whole-hearted approval, trusting that in so doing you will be inaugurating in the Settlement a new era of international cooperation.

ANNUAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS.

It will be proposed that the Chairman of Council's speeches on the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940 and the Budget for 1941, published hereunder and in the Press this morning, be taken as read.

Budget for 1941 (Resolution VII).

MR. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, The Budget for 1941, containing full explanatory notes, has been in your hands for some days and in addition communiques have been released from time to time dealing with the estimates of individual departments and the Budget as a whole. These have appeared in full in some of the leading newspapers. I propose therefore to confine my remarks to the more important features of the Budget.

You will have seen from the comparative statement included in the preamble to the Budget that the total ordinary income for the year is estimated at $79,119,740 an increase of $37,257,990 as compared with the relative figure for last year. The estimates reflect the higher rates of taxation authorised at the recent Special Meeting of Ratepayers and provide for four increases in Licence Fees as recommended by the Municipal Economy Committee.

Due allowance has been made for additional revenue from the reassessment of Owner Occupied properties and for full returns from the Western Extra Settlement Area.

It is not anticipated that the adoption of the recommendations of the Inequalities of Taxation Sub-Committee will result in lower receipts from the General Municipal and Special Rates.

The comparative increases shown under Receipts from the Public Utility Companies are attributable mainly to the surcharges and higher rates for public service levied by these Companies with the authorisation of the Council. I would mention that increased charges are only authorised after the most careful consideration of Companies' applications and a close examination of accounts.

Included in the Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees are two items which I think need special mention.

The first is the addition of a separate item in the Schedule covering the levy of Land Tax on developed "Fantan" Land. This has been made, under legal advice, solely to simplify procedure in the recovery of the tax in the Courts.

The second item is the new method of assessing the licence fee for Cinematographs, Theatres and similar places of entertainment whereunder the fee is 10% of gross receipts or alternatively a fixed fee based upon the product of a capacity house and so computed as to approximate 10% of gross receipts. You will recall that the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee of the Special Economy Committee recently recommended this method of assessment and its inclusion in the Schedule, and your approval will give practical effect to that recommendation as from May 1.

Expenditure on the Ordinary Budget including Education is estimated at $81,052,910 or some $33,575,940 more than the comparative figure for 1940 which included the deficit brought forward from 1939.

Departmental estimates for 1941 have been very carefully scrutinised by appropriate committees and economies have been effected wherever possible without endangering the efficiency of the service.

The influence of the low valued dollar, and the consequent high cost of living and of all commodities account for the enormous increase in the expenditure estimates.

To illustrate the increasing cost of personnel services, I state that in March 1940 the pay and allowances of an office coolie amounted to $30.70 whereas in March 1941 the comparative figure was $94.92. In March 1940 a Chinese Police Constable received in cash $50.70 and in March 1941 $129.92. The high cost of living allowances issuable to the Foreign Staff also show a large increase from 40% on basic pay in March 1940 to a variable scale ranging from 100% to 150% on basic pay in March 1941.

Another factor of importance as affecting the Budget is the reinstitution of Long Leave on a modified basis.

It is necessary for me to state that the provision included in the Budget for anticipated expenditure on the Municipal Orchestra and Band is $378,540 or $178,540 in excess of the maximum annual appropriation authorised at the Ratepayers' Meeting held in 1936. In this connection I would especially refer you to the final Report of the Economy Committee which gave consideration to the organisation and cost of the Orchestra. You will have gathered from that report that in accordance with existing policy the question of abolition or retention of the Orchestra is one for your decision.

Expenditure on Education during 1941 is estimated at $6,066,080. This figure is $788,410 higher than the comparative figure for 1940 and some $2,968,280 in excess of the assessed product of a 2% General Municipal Rate together with correlative Land Tax which is the amount regularly earmarked for educational purposes. Your Council views with some concern the mounting annual cost of education which should normally be regarded as more of a national than a municipal responsibility.

The shortage on the Ordinary Budget amounts to $2,443,170 which is roughly the equivalent of a surcharge of 6% on the present basic Land Tax. In order to reduce this shortage $1,500,000 has been transferred from General Reserve. This sum of $1,500,000 represents accumulated profits on sales of surplus properties, differences in exchange on Sterling balances as at December 31 last and a portion of the credits derived from the reconstitution of

Sinking Funds in previous years. After this transfer there remains but a very small balance in General Reserve. Thus the balance of the deficit on the Ordinary Budget is $943,170 which will be carried forward. The Taxation Sub-Committee is still sitting and studying the possibilities of additional sources of revenue to enable the Council to meet the shortage on its income.

I must warn you that in framing the Budget an exchange rate of 3½d. to the dollar was taken and the price of Rice was assessed at $87 per picul.

With regard to the Extraordinary Budget you will have observed that the Deficit brought forward from 1940 amounts to $1,835,540. This compares with $2,970,530 for the previous year.

Expenditure requirements inclusive of Education and the Deficit brought forward from 1940 total $10,382,630 against which gross Income is estimated at $10,050,000. This leaves a shortage of $332,630 to be carried forward to 1942.

Apart from the Deficit from 1940, to which I have already referred, expenditure appropriations cover Loan Redemption and Pension Capitalization requirements amounting to $5,537,100 and provide for Capital Outlay and Emergency Measures to the extent of $2,813,070. The balance of $196,920 relates to the needs of Education.

The programme of Capital Outlay on Land, Buildings, Roads and other construction projects has again been restricted to a bare minimum.

With regard to Extraordinary Income, a sum of $1,000,000 has been provided to cover sales of such surplus Municipal properties as it may be practicable or expedient to release during the course of the year. A nominal sum of $50,000 has also been included for minor items of Miscellaneous Income.

To complete the financing of the Capital budget we ask authority to raise a sum not exceeding $9,000,000 by the issue of debentures or by such other measures as may appear desirable. I would mention that roughly $2,500,000 of this sum has already been placed by virtue of arrangements involving the consolidation and conversion during 1940 of the balance of former temporary borrowings.

Report for 1940 (Resolution VI)

MR. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen. As Chairman of the retiring Council it is my task to propose Resolution VI that the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940, be passed.

In his speech at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers last year my predecessor stated that he would confine his remarks to four principal topics, the Western Area, the Northern Area, the Economic Problem caused by the rise in the price of staple commodities and the Beggar and Refugee Problem. I will speak to you briefly about those same four topics which are as vital today as they were a year ago.

On February 1 there were signed the Regulations governing the structure of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force. On March 15 that Police Force started its work. At least nine years ago negotiations started with a view to regularising the conflicting claims to police jurisdiction in the outside roads area. The retiring Council may perhaps feel some satisfaction that it has fallen to them to achieve a detailed agreement which we must all hope will remove all cause of friction in regard to the policing of the Western Area. We believe and trust that the establishment of the New Force will lead to a rapid and radical improvement in conditions in an area which has received world-wide notoriety owing to the prevalence in it of vice and crime. We must, however, have reasonable patience. I do not propose on this occasion to say more than that I am confident that we all wish well to the New Force and sympathize with them in the arduous task that lies ahead of them.

In regard to the Northern Area I regret that I can report no progress. Political conditions have rendered it impossible to proceed during the past year with the negotiations for the restoration of the Council's Police rights in that area. Nor has any step been taken towards the restoration of the franchise rights of the two transport companies in the area.

The situation in regard to food and essential commodities, serious a year ago, is still more serious to-day. Indeed the past year will chiefly be remembered as a year of ever increasing costs and rising prices. It is unnecessary for me to emphasize the anxiety caused to us all by the price of rice. You are aware that at any moment it may become necessary to restrict the supply of power owing to the lack of adequate supplies of fuel. In the opinion of your Council the problem is primarily one of transportation. We recently requested two of our members to confer with our Supplies Committee and to report to us what steps in their opinion the Council could take to alleviate the situation in regard to rice. As the result of this investigation and report we have set up a small committee to endeavour to secure more charter ships to bring supplies of rice from Rangoon to Shanghai. We do not propose to interfere with the established trade, but we plan to make the ships thus chartered available to established rice importers at rates of freight sufficient to cover charter hire plus a small margin against contingencies. Shippers will be required to undertake that the space taken will be used only for carriage of the cheaper grades of rice and that the rice concerned will only be sold within Shanghai to members of the Shanghai Rice Retail Shops Association. We trust that if a regular and adequate supply of rice can be made available, the ordinary processes of trade will establish fair price levels.

Every effort is being made by the Shanghai Power Company to secure ships to bring coal to Shanghai and any assistance that can be given by your Council will, needless to say, readily be given to this end.

The proposed Beggar Camp to which my predecessor referred last year has been established with the assistance of the Rotary Club and is being managed by the Salvation Army. To these two bodies we must all be grateful. At the present time there are in the Camp 1405 beggars.

Public reference has already been made to the work of the Economy Committee which you established at your last Annual Meeting and which either itself or through its sub-committees has held 80 meetings during the past municipal year. It is of considerable satisfaction that in an unsettled world there can be found a city in which a committee of members of different nationalities some of whose countries are at war with each other can deliberate for nearly a year and on all points reach unanimity.

I feel that it would be wrong if I did not take this opportunity of reminding those of you who are not in close association with Council affairs how much we all owe to those of our fellow-citizens who so ungrudgingly give their time to public work. Many who are not members of Council sit on our regular Council Committees. Some idea of the varied nature of their work is given in the Council's Annual Report which contains a list of the more important matters considered by the Council's Committees during the year. The Supplies Sub-Committee, originally regarded as a temporary and emergency committee, has become a regular institution. It has met regularly throughout the year endeavouring to alleviate the serious situation to which I have already referred. In addition, a Special Committee has been considering educational policy and is about to present its report. A small committee of accountants has throughout the year been reviewing our whole system of account-keeping. This Committee is not yet ready to report. To the arduous labours of the Economy Committee I have already referred. Six of its members have agreed to reconstitute themselves as a permanent committee of Finance Committee to examine the possibilities of finding new sources of revenue. Election procedure has also been under consideration by a Special Committee. Another committee, whose report forms the subject matter of a separate resolution, has assisted us by studying the vexed and complicated question of the equality of taxation. To all those who have helped us and are helping us I take this opportunity of extending our sincere and grateful thanks.

I will not touch on those many matters which receive mention in the Council's Annual Report. I must, however, refer to the deplorable outbreak of terrorism and counter-terrorism which horrified us all in the latter half of last month. In my belief no cause has ever been helped by methods of terrorism. A cause which adopts such a weapon harms itself more than its enemies. I can only appeal to all concerned to do their very utmost to assist the forces of law and order to combat this menace to our civic life.

Accounts for 1940 (Resolution VI).

I now have to direct your attention to the Financial Statement for 1940 which, together with the Treasurer's Report thereon, has been in your hands for some days.

You will have seen that 1940 ended with a deficit on Ordinary Income and Expenditure Account of roughly $9,000,000.

Owing to the increased taxation, which was passed to meet the higher expenditure, not coming into effect until the second half of

the year, provision had to be made for a deficit of roughly $5,500,000. In addition to this, 1940 was a year of steady and continued rise in the cost of living. We had to pay higher and higher prices for the many and varied needs of the Administration and, as is well known to you, increases in the High Cost of Living Allowances had to be granted to the Staff in May, October and December. The last adjustments involved an extra outlay of roughly $1,000,000 a month, and it is this expenditure that is largely responsible for the increased deficit that has to be recorded for 1940. Bad as the adverse circumstances were during the year, we were fortunate that the revenue remained buoyant and that conditions were not worse.

Provision was contained in the Extraordinary Budget for the anticipated deficit of $5,573,280 on ordinary account. Part of the $16,000,000 Loan authorised at last year's Annual Meeting of Ratepayers will be used to defray this deficit.

The loan was a 6% issue redeemable over a period of 10 years by semi-annual instalments charged on ordinary revenue. In effect therefore, the budgetted deficit on Ordinary Account for 1940 will be written off over the next ten years.

The whole deficit of $9,084,020 has been charged to Extraordinary Account and the difference between this and the budgetted figure of $5,573,280 must be dealt with during the current year. That the deficit on Extraordinary Account to be carried forward to 1941 is less than the over-expenditure on Ordinary Account, is mainly due to the fact that the full amount raised during 1940 for repayment of Fixed Deposits was not required.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1941. 1835

REPORT

OF THE

SPECIAL & ANNUAL MEETINGS OF RATEPAYERS

Held at the Shanghai Race Club, Public Stand,

on

April 17, 1941.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED AT SPECIAL MEETING.

Chairman.

Resolution I.—That our esteemed fellow-ratepayer, Judge Milton J. Helmick, be invited to take the Chair.

Secretary.

Resolution II.—That Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

New Bye-laws and Amendments to Bye-laws XXX and XXXIV.

Resolution III.—That the new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws published in the Municipal Gazette of March 31, 1941, be passed and approved, and that such Bye-laws be numbered as set out in the aforementioned Gazette, save that Clause 4 of new Bye-law LII be deleted and Clause 3 of new Bye-law LII be reworded to read as follows: "When the decisions of the Council or the Appeal Committee, as aforesaid, have become final and binding, as above provided, the Council may enforce such decisions and collect the rates, taxes or dues in accordance with Land Regulations X or XIII."

Composition of a Provisional Council for the Municipal year 1941-2.

Resolution IV.

I. That the present Council be authorized to request the Representatives of the Powers concerned to consent to the establishment of a Provisional Council, as hereinafter constituted, to carry on the administration of the International Settlement; that the present Council be requested to resign upon the establishment of the Provisional Council; and that the present Council shall, in conjunction with the Representatives of the Powers concerned, take all necessary action to enable the Provisional Council to function within the frame-work of the Land Regulations and Bye-Laws, but with the following modifications:—

(1) That the Provisional Council shall consist of the following members:—

Messrs. N. F. Allman
J. D. Carriere
A. Glathe
Y. Hanawa
J. H. Liddell
R. T. McDonnell
Dr. R. J. McMullen
Messrs. G. E. Mitchell
I. Okamoto
T. S. Powell
R. Von der Crone
Y. Yazima

together with four Chinese members;

(2) That the Provisional Council of sixteen members, provided for in this Resolution, shall be duly and lawfully recognized as being in every way legitimately constituted, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary contained in the Land Regulations and Bye-Laws;

(3) That the members of the Provisional Council shall hold office for not less than one year and thereafter until their successors are lawfully elected or appointed;

(4) That the Provisional Council, as above constituted, shall have, and is hereby granted, during its tenure of office, all rights, privileges, powers, and authorities of the present Council and the foreign ratepayers in public meeting duly assembled;

(5) That the Provisional Council shall take over the assets of the present Council, and assume all the duties and liabilities of the present Council imposed by law, custom, or contract: provided, however, that it shall not be incumbent upon the Provisional Council to hold elections, or initiate the calling of meetings of foreign ratepayers;

(6) That the Provisional Council, as above constituted, in addition to the taxing and licensing powers granted to it by the Land Regulations and Bye-Laws, shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to impose, levy, and collect such other taxes, rates, fees, or dues, and to issue such other licenses, as it may consider reasonable and necessary for municipal purposes: provided, however, that such other taxes, rates, fees, or dues shall be levied, and such other licenses issued, only after consultation with an advisory committee selected from among residents of the International Settlement; and

(7) That during the tenure of office of the Provisional Council, the present Land Regulations, except as above modified, shall remain in full force and effect, and be binding on the Provisional Council, together with the additional powers and obligations conferred or assumed by this Resolution.

II. That the Provisional Council shall, during its tenure of office, recommend to the residents of the International Settlement, and to the Representatives of the Powers concerned, that consideration be given to evolving a more satisfactory form of municipal government than that provided for under the provisions of the existing Land Regulations.

Ratepayers present 715, representing 5,305 votes.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED AT ANNUAL MEETING.

Chairman.

Resolution I.—That our esteemed fellow-ratepayer, Judge Milton J. Helmick, be invited to take the Chair.

Secretary.

Resolution II.—That Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

Adoption of Rules of Procedure.

Resolution III:—That the Rules of Procedure adopted at the previous annual meeting be adopted for use at this meeting and remain in force until the adoption of Rules of Procedure at the next annual meeting.

Election of a Land Commissioner.

Resolution IV.—That Mr. A. Aeschbach be elected a Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

Election of four Governors of the General Hospital.

Resolution V.—That Mr. G. A. Haley and Drs. T. B. Dunn, R. J. McMullen and W. S. Parsons be elected to serve on the Board of Governors of the Shanghai General Hospital for the ensuing year.

Adoption of Budget for 1941.

Resolution VII.—That the estimated expenditure for the year 1941 contained in the Budget proposed by the retiring Council together with the recommendations attached thereto be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose collect and recover the rates taxes dues and fees recommended therein and to raise should it be considered expedient to do so upon such terms and in such manner as the Council may in its discretion think fit a sum not exceeding $9,000,000 or the equivalent thereof for the purpose defined in the estimate of Extraordinary Expenditure.

Adoption of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation.

Resolution VIII.—That approval be given to the adoption by the Council of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation published in the Municipal Gazette dated April 5, 1941, subject to it being left to the incoming Council to give consideration to the implementation of Recommendations Nos. 2 and 3 of the said Report.

Passing of Report and Accounts for 1940.

Resolution VI.—That the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940 be passed.

SPECIAL MEETING
PROCEEDINGS

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

The CHAIRMAN.—It is proposed that Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary of the meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner? — Those opposed?—The resolution is carried.

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. III.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, it is now my task to propose Resolution No. III and to ask you to give your approval to the new Bye-laws which were published in the Municipal Gazette of March 31, 1941, and also the minor amendments to two existing Bye-laws set out in the same Gazette. A copy of this Gazette is in your hands and you will see on the last page a brief statement setting out the purpose of the proposed Bye-laws, all except one of which are aimed at further protection of the health of the community. There is nothing that I feel that I need add to that statement, except to explain to you that should you give your approval, it will still be necessary, in accordance with Article XI of the Land Regulations, that the Bye-laws be approved by a majority of the Foreign Powers before they take effect.

You will have noticed from the terms of the Resolution that I am proposing that that part of the proposed new assessment Bye-law which relates to Chinese is not now submitted to you for approval. It was represented to your Council and your Council agreed that this question needed further studying. In substance all, therefore, that you are asked to do in regard to proposed Bye-law LII is to agree that appeals from assessments made by the Council should go to a Committee of Ratepayers who shall not be members of Council or Council employees.

With these remarks, I beg to propose:—

Resolution III.—That the new Bye-laws and amendments to existing Bye-laws published in the Municipal Gazette of March 31, 1941, be passed and approved, and that such Bye-laws be numbered as set out in the aforementioned Gazette, save that Clause 4 of new Bye-law LII be deleted and Clause 3 of new Bye-law LII be re-worded to read as follows: "When the decisions of the Council or the Appeal Committee, as aforesaid, have become final and binding, as above provided, the Council may enforce such decisions and collect the rates, taxes or dues in accordance with Land Regulations X or XIII."

This resolution, Ladies and Gentlemen, has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

(A Japanese translation was read).

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, Resolution No. III is now before the meeting. Does any ratepayer wish to speak to the Resolution? If not, I will put the Resolution to the meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner?—Those opposed will please signify in the usual way.—The resolution is carried.

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. IV.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, it is my duty as Chairman of the outgoing Council to propose to you Resolution No. IV which involves matters of vital public concern. The Resolution, which is seconded by my colleague, Mr. L. Okamoto, invites you to request the representatives of the Powers concerned to agree to the establishment of a Provisional Council of 16 members to carry on the administration of the International Settlement. It further invites you to agree to 16 names which have been proposed for membership of the Provisional Council. If the Resolution is passed, a step will have been taken to broaden the basis of national representation on the Council. The problems which we are facing today require the cooperation for their solution of all responsible persons in the Settlement irrespective of nationality.

In the 4th Clause of the first part of the Resolution you are invited to agree to the Provisional Council taking over, for the future of office the powers not only of the Council but also of the body of foreign ratepayers. I believe that most of you will agree that the time has come when some alternative machinery must be substituted for the holding of meetings which many thousands of ratepayers are entitled to attend. A procedure based on the parish meeting of a small township is not suitable for one of the largest cities of the world with a popula-

SPECIAL MEETING
PROCEEDINGS

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Ladies and Gentlemen, I have much pleasure in proposing:—

Resolution I.—That our esteemed fellow-ratepayer, Judge Milton J. Helmick, be invited to take the Chair. (Applause).

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Mr. RANALD MCDONALD (Approaching the Speakers' platform). —I challenge that.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Those in favour? Those Against? The resolution is carried.

Mr. RANALD MCDONALD.—Is this British justice? I object to the form of procedure.

Judge Milton J. Helmick then took the Chair.

The CHAIRMAN.— Ladies and Gentlemen, I will dispense with the reading of the formal notices convening the meeting as they are published in the Municipal Gazette which is before you. I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. II.

Mr. RANALD MCDONALD.—Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen, I would like to address you on a point of Order.

The CHAIRMAN.—Please state your point of Order.

Mr. RANALD MCDONALD.—The points of Order are two. Under Land Regulation XV I submit that Notice of Resolution IV has not been given. That is the first point of Order. The second point is, I question, and I ask all of you present to question this: that there is not a quorum present as provided for under Land Regulation XV. Land Regulation XV requires the presence of not less than one third of the electors; those are human beings not fictitious votes.

The CHAIRMAN.—As to the first point of Order, the Land Regulation requires ten days Notice to be given of the nature of the special business which will be brought forward, which I think has been fully complied with and consequently the objection will be overruled. On the second point I am officially informed that there is a quorum and consequently the second objection will be overruled. (Applause).

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. II.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to propose:—

Resolution II.—That Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

tion of many different nationalities speaking different languages. You will note that the Resolution provides that the Provisional Council shall during its tenure of office recommend that consideration be given to evolving a more satisfactory form of municipal government.

I must deal specifically with questions of taxation, in which you are all vitally interested. There has been widespread public feeling that the Council's basis of taxation should be broadened. A Committee is now sitting and studying the questions of new methods of taxation. Until that Committee is ready to report, it is neither practicable nor desirable to specify what particular new forms of taxation should be adopted. It has, therefore, been necessary, as you will notice from the 6th Clause of the first part of the Resolution, to recommend that there be given to the Provisional Council wide and general taxing powers.

I can, however, assure you that these powers will, as is specifically stated in the Resolution, only be used after consultation with an Advisory Committee selected from among residents of the Settlement. In my belief, you should in practice, when some more satisfactory machinery for consultation is devised, have a more real opportunity than now to make your voices heard on questions of taxation.

Ladies and Gentlemen, I appeal to you to give this Resolution your whole-hearted approval, trusting that in so doing you will be inaugurating in the Settlement a new era of international cooperation. (Applause).

(A Japanese translation was read).

Mr. I. Okamoto (Addressed the meeting in Japanese and then spoke in English as follows).—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I regard it as a privilege to second the Resolution which has just been proposed. The experience that I have gained as a member of the Shanghai Municipal Council during the past year has made me believe that the problems of this city can and will be solved by goodwill and cooperation of various communities of the Settlement. (Applause). In my belief, if you pass this Resolution you will be taking a big step towards making that cooperation possible. Further, I should like to call your attention to the fact that this Resolution does not overlook the question of evolving a better form of municipal government. Many difficulties have to be faced by the Provisional Council during the coming year. In facing those difficulties we shall need the loyalty and help of every responsible citizen in the Settlement. I ask you to encourage us by passing this Resolution and giving us your confidence. (Applause).

The Chairman.—Ladies and Gentlemen, Resolution No. IV, duly proposed and seconded, is now before the meeting.

Mr. Ranald McDonald.—Mr. Chairman and Brethren, I address you as such, because politically or municipally this is the most solemn and momentous question with which you or your predecessors have ever been confronted.

In case by any chance I am prevented, as I was about this time last year, from speaking and expressing my views, I will say now that I am fundamentally and eternally opposed to this Resolution which in my opinion is one of the most monstrous abortions ever conceived by the mind of man, regardless of race or creed. (Laughter).

It is a damnable—It is a sanguinary Resolution.

Have you realised its significance? Most or many or some of you may have read Mr. W. J. Keswick's speech—It was the thinnest coating of sugar on the most deadly Prussic Acid Pill which I, at any rate, have ever seen. Verbal assurances made by anyone, particularly with regard to the actions of other people, over whom the person making them, has no control, are as valueless as the Plague of Pacts and Covenants or even Gentlemen's Agreements with which the world has for the last 20 odd years been faced.

Therefore, if the Chairman of the Council, who is or was, I thought, a friend of mine, will forgive me, I will ask you to forgive him (Laughter) for what circumstances presumably have forced him to say.

Let me now attempt a lightning analysis of the Resolution, but before doing so, I would ask some of you to bear in mind Hamlet's speech "To Be or not to be" and also Mark Anthony's oration over Caesar's Corpse. Both of them are singularly appropriate to the present situation.

Although for the last 18 odd years we have been mildly, but at times grievously misgoverned by people who at various Meetings array themselves like Solomon in all his glory, but possibly may not possess all the attributes which are credited to the latter—nevertheless we had a sort of feeling that it was our fault that we had been such fools as to participate in their election—We at any rate sniffed the breeze of Liberty then.

It is true that the results which these Squandermaniacs managed to achieve in those 18 odd years take us into the stratosphere—they have increased Council Expenditure by over 500 per cent—which of course is a flea bite.

But, perhaps you do not know it, they have increased the Expenditure on Pensions, Gratuities, Exchange Allowances by the stupendous nay incredible amount of about 35,000%.

In spite however of this, is it not a far far better thing to do—to bear those ills we have than fly to others that we know not of?

Those of us who may prefer prehistoric affinity to swine are asked to cut their own throats from ear to ear. Those of us, on the other hand, who have a predilection for consanguinity with sheep are asked to make only a small slit in our throats. (Laughter) The result however is, I understand, the same in both cases—death.

Why should we die, if our corpses are going to be taxed and misgoverned possibly even more grievously than in the days of Rehoboam? Rehoboam, you may recollect, was the person who forsook the counsel of the old men and consulted with the young men and with two thousand nine hundred and two score years ago he is reported to have said (I. Kings, v. 12) "and whereas my father did lade you with a heavy yoke, I will add to your yoke; my father chastised you with whips, but I will chastise you with scorpions."

Brethren, all that this Resolution offers your corpses, not you, is 16 Rehoboams (Laughter), some of whom would appear to be a spot young for the job, considering that at, what I will call, Home, anyone under 43 would be quickly rounded up for more virile and youthful duties. There is also among the British Rehoboams, an unhealthy class atmosphere—a little heaven of Democracy even in this Mammonistic and Limpetocratic Sodom of the Far East (Laughter) could surely not do very much harm and it would certainly broaden the basis of representation.

In case you may have been or may be misled by honeyed words from others, may I invite your attention to clause 3 "That the members of the Provisional Council shall hold office for not less than one year and thereafter until their successors are lawfully elected or appointed—

If it had said for not more—artificial respiration might have been applied to your seeming corpses, but with the words not less. You will be as dead as the Gadarene Swine and Judas Iscariot. (Laughter).

Brethren, although this is not exactly Belshazzar's Feast, because incidentally there are no Lords, no concubines, no wine and, although possibly the meeting might have been more appropriately held in the Slaughter House, which, I understand, is, for some obscure reason, described as the "Abattoir" (Laughter)—nevertheless my vision is not yet so bad that I cannot see a hand writing on the wall behind you and also on the Platform and this is the writing "Mene Mene Tekel U Pharsin" But stay—If you will only vote against this Resolution you can stay that Hand before it reaches the dread, the fatal word—Peres. (Applause).

The Chairman.—Does any other ratepayer wish to speak to the Resolution? Does the Chairman of Council wish to reply?—If not, I will put the Resolution to the meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner?—Those opposed?—The resolution is carried.

Ladies and Gentlemen, that terminates the business of this Special Meeting and you will now proceed to the business of the Annual Meeting.

(Termination of Special Meeting was announced in Japanese).

ANNUAL MEETING
PROCEEDINGS

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Ladies and Gentlemen, I have much pleasure in proposing:—

Resolution I.—That our esteemed fellow-ratepayer, Judge Milton J. Helmick, be invited to take the Chair.

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

Will those in favour of the Resolution please signify in the usual way?—Those against?—The resolution is carried. (Applause).

Judge Milton J. Helmick then took the Chair.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, I will dispense with the reading of the formal notice convening the meeting and I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. II.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to propose:—

Resolution II.—That Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary to the meeting.

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

The CHAIRMAN.—It is proposed that Mr. T. Beesley be appointed Secretary of this meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner? — Those against?—The resolution is carried.

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. III.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to propose:—

Resolution III.—That the rules of procedure adopted at the previous annual meeting be adopted for use at this meeting and remain in force until the adoption of rules of procedure at the next annual meeting.

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

The CHAIRMAN.—It is proposed that the rules of procedure adopted at the previous annual meeting be adopted for use at this meeting and remain in force until the adoption of rules of procedure at the next annual meeting. Will those in favour please signify by the usual sign?—Those opposed?—The resolution is carried.

The next resolution is:—

Resolution IV.—That Mr. A. Aeschbach be elected a Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

This Resolution has been proposed by Mr. R. J. E. Price and seconded by Mr. H. M. Spence. Does any taxpayer wish to speak to this Resolution? If not, I will put the Resolution to the meeting. Will those in favour please signify by the usual sign?—Those opposed?—The resolution is carried.

I will now call on Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. V.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I beg to propose:—

Resolution V.—That Mr. G. A. Haley and Drs. T. B. Dunn, R. J. McMullen and W. S. Parsons be elected to serve on the Board of Governors of the Shanghai General Hospital for the ensuing year.

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

The CHAIRMAN.—It is proposed that Mr. G. A. Haley and Drs. T. B. Dunn, R. J. McMullen and W. S. Parsons be elected to serve on the Board of Governors of the Shanghai General Hospital for the ensuing year. Does any ratepayer wish to speak to the Resolution? If not, I will put it to the meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner?—Will those opposed please signify in the usual manner?—The resolution is carried.

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. VII which is the next business under the final notice specifying the order of the Resolutions to be brought forward.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, since my speech on the Budget for 1941 appeared in the Press this morning and is in print before you in the Agenda Gazette, with your approval, it will be taken as read and therefore I beg to propose:—

Resolution VII.—That the estimated expenditure for the year 1941 contained in the Budget proposed by the retiring Council together with the recommendations attached thereto be approved and adopted and the Council be hereby authorised to impose collect and recover the rates taxes dues and fees recommended therein and to raise should it be considered expedient to do so upon such terms and in such manner as the Council may in its discretion think fit a sum not exceeding $9,000,000 or the equivalent thereof for the purpose defined in the estimate of Extraordinary Expenditure.

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, Resolution No. VII, duly proposed and seconded, is now before the meeting for discussion. Does any ratepayer wish to speak to the Resolution? If not, the Chair will put the Resolution to the meeting. Will those in favour please signify in the usual manner?—Those contrary—against?—The resolution is carried.

I will now call upon Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. VIII.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have pleasure in proposing Resolution No. VIII inviting you to give approval to the adoption by the Council of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation which was published in the Municipal Gazette dated April 5, 1941, subject to it being left to the incoming Council to give consideration as to the implementation of the 2nd and 3rd recommendations of that Majority Report.

These recommendations are the two which recommend the immediate setting up of machinery for the assessment by experts of all property which is subject to payment of General Municipal Rate. The Report is written in clear terms. It has been available for study for over 10 days and, therefore, I feel that all that I need say is that in the opinion of the Council the Committee has performed a sound and valuable piece of work, and has produced recommendations which as nearly as is practicable remove those inequalities in taxation which we all have known to exist.

The recommendations which, if you pass this Resolution, will take immediate effect undoubtedly will bring substantial relief to the so-called unprotected tenants. They should impose no undue burden on the so-called protected tenants and they should go towards achieving equality as between tenants and owner-occupiers. The process of re-assessing owner-occupied properties will continue as rapidly as is possible, and all owner-occupiers will be informed that adjustments will be made retrospectively as from April 1st in the light of such re-assessment when it is completed. The question of a general re-assessment of tenanted properties will be referred to the incoming Council. I ask you to vote in favour of the Resolution.

With these remarks, I beg to propose:—

Resolution VIII.—That approval be given to the adoption by the Council of the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation published in the Municipal Gazette dated April 5, 1941, subject to it being left to the incoming Council to give consideration to the implementation of recommendations Nos. 2 and 3 of the said Report.

This resolution has again been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

(A Japanese translation was read).

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, Resolution No. VIII, duly proposed and seconded, is now before the meeting for discussion. Does any ratepayer wish to speak to the Resolution? If not, the Chair will put the Resolution to the meeting.

Will those in favour please signify in the usual fashion? Will all those opposed please signify? —The resolution is carried.

Ladies and Gentlemen, I will now call on Mr. Keswick to move Resolution No. VI, that the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940, be passed.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, since my speech on this Resolution also appeared in the Press this morning and is in print before you in the Agenda Gazette, with your approval, it will be taken as read. I beg to propose therefore:—

Resolution VI.—That the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940, be passed.

This resolution has been seconded by Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

The CHAIRMAN.—Ladies and Gentlemen, Resolution No. VI, duly proposed and seconded, is now before the meeting for discussion. Does any ratepayer desire to speak to the Resolution? If not, the Chair will put the Resolution to the meeting. Will all those in favour please signify in the usual manner?—Thank you. All those opposed?—The resolution is carried.

Ladies and Gentlemen, that terminates the business of the meeting.

Mr. W. J. KESWICK.—Ladies and Gentlemen, before you go I hope you will all join me in voting a very hearty vote of thanks to our Chairman, Judge Helmick. (Applause).

The meeting terminated at 3.30 p.m.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1941. 1836

NOTIFICATION No. 5445.
TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mrs. T. Satoh of Lane No. 215, 2 Medhurst Road in respect of the premises Lane No. 215, House No. 2 Medhurst Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, May 5, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5442.
DANGEROUS OR INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that no person shall keep, handle or manufacture any dangerous and/or inflammable liquids with a flashpoint below 70 degrees Fahrenheit (21 degrees Centigrade) in excess of the quantity specified without a licence first obtained therefor from the Municipal Council in accordance with Bye-law 35:—

Representative examples of the classes of dangerous and/or inflammable liquids are:

Class I (Flashpoint below 25 degrees Fahrenheit)

Ether	Collodion
Carbon bisulphide	Acetone
Gasoline	Benzol
Naphtha	

Class II (Flashpoint above 25 and below 70 degrees Fahrenheit)

Alcohol	Ethyl Acetate
Amyl Acetate	Methyl Acetate
Toluol	

Licence is required for the handling of a total quantity of Class I liquids in excess of one gallon, and of Class II liquids in excess of five gallons.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5449.
RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

The issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Spiros G. Neofitos of 471 Broadway East in respect of the premises No. 471 Broadway East is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, May 5, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.
Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Thursday	May 1
Friday	„ 2
Saturday	„ 3
Monday	„ 5

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.
Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION No. 5450.
RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

The issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Gerhard Anker of 1 Quinsan Gardens in respect of the premises No. 440 North Szechuen Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, May 5, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5444.
ENTRANCE FEES TO PARKS.

Notice is hereby given that from June 1, 1941 to May 31, 1942, fees for season and daily tickets to Public Parks will be as follows:—

$5 per season covering admission to all Parks.
$2 per season covering admission to all Parks excluding Jessfield Park.
30 cents per diem, daily entrance fee for each Park.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5446.
RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

The issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Zung Wai Shee of 4 Bubbling Well Road in respect of the premises No. 439 Yu Ya Ching Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, May 5, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5447.
CENTRAL CAR PARK.
Foochow and Honan Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from May 1, 1941, the scale of fees for the parking of cars and trucks at the Council's car park at the corner of Foochow and Honan Roads will be revised as follows:—

Day Parking only (7.30 a.m. to 7.30 p.m.)

Cars:	$
Per mensem	10.00
Per diem	1.00
Per hour	0.30
Minimum charge	0.30
Day or Night Parking	
Trucks-per mensem	10.00
Day and Night Parking	
Cars or Trucks-per mensem	12.00

All fees must be paid in advance. The Council does not take any responsibility for the safe custody of any vehicles or articles nor for any damage to vehicles or articles however caused nor for any injuries to any persons, all vehicles being left in all respects entirely at their owners' risk.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Special Meeting held on March 27.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi and Yu Ya Ching.

Fortnightly Meeting held on April 2.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi and Yu Ya Ching.

Special Meeting held on April 4.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and T. S. Powell. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching.

Fortnightly meeting held on April 16.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and T. S. Powell. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching.

Special Meeting held on April 21.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), G. E. Mitchell, N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, R. G. MacDonald, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and T. S. Powell. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi, L. T. Yuan and Yu Ya Ching.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Watch Committee, March 28.—Present: Messrs. R. G. MacDonald (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, F. Hoehnke, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and O. Okamoto. Absent: Dr. D. S. Chen, Messrs. W. J. Lee, Yu Ya Ching and Zurtin Zao.

Health Committee, March 31.—Present: Mr. G. A. Haley (*Chairman*), Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Messrs. T. Haraguchi, T. S. Powell and Dr. Szeming Sze. Absent: Messrs. F. S. Hsu, K. C. Hsu, Drs. W. S. Parsons, Y. Tongu and Mr. L. T. Yuan.

Finance Committee, April 10.—Present: Messrs. W. J. Keswick (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, H. E. Arnold, Yulin Hsi, G. E. Mitchell and H. S. Poulsen. Absent: Messrs. M. Den, F. S. Hsu and I. Okamoto.

Works Committee, April 15.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), B. Chih Chen, G. A. Haley, F. J. Hookham and Y. Yazima. Absent: Messrs. W. Gockson, Yulin Hsi, K. Kuroda, W. J. Lee and G. E. Marden.

NOTIFICATION No. 5438.

OFFICE HOURS.

THE public is hereby notified that from May 1 the official office hours in all Departments of the Council's Service will be from 8.30 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. On Saturdays the hours will be from 8.30 a.m. to 12 noon.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5448.

SING SONG HOUSE AND SING SONG ENTERTAINER LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from July 1, 1941, the Sing Song House Licence Conditions are amended by the addition of the following condition:—

"The licensee shall present quarterly each entertainer within her establishment to the Sing Song House Licensing Section for registration."

As from the same date the following new condition will be added to the Sing Song Entertainer Licence:—

"A fee of $5 shall be chargeable for the issue of an Identification Card for each entertainer and annual renewal thereof. The entertainer shall present herself quarterly to the Sing Song House Licensing Section for registration and upon discontinuance of her profession shall thereupon surrender her Identification Card."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5433.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following revised scale of fees has been approved and will be enforced from July 1, 1941:—

(1) For issue of permit $10 per fong (100 sq. ft.) or part thereof.
Permit renewal fee, $3 per month payable in advance.

(2) Advertisement Rates payable half-yearly in advance:—

(*a*) Advertisements within Settlement Limits on Avenue Road, Avenue Edward VII, Avenue Foch, Bund, Bubbling Well Road, Nanking Road, Peking Road, Racecourse Road, Szechuen Road, North Szechuen Road, Weihaiwei Road, Yates Road, Yu Ya Ching Road and Avenue Haig, $0.80 per annum per sq. ft.

(*b*) Electric signs on roads designated in (a), $0.60 per annum, per sq. ft.

(*c*) Advertisements elsewhere, $0.35 per annum, per sq. ft.

(*d*) Electric signs elsewhere, $0.35 per annum, per sq. ft.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 21, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5439.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Friday, May 30.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5432.

ROAD ABANDONMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to abandon the scheduled extension of Pingliang Road east of Liping Road.

It is proposed that the said scheduled road extension shall be removed from the official plans, and any protests against such abandonment should be submitted to the undersigned before May 19, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5431.

COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending June 30, 1941, is due on April 18, 1941. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

The attention of ratepayers is directed to the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation, published in the Municipal Gazette of April 5, 1941. Municipal Rate demand notes for the quarter ending June 30 are calculated in accordance with, and rendered subject to, the recommendations contained in the report in question.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5427.

SECOND-HAND TRUCKS.

THE Council has for sale three second-hand, 4 cylinder 30 H.P. Karrier Trucks; capacity 2½ tons each: all in running condition.

These vehicles may be seen at the Police Transport Office, Gordon Road Police Station, where other necessary details may be obtained.

Tender forms are obtainable from Police Headquarters, Foochow Road. Fee $50.

Sealed tenders should be submitted to the Secretary and Commissioner General, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on April 25, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5425.

ANNUAL REPORT.

NOTICE is hereby given that copies of the Annual Report and Accounts for 1940 and Budget for 1941 are available. Voting ratepayers may obtain copies upon application in writing to the undersigned. Envelopes should be marked "Annual Report."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5440.

CHARGES OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED IN THE SCHEDULE OF RATES, TAXES, DUES & FEES.

Highways Easements and Permits,

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned charges will be effective from June 1, 1941:—

	Rate Per Annum $
Easements:	
Air Standards	21.00
Antenna wires across roads	36.00
Conveyors & Bridges over roads	210.00
Gantries over roads	60.00
Gasoline Pumps & Tanks	210.00
Gasoline Pump only	150.00
Gasoline Tank only	150.00
Pipes and Cables under roads	21.00 to 180.00 (usually $42)
Signposts in footpaths	36.00
Soochow Creek Signboard Sections	15.00
Telephone Kiosks	30.00
Ticket Kiosks	252.00
Use of Land for Tram Loop (Cad. Lot 6067 E.)	60.00
Canopies, per foot run (minimum 14 feet)	3.00
	Each $
General Permits:	
Air Standards	15.00
Antenna wires across roads	6.00
Conveyors & Bridges over roads	45.00
Gantries over roads	45.00
Gasoline Pumps & Tanks	45.00
Gasoline Pump only	15.00
Gasoline Tank only	30.00
Pipes and Cables under roads	15.00
Signposts in footpaths	6.00
Soochow Creek Signboard Sections	6.00
Telephone Kiosks	45.00
Ticket Kiosks	45.00
Remove Gasoline Pumps & Tanks	18.00

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5417.

STORAGE OF EXPLOSIVES, GUNPOWDER, PETROL AND OTHER DANGEROUS MATERIALS.

THE attention of the public is drawn to the necessity, under Bye-Law XXXV, of taking out a licence for the storage of dangerous and/or hazardous materials which from their nature may endanger life and/or property or cause injury to individuals and for which special precautions are necessary in the interests of public safety.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 27, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during March:—

On March 6 to The Golden City Company to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 56 on Soochow Road, east of Chekiang Road.

On March 10 to Messrs. Zung Feng Miscellaneous Food Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 30 on Soochow Road, east of Shantung Road.

On March 11 to Mr. A. F. Ollerdessen to lay an ½" underground water pipe in Warren Road fronting House No. 200.

On March 13 to Messrs. Ju Zee Kee Bean Grounds Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 68 on Soochow Road, west of Chekiang Road.

ANNUAL LICENSING SESSION—1941.

Applications for Hotel, Tavern, Restaurant (with liquor at meals) and Beer Licences for the ensuing Municipal year were considered at the Annual Licensing Session held by the Watch Committee of the Council on March 21.

The following was the list of applications:—

	Applicant	Address
	HOTELS	
1.	(*a*) Chang Kung Da	678 Hankow Road
2.	(*a*) (*b*) Helen Krivenko	611 Broadway East
	TAVERNS	
3.	(*a*) T. Miyasaki	212 Nanking Road
4.	(*a*) Zung Wai Shee	447 Yu Ya Ching Road
5.	(*a*) Chow Yung Wei	988 Avenue Foch
6.	(*a*) Wu Yien Sung	577 Bubbling Well Road
7.	(*a*) (*b*) Martin Feng	1192 E-J Bubbling Well Road
8.	(*a*) Emanuel Schmerler	742 Burkill Road
9.	(*a*) (*c*) Siegfried Klug	20 Gordon Road
10.	(*a*) Siegfried Stern	175 Medhurst Road
11.	(*a*) Franz Oettinger	284 Broadway
12.	Hans Schwarz	1144 Broadway East
13.	(*a*) (*d*) Julius Katz	1172/4 Broadway East
14.	(*a*) Nils Kristiansson	49/51 Muirhead Road
15.	(*a*) (*d*) Rudolf Mosberg	178 Ward Road
16.	(*a*) S. G. Mihalenko	57 Wayside Road
	RESTAURANTS (Liquor at meals)	
17.	Tsong Chun Chun	691 Nanking Road
18.	(*a*) (*c*) Lee Jack	720 Nanking Road
19.	(*a*) (*b*) Tsai Tse Zung	748 Nanking Road
20.	(*a*) S. K. Chang	580/600 Bubbling Well Road
21.	(*a*) (*b*) Sali Kochmann	230 Broadway
22.	(*a*) Heinz Lewinsky	891 East Seward Road
23.	(*a*) (*f*) E. B. Shevardnadze	Lane 21—3 Wayside Road
	BEER AND OTHER MALT LIQUOR	
24.	(*a*) Pao Gee Sun	150 Canton Road
25.	(*a*) Yin Shih Chong	Lane 154—5 Kwangse Road
26.	(*a*) Dah San Yuen	679 Nanking Road
27.	(*a*) Wu Koh Ying	858/860 Avenue Foch
28.	Paul Tchakalian	32 Carter Road
29.	(*a*) Margaret Spitzer	261 Yu Yuen Road
30.	(*a*) Michael Roslowich	146 Quinsan Road
31.	(*a*) Oskar Kovacs	76 Chusan Road
32.	Max Bertysch	918 East Seward Road
33.	(*a*) Mrs. A. S. Kuzmina	232 Kungping Road
34.	(*g*) William J. Lewald	273 Kwenming Road
35.	Marie Schrager	Lane 24—18 Ward Road
36.	(*a*) Lajb Prajgrod	47 Ward Road
37.	(*a*) Ludwig Deutsch	96 Wayside Road
38.	(*a*) Egon Kalmann	123 Yochow Road
39.	(*a*) E. I. Rubinovich	5 Yuenchang Road
40.	(*a*) Theodor Sevastianoff	24 Yuenchang Road
41.	(*a*) Joseph Muther	31 Yuenchang Road
42.	Wilhelm Bender	92 Yuenfong Road

(*a*) Holding interim licence.
(*b*) Licensee previously held a Beer licence.
(*c*) Transfer—previous licensee held an interim Tavern licence.
(*d*) Licensee previously held a Restaurant licence.
(*e*) Licensee also holding an Hotel licence.
(*f*) Licensee previously held an interim Beer licence.
(*g*) Transfer—previous licensee held an interim Beer licence.

The Watch Committee recommended to the Council that applications Nos. 1 to 38 and Nos. 40 to 42, submitted for confirmation or issue of licences for the ensuing Municipal year, be approved subject to compliance with departmental requirements where outstanding.

In the case of No. 39 it was recommended that the interim Beer licence held by Mr. Rubinovich, 5 Yuenchang Road, be extended for six months subject to reconsideration at the expiry thereof.

The renewal of all existing full licences for Hotels, Taverns, Restaurants (with liquor at meals) and Beer-sellers was also recommended.

The Council, on April 2, endorsed the recommendations of the Watch Committee.

RICE SITUATION.

Committee to Charter Ships to Bring Rice.

THE Council at a Special Meeting on March 27 took under consideration the report of two of its members, Mr. G. E. Mitchell and Dr. R. J. McMullen, who had been specially appointed to review the rice situation in consultation with the Council's Supplies Committee and neighbouring authorities.

In the opinion of the Council the problem that has to be faced at the present time is primarily a problem of transportation. There is no shortage of rice stocks at the present time, but prices are high because of anxiety as to future supplies. Unless compelled to do so, the Council does not desire or intend to interfere with established methods or channels of trade, but rather to act in concert with and to reinforce those established channels.

The two members of Council previously referred to stated that all the evidence which had come before them had gone to show that the root cause of a fear of shortage, and therefore of the high prices now ruling, is due to the existing dearth of shipping facilities between Rangoon and Shanghai. There is reason to believe that there will be a sufficient service of ships to bring from Saigon whatever rice is available for Shanghai from that source. Unfortunately, there is not, and under present world conditions is not likely to be, an ample and steady flow of tonnage from Rangoon.

In the Council's opinion the time has come when the authorities concerned should do all that they can to ensure the provision of shipping facilities to bring supplies to Shanghai. The Council decided to set up a small committee who on behalf of the Council will endeavour to charter ships sufficient to bring from 15,000 to 20,000 tons of rice from Rangoon to Shanghai every month until the situation improves though the quantity to be catered for will obviously vary according to the stock position from time to time. There are grounds for belief that a committee acting on behalf of the Council will be in a more favoured position for chartering tonnage than merchants acting in the normal course of business.

It is proposed that the ships thus chartered shall be made available to established rice importers at rates of freight sufficient to cover the charter hire plus a small margin against contingencies. In booking supplies by these ships the committee will require shippers to undertake that the space will be used only for carriage of cheaper grades of rice and that their contracts with dealers will contain a clause to the effect that the rice concerned will only be sold within Shanghai, and only to retail shops which are members of the Shanghai Rice Retail Shops Association. Failure to comply with this clause will warrant the committee refusing to book any further supplies destined for the same buyer, and the names of delinquents will be published.

The Council's proposal has been made after consultation with neighbouring authorities, and it is hoped that such authorities will act on parallel lines in an endeavour to secure transportation for essential supplies.

If a regular and adequate supply of rice can be made available, there should be no necessity for fixed control of prices, and the ordinary processes of trade should for the time being be trusted to establish fair levels. The Council will invoke the aid of the Shanghai Rice Retail Shops Association in devising methods to ensure that supplies imported by the chartered ships shall be sold only on a retail basis.

It should be emphasised that it is not the Council's intention to control the import and distribution of all rice coming to the Settlement, but only of that which is carried by ships which the Council itself makes available. It is to be hoped that the normal channels of trade will continue to function in order to meet the demand for other than the lowest grade and the needs of areas outside Shanghai.

On April 2 the Council announced that Messrs. G. A. Haley, J. B. Lanyon, W. Mellor, C. J. Knipschildt and J. H. Sun had consented to serve as member of the Committee who shall, on behalf of the Council establish and maintain a position whereby they will secure under charter ships sufficient to carry 10,000/20,000 tons of rice from Rangoon to Shanghai each month, until the rice situation improves.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Abolition of Discounts.

THE Council has approved a proposal submitted by the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., that the discounts granted to large consumers of gas be discontinued and that charges for all classes of consumers be at the existing basic rate of $0.03 per unit of 10 cubic feet plus surcharge.

When approval was given in January to the increase in the surcharge on the gas tariff to 250%, consideration was also given by the Council to certain proposals submitted by the Company for amending the conditions of supply with a view to restricting consumption owing to the necessity for carbonising a greater proportion of expensive Indian coal and fuel oil in order to meet the increasing demand for gas. It was decided that an investigation be made into the Company's rate structure, as a result of which it was considered that the present price structure places on the average domestic consumer an inequitable share of the increased cost of producing gas since industrial and large domestic consumers, despite the extremely heavy increase in the cost of high grade coal that is required, are continuing to receive the rates of discount granted to them in normal times before the economic peak of production cost had been passed.

The Company accordingly proposed that the discounts granted to large consumers be discontinued, it being understood that the additional revenue thus obtained will be taken into consideration during the next review of the surcharge which is due shortly.

The Company's proposal was considered by the Public Utilities Committee which recommended approval of the discontinuance of such discounts in respect of consumption periods commencing after the next reading of meters, and this recommendation was approved by the Council.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotions:—

Russian Company—Lt. N. J. Domansky to be Capt.—April 3, 1941.

The undermentioned 2nd Lieutenants to be Lieutenants with effect from dates shown against their names:—

Transport Company—2nd Lt. H. L. Hill, April 18, 1940.

"B" Company—2nd Lt. G. A. Browne, January 31, 1940.

Scottish Company—2nd Lt. A. C. Sinclair, January 26, 1940.

Light Automatic (A. D.) Company—2nd Lt. R. Manly-Allatt, January 16, 1940.

Appointments—Commissions:—

The undermentioned are appointed 2nd Lieutenant with effect from dates shown against their names:—

Corps Headquarters—Staff Qm. Sgt. Aubrey Thomas Kemp—April 18, 1941.

Philippine Company—Pte. Apolonio Jose Orden—April 9, 1941.

"B" Company.—Cpl. William Alexander Young—April 8, 1941.

Transfers:—

Lieutenant W. H. Helm, Shanghai Field Company is transferred to Reserve of Officers "B" with effect from April 10, 1941.

Lieutenant P. R. M. Wallis, M.C. Reserve of Officers "A" is transferred to Reserve of Officers "B" with effect from March 1, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.—

Chinese Company—Lt. D. K. Chant—March 11, 1941.

"A" Bn. Headquarters—Capt. P. H. Barton—March 8, 1941.

"B" Company—Lt. J. E. Sifton—March 8, 1941.

Resignations:—

Corps Headquarters—Lt. M. C. Jensen resigned his commission—April 14, 1941.

Light Horse—Lt. A. E. Arnold resigned his commission—April 16, 1941.

Medical Officers—Lt. C. N. Ogilvie resigned his commission—March 26, 1941.

Decease:—

The decease of the undermentioned Officers is recorded with regret.

Japanese Company—Lt. K. Nakamura died April 11, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B"—Lt. W. E. Holland died December 10, 1940.

Long Service Medal—Awards:—

The undermentioned have been awarded the medal for Long Service:—

Lieutenant A. E. Arnold—Active—1926—1929; 1932—1941.

Company Sergeant Major H. J. Christensen—Active—1927 — 1937; 1938—1940.

Signalman J. J. Honniball—Active—1921—1925; 1932—1940.

The undermentioned has been awarded the 1st Bar to the medal for Long Service:—

Lieutenant W. B. Hughes—Active—1934—1939.

GEORGE LANNING MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS, 1941.

The Trustees have approved the following recommendations made by the Heads of the Municipal Schools concerned, and endorsed by the Superintendent of Education, on the award of George Lanning Memorial Scholarships for 1941:—

Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys: Albert Griffiths.

Public School for Girls: Irene Carlsen.

NOTIFICATION No. 5421.

HOTELS.

NOTICE is hereby given that, as from April 1, 1941, the Hotel Licence Conditions will be amended as follows:—

Condition No. 17 to read:—

"The licensee shall keep on the premises a permanent accurate and legible register of the name, nationality, occupation, place of employment, last address, destination and dates of arrival and departure, of all persons resorting to, or using the premises, together with a record of the accommodation occupied and the price paid, which register shall be open to inspection at all times by the Municipal Police or other duly authorised officer of the Council."

The following new condition is added:—

"The licensee shall furnish the Revenue Office, as and when required, with full details of accommodation and daily rates."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 31, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5451.

DANCING SALOON AND TAVERN.

The issue of a Dancing Saloon and an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. George Spicker of 970 Broadway East in respect of the premises No. 978 Broadway East is under consideration and any objection therto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, May 5, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA AND BAND.

The Council has addressed a letter to the French Authorities acknowledging with thanks receipt of the sum of $20,000 representing the generous contribution from the French Authorities towards the maintenance expenses of the Municipal Orchestra and Band during the current year.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE INEQUALITIES OF TAXATION.

The Chairman of Council has conveyed the Council's very sincere and grateful thanks to Messrs. C. S. Franklin (*Chairman*), J. B. Etherington, J. R. Jones, N. F. Meyers, O. Okamoto and J. H. Sun for the strenuous work that they have done for the community as members of the Special Committee appointed to investigate inequalities of taxation.

Mr. Keswick in his letter states that the Council realises what a difficult task they had to deal with and appreciates that the time allowed them was very short.

NOTIFICATION No. 5402.

ROAD PLANS—1941.

NOTICE is hereby given that plans showing new roads, extension and widening of existing roads, and extension of lands already occupied by public works and for purposes of sanitation in the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai are now open to inspection at the offices of the Public Works Department, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

Landowners and agents are reminded that proprietors have the right, for three months after the publication of notice that the plans are open to inspection, to protest in writing against any proposed roads, extension and widening of roads or extension of public works or establishment of sanitary buildings or works, therein scheduled.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, February 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5429.

CHOLERA INOCULATION.

COMMENCING on Tuesday, April 15, free inoculation against Cholera, for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:

	Address of Branch Health Office	Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 a.m. and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 a.m.
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 a.m.
3 Western	495 Robison Road	31076	9—12 a.m.
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	270 N'Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving inoculation for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving inoculation for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road—ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time.

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE (SPECIALS).

Orders by the D.C. (Specials).

Promotion. The following promotions are authorised as from the undermentioned dates:—

Sgt. 75 A. E. Willis to Sub-Inspector on 6 months' probation 4/3/41.
S/C 7 O. Taudien to Sergeant 4/3/41.
" 16 S. W. Poliak " " "
" 23 V. Z. Mazuk " " "
" 292 B. Italiener " " "
" 25 G. Schoenwald to Assistant Sergeant 4/3/41.
" 26 K. Gulamali " " " "
" 290 C. Sholler " " " "
" 296 H. Sholler " " " "
" 619 J. F. Roeper " " " "
" 954 E. Kolshorn " " " "
" 105 W. L. Nogovikoff " " " "
" 108 V. M. Buianover " " " "
" 150 F. A. Sangster " " " "
S/Insp. H. Middleton to Inspector i/c "A" Squad of "A" Reserve 31/3/41.

S/C 97 A. J. S. Parkhill to Sergeant "A" Squad-"A" Reserve 31/3/41.

Long Service Medal. Sgt. 232 G. Shildkret is awarded the L.S.M. with effect as from 29/3/41.

General Order. Copy of letter received from the Commissioner of Police re the duties performed by the Specials on Sunday, March 30th, 1941.

March 31, 1941.

D. C. (Specials).

I shall be grateful if you will thank all ranks in the Units under your command for willing and efficient work during the recent Anniversary precautions.

The occasion passed quietly and there was a marked decrease in serious crime.

The public spirited assistance afforded by the Specials is most gratifying and helpful.

(sgd.) K. M. BOURNE,
Commissioner of Police.
(sgd.) R. G. MACDONALD,
D. C. (Specials).

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY.

Restriction of Consumption of Electricity.

THE report of the Special Committee appointed by the Council to investigate and recommend allocations of supplies of electricity to the various classes of users in the event of continued shortage of fuel has been received and will be considered by the incoming Council. In view of the far reaching consequences of any drastic restriction in the supply of electricity, particularly for industrial purposes which absorb approximately 72% of the Shanghai Power Company's output, the Committee's report will require thorough study and consideration which will take time.

In the meantime the Shanghai Power Company has reported to the Council that the existing restriction scheme, under which consumers of over 1000 kilowatt hours monthly are allotted only 70% of the established usage at current rates and are charged three times current rates for excess usage over their allotments, has failed to achieve its purpose of restricting consumption and fuel is being consumed at a rate substantially in excess of replacements. On February 24 the Company's stocks of fuel amounted to the equivalent of 150,700 tons of coal, while on April 1 these had been reduced to approximately 120,000 tons.

In view of this continued depletion of the Company's fuel reserves and pending consideration of the recommendations contained in the Special Committee's report the Council has approved of continuation of the existing restriction scheme applying to users of over 1000 kilowatt hours monthly with an increase in the restrictive charge for consumption in excess of allotments from three to six times the average all-in charge made for allotments.

In agreeing to this increase in the restrictive charge for consumption in excess of allotments, the Council wishes particularly to emphasize that the Company will not profit by the restrictive charge, and that all revenue therefrom in excess of current rates will be credited to a Fuel Conservation Reserve which will be utilized as may be agreed upon by the Council and the Company in the best interests of consumers. One of the uses to which this Reserve may be put is to finance the purchase of inordinately high-priced coal, if such is obtainable, so as to keep industry going, without calling upon consumers who do not exceed their authorised allotments to bear the full cost of such high priced coal.

The Council also desires to emphasize the seriousness of the position with regard to fuel supplies and appeals to consumers of all classes to make every possible effort to restrict consumption, failing which drastic compulsory restriction may be inevitable.

MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES

Surplus Land.

West of the Sinza Market.

A portion of B.C. Lot 13260, Cadastral Lot 1058, measuring Mow 0.560, has been sold for a sum of $42,500.

NOTIFICATION No. 5441.

PLAN EXAMINATION AND MISCELLANEOUS PERMIT FEES.

THE following fees, payable in advance, become operative on June 1, 1941, under the Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees approved at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 17, 1941:—

	Present Fees.	Proposed Fees.
For Building Permits—Plan Examination Fees.		
(a) For every Chinese house	As (b)	As (b)
(b) For every 5,000 cubic feet or fraction thereof	$ 3.00	$ 5.00
For every foot of height of building above 25 feet from ground level	Add 1%	Add 1%
Minimum fee	$15.00	$25.00
(c) For minor alterations on plans already approved, not involving any addition to the cubical extent thereof	$10.00	$15.00
(d) For alterations on plans already approved, involving an addition to the cubical extent thereof (additional volume to be charged in accordance with (b))		
Minimum fee	$15.00	$25.00
(e) For alterations on plans already approved, involving re-planning or structural redesign (fee to be charged on altered portion only)	As (b)	As (b)
(f) For alterations to existing buildings within the existing external wall (fee otherwise to be charged in accordance with (b))	$15.00	$25.00
(g) For boundary walls, per fong (100 sq. ft.)	$ 1.00	$ 2.00
Minimum fee	$15.00	$20.00
(h) For every submission of plans after they have been twice disapproved	50% of normal fee.	Same
(j) For renewal of building permit per month	$ 3.00	$ 5.00
For New Sanitary Installations or Additions to Existing Systems—Plan Examination Fees.		
(a) For each water-closet or urinal basin	$ 1.50	$ 3.00
Minimum fee	$15.00	$25.00
(b) For each cesspool	$ 6.00	$10.00
(c) For alterations on plans already approved, not involving any additional basins	$10.00	$15.00
(d) For alterations on plans already approved, involving additional basins (additional basins to be charged in accordance with (a))		
Minimum fee	$15.00	$25.00
(e) For every submission of plans after they have been twice disapproved	50% of normal fee.	Same
(f) For renewal of sanitary installation permit, per month	$ 3.00	$ 5.00
For Miscellaneous Permit Fees.		
(a) For minor building operations	$2.00 to $6.00	$4.00 to $10.00
(b) For minor repairs and painting	$2.00 for the first 12 ft. of frontage and $1.00 for each succeeding 12 ft. of frontage or part thereof	$4.00 for the first 12 ft. of frontage and $2.00 for each succeeding 12 ft. of frontage or part thereof
(c) For erecting signboards, lamps, etc.	$2.00	$ 4.00
(d) For erecting advertisement hoardings, per fong (100 sq. ft.) or part thereof	$6.00	$10.00
(e) For bamboo fence, per 100 ft. of length or part thereof	$2.00	$ 4.00
(f) For temporary mat sunshade over courtyard of residence (April to September only)	$3.00	$ 5.00
(g) For temporary structures such as storage sheds, etc., per fong (100 sq. ft.) of floor area per 6 months	$1.00	$ 2.00
(h) For deep wells.		
(1) Domestic purposes (including water-testing fee—$80.00)	$77.00	$95.00
(2) Industrial purposes	$ 7.00	$15.00
(j) For projections over the public way.		
(1) Canopies (also to be subject to annual easement fee of $1.00 per foot of length, Minimum fee $14.00 plus any surcharge that may be imposed from time to time) per sq. ft. of area	$ 0.60	$ 1.00
(2) Open verandahs, balconies, etc. per sq. ft. of projection	$ 1.00	$ 2.00
(3) Bay windows, or other similar enclosed projections, per sq. ft. of projection	$ 2.00	$ 4.00

(*k*) For ceremonial arches on or over Municipal footpaths or across Municipal Roads	An initial charge of $14 and added thereto $3 for each lineal foot of the structure to cover a period of 14 days, and thereafter a further charge of $35 for every 7 days.	An initial charge of $25 and added thereto $5 for each lineal foot of the structure to cover a period of 14 days, and thereafter a further charge of $60 for every 7 days.
(*l*) For mat sunshades over Municipal footpaths, per fong (100 sq. ft.) (annual permit fee)	$ 3.00	$ 5.00
Minimum fee	$ 3.00	$ 5.00
(*m*) For cloth sunshades over Municipal footpaths, per fong (100 sq. ft.) (annual permit fee)	$ 2.50	$ 4.00
Minimum fee	$ 2.50	$ 4.00
(*n*) For occupying a portion of the Municipal roadway (subject to the restrictions laid down in the Building Rules) during construction or repair work, per fong (100 sq. ft.) per day	$ 0.30	$ 0.50
(*o*) For temporary scaffolding or gantries, per fong (100 sq. ft.) of area extending over the Municipal roadway at a height of not less than 10 ft. above the road level (posts excepted) per day	$ 0.15	$ 0.25
(*p*) For transportation permits	$ 2.00	$ 3.00
(*q*) For landing permits	$ 2.00	$ 3.00
(*r*) For renewal of miscellaneous permits, per month	$ 2.00	$ 3.00

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5437.

HOSPITAL FEES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council has authorised the following revised hospital fees, effective from May 1, 1941:—

	Present Fees (Including Surcharge)	Revised Fees
Foreign Isolation Hospital:		
Resident		
1st Class	$ 18.00	$ 24.00
2nd Class	9.00	12.00
General Ward	Free	Free
Non-Resident		
1st Class	22.50	30.00
2nd Class	13.50	18.00
General Ward	9.00	12.00
General Ward (Seamen)	9.00	12.00
Defence Force		
1st Class	9.00	12.00
2nd Class	4.50	6.00
Chinese Isolation Hospital:		
Resident		
1st Class	$ 7.50	$ 9.00
General Ward	Free	Free
T. B. Sanatorium:		
Resident		
1st Class	$ 18.00	$ 24.00
2nd Class	9.00	12.00
General Ward	Free	Free
Non-Resident		
1st Class	22.50	30.00
2nd Class	13.50	18.00
General Ward	9.00	12.00
General Ward (Seamen)	9.00	12.00

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5435.

Tenders are invited as follows:—

Tender No. 648.

Supply of Boots and Shoes for Foreign Branches of Shanghai Municipal Police.

Tender No. 649.

Supply of Leather etc. (material only) for Foreign Boots and Shoes.

Tender No. 652.

Making of Boots and Shoes with Council's material.

Information and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on April 30, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 21, 1941.

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR 1941.

THE Council has approved the inclusion in the Budget of the following grants-in-aid for 1941:—

	$
Anti-Venereal League of China	750
Convalescent Home for Russian Tuberculars	1,000
King's Daughters' Society, Charity Organization	15,000
King's Daughters' Society, Convalescent Home	5,000
Municipal Service Club Chinese	4,800
Royal Asiatic Society, North China Branch	7,000
Salvation Army, Prisoners' Aid Department	3,500
Salvation Army, Work Shelters	5,000
Shanghai Public Benevolent Cemetery	15,000
Chinese Infectious Diseases Hospital	4,000
First Hospital of the Red Cross Society of China	13,000
Foo Ming Hospital	1,000
Japanese Residents' Corporation Hospital	25,000
St. Elizabeth's Hospital	7,000
St. Luke's Hospital	28,000
Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association's Hospital and Clinic	5,000
American Hospital for Refugees	7,000
Institution of the Holy Family	3,500

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS

Negotiations have been concluded for the acquisition of the following areas of land scheduled for road purposes:—

Road	Cad. Lot	Area Mow	Compensation
Yangtszepoo and Jansen West	2788	0.019	Nil*
Soochow	802	0.174	$5,434

*Voluntary Free Surrender.

NOTIFICATION NO. 5434.

FOREIGN ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

Notice is hereby given that the Foreign Isolation Hospital will remove to 63 Great Western Road on April 22, 1941. Telephone No. 21346.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 21, 1941.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Worker's Earnings for March.

The following figures show what a worker's family should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in March. Figures of two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A), and the second shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard (Standard B).

	Earnings of Principal Wage Earner (34.5%)	Earnings of Other Family Members (12.7%)	Other Family Income (52.8%)	Total Family Income (100.0%)
Standard A :	$72.92	$46.51	$17.37	$136.807
Standard B :	$67.13	$42.82	$15.99	$125.944

Chinese Workers' Cost of Living for March.

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is estimated that a lower standard in March, 1941, involves a cost of living 5.17 times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

Accompanying spectacular rises in the prices of rice and coal briquettes, there occurred a general wave of rising prices in the month of March. The general index of cost of living of Shanghai workers rose from 602.29 in February to 679.99 in March, registering an increase of 77.70 points and breaking the record increase of 52.48 points in February, 1940. Rises in the group indices were unusual. The food index advanced from 673.53 in February to 774.36 in March, recording an increase of 100.83 points; the miscellaneous index from 526.04 to 599.30, 73.26 points; the fuel index from 575.98 to 636.38, 60.40 points; and the clothing index from 474.62 to 502.56, 27.94 points. The purchasing power of the dollar showed a further drop of 1.89 cents as compared with February. In March it stood at 14.71 cents.

The rice situation deteriorated steadily during the month with prices rising from day to day. Small stores experienced difficulty in obtaining supplies. Grades sold were often mixed with rice of inferior quality, and are now even less standardized than before. Notwithstanding abundant stocks in the city, second grade Saigon rice was retailed at an average price of $100.45 per shih and second grade non-glutinous rice, $114.65. The former showed a rise of $19.00 or 23.33 per cent. and the latter, $19.30 or 20.24 per cent. over February. The price of coal briquettes recorded similar sharp increases. During the month it rose from $8.80 to $12 per 100 chin. The average price was $10.275 for March as against $8.775 for February, showing an increase of 17.09 per cent.

Of the 31 items in the food group, 22 items or 71 per cent. have shown price increases; of the 7 items in the miscellaneous group, 6 items or 86 per cent.; of the 6 items in the fuel group, 5 items or 83 per cent.; and of the 11 items in the clothing group, 9 items or 82 per cent.

Besides rice and coal briquettes, daily necessities like flour, bean curd, and salt in the food group showed increases of 25.02, 42.86, 13.65 per cent.; soap and hot water in the miscellaneous group, 51.71 and 25.00 per cent.; matches and kerosene in the fuel group, 44.04 and 16.30 per cent.; and grey shirtings, native sheetings in the clothing group, 7.36 and 7.09 per cent.

INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF SHANGHAI WORKERS

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*1940 Jan.*	*Feb.*	*March*	*1941 Jan.*	*Feb.*	*March*
Group Indices :							
Food	100.00	337.97	394.07	365.15	674.62	673.53	774.36
Rent	100.00	304.83	304.83	304.83	385.26	385.26	385.26
Clothing	100.00	240.77	264.36	289.10	432.44	474.62	502.56
Fuel and Light	100.00	374.25	433.48	474.61	563.03	575.98	636.38
Miscellaneous	100.00	255.87	355.99	384.54	497.18	526.04	599.30
General Index	100.00	329.44	377.92	365.98	597.19	602.29	679.99
Purchasing Power of the Dollar..	100.00	30.73	26.46	27.17	16.75	16.60	14.71
Percentage Inc. or Dec. as Compared with 1936 (+) or (—)..		—69.27	—73.54	—72.83	—83.25	—83.40	—85.29

RETAIL PRICE IN SHANGHAI

Commodities Food:	*Unit*	*Average 1936*	*Jan.*	*1941 Feb.*	*March*
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade)	Shih*	$ 9.943	96.497	95.347	114.645
Sien Rice (1st grade)†..	Shih	9.735	84.194	81.448	100.450
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	84.089	80.848	100.122
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	24.619	25.506	31.888
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.472	.500	.572
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.0300	.0350	.050
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.0300	.0350	.050
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.0250	.0263	.030
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.280	1.360	1.600
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.210	.218	.238
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.230	.230	.240
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.033	.184	.133	.190
Hsueh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.274	.220	.200
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.072	.060	.052
Turnips	Chin	.034	.066	.050	.051
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.180	.240	.428
Allium Odorum	Chin	.060	.390	.310	.360
Spinach	Chin	.042	.090	.089	.063
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	1.875	1.800	1.638
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	1.425	1.588	1.738
Salted Pork	Chin	.301	1.508	1.421	1.363
Chicken	Chin	.326	1.825	2.000	2.025
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.680	1.620	1.640
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.707	.868	.853
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	.967	1.006	1.054
Fresh Duck Eggs	Piece	.024	.173	.179	.177
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	1.013	1.018	1.083
Lard	Chin	.307	1.900	1.800	1.713
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.297	.381	.390
Salt	Chin	.112	.327	.359	.408
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.687	.721	.725
Rent:‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.149	7.386	7.386	7.386
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	10.195	10.195	10.195
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	12.625	12.625	12.625
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.373	.383	.397
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.457	.503	.540
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.310	.331	.355
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.374	.441	.449
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.517	.572	.568
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.275	.296	.275
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	.146	.547	.641	.694
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.083	.297	.324	.355
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.423	.482	.485
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	2.025	2.000	2.100
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	.959	1.025	1.125
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	8.884	8.775	10.275
Kerosene	Chin	.136	.506	.546	.635
Firewood	Bundle	.042	.322	.322	.318
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.070	.070	.073
Matches	Box	.0100	.0573	.0688	.0991
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.929	14.500	14.999	14.188
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.203	.234	.355
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.716	.747	.783
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.191	.195	.199
Shao-shing	Chin	.094	.376	.449	.483
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	.923	1.032	1.129
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.600	1.600
Hot Water	10 Ladles	.017	.100	.100	.125

† Sien rice was not on market since Feb, 1940, quotations given are those of second grade Saigon rice.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien=32 cubic metres. 1 Shih chin=1.1023 English pounds.

1 Shih ch'ih=1.0936 English feet. 1 Shih shih =156 Shih chin.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR MARCH.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

The cost of living of foreign residents in March reflected the phenomenal rise in costs of rice and coal briquettes so essential to Chinese living. The psychology of consumers, buying on rising prices, induced further price increases. The situation was analogous to that obtaining in May last year. Additional factors such as increased labour cost, overhead expenses and drops in foreign exchange rates toward the close of the month accelerated price increases of all services and commodities. As a consequence, the consolidated index of cost of living of Western foreign salaried employees registered a further rise of 7.18 points in the month of March. It stood at 212.95 as against 205.77 for the previous month. The index for "Other Nationalities" advanced from 206.08 in February to 214.21 in March; the Russian index from 210.24 to 217.92; the British index from 199.67 to 205.41; and the American index from 193.15 to 198.84. The increases amounted to 8.13, 7.68, 5.74 and 5.69 points respectively. Of the group indices for all nationalities, the heat index of 223.32 recorded a rise of 16.83 points; the food index of 259.15, 10.35 points; the clothing index of 211.75, 8.32 points; and the miscellaneous index of 176.76, 3.99 points. The purchasing power of the Chinese dollar was reduced by 53.04 per cent. as compared with 51.40 per cent. in February.

An idea of the extent of increase during the month is obtainable from the following summary. Of the 109 items in the food group, 82 items or 75 per cent. have shown increases; of the 45 items in the miscellaneous group, 28 items or 62 per cent.; of the 34 items in the clothing group, 16 items or 47 per cent.; and of the 11 items in the heat group, 5 items or 45 per cent. Daily necessities like bread, flour and onions of the food group showed increases of 13.25, 20.75, and 16.67 per cent.; soap, toilet paper and matches of the miscellaneous group, 34.29, 18.33 and 43.84 per cent.; union suits, silk socks and laundry charges of the clothing group, 65.22, 16.99 and 10.71 per cent.; and coal of the heat group, 10.27 per cent.

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American 1941			British 1941		
		Jan.	Feb.	March	Jan.	Feb	March
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	193.07	214.90	222.94	207.50	232.28	240.12
Clothing & Materials	100.00	200.60	204.36	209.27	203.26	208.64	214.10
Rent	100.00	169.71	176.30	176.30	162.01	173.77	173.77
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	198.89	206.04	222.38	203.85	210.28	226.40
Miscellaneous	100.00	163.07	165.52	169.27	171.40	174.05	178.19
General Index	100.00	183.37	193.15	198.84	187.08	199.67	205.41

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian 1941			Other Nationalities 1941		
		Jan.	Feb.	March	Jan.	Feb.	March
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	228.86	263.01	272.99	218.63	244.49	259.44
Clothing & Materials	100.00	189.82	194.86	206.00	211.88	217.15	223.19
Rent	100.00	159.77	164.33	164.33	169.40	176.03	176.03
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	198.08	205.55	223.09	196.50	204.17	220.32
Miscellaneous	100.00	171.14	174.25	178.64	168.24	169.62	172.50
General Index	100.00	194.69	210.24	217.92	193.88	206.08	214.21

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated 1941		
		Jan.	Feb.	March
General Indices				
American	100.00	183.37	193.15	198.84
British	100.00	187.08	199.67	205.41
Russian	100.00	194.69	210.24	217.92
Other Nationalities	100.00	193.88	206.08	214.21
Consolidated Index	100.00	191.98	205.77	212.95
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	52.09	48.60	46.96

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Feb.	1941 Mar.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:					
1	White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	.83	.92
2	White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	.83	.94
3	White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	.79	.87
4	Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.56	.60
5	Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.56	.60
6	Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.36	.36
7	Flour Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.59	.68
8	Flour Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.53	.64
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	.96	1.25
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.12	1.22
11	Rolled oats Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	3.74	4.23
12	Rolled oats Loose	lb.		.44	.96	.99
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.65	.76
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.04	1.14
15	Beef Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	3.83	4.01
16	Beef Rump steak	lb.		.65	2.75	2.95
17	Beef Topside steak	lb.		.63	2.73	2.95
18	Beef Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	2.83	3.03
19	Rib roast	lb.		.60	2.70	2.90
20	Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	3.05	3.41
21	Soup meat	lb.		.35	1.96	2.03
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.10	2.12
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	1.81	2.01
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	1.82	1.74
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.53	1.59
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	4.05	4.06
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	2.76	2.65
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	2.36	2.40
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	2.26	2.08
30	Egg Hen	pc.		.10	.21	.19
31	Egg Duck	pc.		.08	.20	.19
32	Fish Herring	lb.		.18	.69	.57
33	Fish Salmon	lb.		.52	1.58	1.60
34	Fish Mandarin	lb.		.79	1.68	1.77
35	Fish Cod	lb.		.44	1.37	1.34
36	Fish Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.96	1.60
37	Fish Yellow	lb.		.34	.71	.76
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	2.77	3.13
39	Potatoes Irish	lb.		.10	.41	.43
40	Potatoes Sweet	lb.		.06	.25	.27
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.17	.18
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.23	.40
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.11	.11
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	—(8)	—(8)
45	Beans French	lb.		.14	.87	.98
46	Beans Lima	lb.		.33	.70	.81
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.21	1.08	1.27
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.18	.17
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.32	.36
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.48	.56
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	4.92	5.30
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz.	1.40	1.95	2.00
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 12 16 oz.	2.98	3.81	4.00
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.90	3.11	3.09
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	.75	.79
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.45	.47
58	Oranges Sunkist	p.c.		.28	.61	.61
59	Oranges Mandarin	lb.		.35	.93	.95
60	Lemons	p.c.		.48	.66	.72
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	.98	1.01

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Feb.	1941 Mar.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*					
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.62	1.78
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.24	1.30
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb.	1.24	1.73	1.73
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.65	1.80
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.52	1.43
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	7.03	7.07
68	Margarine Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.25	2.26
69	Margarine Palm	lb.		1.28	2.25	2.26
70	Milk Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.15	1.15
71	Milk Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.79	.79
72	Milk Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	.89	.90
73	Cheese Kraft	lb.		3.41	5.31	5.49
74	Cheese Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.80	2.80
75	Cream Sour	lb.		1.60	3.10	3.30
76	Cream Table	pint		2.64	5.55	5.55
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	1.81	1.85
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	2.99	3.04
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.13	3.90
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	6.62	7.27
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	⅔ lb.	.12	.18	.20
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	.85	.95
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.92	1.88
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	7.13	7.35
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.60	.65
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.26	1.47
87	Sugar Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.81	.82
88	Sugar Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.66	.67
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.87	.86
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.11	1.11
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.41	1.54
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.08	2.18
93	Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	18.93	19.05
94	Coffee Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	6.41	6.56
95	Coffee Mocha	lb.		2.08	2.91	3.20
96	Cocoa Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	3.79	3.81
97	Cocoa Peter	tin	½ lb.	2.61	5.91	6.32
98	Tea Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	2.97	3.25
99	Tea Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	4.58	5.19
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	1.55	1.79
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tall No. 2		1.43	1.88	2.03
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	4.55	5.36
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	3.11	3.61
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.44	5.71
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	1.90	1.90
106	Cigarettes Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.48	1.48
107	Cigarettes Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.77
108	Cigarettes Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.21	1.21
109	Cigarettes Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.36	1.35
(I	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	59.50	59.50
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	29.50	29.50
112	Viyella—T T T	yd.		9.75	18.84	18.84
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	19.50	19.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	15.50	15.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	10.50	10.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	8.75	8.75
117	Margarelle—Red Label—Lung Chung	yd.		.58	1.62	1.64
118	Shirt White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	8.48	8.99
119	Shirt White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	6.60	6.99
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pr.		3.00	4.70	5.00

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI—(*Continued*)

Commodities and Services	*Unit*	*Size of Unit*	*Av. Oct. 1939*	*1941 Feb.*	*1941 Mar.*
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122 Slip — Silk	pc.		10.00	13.00	14.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	27.50	28.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys' —6½" X 11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	5.45	6.00
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18" — A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	2.30	3.80
126 Shoes — Men's—Bata	pr.		26.80	54.90	59.90
127 Shoes — Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128 Shoes — Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	17.90	17.90
129 Silk stockings — Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	22.50	22.50
130 Silk stockings — Swallow	pr.		2.15	3.99	4.35
131 Silk stockings — Pagoda	pr.		5.50	9.25	9.25
132 Socks — Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.43	1.79
133 Socks — Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	12.10	12.60
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	29.50	29.50
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	13.50	14.00
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.15	1.15
137 Knitting wools — Bechive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	38.80	38.60
138 Knitting wools — Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	22.98	27.48
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	.80	.80
140 Laundry — Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.28	.31
141 Laundry — Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.15	.16
142 Dry cleaning — A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	2.75	2.75
143 Dry cleaning — B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	2.00	2.50
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached	std. rm.(3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.05	33.05
145 Apartment of flat	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	41.69	41.69
146 Terrace house	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	25.12	25.12
147 Single room	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	53.04	53.04
148 Municipal rates — International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates — International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 Municipal rates — French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Electric — Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.472	.472
152 Electric — Power — Heating — Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.211	.215
153 Electric — Light — French — Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.369	.369
154 Electric — Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.134	.134
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.0912	.1050
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	274.00	302.13
157 Coal briquettes	100shin chih(5)		3.75	8.78	10.28
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Fou	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	36.86	39.86

Commodities and Services	*Unit*	*Size of Unit*	*Av. Oct. 1939*	*1941 Feb.*	*1941 Mar.*
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water — Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160 Water — French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.1825	.1825
161 Ice	100 lb.		1.00	2.50	2.50
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus — Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0425	.063	.063
163 Bus — French Concession	per mi.		.040	.056	.056
164 Tram-1st. class — Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0637	.0637
165 Tram-1st. class — French Concession	per mi.		.040	.061	.061
166 Taxicab	20min.		2.29	3.60	3.60
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	3.40	3.60
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169 Newspapers — North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Newspapers — Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172 Movie — Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173 Movie — Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.80	.80
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	47.82	47.82
175 Wages — Cook	p.mon.		90.25	48.96	48.96
176 Wages — Amah	p.mon		19.15	34.69	34.69
177 Lotion — Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	4.80	5.48
178 Lotion — Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	10.43	11.52
179 Face cream — Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.12	4.14
180 Face cream — Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.80	5.58	6.14
181 Face power—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	7.29	7.78
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	2.11	2.23
183 Tooth paste — Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	1.87	2.01
184 Tooth paste — Sincere's	tube		.25	.38	.45
185 Razor blades — Gillette	pkt.	5 pc.	2.88	4.55	5.04
186 Razor blades — Nacet	pkt.	10 pc.	1.73	2.13	2.26
187 Toilet paper — Red Ball	roll		.34	.85	.95
188 Toilet paper — Pagoda	roll		.64	1.20	1.42
189 Toilet paper — Fan	roll		.45	.94	1.06
190 Soap — Lever Health	cake		.15	.27	.31
191 Soap — Lux	cake		.32	.46	.50
192 Soap — Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz.	.44	.71	.83
193 Soap — Ivory	cake		1.24	1.77	1.87
194 Soap — Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	1.05	1.41
195 Cleanser — Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.34	.37
196 Cleanser — Beauty	tin		.07	.13	.14
197 Match—Phoenix	pkz.	10 box.	.28	.73	1.05
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.40	.83	.91
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	22.40	24.25
200 Coffee percolater	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	22.50	23.63
201 Shoe polish — Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.36	1.43
202 Shoe polish — Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.55	.55
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.30	2.51
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.33	2.38
205 Hair cut — A			.70	1.15	1.15
206 Hair cut — B			.40	.80	.87

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.
(8) Not on market.

NOTIFICATION No. 5443.

Dangerous or Inflammable Liquids.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5442 of April 24, 1941, the conditions of the Licence for the Handling of Dangerous or Inflammable Liquids are published for the information of those concerned.

Conditions.

1.—This licence is not transferable to any other person or persons and refers only to the premises in respect of which it is issued.

2.—The licence number plate shall be fixed in a conspicuous position at the main outside entrance to the premises and remain at all times legible and undefaced and the licence shall be exhibited in a conspicuous place inside the premises.

3.—Free access shall be given to officers of the Council charged with the inspection of licensed premises.

4.—The General Municipal Rate payable in respect of the premises shall be paid when due.

5.—No gratuity of any kind shall be offered or given to any employee of the Council.

6.—Immediate notice shall be given to the Municipal Police of any death or crime occurring on the premises.

7.—The licensee shall be responsible for any breach or disregard of any condition contained in this license by himself, his servants, agents, tenants, lessees or others.

8.—On a breach of any of these conditions the licence will be subject to withdrawal or suspension by the Council and the whole or any part of the money deposited as security be liable to forfeiture at the option of the Council and the licensee be liable to prosecution.

9.—No meeting which may cause a breach of the peace or good order of the Settlement shall be permitted on any part of the premises, and no meeting of a political nature, or at which any address or discussion on politics is allowed, shall be permitted without the written permission of the Council.

10.—In the event of a dispute between the management of the factory and its workers the matter shall be reported immediately to the Commissioner of Police.

11.—The management shall submit to the Special Branch of the Shanghai Municipal Police the total number of workers employed on the premises, male, female and juveniles, every quarter, i.e. 5th January, 5th April, 5th July and 5th October.

12.—The requirements of the Council's Building Rules, Rules for Vessels and Systems under Pressure, Rules for Electrical Installation, and Rules for Lifts shall be carried out.

13.—The design, construction, equipment and maintenance of the premises shall conform to the requirements of the Council, and the business shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of, and to the satisfaction of the Council.

14.—The licensee shall carry out forthwith such alterations and additions to the premises as may from time to time be required by the Council.

15.—No alteration or addition, structural or otherwise, shall be made to the premises without a permit first obtained from the Council.

16.—Precautions to the satisfaction of the Council shall be taken to prevent accidents which might result in injury or death of workers both on machinery moved by mechanical power and elsewhere as required.

17.—Immediate notice shall be given to the Commissioner of Public Health of any death or any case or suspected case of communicable disease occurring on the premises or in the families of the licensee or his employees.

18.—The employees and their families shall submit to vaccination and other prophylactic measures required by the Commissioner of Public Health.

19.—A floor area of at least 16 square feet per person and 150 cubic feet of room space per person shall be provided.

20.—Regular and frequent cleaning of premises (including windows), and disposal of wastes, shall be carried out. Ceilings and walls shall be whitewashed as required by the Commissioner of Public Health.

21.—The premises shall be provided with approved sanitary conveniences which shall be maintained to the satisfaction of the Council.

22.—The lighting and ventilation in all parts of the premises shall be maintained in an approved condition.

23.—No spitting shall be permitted on the premises.

24.—Where toxic gases or dusts are generated their diffusion shall be prevented as far as possible and effective exhaust measures shall be provided and maintained in proper working order to the satisfaction of the Council.

25.—Exit passages, stairways and doorways shall be of approved type, shall be kept free from obstruction and available for use at all times.

26.—No sleeping accommodation or cooking appliance shall be allowed in any part of the premises without the permission of the Council.

27.—Fire extinguishing appliances shall be installed in accordance with the Council's requirements and shall be kept free from obstruction and maintained in good working order to the satisfaction of the Council.

28.—Smoking and the use of naked lights shall be strictly prohibited on the premises and Smoking Prohibited notices, in English and Chinese, in 6-inch letters and characters shall be prominently displayed, together with approved "Danger" signs.

29.—Adequate precautions to prevent explosion in fume and dust atmospheres shall be taken and all equipment installed for this purpose shall be maintained in proper working order to the satisfaction of the Council.

30.—Children under the age of 14 years shall not be employed and young persons under the age of 16 years shall be excluded from working at dangerous processes.

31.—In connection with this licence the following restrictions will be enforced at the discretion of the Council:

(*a*) No licence will be issued for any portion of a building occupied as an apartment house, hotel or lodging house or which comprises part of a block or Chinese or semi-foreign dwellings.

(*b*) No licence will be issued for any building which is situated within 50 feet of the nearest wall of any building occupied as a school, hospital, theatre or any other place of public assembly except for handling where the total quantity of material does not exceed 5 gallons.

32.—Approved Storage Bins for an amount of less than 50 gallons and approved tanks or stores for a larger amount shall be provided and maintained in good condition to the satisfaction of the Council.

33.—All inflammable liquid, other than that in use on the work benches or in the act of being handled, shall be kept in approved Stores, Bins or Tanks. The amount of inflammable liquid per operator shall not exceed a half day's supply at any one time and shall be kept in approved safety cans if so required by the Council.

34.—In workrooms, the storage of inflammable liquids or any materials under the work benches is prohibited.

35.—An approved waste can shall be provided for the storage of oily rags, waste, lint or refuse; contents shall be removed daily.

36.—Operators shall in no case be stationed closer than three feet to each other in any workroom.

37.—All mixers, filters, pumps, motors, shafting etc. in rooms where inflammable liquids are stored or handled shall be electrically grounded in an effective manner.

38.—Electrical apparatus, such as motors, switches and lamps shall be excluded from compartments or rooms where inflammable liquids are stored or handled. Electric lights where necessary to be installed shall be of the flameproof type to the satisfaction of the Council.

39.—The use of portable electric lights on extension cords in any room in which inflammable liquids are handled or stored is prohibited.

40.—No charcoal or open fires shall be permitted in locations where inflammable liquids are handled or stored.

41.—Samples shall be furnished when required by the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade, and any material found to expose life and property to undue danger, whether by decomposition or from other cause, will be seized and the licensee shall be liable to prosecution.

42.—The licensee shall keep a list of customers for inspection.

43.—The licensee shall, upon request, furnish a list of the nature and quantity of all dangerous or inflammable liquids stored.

44.—The total quantity of any dangerous and inflammable liquid on the premises at any one time shall not exceed. . .

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, March 21—April 18, 1941.

Police Force.—For courage, quick thinking and determination in face of danger, resulting in his shooting (wounding) and capturing an armed criminal, Chinese Constable No. 424 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage, tenacity and devotion to duty, in tackling and arresting an armed criminal after a gun battle, Chinese Constables Nos. 1896 and 1945 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For outstanding courage and initiative in engaging an armed gang of three and killing one of them, Chinese Constable No. 1880 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For bravery and initiative in arresting an armed criminal after he had been held up by the criminal and another, and who attempted to seize the Constable's police pistol, Chinese Constable No. 3117 is awarded the *Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class I.*

For exceptional bravery, tenacity and devotion to duty in a gun battle with four armed criminals during which he received wounds which later proved fatal, the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class I, is awarded posthumously to Chinese Detective Constable No. 329.

For a very brave act, whilst unarmed and off duty, in tackling and over-powering an armed criminal who was escaping from an armed robbery just previously committed by him and three others, Chinese Detective Sergeant No. 108 and Chinese Detective Constable No. 307 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Mr. E. C. Baker, Acting Deputy Commissioner, is given the substantive rank of Deputy Commissioner from April 1, 1941.

Chief Inspector T. Nakamura is promoted to the rank of Superintendent on probation from March 15, 1941.

The promotion of the following is authorised with effect from March 15, 1941:—

To be Chief Inspector on probation

Inspector M. Umemoto

To be Inspector on probation

Sub-Inspectors R. Okawa, J. Yasuda and M. Kobayashi.

To be Sub-Inspector on probation

Sergeants A. Imura, M. Matsumura, S. Katayama, J. Ohata, Y. Saito, T. Ito and S. Uyemura.

To be Sergeant

Probationary Sergeants K. Sakamoto, N. Marumoto, J. Kimura, R. Majima, K. Sato, K. Iina, K. Fujisawa, Y. Asou, M. Nasu, M. Fujita, H. Chimoto, S. Suzuki, M. Ishida, T. Hirabayashi, F. Ito, R. Takahashi, H. Kusano, M. Moriyama, N. Sakai, M. Kanaya, Y. Nozaki, K. Umeda, K. Isobe, S. Haraguchi, S. Sasaki, M. Nakano and K. Arita.

The promotion of the following Probationary Sergeants to the rank of Sergeant is authorised with effect from the dates specified:—

N. C. Webb	from	October 20, 1940
L. J. Ellis	,,	Dec. 10, 1940
L. Davies	,,	Feb. 1, 1941
L. T. Roberts	,,	March 20, 1941
F. Margison	,,	April 1, 1941

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from the dates specified:—

M. Feder	from	Mar. 22, 1941
J. M. E. Britto	,,	April 1, 1941
B. Decombel	,,	April 1, 1941
C. P. Archer	,,	April 7, 1941
H. J. Gimpel	,,	April 15, 1941

Chief Inspector E. J. Ling is permitted to retire on October 21, 1941.

Sub-Inspector H. Diprose is invalided, services terminating on April 19, 1941.

The resignation of Probationary Sergeant No. 616, M. Morioka is accepted, services terminating on October 30, 1941.

Public Health Department.—Miss E. Noether is appointed Staff Nurse on probation from April 1, 1941.

The resignation of Sanitary Overseer D. Pohlandt is accepted, services terminating on June 30, 1941.

Public Works Department.—The resignation of Mr. H. F. Lewis, Land Surveyor, is accepted, services terminating on December 7, 1940.

Finance Department.—Mr. T. Hayashi, Assistant, is promoted to be Chief of Section from March 10, 1941.

Finance Department — Revenue Office.—Mr. G. E. Kirilloff is appointed Clerical Assistant on probation from April 1, 1941.

Secretariat.—Mr. E. Weingart is appointed Office Assistant on probation from March 26, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

NOTIFICATION No. 5436.

SALE OF TRUCK.

FOR sale by tender one 10-ton Renault Truck and Crane Equipment. Deposit—$200. Closing date—May 6, 1941. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 22, 1941.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, March 29, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	6	0	11	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	0	11	7
Tuberculosis	5	2	71	60
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	44	27
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	3	1	8	5
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0	0	0
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	9	4
Influenza	2	0	6	6
Malaria	1	0	1	0
Measles	4	3	55	35
Typhus Fever	0	0	1	1
Relapsing Fever	2	0	14	1
Anthrax	0	0	1	1
Encephhlitis Lethargica	1	1	0	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	8		949	
Total Deaths from all Causes	15		1098	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight April 5, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	1	0	14	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	2	0	5	1
Tuberculosis	4	2	80	67
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	3	1	35	35
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	3	0	5	4
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0	0	0
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	5	2
Influenza	8	0	5	5
Malaria	2	0	0	0
Measles	18	0	40	32
Typhus Fever	2	0	2	1
Relapsing Fever	0	0	30	7
Rabies	0	0	1	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	14		874	
Total Deaths from all Causes	17		1032	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight April 12, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	2	0	14	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	5	2
Tuberculosis	2	2	55	49
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	0	0	19	16
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	2	0	2	1
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	5	2
Influenza	1	0	3	3
Malaria	1	0	4	0
Measles	18	1	24	17
Typhus Fever	0	0	3	1
Relapsing Fever	0	0	14	3
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	6		685	
Total Deaths from all Causes	9		776	

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,920).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight April 19, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	1	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	1	0
Diphtheria	2	0	19	5
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	8	0
Tuberculosis	7	5	93	88
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	44	28
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	3	1	14	11
Bacillary Dysentery	1	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	3	3
Influenza	2	0	2	2
Malaria	4	0	0	0
Measles	31	1	50	27
Typhus Fever	0	0	3	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	37	10
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		1097
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		1283

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5422.

OLD CAST IRON.

FOR sale by tender 100 tons of Old Cast Iron. Deposit—$1,000. Closing date—April 17, 1941. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 31, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5418.

RATEPAYERS MEETINGS. PROXIES.

LAND Regulation XIX provides that proxies of ratepayers only who are absent from the Consular District of Shanghai, or are prevented by illness from attending shall be admitted to vote at meetings of ratepayers.

Proxies should be appointed in writing and the instrument of proxy or proxy paper should be signed by the ratepayer who makes the appointment and should contain a declaration that the appointer will be absent from the Consular District of Shanghai or is prevented by illness from attending on the day of the meeting. In the case of illness the declaration should be accompanied by a medical certificate or be attested by a registered qualified medical practitioner.

Proxy papers may be obtained from the Deputy Treasurer—Revenue, Revenue Office, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, and should reach him duly completed not later than 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, April 16, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 29, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5430.

VOTING TICKETS.

NOTICE is hereby given that voting tickets are being forwarded by post on Tuesday, April 15, to ratepayers entitled to vote at the Special and Annual Meetings of Ratepayers to be held in the Shanghai Race Club (Public Stand), 305 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, April 17, 1941, at 2.30 p.m.

Ratepayers who have not received their tickets by 2 p.m. on Wednesday, April 16, at the latest, are requested to communicate with the Deputy Treasurer—Revenue, No. 209 Kiangse Road, Tel. No. 12310-ext. 29.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5420.

EWO ROAD AND WAYSIDE PUBLIC WHARF.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to exchange the present sites of Ewo Road and the Wayside Public Wharf for alternative sites to the west and east.

A plan showing the proposed scheme may be examined at the Cadastral Office, Public Works Department, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

Any protests against the proposed exchange should be submitted to the undersigned by April 15, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, March 31, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5424.

BROKEN STONE.

TENDERS required for the supply of 500 tons of broken blue stone 1/4" to dust. Deposit—$100. Closing date—April 10, 1941. For particulars, apply to Room No. 234, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 2, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information, sample and official tender form may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
645	450 pairs British Army Pattern Ankle Boots with mohair laces.		April 30, 11 a.m.

TENDERS INVITED—(*Continued*)

No.	Description.	Fee	Date.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and official tender forms under this section may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
648	Supply of Boots and Shoes for Foreign Branches of Shanghai Municipal Police		April 30, 11 a.m.
649	Supply of Leather etc. (Material only) for Foreign Boots and Shoes		- do -
652	Making of Boots and Shoes with Council's material		- do -
	SHANGHAI VOLUNTEER CORPS.		
	Information and official tender forms may be obtained from S.V.C. Headquarters, 180 Foochow Road.		
44	300 pairs, Boots, ankle. Samples may be seen at Room 170, S.V.C. Headquarters, 180 Foochow Road.	$100	May 12, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of the Municipal Gaol, No. 147 Ward Road.		
70A	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section, for a period of three months from June 1, 1941.	$500	May 13, 11 a.m.
70B	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section, for a period of three months from June 1, 1941.	$100	May 13, 11 a.m.
	PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.		
	Information regarding the tender under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works.		
41/57.	Alterations to proposed Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, Tifeng Road.		May 1, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the S.M.P. Headquarters.		
650	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment S.M.P. for the month of June, 1941.		May 14, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	
	" "B" Vegetables & Fruit	100	
	" "C" Groceries	100	
	" "D" Bread	100	
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	
651	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P.	100	May 14, 11 a.m.
	FIRE BRIGADE.		
	Particulars, specifications and official tender forms may be obtained at Fire Brigade Headquarters, 280 Honan Road.		
66	Fire Brigade Delivery Hose—Single-jacket, unlined, of best quality flax canvas.		May 15, 11 a.m.
67	Fire Brigade Suction Hose.		May 15, 11 a.m.
	PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.		
	Information as to conditions of supply, standards to which the products must confirm, and relative tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Administration Building, 223 Hankow Road.		
4(c)	Supply to Municipal Hospitals and Schools as from July 1 to December 31, 1941, of 100 pints Grade "A" (TT) milk daily and 15 pints Grade "A" (TT) cream monthly.		May 16, 11 a.m.
4(d)	Supply to Municipal Hospitals and Schools as from July 1 to December 31, 1941, of 100 pints Grade "A" milk daily.		May 16, 11 a.m.

TENDERS INVITED—(*Continued*)

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	ALL DEPARTMENTS. Tender forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the Finance Department, Room 261. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary & Commissioner General, Room 150, Administration Building.		
1	The Council is prepared to receive tenders for 1942 Supplies of Stationery.		July 14, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Public Health Department. Cotton Wool, Gauze, Bandages and Lint.

	Barco Gauze & Cotton Co.		Barco Gauze & Cotton Co.
Cotton Wool, Grade 1	$3.50 per packet	Absorbent White Lint	$7.35 per packet
,, ,, ,, 2	3.00 ,, ,,	White Open Woven Bandages	
White Absorbent Gauze		2½ ins. Wide—6 yds. long	4.50 ,, ,,
100 yds. x 36 ins.	28.50 ,, ,,	3 ins. Wide—6 yds. long	5.35 ,, ,,
6 yds. x 36 ins.	1.80 ,, ,,	1 in. Wide—6. yds. long	2.05 ,, ,,

Municipal Notification No. 5422. Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/55. Sale of 100 tons Old Cast Iron.

Sing Chong Iron Works $0.488 per lb.

Police Force. Tender No. 647. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of May, 1941.

Z. S. Waung 4.78 per man per day including milk and bread.

TENDERS RECEIVED

Police Force. Tender No. 646. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police for the month of May, 1941.

No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1941. 1837

REPORT

OF THE

SPECIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE

(This report has been referred to the Education Board for comment before being taken under consideration by the Council.)

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE

To the CHAIRMAN, Shanghai, April 25, 1941.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Section 1: TERMS OF REFERENCE.—The Committee's terms of reference are as follows:—

(*a*) To examine the organisation of the Education Department and the Council's Schools in order to ascertain whether there is practicable any economy or increase in efficiency; and to investigate and report on the working of the grant-in-aid system.

(*b*) To consider and advise the Council whether any change should be made in the Council's educational policy, taking into account but not being in any way bound by the recommendation made in April 1937 by the Special Education Committee on policy in regard to foreign schools, that the Council's policy should be directed towards an extension of the grant-in-aid system and increase in the number of national schools, and the strict limitation of direct provision of education from Municipal funds.

In his inaugural address to the Committee, the Secretary and Commissioner General explained that there was a divergence of opinion among members of the Council as to general education policy, some members holding that the Council should cease to run Municipal Schools, and should act merely as a collecting agency, to distribute among the various national communities, for educational purposes, a portion of the rates which those national communities paid; other members, however, considered that such a change of policy would result neither in increased efficiency nor in economy.

The Secretary and Commissioner General referred briefly to the report of the Special Committee on educational policy in regard to foreign schools, which was appointed in 1937. The Council's decision regarding the policy recommended in that report had been withheld pending the report of a further Special Committee to be appointed to deal with policy as regards Chinese schools. Such a Committee, however, owing to the outbreak of hostilities in 1937, was never set up. The Council now wished to review the recommendations of the 1937 Committee in the light of present conditions, with regard to both Chinese and foreign education.

Finally, the Secretary and Commissioner General pointed out that the present Special Education Committee was being asked to consider the Council's educational organisation, with a view to the possibilities of improvement in efficiency and economy of administration, in line with the Municipal Economy Committee, which has been reviewing the organisation and administration of the other Municipal Departments.

Section 2: WORK OF THE COMMITTEE AND METHOD OF APPROACH.—The Committee held its first meeting on 1st November 1940, and continued to meet at frequent intervals until the end of April 1941. In all 15 meetings of the full Committee were held. It received much valuable information and data from the Superintendent of Education, the Secretariat and also from the Finance Department. Members of the Committee visited a number of schools, foreign and Chinese, Municipal and grant-aided, under the guidance of the Superintendent of Education.

After some initial deliberation, the Committee decided to deal first with the fundamental question of educational policy, holding the view that agreement on this major matter of principle was a desirable precondition to consideration of the questions of the efficiency of the present system of administration, and of economy.

Section 3: HISTORICAL BACKGROUND.—For a proper consideration of the Council's present policy towards education, a brief preliminary survey of its historical antecedents and development will be of interest.

The principal landmarks in this development are as follows:—

(*a*) The first assumption of direct control of education by the Council in 1892, when it undertook the management of, and financial responsibility for, the Public School for foreign children.

(*b*) The establishment of the first Municipal School for Chinese children in 1904.

(*c*) The report of the General Education Committee in 1911.

(*d*) The report of the General Education Commission in 1922.

(*e*) The report of the Board of Education in 1931 and the adoption of the programme of progressive expansion advocated therein.

(*f*) The revision and restriction of the 1931 programme in 1934, owing to financial stringency.

(*g*) The report of the Special Education Committee on Policy in regard to foreign schools in 1937.

From a study of the records of discussions, etc. preceding the inauguration of Municipal management of schools, and of the subsequent periodical reports, the principles underlying and informing the Council's policy may be summarised as follows:—

The great value and benefit to the Community of provision of proper educational facilities were throughout recognized and emphasized.

The relative advantages of Municipal schools, in respect of centralisation, continuity and permanency of management, as compared with private enterprises, were stressed. This factor appears to have been determinant in the Council's original decision in 1892 to undertake management of the Public School.

The manifest inequity of provision of Municipal Schools at the expense of the whole community, for the benefit of one section thereof to the complete or disproportionate exclusion of the rest, became progressively recognised. It was this factor that led to the establishment in 1904 of the first Municipal School for Chinese children: and in 1931, to the large expansion for progressive establishment of additional such schools.

On the other hand it does not appear ever to have been held that sole and general responsibility for provision of education facilities rested with the Council, the view predominating that the main financial responsibility thereof rested with parents of the children concerned, and the Council's original intention having been to provide the necessary initiative, organization and supervision, plus some moderate initial financial assistance and guarantee. When management of the Public School was taken over, it was estimated that only 25% of the annual cost would fall upon public funds: and when the first Municipal school for Chinese was established (towards the foundation of which Chinese philanthropists contributed Tls.30,000.00), it was anticipated that within a year or two this school would become nearly self-supporting.

These anticipations were not realised. By 1911 the Council had for some years been bearing 50% of the cost of the Public School, and by 1940, according to the Budget for that year, the proportion of the gross cost of the Council's educational organisation, which fell upon ratepayers, had increased to 83%, a percentage which probably will be higher still in 1941.

The limitations of the Council's responsibility for provision of education were stressed in the reports of both the 1911 Committee and the 1922 Commission, the former of which applauded the example set by certain national communities in founding schools of their own.

Of later years, with the cost of Municipal schools steadily increasing, some divergence of outlook became apparent between those who, regarding the undoubted efficiency and merits of the system of Municipal schools, advocated an expansionist education policy, and those who, in view of the hard facts of finance, considered that too heavy and unequal a burden would thereby be laid on the community as a whole. A telling argument in favour of the former was the existing inequity whereby certain nationalities received disproportionate benefit from the total funds appropriated for education: and in 1931 a determined attempt at rectification of this inequity was made, in the programme for the progressive establishment of a number of additional Municipal schools for Chinese children. This policy of expansion was rendered practicable at that time by the exceptionally favourable financial position of the Council, owing to the considerable funds then available, in addition to ordinary revenue, as a result of the sale of the Council's Electricity Department to the Shanghai Power Company. By 1934, however, financial considerations had already again supervened, necessitating a drastic curtailment of this programme, and the Council then decided to limit the total annual appropriation for education to a sum equivalent to the proceeds of a 2% General Municipal Rate plus correlative Land Tax, and to establish no additional Municipal Schools for the time being.

The 1937 Committee on Schools for foreign children again had to consider the financial aspect, and for reasons of economy, as well as in order to facilitate a more equitable distribution of educational funds, recommended as a general principle that the Council's policy should be to extend the grant-in-aid system, to encourage the establishment of national schools, and strictly to limit the direct provision of education at the expense of Municipal funds: this Committee further suggested a reduction in the number of existing Municipal schools by a transfer of two such schools to the management of national communities.

Section 4: RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING GENERAL POLICY.—Such being the historical background of the deliberations of the present Committee, it first set itself the task of seeking a definition of the respective functions of the Council and of the national communities, of which the International Settlement is composed, in relation to education.

This question was the subject of exhaustive discussion. The Committee was unanimous in holding the view that:—

1. Education is expedient and desirable from the standpoint of the well-being of the Community as a whole, a fact of which the Council, as representing the International community, cannot avoid taking cognisance.
2. The present Municipal schools are maintained at a high standard of efficiency, which is at least as good as any, and considerably better than many, of the schools maintained by the national communities or independent bodies, the standards of which vary considerably with different factors, such as the size, available finance, and degree of organisation of the national community concerned, and finally, the example provided by the Municipal schools constitutes a valuable model or yard-stick to the national communities as to the standard of education and accommodation desirable.

It was however considered that, regarded first of all from the abstract standpoint of political theory, education is primarily a function of the nation or state, i.e. of a sovereign self-governing homogeneous political entity. The International Settlement of Shanghai, although within very definite limits a self-governing community, derives its powers of self-government not from any inherent political rights, but from authority conferred upon it by international agreement between the different sovereign states concerned, and is itself neither a sovereign nor a homogeneous political entity. It therefore follows that responsibility for education of the children of the various nationalities composing this heterogeneous community should strictly lie primarily with the nationalities concerned.

Furthermore, from the practical standpoint, direct provision of universal Municipal education for the children of the whole community is, as a matter of hard fact, impracticable for reasons of finance on account of the numbers of children concerned, a difficulty which is accentuated by the varying languages, and differences in the cultural and political backgrounds of the national communities; this fact differentiates education from other Municipal services, such as Public Health, Public Works, Fire, etc., which are able to provide a single common facility for the benefit of ratepayers irrespective of nationality. It was moreover felt that, unless there is valid or specific reason for such partial provision, there was some inequity in the direct provision of Municipal education, at a fraction of the actual cost, for the children of some ratepayers (irrespective of means) at the common expense.

The conclusion following from the foregoing is that the Council's own function as regards education should be restricted to encouraging, assisting and coordinating the organisation thereof by the national communities, and to supplementing such facilities by provision of direct Municipal education only to the extent that it can be shown that, for some substantial reason, such as the smallness, poverty or lack of organisation of any such community, this was the only alternative to none at all: and finally to provision of certain specialised educational facilities, for example, for vocational or technical training such as it is in the interest of the general community should be available, but provision of which devolves specially upon no particular section or national group. A further point was made that spontaneous provision of Municipal facilities is inclined to discourage initiative on the part of the national communities in fulfilling their own proper function, stimulation of which was one of the original objects of the assistance provided by the Council in organising Municipal schools.

The following resolution was accordingly passed by the Committee:—

"That the function of education in the International Settlement is one which belongs primarily to the national groups and only secondarily and subsidiarily to the Council."

This resolution was passed by a majority vote.

During the discussions on general policy the Chinese members of the Committee submitted a memorandum which is attached hereto as Appendix I.

Section 5: GENERAL RECOMMENDATION AS TO APPLICATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE.—The recommendations by the 1937 Committee on Schools for foreign children included the following:—

"That the Council's policy should be directed towards the extension of the grant-in-aid system, an increase in the number of national schools, and strict limitation of direct provision of education from Municipal funds".

This recommendation, as being in harmony with the general resolution quoted in the foregoing section, it was agreed by this present Committee to adopt as applying to education generally, on the understanding that this does not imply any final or permanent limitation of educational funds to the amount at present appropriated.

Strict application of the policy recommended would logically call for a reduction in the present number of Municipal schools, by transfer to the appropriate national bodies of their management and financial responsibility (as was in fact suggested in the case of two schools for foreign children by the 1937 Committee), except where it could be shown that such national groups were too small, or lacking in organisation or means, to undertake the task. It was agreed that under present conditions no such transfer, however desirable in principle, was practicable, seeing that this could only become effective with the full

and willing co-operation of the national communities concerned, which, with the present local and general political situations as it is, could not be expected to be forthcoming.

Section 6: SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO CONSEQUENT IMMEDIATE CHANGES IN THE PRESENT SYSTEM.—It will be seen that the foregoing recommendations, though involving a material change from the standpoint of long-range policy, do not in themselves call immediately for any drastic changes in the frame-work of the present system, as to which the Committee reached the following conclusions:—

(a) That the principle adopted by the Council in 1934, of limitjng the total of funds to be appropriated for education to the equivalent of a 2% General Municipal Rate plus correlative Land Tax, was now obsolete, this limit being in fact already exceeded by the cost of maintaining existing Municipal schools, independently of any expenditure of grants-in-aid: therefore some alternative principle was required to determine the limits of such appropriation.

(b) That there was considerable inequity in the degree to which expenditure of Municipal funds on education benefitted the children of the different nationalities, such benefits being available on a scale disproportionate either to the respective numbers of children of school age, or to the contributions towards Municipal revenue, of the various national groups.

As regards the first question, the Committee, bearing in mind both the present pressing need for economy in all Municipal expenditure and also the great undesirability of any reduction in education work, resolved to recommend the explicit abandonment of the present (now theoretical) 2% limit, and the appropriation instead, for the time being, of sufficient funds to maintain the educational work now in hand, such appropriation to be budgetted for by the Education Department, on the same lines as by the other Municipal Departments, that is to say, for the minimum expenditure necessary to carry on essential work. While explicit enough as regards funds for maintenance of the Education Department and Municipal schools, such a definition requires further elaboration as regards appropriations to be made for grants-in-aid, as it is recognised what greatly increased costs apply also, though not necessarily to the same extent, to national as well as to Municipal schools. The Committee resolved to leave the Board of Education to decide from time to time the amount of increases in grants-in-aid that could justly be considered as "necessary to maintain existing standards", but to recommend that any such increase should apply equally to the total funds granted in aid of schools for Chinese, Japanese and other foreign children respectively, until such time as financial conditions permitted expenditure beyond the bare minimum as defined above.

As regards the second question, the Committee agreed to recommend recognition in principle of the equity of application of the total funds available for education for the benefit of the children of the various national groups, in proportion to the contribution of these groups towards Municipal revenue in the form of rates.

It was appreciated that owing to the facts that:—

1. The major part of educational funds is at present required for the upkeep of Municipal schools,
2. The Japanese Community, through their Residents' Corporation, having organised their own educational system, no Muncipal Schools have been established designed especially to cater for the education of Japanese children,

immediate and full application of the foregoing principle is impossible, as this would require either transfer of the management, or at least of the major financial responsibility for upkeep, of existing Municipal schools to national groups, to enable distribution of educational funds to be made entirely in the form of grants-in-aid according to the principle in question: or failing that, a prohibitive increase in the total amount appropriated for education, in order to provide those sections or national groups, which at present receive benefit in less than their defined proportion, with such proportionate benefit.

While then no immediate material rectification of the present inequity appears to be possible, until financial conditions permit the appropriation of funds in excess of the bare minimum necessary to maintain existing work, it was agreed to recommend that, as soon as conditions did so permit, such additional appropriation should be made, and that this should then be applied so as progressively to rectify the existing inequality of distribution, taking the net operating costs of Municipal schools as the basis, on the following principle:—

(a) That from the total sum appropriated for educational purposes, there should first be deducted the Education Department's expenses in respect of administration, pensions, and other retiring benefits.

(b) That the balance should be divided into three parts, in proportion to the amount of rates paid respectively by Chinese, Japanese and other foreign ratepayers.

(c) That from the first part should be deducted the expenses of Municipal schools for Chinese children, the balance being the amount available for grants-in-aid to other schools for Chinese children. That the second part should be the amount available for grants to Schools for Japanese children. That from the third part

should be deducted the expenses for Municipal schools for foreign children, the balance being the amount available for grants to other schools for foreign children.

The practical application of this principle is examined in greater detail in Appendix 2 of this report. *Note:* Certain members of the Committee were in favour of a recommendation that any appropriation of funds for education in excess of the bare minimum necessary to maintain the existing organisation, should be submitted to the approval of ratepayers in the form of a special resolution at the Annual General Meeting: but the majority of the Committee considered this qualification unnecessary, in view of the fact that any such appropriation would automatically have to appear in the Annual Budget, which itself was subject to such approval.

Clause 7: COMMENTS ON THE PRESENT SYSTEM, WITH REGARD TO EFFICIENCY AND ECONOMY.—The Committee holds the view that the Municipal schools and educational administration are maintained at a high standard of efficiency which reflects credit on all concerned.

The question was discussed by the Committee as to whether, on the forthcoming retirement of the present Superintendent of Education, a successor should be appointed, or whether the post should be allowed to lapse, leaving the Chinese Education Officer directly responsible to the Council for the running of all Municipal Schools for Chinese children, and for grants-in-aid to other Chinese schools: and a Foreign Education Officer similarly directly responsible for foreign Municipal and grant-aided schools. After discussion the Committee reached the conclusion that it was desirable to retain the present post of Superintendent of Education, in general charge of the whole of the Council's Education Department and system, and responsible therefor to the Council. It was considered that the division of organisation and responsibility, which would otherwise result, would impair the efficiency both of the internal administration and of the external control of the Council's educational system. It was however the view of the Committee that, in the interests of economy, the post of Foreign Education Assistant might be discontinued.

As regards the grant-in-aid system, the Committee held the following views:—

1. That the respective Sub-Committee controlling distribution of funds available for grants-in-aid should be authorised to dispose of these at their discretion in a more flexible manner than has hitherto been done, and that they should not necessarily consider themselves as bound, by the past allocation of grants to particular schools, to continue these on the same basis (subject to the schools merely qualifying for receipt of such grants, in respect of the requirements of the Public Health, Works and Fire Departments), or to be precluded from allocating a portion of the funds at their disposal to special projects contributory to the general welfare, such as the following:—

(a) To encourage and assist the establishment of additional primary schools by independent groups, philanthropic societies or individuals, in areas of the Settlement at present inadequately supplied with such Schools; the Council's Education Officers to take the initiative in ascertaining the locality of such districts, and in stimulating such enterprises.

(b) To provide special instruction in elementary hygiene in primary schools attended by poorer children, such work to be carried out in practical co-operation with the Public Health Department apart from and in addition to clinical inspections and services.

(c) To provide facilities for technical instruction and training for learners in skilled occupations, in co-operation with the Industrial and Social Division, in the form of financial assistance to recognised schools, trade or technical bodies, or other institutions, with pupils or apprentices requiring such training.

(d) To provide facilities for special vocational training (e.g. in secretarial, commercial or nursing courses etc.) in secondary schools which present acceptable programmes on these lines.

(e) To assist schools in making experiments for the improvement of teaching.

2. That as a matter of principle the Council should not make grants-in-aid to any school of any nationality operated for private profit.

3. That all schools in receipt of grants from the Council should be subject to the inspection, not only of representatives of the Public Health, Works and Fire Departments, to ensure that premises are suitable, but also of Education Officers of the Council's Education Department.

The Committee finds it hard to suggest any measure whereby radical or drastic economy can be achieved. It is appreciated that, owing to declining exchange and ever rising living costs, the expenses of maintaining Council schools must inevitably increase. The Committee notice that the cost of teaching staff and other personnel (inclusive of pensions) represented 82% of the education budget for 1940. Much of this expenditure is in respect of contractual commitments and cannot, therefore, be reduced; and no reduction could be achieved without a corresponding reduction either in the numbers, or in the pay, of the personnel concerned. The Committee is satisfied that such a reduction in numbers could only be achieved at the expense of efficiency, whereas the question of scales of pay is outside this Committee's terms

of reference; it is however considered in principle that any such reduction must also be eventually reflected in the standard of teachers available for employment, and consequently in the standard of teaching. Some saving would be achieved by eventual replacement of all foreign masters in Chinese schools, by Chinese masters, which the Committee understands is already the policy of the Council, and which they endorse.

The Committee is struck with the relatively small proportion of the total cost of the Council's educational system which is recovered in the form of fees. Excluding administration costs and general charges, the proportion of the direct costs of running Municipal schools, covered by fees, according to the 1940 Budget amounted to 27% in the case of foreign schools, and 34% in the case of Chinese schools. The Committee recalls the hope voiced at the inauguration of the present system, that Municipal schools might, in time, become self supporting, and while realising that this hope, which was influenced perhaps by a generous initial grant from one of the national groups towards the initial expenses of foundation of one of the first Municipal schools, has been rendered impracticable, as far as fees are concerned, by the very greatly increased costs of maintenance under present conditions, the Committee recommends that the principle should not be lost sight of, that the original intention of the Council in maintaining Municipal schools was "to assist those parents who are unable to afford large sums for the education of their children", and not to provide at the expense of the community education at cheap rates, irrespective of the means of parents, and of the cost of such provision.

It is accordingly recommended that as much as possible of the direct costs of running Municipal schools should be recovered in the form of fees, consistent with not inflicting hardship on parents or forcing them to remove their children: and that the total amount recovered in the form of fees should not necessarily be limited to one-third of such costs, which the Committee understands is the general principle at present followed.

The Committee has given consideration to a proposal that, in the interests of international equity, the deficit in direct operating costs in Municipal schools should be made a charge upon the national communities concerned instead of upon the Community as a whole, but found itself unable to devise any practical method of carrying this out.

Section 8: SUMMARY OF SECTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—For convenience of reference, there is tabulated below a summary of the Committee's conclusions and recommendations:—

1. The function of education belongs primarily to the national bodies, and only secondarily and subsidiary to the Council.
2. The Council's policy should be directed towards extension of the grant-in-aid system, an increase in the number of national schools, and strict limitation of direct provision of education, from Municipal funds.
3. The present (now theoretical) limitation of educational funds to the equivalent of a 2% General Municipal Rate and the correlative proportion of Land Tax, should be explicitly abandoned, and for the time being substituted by the appropriation of sufficient funds to maintain the educational work now in hand.
4. Educational funds should be applied for the benefit of (a) Chinese, (b) Japanese and (c) other foreign children in proportion to the contributions of these three groups towards Municipal revenue in the form of rates.
5. As soon as financial conditions permit, additional funds should be appropriated for education, over and above the minimum stipulated in paragraph 3, and such additional funds should be used to facilitate application of the principle contained in paragraph 4.
6. However desirable as being logically consistent with the principles contained in paragraphs 1, 2 and 4, transfer of the management or financial responsibility of any of the existing Municipal schools to national groups is under present conditions impracticable.
7. Grants-in-aid should be made applicable at the discretion of the appropriate Sub-Committees on a new and more flexible principle, towards inauguration and support of special educational projects of value to the interests of the Settlement as a whole, as well as in assistance of existing schools.
8. Grants-in-aid should not be made to Schools conducted as profit-making enterprises.
9. All schools in receipt of grants should be subject to educational inspection.
10. As much as possible of the direct costs of operating Municipal schools, as is consistent without infliction of hardship, should be recovered in the form of fees.
11. The office of Superintendent of Education should be continued after the retirement of the present Superintendent.

(*Signed*) VICTOR HANSON (*Chairman*)
(*Signed*) K. BARTELT
(*Signed*) G. COSTANTINI
(*Signed*) A.V.T. DEAN
(*Signed*) MARJORY GILES
(*Signed*) T. L. SHEN
(*Signed*) R. TOYOKAWA
(*Signed*) SIDNEY K. WEI
(*Signed*) L. T. YUAN

APPENDIX I.

MEMORANDUM BY THE CHINESE MEMBERS ON THE COUNCIL'S POLICY WITH REGARD TO EDUCATION OF CHINESE CHILDREN.

(Presented at a meeting on January 31, 1941.)

I. The Council has the moral obligation to provide educational facilities for the children of ratepayers regardless of nationality. Moreover from the standpoint of the well-being of the community as a whole, it is highly desirable for the Council to provide such facilities as far as possible.

II. The present educational policy has a dual aspect: (1) establishment and provision of municipal schools and (2) giving assistance to private schools in the form of grants-in-aid. It is our opinion that as far as Chinese education is concerned this policy should be adhered to in the future. The Council's schools should aim to set an example of efficient administration and improved methods of teaching for all the private schools in the Settlement while the grants-in-aid system should aim at the raising of the standard of private schools by way of financial subsidies.

III. We feel that the expenditures for education should be more equitably apportioned between Chinese and foreign schools. Two factors should be borne in mind in any fair distribution of funds between Chinese education and foreign education: amount of rates and taxes paid by the Chinese and foreign communities and the number of children to be educated.

IV. The enrolment of the municipal schools for Chinese children (including the night schools) for the Autumn term of 1940 was 8,479. According to the 1935 census, the number of Chinese children of school age (i.e. between 5 and 15) in the International Settlement (excluding the outside roads) was 149,542. Calculating on the basis of this figure, only 5.7% of Chinese children of school age in the International Settlement is cared for by the Council's schools.

According to the same census, there were 5,405 foreign children between the same age limits in the International Settlement and Outside Roads Area. The enrolment of the municipal schools for foreign children for the Autumn term 1940 is 1,287 representing over 35% of the total number of foreign children between 5 and 15.

It is evident therefore that the Council is *NOT* shouldering the primary responsibility for the education of Chinese children in the International Settlement and that the then existing inequity whereby the provision for foreign children exceeded that for Chinese children when the Education Board framed its policy and the so-called 8-year program in 1931 is still with us to-day.

We are of the opinion that this inequity should be removed by allocating more funds for Chinese education and by opening more schools for Chinese children to the extent that at least 10% of Chinese children of school age be accommodated in the Council's schools.

V. In 1934, the Council adopted the general principle that the total sum set aside to meet the full costs of education should not exceed the equivalent of a two percent General Municipal Rate and the correlative land tax thereon. This principle has been adhered to since.

We wish to point out that when this general principle was adopted by the Council in 1935, the municipal rate was only 14%. As the municipal rate increases we are of the opinion that the two per cent. limitation should be raised accordingly at least to the extent that the former one to seven ratio be maintained.

APPENDIX 2.

Proposed Scheme for allocation of Supplementary Educational Funds.

In order to provide a suitable formula for the equitable distribution among the national Communities of such funds as may be appropriated from time to time for educational purposes, over and above the minimum necessary to maintain the present educational system at existing standards, the following is proposed:—

(*a*) That from the total sum appropriated for educational purposes, there should first be deducted the Education Department's expenses in respect of administration, pensions, and other retiring benefits.

(*b*) That the balance should be divided into three parts, in proportion to the amount of rates paid respectively by Chinese, Japanese and other foreign ratepayers.

(*c*) That from the first part should be deducted the expenses of Municipal Schools for Chinese children, the balance being the amount available for grants-in-aid to other schools for Chinese children. That the second part should be the amount available for grants to Schools for Japanese children. That from the third part should be deducted the expenses for Municipal schools for foreign children, the balance being the amount available for grants to other schools for foreign children.

The percentage shares actually applied to the benefit of the above 3 main groups, in the allocation of the 1940 Budget, were, however, as follows:—

Total Budget		$3,262,970.00		
Less Administration	$107,400.00			
Pensions (Foreign Schools)	399,530.00			
Pensions (Chinese Schools)	164,310.00	671,240.00		
		$2,591,730.00		
Allocated as follows:—				
A. Cost of Mun. Schools for foreign children	$1,342,830.00			
Less Pensions	399,530.00			
	943,300.00			
Plus Grants in Aid	60,000.00	$1,003,300.00	or	38.8%
B. Grants-in-Aid to Schools for Japanese children		250,000.00	or	9.6%
C. Cost of Mun. Schools for Chinese children	$1,187,740.00			
Less Pensions	164,310.00			
	$1,023,430.00			
Plus Grants in Aid	315,000.00	$1,338,430.00	or	51.6%
		$2,591,730.00		

Although the exact percentages of rates paid by the above 3 main groups are not immediately available, it is understood that the Chinese and Japanese contributions exceed 51.6% and 9.6% respectively, whereas other foreign contributions are less than 38.8%.

Let it be assumed, for purposes of illustration, that the proportions of these contributions by the above 3 groups were (A) 30%, (B) 15% and (C) 55%. In order then to rectify the above inequality of distribution, it would be necessary either to reduce the share of (A) or to increase the shares of (B) and (C).

Reduction of (A) to 30% of $2,591,730.00 produces a sum of $777,519.00, which is less than the cost of Municipal Schools for foreign children, irrespective of the fact that nothing would be available for grants in aid.

To secure rectification by increases of (B) and (C), it would be necessary to increase the total appropriation of $2,591,730.00 to the sum of which (A)'s present share represents 30%, viz. $3,344,333.00, which would then be allocated as follows:—

A. 30%=$1,003,300.00—as at present.
B. 15%= 501,650.00—an increase of $251,650.00.
C. 55%= 1,839,383,00—an increase of $509,953.00.

The above illustration is given "pro forma" and in practice it is inevitable that the total increase required (allowing for the considerable increase in the cost of Municipal Schools in the 1941 Budget) would be considerably greater.

Some transition stage towards complete rectification is accordingly desirable, and it is suggested that this should be along the following lines:—

1. Any additional funds, available for increased grants-in-aid, out of such total appropriation as may be approved, should be applied only for the benefit of such groups the percentage of whose present allocation (according to the system described above) is exceeded by the percentage of their contributions in the form of rates, until such time as this discrepancy has been rectified.
2. In the event of two groups qualifying for a share of such additional funds as may be available for grants, these funds should be divided between them in such a manner as to produce relatively equal treatment in each case: that is to say, if one group is receiving 50% of the amount theoretically due, and one group 80%, the first group's share shall first be brought up to 80%, and any funds available thereafter be applied proportionately so that both groups will receive an increasing and equal percentage of the amounts theoretically due.

Example	Theoretically Due	Actually Received		
Group A	$200,000.00	$100,000.00	or	50%
Group B	$500,000.00	$400,000.00	or	80%

Group A require a further $60,000.00 to bring their receipts up to 80% of their theoretically due figures. The first $60,000.00 available therefore goes to them. Thereafter, any additional funds are divided in the ratio of 40,000: 100,000: i.e. 2: 5.

It should be noted that the foregoing makes no provision for any proportionate subdivision of Share A between the constituent foreign communities (British, German, Russian, American, etc.) but it is confidently expected that this relatively minor problem should present no insuperable difficulty and should be soluble by arrangement between the groups concerned, provided that the proposed solution to the main problem of equitable distribution is accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1941. 1838

REPORT

OF THE

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RESTRICTION OF SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RESTRICTION OF SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY.

I. This Committee was appointed by the Shanghai Municipal Council on March 11, 1941, to make a comprehensive and detailed study, in cooperation with the Shanghai Power Company, of the whole problem of the allocation of electrical energy with a view to determining a reasonable and equitable basis and plan to meet the present fuel shortage.

II. The Shanghai Municipal Council had on March 7, 1941, authorized the Shanghai Power Company to issue a notice to their consumers as follows:

"SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY

In view of the shortage of fuel and the difficulty of obtaining a sufficient supply, the Shanghai Municipal Council has appointed independent experts of different nationalities to make a comprehensive and detailed study of the problem of allocating reduced supplies of electrical energy on a reasonable and equitable basis to meet the needs of the community during the present emergency.

Pending the completion of such study, the Council has authorized the following plan, which will be effective forthwith:

1. All consumers whose established usage of electricity for any monthly billing period between January, 1940, and January, 1941, both months inclusive, has exceeded 1,000 kilowatt hours shall as from the next date upon which the Company reads their meters be entitled to use at current rates only 70% of such established usage (with a minimum allotment of 1,000 kilowatt hours) per month. Such consumers will be notified of their established usage in due course.
2. All electrical energy used in excess of the before-mentioned allotment shall be charged for at three times the current rates.
3. Any consumer whose established usage is 1,000 kilowatt hours or less per month who shall exceed 1,000 kilowatt hours in any month will be charged for the excess above 1,000 kilowatt hours at a rate which shall be three times as great as that charged for the first 1,000 kilowatt hours.

The sole purpose of the increased charge referred to in the foregoing paragraphs 2 and 3 is to restrict the use of electricity and thus conserve fuel. The Company will not profit from it. All revenues therefrom in excess of current rates will therefore be credited to a Fuel Conservation Reserve, which will be utilized as may be agreed upon between the Council and the Company in the best interests of the Company's consumers.

All consumers, large and small, are urged to exercise the greatest possible economy in the use of electric current during the present fuel emergency, since unless relief is speedily forthcoming it will be necessary to decrease the beforementioned allotment and/or to increase the charge for excess consumptions."

III. The Committee, having duly considered the scope of its inquiry, herewith presents its report.

IV. The Committee early in its preliminary investigations came to the conclusion that certain definite principles would have to be adopted to guide the Committee in coming to its decisions, these being:

(a) That, although discrimination would be necessary as to the percentage amount of power allocated to different classes of consumers, no one class of consumer and no particular consumer should be entirely deprived of electricity supply.

(b) That, as recommended by the Shanghai Power Company and in the authority given by the Shanghai Municipal Council to the Shanghai Power Company on March 7, 1941, as quoted above, the allocation should be based on established monthly usage, by which term is meant the highest monthly consumption by any user from January 1940 to January 1941, both months inclusive, rather than on any average monthly usage. The reason that has actuated the Committee in arriving at this view was the realization that, as distinct from the sale of commodities, the established usage of electrical energy taken by a consumer was not an abnormal figure, but might be defined as the normal full load of the installed plant.

Further, it was found, on investigation, that while certain large consumers maintained a fairly high average, the majority of consumers were fairly erratic in operation as from month to month. The same argument also applied to many smaller consumers who, during the past twelve months or so, had experienced very uneven operation due to strikes, temporary difficulties in obtaining raw material, and export troubles. Thus, the taking of an average consumption over the year

1940 would have favoured certain large steadily operating consumers but would have entailed real hardship on many others who, due to various causes, could not maintain a continuous high level of operation.

(c) That, in the first place, the determination of the allocation would have to be based on a total monthly fuel availability of 25,000 tons, this being the amount that the Shanghai Power Company could be expected to receive from the Kailan Mining Administration. This allocation once determined, allocation on the basis of a monthly fuel supply higher than 25,000 tons could be calculated fairly easily.

The fuel consumption for the month of December 1940 was given by the Shanghai Power Company as 51,000 tons, so that on a basis of 25,000 tons fuel consumption, the allocation would only be roughly one-half the normal. This fuel consumption of 25,000 tons was equivalent to about 31,000,000 kilowatt hours of electrical energy sold.

V. With these three principles (a), (b) and (c) in mind the first task the Committee undertook was to attempt to decide which consumers were entitled to be given preference in the amount of electric energy allocated. With this object in view, the Committee studied the classification of consumers in order of priority given in a letter written by the Shanghai Power Company to the Shanghai Municipal Council on March 3, 1941, namely:

1. Law and Order
2. Health and Food
3. Maximum Labour
4. Buildings—Housing
5. Manufacture for Export
6. Luxury
7. Amusement and Entertainment

During the progress of the Committee's investigation, this classification was somewhat modified. Since the title Law and Order did not include in its definition certain services vital to the community, this was changed to Law and Order and Essential Services. It was felt that transportation and those utilities which, while considered necessary, were not so vital as those above, should form a separate group, taking priority after Health and Food, and named Transportation and Public Utilities. It was found impossible to divorce Maximum Labour from Manufacture for Export or, indeed, to separate out any particular grouping of industrial users, therefore a new group, entitled Industrial, was decided upon to take priority after Building and Housing.

While it was realized that Advertising Signs and Flood Lights made use of only a very small percentage of the total power, it was considered that their reduction would have a psychological effect, quite out of proportion to their consumption of electrical energy, and it was found advisable to place them in a group by themselves between Luxuries and Amusement and Entertainment.

The classification, (see Exhibit "A") in order of priority, finally adopted by the Committee, therefore was:

1. Law and Order and Essential Services
2. Health and Food
3. Transportation and Public Utilities
4. Building and Housing (Excluding Air Conditioning)
5. Industrial
6. Luxuries (Including Air Conditioning)
7. Advertising Signs and Flood Lights
8. Amusement and Entertainment (Excluding Air Conditioning)

A word of explanation is due for the reason why Groups 4 (Building and Housing) and 8 (Amusement and Entertainment) are qualified by the exclusion of air conditioning. It was pointed out to the Committee by the Shanghai Power Company's representative that, in the case of air conditioning, this was only in use from June to September, inclusive, when, however, it was responsible for a maximum usage of 700,000 kilowatt hours per month, which bears a substantial percentage to the total power available. Taking this into account, it was agreed that air conditioning should be included under "Luxuries" as, although its considerable reduction might cause a certain amount of discomfort to a section of the public, it employed comparatively little labour.

Attention must be drawn to the fact that consumers using under 1,000 kilowatt hours, while being urged to use every economy, have not been included in the classification, although many of them fall under the various headings, since only consumers using over 1,000 kilowatt hours per month would be subject to enforced curtailment.

VI. The Shanghai Power Company provided the Committee with a table (Exhibit "B") showing the number of premises, the established usage, percentage of established usage to total power, the average usage per month during 1940, and the percentage the average bears to the total for each of the eight groups and for a ninth group—consumers under 1,000 kilowatt hours per month. It was assumed from the beginning that no cut should be made from Group 1 (Law and Order and Essential Services), nor in the meantime, from Group 9—Consumers under 1,000 kilowatt hours per month. If reference is made to the table, the total average kilowatt hours per month in 1940 was 62,440,223, corresponding to about 51,000 tons of fuel. Reduction of fuel to 25,000 tons therefore corresponds to say 31,000,000 kilowatt hours. This meant that a reduction had to be made on Groups 2 to 8, inclusive, to bring their total average kilowatt hours per month from 57,928,223 minus 1,906,064 (the average kilowatt hours per month for Group 1), that is, in round figures, from 56,000,000 to 24,500,000 which is 31,000,000 less the sum of 1,906,064 and 4,512,000, i.e. less the sum of Group 1 and Group 9. The established usage figure to which a reduction had to be applied to bring it to 24,500,000 was 85,884,530 less the sum of Group 1 and Group 9, namely, less the sum of 2,499,428 and 7,520,000, in round figures—75,800,000. The total percentage reduction required, therefore, based on established usage for the total of Groups 2 to 8, inclusive, was $100 - \frac{24,500,000}{75,800,000} \times 100$, equalling about 68%. A glance at the table revealed that Group 5 (Industrial) accounted for just over 70% of the total power used. It was therefore inevitable that this group would have to bear the brunt of the reduction. An arbitrary percentage reduction from established usage was chosen for this group of 70% and the remaining groups reduced arbitrarily according to their priority in the classification list, that is, the earlier groups suffered a lesser reduction than 70% and the later groups a larger reduction than 70%, and a process of trial and error was undertaken until such percentage reduction had been made in each group that the established usage of the whole would be reduced from 85,884,000 to approximately 31,000,000. Actually the figure which was eventually agreed upon to reduce to was 31,450,000. (Exhibit "C").

VII. The following gives a more detailed description of each group with the percentage reduction it is recommended should be applied to its established usage to bring the total used to correspond to 31,450,000 kilowatt hours or approximately 25,000 tons of fuel per month. It must be made clear that the large reductions involved are on the established monthly usage and while, for example, a reduction of 70% on established monthly usage in the Industrial Group has been found necessary the average monthly consumption of this group shows a reduction on the established usage of 25%, so that the actual average reduction of power will only be about 60%. This reduction given by the ratio of the average monthly consumption to the established monthly usage will be referred to in this report as the "normal reduction".

Group No. 1—Law and Order and Essential Services:

This group comprises consumers performing necessary public service such as hospitals, street lighting, defence forces, communications, police, fire brigade, sewage, and waterworks. It is not recommended that any specific reductions be made in this group as it would not seem advisable to injure any of these essential public services. This would not prevent economies being voluntarily practised by these users, and they should definitely be requested to do so.

It may be noted that comparing the established usage for this group, namely, 2,499,428 kilowatt hours per month, with the average monthly usage over 1940, namely, 1,906,064, there is a normal reduction of 24%.

Group No. 2—Health and Food:

This group includes all consumers dealing in food production, food storage, medicine manufacture, etc. It also includes gas and coal briquettes, the latter having taken the place of firewood for cooking purposes by a large class of the community and therefore coming practically within the classification of food. A reduction of 40% was adjudged for this group, but it was found that the normal reduction was actually greater than this, namely, about 45%, so that the actual average figure was taken for the allotment.

Group No. 3—Transportation and Public Utilities:

It was considered that a reduction of 30% could be imposed on these services without hardship, particularly as the decline in industry would entail less transportation of workers and bearing in mind that the normal reduction was about 13%.

Group No. 4—Buildings and Housing:

This group covers a wide range, chiefly composed of large residences, offices, apartment buildings, hotels, etc., and it was considered that a 50% reduction from established usage was equitable, seeing that the normal reduction was about 25%. Certain schools and colleges would be included in this group, but it was thought that in the summer a 50% reduction from the maximum would not be injurious. Favourable considera-

tion should, however, be given to those buildings making use of power to draw their water supply from artesian wells.

Group No. 5—Industrial:

This is by far the largest group, taking 73% of the total power and 83% of the power over which it is considered reduction can be made, that is, over the total less Groups 1 and 9. Within it is included all textile mills, metal manufacturers of all kinds, paper, chemical and rubber manufacturers, and all other processes requiring electrical supply for their products.

The Committee attempted to divide this group into two or three smaller ones based, firstly, on the amount of labour employed with due regard to the kilowatt hours per month used per worker in different classes of factories, secondly, on the proportion of products manufactured for export to those manufactured for local consumption and, thirdly, on assistance that might be rendered to the smaller consumer, with a view to making some distinction between those industries where mechanisation had advanced so much as to reduce the number of employees per kilowatt hours per month against those where manual labour was still the predominant factor, between those industries which were supplying the needs of the local community as against those catering for places abroad, and between the larger consumer with more extensive resources at disposal than the smaller as against the latter. It was found, however, that to bring the fuel consumption down to 25,000 tons there remained no other course but to make a drastic reduction in the whole of this group, notwithstanding a desire to give every consideration to industry. All attempts to segregate various classes of industry proved fruitless, although prolonged investigation was devoted to this question.

In passing, it was noted that cotton mills alone are responsible for nearly 80% of the power consumption within this group, and almost 65% of the whole supply to which reduction can be applied, that is, of the whole less Groups 1 and 9.

To sum up, to obtain the necessary reduction to 25,000 tons of fuel the Committee has been forced to reduce this group by 70% of established usage. The normal reduction is about 25%.

Group No. 6—Luxuries:

In this group are collected manufactured products which, in emergency, could practically be dispensed with together with such concerns as beauty parlours and barber shops, and a reduction of 75% was considered possible, the normal reduction being about 45%.

Group No. 7—Advertising Signs and Floodlights:

Although only three large separately metered advertising signs are included in this classification, this group really covers a large number, supply for which is taken from consumers' other supplies.

It has been suggested that, while Neon signs in particular consume very little power, and the power devoted to other forms of advertising illumination bears only a small percentage to the total supply, yet the psychological effect of cutting out advertising lights entirely, as has already been stated, would prove of very great value, especially when it is considered that other industries may be feeling actual loss through reduction. At the same time the Committee has felt that, acting on the principle enumerated at the head of this report not to deprive any consumer of total supply, some supply should be allowed and therefore a reduction of 75% is proposed. It is obvious that, in this particular group, curtailment of supply can be effected only by limiting the display of illumination signs to a certain short period during the hours of darkness, and it appears that the best way of achieving this would be by the exercise of the Council's authority.

Group No. 8—Amusement and Entertainment:

Much the same arguments that hold good for the previous Group No. 7 are applicable here as well: cinemas, theatres, ballrooms, etc. to limit their hours of opening to a short period every day, and therefore, here again a reduction of 75% would be imposed. The normal reduction is just over 40%. It will be noted that broadcasting has been included in this group as the greater part of this is in the nature of entertainment.

VIII. From Exhibit "C" it will be seen that the reductions detailed in the foregoing will bring the total consumption to 31,452,000 kilowatt hours which is reckoned to correspond practically to a fuel consumption of 25,000 tons. This figure for fuel consumption of 25,000 tons is, as has already been stated, the minimum figure which the Shanghai Power Company is envisaging.

IX. It is, of course, hoped that this low figure will never have to be realised and the Committee has therefore studied the allocations that might be made for fuel supplies of over 25,000 tons of fuel, and has prepared a table (Exhibit "E") of allocations in the form of percentage reductions for fuel supplies of 30,000, 35,000, 40,000 and 45,000 tons per month. In compiling this table the guiding principle kept in view was to attempt to confer as much

benefit as possible on Industry and thus on Labour. It will be noted that no alleviation is given to Groups 6, 7 and 8 until the fuel supplies reach 40,000 tons per month where in any case the reduction is not so severe.

X. It will be realized that the sudden adoption of curtailment and the order prohibiting new connections and power increases give rise to a number of problems to various consumers. The Committee has had these problems brought to its notice in considerable detail by the Shanghai Power Company and has been able to effect a certain amount of grouping among the different consumers affected, resulting in certain decisions, as follows:

(a) **Recently connected consumers not yet up to full load.**

The principal consumers under this heading range from those with no established usage to those who have reached approximately 80% of the estimated full load. The fairest decision seems to be that, for the purpose of calculating allotment, the established usage be taken as 80% of estimated usage of each particular consumer when on full normal operating load. This ruling can also be held to cover cognate cases, such as factories fully equipped but not having been in operation since before 1940, but desiring to recommence.

(b) **Major prospective loads with buildings under advanced construction or completion.**

This group comprises a few very large mills and a new cinema for which negotiations for electric supply have been proceeding for periods up to two years, although no application has actually been signed, and where in some cases a large capital expenditure has been incurred.

The Committee felt that while every sympathy must be conceded to such prospective consumers the extension of electric supply to them could not possibly be reconciled with the drastic reductions contemplated to existing industries. In the circumstances, therefore, it must be appreciated that connection to these consumers should be withheld until such time as definite deliveries of fuel are assured.

(c) **Existing consumers having extension schemes in hand.**

Some large consumers and several smaller consumers have extensions of existing plant in hand.

The same argument as under the previous grouping (b) appears to hold good in this case also, and therefore no further extension should be supplied until the situation approaches normal.

(d) **Silk factories applying for reconnection.**

A number of silk factories which had been operating for a number of years, recently disconnected at their own request and are now applying for reconnection. While it is not clear whether these consumers require reconnection for the re-starting of their own businesses or for other reasons, it seems that these cases also are best dealt with in the same way as (b) and (c), and should not obtain reconnection until the fuel situation definitely improves.

(e) **Transfer to other premises.**

In some cases a transfer of a business has been made from one location to another due to expiry of lease or other valid reason, and other cases of this nature may arise. There seems to be no objection to the power load being transferred with the business, provided the management remains as before as well as the machinery and equipment, and that the Shanghai Power Company takes steps to ensure that the transfers are rigidly controlled.

It is considered that consumers moving into commercial or residential premises should be allowed the usage previously allocated to the premises in question. When there is a reduction or increase in the amount of electrical plant installed and required for use, for example, in the event of a consumer transferring an electric cooker to a residence where an electric cooker was not previously installed, the allotment of electrical energy shall be proportionately adjusted to provide service for such or conversely in the event that the cooker be removed.

(f) **Manufactures using special processes.**

Certain manufacturers, for example, those concerned with leaf tobacco, glass and some chemical products, have asked permission to use a few months' allotment over a short period as their processes require that continuous full load be available during this time.

This was very carefully considered and special investigation made of individual cases, and it was decided that these consumers should be allowed to utilize their full allotment up to six months in a shorter period, thereafter to cease operation until the allotment used had been made up.

(g) **Sub-distribution.**

Certain large apartment houses and office buildings either take bulk supply or total supply for the whole building from one point and distribute it themselves to their own tenants, reading the meters and rendering bills. The curtailment of supply gives rise to certain billing problems which, the Committee is informed, the Shanghai Power Company has already endeavoured to meet by requesting particulars of cases that might require adjustment.

(h) **Usage of allotment of two or more works owned by one company.**

Requests were considered from certain consumers, owning two or more works, as to whether or not it would be allowed, in the interests of efficiency and economy, to use the allotment of two or more works in one works, for example, a company owning two works, with an allotment of 50%, might find it more efficient to run one mill at 100% rather than two at 50%. The Committee has no objection to this arrangement providing the works concerned were recorded in Shanghai Power Company records as operating under the same ownership prior to February 1941, and that the works continued under the same ownership.

XI. **Enforcement:** In view of the fact that, when fuel is limited, excess usage by any one consumer necessarily means a subtraction from others, the Committee feels strongly that this practice is against the interests of public welfare and is, moreover, a direct contravention of a contemplated Municipal Regulation governing the use of electricity during the present emergency.

The Committee has, accordingly, studied how the measures for the curtailment of power can best be enforced and found that, broadly speaking, this can be effected in three ways: by restrictive rates, by disconnection of power from offending consumers, or by a combination of these two. There are many objections in principle to the imposition of restrictive rates. The ratio of electricity costs to total operating costs varies widely in different manufactures, so that where one consumer could easily afford to pay two, three or even more times the average all-in charge per unit of electricity, in other cases even a moderate increase might be prohibitive. On the other hand disconnection, while eminently effective in theory, would in practice be beset with many difficulties too obvious to require stressing.

It is manifest that it is the Shanghai Power Company's duty towards the community to keep the wheels of industry turning as much as possible, and therefore if means can be found to keep the allotment of power on the higher levels these should be adopted. The only way this can be effected is, of course, by increasing the fuel supply. This might be augmented were the Shanghai Power Company able to purchase fuel at an inordinate price. If, therefore, the imposition of restrictive charges for excess usage could be bound up in some manner with the purchase of fuel at a higher price than is ordinarily considered economically sound, industry as a whole might benefit although the consumer utilizing power above his allotment would be penalised.

An imposition on a consumer using over 1,000 kilowatt hours per month, guilty of excess usage, of a restrictive charge of six times the average all-in charge for excess usage over his allotment in any month, the allotment of course to depend on the available supply of fuel according to the allocation shown in Exhibit "E", would allow funds to be accumulated in the Fuel Conservation Reserve to purchase high priced fuel.

This restrictive charge might be the subject of review from month to month by an independent body, which could be the same authority to which reference is made later in this report on the question of appeals.

If, however, in spite of all efforts to obtain and conserve fuel, the fuel supply in stock should drop to a figure roughly equal to two months' normal consumption, then there is no course left open to the Shanghai Power Company but to disconnect those consumers who exceed their allotment, with all the consequences this might entail.

The Committee considers that, in such an event, the Shanghai Municipal Council should take whatever steps necessary to assist the Shanghai Power Company in carrying out the actual disconnection.

It may be recollected that in the authorization given by the Shanghai Municipal Council to the Shanghai Power Company on March 7, 1941, it is stated that all revenues derived from restrictive charges would be credited to a Fuel Conservation Reserve, which would be utilized as might be agreed upon between the Council and the Company in the best interests of the consumers, and that therefore the imposition of a restrictive charge of six times the current rate would eventually redound to the benefit of users and the Shanghai Community as a whole.

Enforcement, as already stated, in the class of consumers under Groups 7 and 8, Advertising Signs and Flood Lights and Amusement and Entertainment, could be carried out by limiting the periods daily during which signs are shown or entertainments held.

XII. It will be observed that a comparatively large class of consumers, namely, those in Group 9 (Consumers under 1,000 kilowatt hours per month), have not been included in any of the allocations. This class uses a little over 7% of the total power and it is difficult to see in what way reduction can be effected, unless voluntarily, except by cutting off all supply during certain hours, which would entail actual hardship in many cases, if only mere inconvenience in others. In the first place it seems that for this Group an appeal for the strictest economy in usage should be made and possibly repeated at intervals.

XIII. The preceding paragraphs cover broadly the problems of the allocation of energy set before the Committee. The grouping and segregations may not appear, at first sight, to be as detailed as the matter warrants, but, as has already been stated, all attempts at further division of allocation have been found impracticable, chiefly because works in any particular section of industry differ so widely in their characteristics as power consumers one from the other. For this reason the Committee is of the opinion that a door must be left open for giving special consideration to many individual consumers who might be entitled to it but whose cases could not be handled on a wide general basis such as has been propounded in this report.

Some machinery, therefore, should be devised so that such individual users should be able to place their cases before an independent authority, sitting at regular intervals, whose decisions could be implemented by the Shanghai Municipal Council. At the same time precautions must be taken so that this privilege be not abused, one method being that all such appeals should be made to the Shanghai Power Company in the first place.

XIV. In conclusion the Committee wishes to place on record its thanks for and appreciation of the help and assistance given by the Shanghai Power Company and its staff to the labours of the Committee, without which it would have been quite impossible to have reached any satisfactory conclusion, and the Committee is particularly grateful to Messrs. J. A. McKinney and S. E. Clark, who spared neither time nor trouble to gather and collect information, and to Mrs. G. B. Whyte, who acted so efficiently as Secretary.

(*Signed*) N. MAAS (*Chairman*)
(*Signed*) R. TOYOKAWA
(*Signed*) CHEN-NAN LI

April 8, 1941.

EXHIBIT "A"

CLASSIFICATION OF CONSUMERS

1. Law and Order and Essential Services.

24% Normal Reduction to Average

Hospitals & Clinics
Street Lighting
Defence Force Offices
Telegraph Service
Postal Service
Govt., Police & Fire Brigade
Sewage
Telephone
Waterworks

2. Health and Food.

45% Normal Reduction to Average

Meat Markets
Bakeries
Milling
Cold Storage
Oil
Gas and Coal Briquettes
Medicine
Dairies
Other Foods
Ice

3. Transportation and Public Utilities.

30% Tramways
30% Buses

4 Buildings and Housing.

50%

Funeral Parlours
Temples/Churches
Schools
Hotels and Restaurants
Stores
Offices
Refugee Camps
Godowns
Clubs/Staff Quarters
Bath Houses
Building Contractors
Large Residences and Boarding Houses
*Water pumping Installations

*Well water pumps to be given special consideration.

5. Industrial.

70%

Cotton Mills
Metals
Misc. Textiles
Printing
Wool
Eggs
Rubber
Paper
Lumber
Lamps
Food (Manufacture)
Thermos Flasks
Drinks (Not including beer)
Bakelite
Chemicals—Inc. Acids & Dyes
Glass
Stone Pulverizing
Soap/Candles
Industrial Gases
Packing
Hats
Paints
Leather
Tea Polishing
Clothing
Laundries

6. Luxuries.

75%

Breweries
Tobacco
Confectionery
Silk
Cosmetics
Air Conditioning
Radio/Musical Instruments
Photographers
Barber & Beauty Parlours

7. Advertising Signs and Floodlights.

75%

8. Amusement and Entertainment.

75%

Cinemas
Ballrooms
Theatres
Night Clubs
Entertainment Houses
Broadcasting Stations

Note:—Percentage reduction figures on this sheet are based on availability of 25,000 tons of fuel per month.

EXHIBIT "B"

ANALYSIS OF ENERGY USAGE BY CLASSES

	No. of Premises	Established Usage Jan. 1940—Jan. 1941 (Incl.)	Percentage of Grand Total	Average K.W.H. per month 1940	Percentage of Grand Total
		K.W.H.			
(1) Law & Order and Essential Services	197	2,499,428	2.9	1,906,064	3.1
(2) Health & Food	155	4,410,190	5.1	2,437,934	3.9
(3) Transportation & Public Utilities	7	2,402,031	2.8	2,101,469	3.3
(4) Buildings and Housing (Excluding Air Conditioning)	946	4,408,895	5.1	3,264,140	5.2
(5) Industrial	1,710	60,976,160	71.0	46,135,727	73.9
(6) Luxuries (Including Air Conditioning)	415	3,141,884	3.7	1,772,488	2.8
(7) Advertising Signs & Flood Lights	*3	4,683	0.1	3,456	0.1
(8) Amusement & Entertainment (Excluding Air Conditioning)	96	521,259	0.6	306,945	0.5
Sub Totals	3,529	78,364,530	91.3	57,928,223	92.8
(9) Consumers under 1,000 K.W.H. per month	98,450	7,520,000	8.7	4,512,000	7.2
Grand Totals	101,979	85,884,530	100.0	62,440,223	100.0

*Includes only individually metered signs consuming over 1,000 K.W.H. per month.

April 7th, 1941.

ALLOTMENT BY GROUPS FOR FUEL AVAILABILITY OF 25,000 TONS A MONTH

	No. of Premises	Established Usage Jan. 1940-Jan. 1941 (Incl.)	Allotment	Percentage Reduction on Established Usage
(1) Law & Order and Essential Services	197	2,499,428	1,906,064	Normal Reduction (24% approx.)
(2) Health and Food	155	4,410,190	2,437,934	,, ,, (45% approx.)
(3) Transportation	7	2,402,031	1,363,222	30%
(4) Buildings & Housing (Excl. Air Conditioning)	946	4,408,895	2,204,448	50%
(5) Industrial	1,710	60,976,160	18,112,033	70%
(6) Luxuries (Including Air Conditioning)	415	3,141,884	785,471	75%
(7) Advertising Signs & Flood Lights	*3	4,683	1,171	75%
(8) Amusement & Entertainment (Excl. Air Conditioning)	96	521,259	130,315	75%
Sub Totals	3,529	78,364,530	26,940,658	
(9) Consumers under 1,000 K.W.H. per month	98,450	7,520,000	4,512,000	
Grand Totals	101,979	85,884,530	31,452,658	

*Includes only individually metered signs consuming over 1,000 K.W.H. per month.

April 7th 1941.

ALLOTMENT BY GROUPS FOR VARYING AMOUNTS OF FUEL

EXHIBIT "E"

	Established Usage Jan. 1940— Jan. 1941 (Incl.)	Allotment	Reduction on Estab. Usage %	Reduction on Average Usage %	Plus 5,000 tons Coal	Reduction on Estab. Usage %	Plus 5,000 tons Coal	Reduction on Estab. Usage %	Reduction on Average Usage %	Plus 5,000 tons Coal	Reduction on Estab. Usage %	Plus 5,000 tons Coal	Reduction on Estab. Usage %	Reduction on Average Usage %
	KWH.	(25,000 tons) KWH.			(30,000 tons) KWH.		(35,000 tons) KWH.			(40,000 tons) KWH.		(45,000 tons) KWH.		
(1) Law & Order & Essential Services	2,499,428	1,906,064			1,906,064		1,906,064			1,906,064		1,906,064		
(2) Health & Food	4,410,190	2,437,934			2,437,934		2,437,934			2,437,934		2,437,934		
(3) Transportation and Public Utilities	2,402,031	1,363,222	30%	20%	1,363,222	30%	1,523,098	25%	14%	1,682,975	20%	1,923,178	10%	—
(4) Building & Housing (Excl. Air Cond.)	4,408,895	2,204,448	50%	34%	2,204,448	50%	2,204,448	50%	34%	2,645,337	40%	3,086,226	30%	6%
(5) Industrial	60,976,160	18,112,033	70%	61%	23,159,375	62%	27,999,499	54%	39%	31,848,559	48%	35,540,735	42%	23%
(6) Luxuries (Incl. Air Cond.)	3,141,884	785,471	75%	56%	785,471	75%	785,471	75%	56%	1,256,754	60%	1,772,488	44%	—
(7) Advertising Signs & Flood Lights	4,683	1,171	75%	66%	1,171	75%	1,171	75%	66%	1,873	60%	2,810	40%	19%
(8) Amusement & Entertainment (Excl. Air Cond.)	521,259	130,315	75%	58%	130,315	75%	130,315	75%	58%	208,504	60%	306,945	41%	—
Sub-Total ...	78,364,530	26,940,658	66%	54%	31,988,000	59%	36,988,000	53%	36%	41,988,000	47%	46,988,000	40%	19%
(9) Consumers under 1,000 K. W. Hrs. per month	7,520,000	4,512,000	40%	—	4,512,000	40%	4,512,000	40%	—	4,512,000	40%	4,512,000	40%	—
Grand Total	85,884,530	31,452,658	63%	60%	36,500,000	58%	41,500,000	52%	34%	46,500,000	46%	51,500,000	40%	18%

Coal in Metric Tons.

April 7th 1941.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1941. 1839

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road,

from

Monday, June 2,

to

Thursday, June 5,

inclusive.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911. MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION No. 5425. ANNUAL REPORT.

NOTICE is hereby given that copies of the Annual Report and Accounts for 1940 and Budget for 1941 are available. Voting ratepayers may obtain copies upon application in writing to the undersigned. Envelopes should be marked "Annual Report."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5432.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Friday, May 30.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5444. ENTRANCE FEES TO PARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that from June 1, 1941 to May 31, 1942, fees for season and daily tickets to Public Parks will be as follows:—

$5 per season covering admission to all Parks.
$2 per season covering admission to all Parks excluding Jessfield Park.
30 cents per diem, daily entrance fee for each Park.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5474.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Municipal Loans will be closed from June 16 to June 30, both days inclusive.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5475. RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

The issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Bhil Singh of 330 Paoshing (Chapei) Road in respect of the premises No. 368 Tiendong Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, June 9, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5473. TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Arthur Knopp of 222/24 Broadway in respect of the premises No. 208 Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, June 9, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5470. MUNICIPAL LOAN OF 1941.

Notice is hereby given that the Subscription List for debentures in the above Loan has been closed.

The issue having been heavily over-subscribed, allotment will be on a pro rata basis.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5472. RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

The issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mrs. Helen Krivenko of 611 Broadway East in respect of the premises No. 611 Broadway East is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, June 9, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5468. DANCING SALOON AND TAVERN.

The issue of a Dancing Saloon and an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Hsu Kai Fong of Lane No. 504 House No. 7 Avenue Foch in respect of the premises No. 65 Gordon Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Tuesday, June 3, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5467. MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Notice is hereby given that an allotment of Debentures in the 6 per cent. Loan of 1941 will be made on June 5, 1941 in respect of those balances which were qualified for allotment on May 5, 1941. Allotment will be made at 92½ per cent.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 24, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on May 14.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and G. E. Mitchell.

Fortnightly meeting held on May 28.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and G. E. Mitchell.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Public Utilities Committee, May 8.—Present: Messrs. N. F. Allman (*In the Chair*), J. D. Carriere, T. S. Powell, T. K. Tsutsumi, R. von der Crone and Shao Shu-Hwa. Absent: Messrs. S. F. Liu, G. E. Mitchell, Y. Yazima and Zurtin Zao.

Finance Committee, May 9.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell. Absent: Messrs. C. G. Gadow, Yulin Hsi and F. S. Hsu.

Education Board, May 9.—Present: Drs. R. J. McMullen (*Chairman*), K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. T. Dean, Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Messrs. Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mr. K. I. Loh and Dr. Sidney K. Wei.

Works Committee, May 12.—Present: Messrs. Y. Hanawa (*Chairman*), C. H. Chen, T. Haraguchi, F. J. Hookham, R. T. McDonnell, G. E. Marden, H. S. Poulsen and Dr. G. Probst. Absent: Messrs. Pan San-Hsin and Zee Yin Hao.

Orchestra and Band Committee, May 20.—Messrs. R. von der Crone (*Chairman*), Ch. Grosbois, A. Harman, E. F. Harris, L. de Luca, J. S. Potter and Prof. B. S. Zakharoff. Absent: Mr. Lee Wei Ning and Mrs. Sato Togano.

Health Committee, May 20.—Present: Mr. A. Glathe (*Chairman*), Drs. P. T. Chow, E. G. Gauntlett, Mr. G. A. Haley, Drs. R. J. McMullen, Muto Nardone, Mr. Y. Noda, Drs. J. de Portaria, Szeming Sze, and Y. Tongu. Absent: Mr. K. C. Hsu and Dr. W. S. Parsons.

Public Utilities Committee, May 22.—Present: Messrs. N. F. Allman (*In the Chair*), J. D. Carriere, T. S. Powell, Shao Shu-Hwa, T. K. Tsutsumi, R. von der Crone and Y. Yazima. Absent: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell and Zurtin Zao.

Watch Committee, May 23.—President: Messrs. I. Okamoto (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, Theodore C. Chang, W. A. Hale, F. Hoehnke, Hsia Choong Fook, Jabin Hsu, R. G. MacDonald, and O. Okamoto, Absent: Mr. G. E. Mitchell.

NOTIFICATION No. 5460. EDUCATION DEPARTMENT. SECONDARY SCHOOLS FOR CHINESE.

General Conditions for Entrance Scholarships.

I. **Number.**

Fifteen entrance scholarships to the Secondary Schools for Chinese will be awarded as follows:

6 scholarships for boys from the Council's primary schools;
4 scholarships for boys from non-Council primary schools situated in the Settlement;
3 scholarships for girls from the Council's primary schools;
2 scholarships for girls from non-Council primary schools situated in the Settlement.

II. **Value and Nature.**

The scholarships will take the form of the full remission of tuition fees and the free issue of text-books and stationery. They are tenable for three years (commencing September 3, 1941) subject to satisfactory reports in regard to progress and conduct at the end of the first and second years.

III. **Qualifications of Candidates.**

(*a*) The purpose of the scholarships is to assist deserving and needy children to obtain the benefit of a three years' course in the Junior Middle School. In awarding the scholarships consideration will be given to the financial circumstances of the parents as well as to the scholastic attainments of the candidates.

(*b*) Candidates will be given a written examination in the following subjects:

1. Chinese language.
2. History and Geography.
3. Nature Study.
4. English language.
5. Arithmetic.

(*c*) Candidates shall have completed a primary school course and shall be not more than 13 years of age (foreign reckoning).

(*d*) Candidates shall be the children of residents in the International Settlement.

Those wishing to sit for the examination, which will be held on June 14, should apply to the Principal of their own school for an application form. The form, when completed, should be forwarded by the Principal to the Superintendent of Education, S.M.C. Administration Building not later than June 7, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 19, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during April:—

On April 8 to Messrs. Wheelock & Co., Ltd. to erect a canopy over the Municipal footpath fronting the premises at the corner of Avenue Edward VII and Szechuen Road, Cad. Lot 119, Central.

On April 16 to Messrs. Ziang Dah Lumber Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 22 on Soochow Road, East of Honan Road.

NOTIFICATION No. 5461. S.M.C. RICE.

As supplies on hand and obtainable are now considered ample for all local requirements, the temporary restrictions imposed on the sale of S.M.C. rice as per Notification No. 5457 are hereby cancelled.

Any resident of Shanghai shall now be free at any time to buy S.M.C. rice as required **for own consumption.** All sales of S.M.C. rice to any one party of one bag or more shall be accompanied by a bill of sale stating price, quantity and name and address of the purchaser. A copy of this bill to be deposited by the retailer with the nearest Police Station at the latest on the day following the day of sale.

The Council invites the co-operation of the public and the retailers to avoid hoarding.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5459. HONGKEW MARKET. Northern District.

TENDERS are invited for the leasing, for a period of one year, of the whole of the second floor of Hongkew Market having an area of approximately 22,000 square feet.

Official tender forms, on which all tenders must be submitted, together with plans and full particulars of the property and conditions of lease may be obtained on application to the Public Works Department, Administration Building, Room 128.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Administration Building, Room 150, not later than 11 a.m. on June 19, 1941.

Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, at 11 a.m. on June 19, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5458. YANGTSZEPOO MARKET. Eastern District.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of an area of Mow 0.818 or thereabouts known as the Yangtszepoo Market comprising Cadastral Lot 2757, British Consular Lots 7222 and 7554, registered in the name of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Official tender forms, on which all tenders must be submitted, together with plans and full particulars of the property and conditions of sale may be obtained on application to the Public Works Department, Administration Building, Room 336.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Administration Building, Room 150, not later than 11 a.m. on June 19, 1941.

Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, at 11 a.m. on June 19, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5476.
EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.
Schools for Chinese Children.

THE Schools for Chinese Children administered by the Council will close for the Summer Vacation on Friday, June 27, and re-open for the Autumn Term on Wednesday, September 3, at the usual hour.

The entrance examination for new candidates will take place on Friday, June 27.

Application forms (which should be returned not later than June 25) and information concerning fees, etc., may be obtained from the Heads of the following schools:—

I. Secondary Schools.

Public School for Chinese (Boys) 25, Mapai Road.

Ellis Kadoorie Public School (Boys) 445, Shanhaikwan Road.

Nieh Chih Kuei Public School (Boys) 100, Kinchow Road.

Polytechnic Public School (Boys) 65, Gt. Western Road.

Secondary School (Girls) 9, Singapore Road.

II. Primary Schools.

Wayside Road Primary School, Lane 660, 21-23 Seymour Road.

Cunningham Road Primary School, 199, Cunningham Road.

Sinza Road Primary School, 1461, Sinza Road.

Ward Road Primary School, 883, Connaught Road, and 301, Yenping Road.

Kinchow Road Primary School, 100, Kinchow Road and 375, Seymour Road.

Boone Road Primary School, 375, Seymour Road and 29, Singapore Road.

Singapore Road Primary School, 29, Singapore Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5454.
SUNSHADES OVER MUNICIPAL FOOTPATHS.

NOTICE is hereby given that permits to erect sunshades over Municipal footpaths may be obtained from May 1 onwards from the undernoted issuing offices.

Mat Sunshades.

Room 29, Public Works Department, Administration Building.

Cloth Sunshades.

Room 29, Public Works Department, Administration Building, and the following Police Stations.

From May 1 to May 24 inclusive:
511 Gordon Road
1291 Gordon Road
279 Avenue Road
70 Muirhead Road

From May 26 to June 18 inclusive:
360 Chengtu Road
260 Minghong Road
645 Ningpo Road
830 Haining Road

The fee payable is $5.00 per fong in the case of mat sunshades and $4.00 per fong for cloth sunshades. Minimum fee $5.00 and $4.00 respectively.

The permit is available for the year ending December 31 1941 and must be obtained before the sunshade is erected.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5465.
DANCING SALOON.

The issue of a Dancing Saloon Licence in favour of Mr. S. K. Chang of 433 Avenue Edward VII in respect of the premises No. 580 Bubbling Well Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, June 2, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5429.
CHOLERA INOCULATION.

COMMENCING on Tuesday, April 15, free inoculation against Cholera, for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:

Sub-district	Address of Branch Health Office	Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 a.m. and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 a.m.
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 a.m.
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9—12 a.m.
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20340	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	270 N'Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving inoculation for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving inoculation for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road—ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time.

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5463.

The Shanghai Municipal Council has received and approved the report of the Special Committee on the Restriction of the Supply of Electricity published as a Special Gazette on May 17, 1941. As previously announced, enforcement of the recommendations of the Special Committee will be deferred until such time as present anticipated fuel supplies are adversely affected or reserve stocks of fuel diminish to the equivalent of 100,000 tons of coal. Before putting into force the recommendations contained in the report of the Special Committee, the Council desires to give to any consumer of electricity affected by the recommended restrictions an opportunity to lodge any objections to the said recommended restrictions or any of them or as to the application of the said recommended restrictions to any consumer or class of consumers. Such objections should be filed in writing at the earliest possible opportunity with Mr. J. W. Allan, Deputy Secretary, S.M.C. Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

Appeals as to the merits of the recommended restrictions will be considered by the Council through one of its Committees, and before rendering its decision the Council will obtain the views of the Special Committee responsible for the recommendations and will give to any consumer who so desires an opportunity to put his views to the said Special Committee before the said Special Committee presents its views to the Council.

Appeals against the application of the recommended restrictions to individuals, as opposed to appeals against the merits of the recommended restrictions, will in the first instance be considered by the Special Committee on the Restriction of the Supply of Electricity. Any consumer dissatisfied with the decision of the said Committee when communicated to him will have a further right of appeal to the Council itself. Such appeals should also be filed with Mr. J. W. Allan, Deputy Secretary, S.M.C. Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

In so far as it relates to the procedure for handling appeals, this notification cancels the communique issued by the S.M.C. Publicity Office on May 16, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5452.
TENDERS INVITED.

THE Council is prepared to receive tenders for 1942 Supplies of Stationery.

Tender forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the Finance Department, Room 261, Administration Building.

All tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on July 14, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5453.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Appointment of Chinese Cadets.

THE Council has authorised the appointment of three Chinese Cadets to be trained for appointment as Junior Health Inspectors. Candidates must be between the ages of 21 and 23 years, able to speak, read and write English and Chinese (Mandarin & Local Dialect), and will be required to sit for an entrance examination in Chinese, English and General Knowledge as well as undergo a strict medical examination prior to appointment.

Applications must be submitted to the Commissioner of Public Health (on forms which may be obtained at Room 219, Administration Building, 223 Hankow Road), not later than May 30, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5469.

MILD STEEL SCRAP AND CAST IRON SCRAP.

For sale by tender about 30 tons of Mild Steel Scrap and 25 tons of Cast Iron Scrap. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349 Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5471.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Schools for Foreign Children.

THE Schools for Foreign Children administered by the Council will close for the Summer Vacation on Friday, June 27, and re-open for the Autumn Term on Monday, September 1, at the usual hour.

Application forms and further information may be obtained from the Heads of the following schools:—

Boys.

Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys, 282, Kinnear Road.

Western District Public School, 10, Tifeng Road.

Girls.

Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, 2, Jessfield Road.

Public School for Girls, 404, Yu Yuen Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

COUNTRY HOSPITAL.

Board of Governors

Mr. A. Glathe has been appointed by the Council to the Board of Governors of the Country Hospital in succession to Mr. W. J. Keswick.

Mr. Ellis Hayim has been re-elected by the Council to membership of the Board of Governors of the Country Hospital for a further period of three years.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOL FEES.

THE recommendation of the Education Board made at its meeting on May 9 that existing school fees for most of the Municipal foreign and Chinese schools be increased has been approved by the Council.

It will be recalled that the Special Education Committee, whose report was recently published, also recommended that as much as possible of the direct cost of operating Municipal schools should be recovered in the form of fees.

It has been the practice of the Council for some time past to aim at recovering one-third of the operating expenditure at Municipal schools by way of school fees. As a step towards requiring parents to bear a larger share of the cost of education the Council has now decided that the income from school fees should approximate one-half, instead of one-third, of such operating expenses.

Therefore, with effect from September 1, 1941, the existing Municipal school fees will be increased as follows:—

Foreign Schools.—The surcharge will be increased to 316%.

Chinese Schools.

(a) **Secondary Schools.**—Fees will be increased by 50%.

(b) **Primary Schools.**

Sinza Road School	—	Fees	will	be	increased	to $60
Cunningham Road School	—	"	"	"	"	48
Kinchow Road School	—	"	"	"	"	42
Wayside Road School	—	"	"	"	"	42
Ward Road School	—	"	"	"	"	42
Singapore Road School	—	"	"	"	"	42

The question of increased school fees at the Boone Road Primary School and the Night Schools for Chinese has been deferred for further consideration.

With effect from September 1, 1941, the following rules will be enforced at the Municipal Schools for Foreign Children:—

The non-residents' charge will be increased from 25% to 50% in respect of new pupils.

In future new pupils subject to payment of the non-residents' charge will be considered ineligible for participation in the benefits of the Bursary Scheme.

The admission of such pupils will be dependent on the prior claims of the children of ratepayers.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotion:—

The undermentioned 2nd Lieutenant to be Lieutenant with effect from date shown against his name:—

Signals Company—2nd Lt. A. T. Gray—May 2, 1941.

Appointments—Commissions:—

The undermentioned is appointed 2nd Lieutenant with effect from May 12, 1941.

Jewish Company—Sgt. Macky Gaberman.

Transfers:—

Lieutenant R. Manly-Allatt, Light Automatic (A. D.) Company is transferred to Intelligence Staff, Corps Headquarters with effect from June 1, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—

Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officer's Commission is renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.

Reserve of Officers "A"—Lt.-Col. E. H. McMichael April 1, 1941.

Retirements:—

Armoured Car Company—Capt. T. A. Aiers, retires from the Corps with effect from April 21, 1941 and is granted the retired rank of Captain with the right to wear the prescribed uniform.

Resignations:—

Corps Headquarters—Capt. R. B. Roach resigned his commission—May 19, 1941.

Shanghai Field Company—2nd Lt. H. P. Berents resigned his commission—May 6, 1941.

"B" Company—Lt. J. E. Sifton resigned his commission—May 22, 1941.

Medical Officer—Capt. C. H. Versteeg resigned his commission—May 16, 1941.

Decease:—

The decease of the undermentioned Officer is recorded with regret.

Medical Officer—Major W. E. O'Hara, died May 3, 1941.

Amendments:—

Reference Municipal Gazette, dated April 25, 1941.

Delete under **Promotions:—**,

The undermentioned 2nd Lieutenants to be Lieutenants with effect from dates shown against their names:—

Transport Company—2nd Lt. H. L. Hill, April 18, 1940.

"B" Company—2nd Lt. G. A. Browne, January 31, 1940.

Scottish Company—2nd Lt. A. C. Sinclair, January 26, 1940.

Light Automatic (A.D.) Company—2nd Lt. R. Manly-Allatt, January 16, 1940.

Substitute under Promotions:—

The undermentioned 2nd Lieutenants to be Lieutenants with effect from dates shown against their names:—

Transport Company—2nd Lt. H. L. Hill, April 18, 1941.

"B" Company—2nd Lt. G. A. Browne, January 31, 1941.

Scottish Company—2nd Lt. A. C. Sinclair, January 26, 1941.

Light Automatic (A.D.) Company—2nd Lt. R. Manly-Allatt, January 16, 1941.

Long Service Medal—Awards:—

The undermentioned have been awarded the medal for Long Service:—

Lieutenant H. H. Cohen—Active 1929—1941.

Staff Sergeant W. G. Stone—Active 1929—1941.

Sergeant E. P. Morphew—Active 1938—1940.

The undermentioned has been awarded the 1st Bar to the medal for Long Service:—

Lieutenant W. M. Portrude—Active 1935—1940.

RICE.

On April 24 the Council announced that it had made arrangements with the Rice Controller of Hong Kong which, barring unforeseen and/or uncontrollable circumstances, would enable the Council to place at the disposal of the Shanghai market regular and substantial quantities of rice which would suffice to solve the Shanghai rice problem so far as supplies are concerned.

The Council stated that it was determined that these supplies should be made available to the public at the lowest possible cost and was making arrangements accordingly.

It was further announced that the Council had already obtained an option on a quantity of 5,000 tons which had been offered to representatives of the Rice and Cereals Guild on terms which ensured that this quantity would be made available to the public at prices very substantially below those ruling.

On April 26 the Council in a statement said that it had been unable to effect satisfactory arrangements with the wholesalers in the rice trade in regard to the distribution of the rice which the Council proposed to import from Hong Kong to place at the disposal of the Shanghai market. The statement added that the Council had accordingly decided to import rice from Hong Kong and offer the rice direct to the retail trade. It was also announced that the Council would handle the business aspects of the matter through Messrs. A. R. Burkill & Sons, Ltd., and Messrs. Knipschildt & Eskelund, Ltd., firms which are not engaged upon any other rice business.

On May 1 announcement was made that arrangements were finally concluded between the Hong Kong Government and the Council according to which 5,000 tons of Rangoon Rice (Small Mills Special 42½ Separation), would be shipped to Shanghai immediately and further regular shipments to the extent of 20,000 to 25,000 tons per month would follow as required. With the exception of trade orders for which Export Permits had already been obtained and which trade orders did not exceed 2,900 tons, **no further Permits for export of rice from Hong Kong to Shanghai would be granted except to the Shanghai Municipal Council.**

The Council again stated that it was determined that these supplies from the Hong Kong Government would be made available to the Shanghai public at reasonable prices. At the same time the Council said that it was anxious not to interfere more than necessary with the regular trade channels, and the Council invited the co-operation of the wholesale and retail trades for the distribution.

The Council announced that it was prepared to book orders for the 5,000 tons in course of shipment and interested wholesale and retail dealers were requested to communicate with Messrs. Knipschildt & Eskelund, Ltd., 220 Szechuen Road, for prices and terms of sale.

The announcement added that the maximum retail price to the public for rice ex. the first 5,000 tons would be fixed at **$110. per zah of 80 kilos.**

On May 14 the Council gave notice that its purchases of rice from the Hong Kong Government amounted to a total of **165,000 bags.** Out of these purchases some 60,000 bags had arrived and were in, course of discharging from steamers in port, while all of the balance would be here before the end of May. The notice stated that judged by the actual average daily consumption of rice of all grades in the International Settlement and the French Concession during 1940, it was evident that the supplies in view were adequate to meet the needs of the community as soon as proper distribution had been completed.

In the meantime and until the stocks of S.M.C. rice on hand were sufficient to permit more or less unrestricted sales, the Council had decided that until further notice no shop should be permitted to sell to any household, family or group more than half a Zah per week of S.M.C. rice and such sales could be made for own consumption only. In order to implement this decision no shop would be permitted to make a single sale to any one person of more than one-fifth of a Zah (16 Kilos) of S.M.C. rice. The rice Retailers had been instructed accordingly and the Police would closely watch that this restriction is strictly adhered to.

It was expected that by the end of the week the S.M.C. rice would be on sale in all retail shops in the International Settlement and the French Concession. The retail price for S.M.C. rice had been fixed by the Council at $110. per Zah (80 Kilos) delivered weight. The notice further stated that the rice must be sold by the shops as received, and mixing by the shops of S.M.C. rice with other qualities of rice would be strictly prohibited.

Anybody discovering irregularities in the above rules of distribution, price and quality was requested to report the matter to the nearest Police Station.

On May 20 the Council gave notice that as supplies of rice on hand and obtainable were considered ample for all local requirements, the temporary restrictions imposed on the sale of S.M.C. rice as per Notification No. 5457 were cancelled.

The notification stated that any resident of Shanghai would now be free at any time to buy S.M.C. rice as required **for own consumption.** All sales of S.M.C. rice to any one party of one bag or more would be accompanied by a bill of sale stating price, quantity and name and address of the purchaser. A copy of this bill to be deposited by the retailer with the nearest Police Station at the latest on the day following day of sale.

The Council invited the co-operation of the public and the retailers to avoid hoarding.

On May 22 the Council issued a communique stating that it had been brought to the notice of the Council that there had been ill-informed criticism of the price at which what known as S.M.C. rice was being sold in Shanghai. That it appeared to be due to a comparison between the retail price in Hong Kong and the retail price in Shanghai.

To the retail price in Hong Kong (at the time of the statement the price was the equivalent of Sh. $88 per zah) there must be added shipping charges at Hong Kong; freight; insurance; war risk charges; landing, receiving and storing charges in Shanghai; Customs wharfage dues; fire insurance; interest; and last but not least an allowance for loss in weight. The communique said that it should be apparent that the Council's selling price of $110 per zah left only a very reasonable trading profit to the wholesalers and retailers concerned. The only margin allowed for the Council itself was a small margin to cover all the Council's expenses. No profit would be made by the Council itself. If, as must sometimes happen, a fortuitous profit was made owing to a fluctuation in exchange, such profit would either be used to offset similar losses or would be used to attain the Council's object of stabilisin the price of rice to consumers in Shanghai at the cheapest possible levels.

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Council for issue to Chinese employees has been fixed at $36.80 for May.

LESTER TRUSTEES.

The Council has approved the appointment of Messrs. A. E. Seddon and E. S. Wilkinson as Lester Trustees in succession to Mr. R. F. C. Master and the late Mr. E. E. Parsons.

COUNTRY HOSPITAL.

Superintendent's Report for 1940.

Published in accordance with provisions of the Trust Deed.

Governors:—Dr. J. R. B. Branch and Major A. Bassett whose term of office had expired were reappointed to the Board of Governors.

Staff:—The following left the service during the year: Miss A. F. Gordon, Night Supervisor, Nurses S. H. Dimmock, F. M. Mcllvride, D. K. Allan, B. McNab, E. J. Cook, and Assistant Nurse E. Boldishaw. Nurses M. Ann W. Bland E. A. Broad were transferred to the Public Health Department. Miss F. Mathews and Mrs. G. B. Bisset Assistants in the Hall Office also left.

The following joined the service: Miss N. Williams was transferred from the Public Health Department and took on the post of Night Supervisor: Nurses B. Singer, M. Angermann, A. H. Seifullin and K. Goetz. Miss R. Mizrahi and Mrs. M. Shihoff were appointed to the Hall Office and Mrs. F. Joseph to the Kitchen.

Assistant Nurses E. Klingenberg, J. Barclay, L. Harvey and C. Serjantov were promoted to Nurse Grade 2N (d).

Miss A. Kotz, Sister in charge X-Ray Department, returned from Long Leave on July 11, 1940 and Miss A. Siemann, Sister in charge Children's Ward on April 30, 1940.

The number of Staff days in hospital was 381½ as compared with 316 the previous year.

The Nursing Staff on December 31, 1940 comprised.

1	Matron	
1	Assistant Matron	
1	Night Supervisor	
23	Nurses Grade 2N	(c)
7	" "	2N (d)
5	Assistant Nurses	
33	Chinese Nurses	

Endowed Children's Beds:—On February 29, 1940 the Children of Mr. R. H. Elias endowed in perpetuity a bed in the Children's Ward as a commemoration of their father's eightieth birthday.

The Ministering Children's League continued their endowment of a bed for children for another year from June 15, 1940.

Statistics :—The accompanying table shows an increase in the number of admissions from 2835 to 2912. There was also an increase in the number of patient days and the average stay of a patient in hospital rose from 11.0 to 11.5 days. The principal admissions were :

Obstetric	341
Appendicitis	247
Tonsillitis	196
Influenza	89
Fractures and Dislocations	72
Pneumonia	66
Dysentery	65
Typhoid and Paratyphoid	61
Enteritis	51
Bronchitis	47
Malignant Disease	46
Typhus	45
Peptic Ulcer	44
Hernia	39
Haemorrhoids	34
Otitis Media	32
Urinary Calculi	28
Malaria	26

Twenty-three cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were admitted for the purpose of getting surgical treatment. There were 79 deaths during the year giving a mortality of 2.71 per cent.

Operating Room :—There has been a slight decrease in the number of cases handled from 2223 in 1939 to 2177. In view of the marked decrease in the number of Artificial Pneumothorax cases from 295 to 35 (these cases being now generally done in doctors' offices) it seems that other work has shown an increase. The operative procedures most frequently done were Appendicectomy 260, Tonsillectomy 135, Gynaecological 121, Cystoscopy 113, Fractures and Manipulations 72, Hernia 70, Blood Transfusion 69, Rectal 63, Genito-urinary 56, Gastro-intestinal 24.

Hydrotherapy Department :—In this department 818 patients had 13290 treatments compared with 808 who received 12815 in 1939. The following is a list of treatments given during the year.

Diathermy	2781
Autocondensation	16
Massage	3936
Vibration Massage	147
Galvanisation	1872
Faradisation	208
Ionisation	10
Exercise	81
Artificial Sunlight	2760
Sollux Light	70
Red Light	168
Light Bath	211
Inhalation	116
Douche	7
Carbonic Acid Bath	138
Pine Needle Bath	198
Turkish Bath	15
Sulphur Bath	78
Suda Bath	216
Electric Bath	262

A considerable amount of work has been done with excellent results on cases of infantile paralysis.

X-Ray Department :—On the diagnostic side 3302 films were taken compared with 3482 the previous year: 957 treatments were given against 881 during 1939. In addition 49 Electrocardiograms and 47 Basal Metabolism Tests were made. The diagnostic work included 453 cases for examination of bones and joints (fractures etc.) 335 chests (in addition to 110 chests for screening only) 241 Alimentary Tracts by barium meal, 253 Urinary Tracts, 75 Gall-bladders and 46 Sinuses.

Clinical Laboratory :—There has been an increase in the work of this department 4282 examinations having been made as compared with 3962 in 1939. The following is a table of results:—

	Examinations	Positive
Blood Bleeding time	11	
Blood Count	886	
Blood Coagulation Time	16	
Blood Culture	106	
B. Typhosus		5
Blood Grouping and Cross Matching	251	
Blood for parasites	111	
Relapsing fever spirochetes		2
Subtertian malaria		1
Subtertian and Tertian malaria		1
Tertian malaria		12
Blood for platelets counting	3	
Blood Sedimentation test	43	
Blood Widal agglutination test	130	
Faeces for culture	240	
B. Dysenteriae 'Flexner'		16
B. Dysenteriae 'Shiga'		3
B. Morgani		2
B. Typhosus		1
Faeces for occult blood	13	2
Faeces for parasites and protozoa	457	
Ascaris Lumbricoides		29
Ascaris Lumbricoides and E. Coli cyst		1
Ascaris Lumbricoides and Trichuria		10
Ascaris Lumbricoides, E. Coli cyst, E. Nana cyst		1
Chilomatix Mesnili		1
Clonorchis Sinensis		2
Entameba Coli		2
Entameba Coli cysts		23
Entameba Histolytica		3
Entameba Nana cysts		5
Giardia Cysts		6
Hookworm and Trichuris Trichiura		3
Oxyuris Vermicularis		1
Tenia Saginata		2
Trichomonas Intestinalis		2
Trichuris Trichiura		74
Trichuris Trichiura and E. Coli cysts		10
Faeces for adult worms	6	2
Fluid and pus for culture	63	
B. Coli		1
Pneumococci		7
Staphylococcus Albus		5
Staphylococcus Citreus		3
Staphylococcus Aureus		6
Streptococcus Hemolyticus		2
Streptococcus Non-hemolyticus		2
Streptococcus Viridana		3
Fluid and pus for Smear	50	
Gastric analysis	23	
Vomitus for analysis	6	
Bile for analysis	1	
Spinal fluid for routine test	39	
Pus for guinea pig inoculation	3	
Sputum for B. Tuberculosis	175	23
Sputum for direct smear	43	
Sputum for culture	7	
Pneumococcus		5
Pneumococcus and Staphylococcu aureus		1
Pneumococcus and Streptococcus viridans		1
Sputum for miscellaneous test	9	
Urine for chemical and Microscopical tests	1263	
Urine for culture	258	
B. Dysenteriae 'Flexner'		1
B. Morgani		4
B. Pyocyaneus		1
B. Proteus		1
B. Coli		39
Staphylococcus Albus		24
Staphylococcus Aureus		5
Staphylococcus Citreus		1
Streptococcus Viridans		2
Urine for Guinea pig inoculation for T.B.	61	7
Urine for Direct smear for T.B.	8	2
	4282	

Engineering Department.—The ice and air cooling plants worked satisfactorily during the year; all motors, pumps and compressors were thoroughly overhauled. Brine pump spindles were machined and new bushes fitted, 411,420 lbs. of ice was made.

The Laundry washed 560,278 pieces as compared with 560,895 during 1939. A new sheet iron casing was put to the large washer, and four ball races fitted to the fan and tumbler motors of the steam drier.

The artesian well delivered a plentiful supply of water. The compressors and pumps were thoroughly overhauled, the compressor valve seats were machined and new valves fitted. Routine examinations of the water were made by the Public Health Department. A connection was made between the Victoria Nurses' Home and the hospital garden pipe line to enable them to use well water instead of S. W. W. water for gardening purposes.

All rubber hydrant washers of the fire installation were renewed. The system was inspected at intervals by the Fire Brigade and is in good order.

The electric cables throughout the hospital were tested and faulty ones were renewed. The east side food lift motor was rewound.

During the year we burnt 274¾ tons of anthracite nuts and 890¾ tons of K. M. A. No. 1 lump as compared with 1,008½ tons of anthracite and 70 tons of K. M. A. No. 1 lump during 1939. We consumed 86½ tons more than in 1939, this was owing to the lower calorific value of the coal burnt.

Dr. Income and Expenditure Account for the Year ended December 31, 1940. Cr.

	Dollars		Dollars	Dollars
To Salaries and Wages	513,240.85	By FEES:—		
„ Superannuation Fund	17,858.50	Hospital	603,432.58	
„ Staff Engagement Expenses	385.24	Operating Room	109,662.60	
„ Passages	11,326.56	X-Ray	146,485.60	
„ Medical Aid (Staff)	15,665.52	Hydrotherapy	49,718.66	
„ Uniform Allowance	2,957.26	Laboratory	44,333.47	
„ Messing	179,538.16	Radium	2,380.00	
„ Fuel	112,087.51		956,012.91	
„ Electricity	35,924.59	Less Charity Patients	59,144.23	
„ Water	696.30			896,868.68
„ Drugs and Appliances	22,806.58	„ Balance carried down		325,394.93
„ Laundry Supplies	5,110.44			
„ Stationery	4,181.78			
„ Insurance	4,812.75			
„ Telephone	1,650.42			
„ Locomotion	2,976.31			
„ Maintenance & Repairs	29,252.50			
„ Miscellaneous	1,570.14			
„ General Charges	69,834.39			
„ Victoria Nurses' Home	185,818.76			
„ Pensions	4,568.65			
	$1,222,263.61			$1,222,263.61
To Balance brought down	325,394.93	By Interest on Investments:—		
„ Bank Interest	5,696.13	Endowment Fund	16,884.70	
„ Interest on Superannuation Fund	14,075.64	Superannuation Fund	13,838.74	30,723.44
„ Bad Debts	1,254.39			
„ Depreciation	16,382.31	„ Balance being excess of Expenditure over Income		332,079.96
	$ 362,803.40			$ 362,803.40

Balance Sheet, December 31, 1940.

LIABILITIES	Dollars	ASSETS	Dollars	Dollars
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	237,114.46	Land		294,610.91
Sundry Creditors	107,570.50	Buildings		1,175,870.28
Superannuation Fund	247,236.01	Plant, Equipment, Furniture etc.		96,808.11
General Balance	3,085,465.31	Sundry Stocks in Hand		97,925.70
		INVESTMENTS:—		
		Endowment Fund		
		China Reorganisation Loan £43,860/-/-d. at 3/4 and exchange at 3-19/32d.	995,888.97	
		Shanghai Telephone Company 600 shares at $42.75	25,650.00	
		Cathay Land Company, Ltd. Tls. 12,600 6% 1932 Debentures	17,622.38	
		Shanghai Municipal Council $234,800 6% 1940 Debentures	234,800.00	
		Shanghai Power Company $40,000 5½% Debentures	40,000.00	1,313,961.35
		Superannuation Fund:—		
		Cathay Land Company, Ltd. Tls. 30,100 6% 1932 Debentures	42,097.90	
		French Municipal Council Tls. 9,000 6% 1931 Debentures	12,587.41	
		Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. Tls. 10,000 6% 1926 Debentures		
		Tls. 20,000 6% 1931 Debentures	41,958.04	
		Shanghai Power Company Tls. 23,000 6% Preferred Stock at $135.75	31,222.50	
		Shanghai Power Company $76,000 5½% Debentures	76,000.00	
		Shanghai Telephone Company Tls. 13,000 6% Debentures	18,181.82	
		Shanghai Municipal Council Tls. 10,000 6% 1926 Debentures	13,986.01	236,033.68
		(Debentures are valued at par in accordance with the practice adopted by the Shanghai Municipal Council. Other Securities are shown at their market value).		
		Sundry Debtors:—		
		Bills receivable	117,770.21	
		Interest on Investments accrued due at December 31, 1940 and since paid	3,866.24	121,636.45
		Cash in Hand		8,459.84
		Income & Expenditure Account		332,079.96
	$3,677,386.28			$3,677,386.28

E. Birt, *Chairman*
Eric G. Gauntlett
G. Wuilleumier
Thomas B. Dunn
A. Bassett
Ellis Hayim
Y. Noda
Governors.

J. E. Bowen, *Superintendent*.

Audited and found correct in accordance with the books and vouchers.

(Signed) J. W. Morcher,
Treasurer,
Shanghai Municipal Council.

(Signed) J. Cornfield,
Treasurer,
Country Hospital.

THE COUNTRY HOSPITAL

	Jan. 1940	Feb. 1940	Mar. 1940	Apr. 1940	May 1940	June 1940	July 1940	Aug. 1940	Sept. 1940	Oct. 1940	Nov. 1940	Dec. 1940	Total 1940	Total 1939
Patients:														
Admissions	280	227	254	232	239	246	282	247	218	276	220	191	2912	2835
Days in Hospital—Paying	2722¾	2373½	2365½	2458¾	2306¼	2162¼	2381½	2475¼	2035¼	2642½	2334	2221¾	28479¼	26302¼
Charity	358½	377	387	367	358½	373	387	371¼	368	410½	364½	395	4517½	4596½
Staff	15½	27	16½	19	34½	36	77½	37	24	23	37½	34	381½	316
Discharges	262	229	251	224	249	244	268	260	205	248	224	188	2852	2762
Deaths	6	4	6	7	3	9	4	6	6	12	10	6	79	67
X-Ray—Treatments	145	98	86	86	87	90	101	34	52	95	38	45	957	881
Diagnostics	367	322	275	342	249	206	261	284	197	231	314	254	3302	3484
Hydrotherapy—In-Patients	240	143	131	189	179	177	177	198	187	235	113	119	2088	1915
Out-Patients	1072	1420	978	1035	960	778	878	878	748	836	886	733	11202	10900
Operations—Major	48	48	70	64	37	36	30	28	30	51	48	33	523	493
Minor	104	82	70	69	124	82	86	91	62	92	90	83	1035	1051
Out-Patients	66	67	87	64	32	22	41	28	21	38	45	50	561	633
Casualties	6	3	12	2	3	6	5	11	2	4	3	1	58	46
Dietary—Regular	8306	7820	7966	7950	7961	7379	7550	7393	6478	8519	7792	8062	93176	89852
Soft etc.	3438	3150	2782	3092	2551	1689	2900	3068	3101	3395	2400	2312	33878	37424
Special	760	1434	1537	1453	1574	1257	1985	1269	1350	1725	2298	1597	18239	12494
Laboratory—Specimens examined	330	318	287	353	344	347	462	406	357	443	342	287	4282	3598
Pharmacy—Prescriptions filled	702	610	570	806	658	656	794	951	669	705	759	655	8535	8211

SUMMARY OF GENERAL MUNICIPAL AND SPECIAL RATE. MARCH QUARTER.

FOREIGN STYLE BUILDINGS.

	1941			1940			1939		
	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment
			$			$			$
Central District	2,316	6,155	26,055,198	2,288	6,045	23,001,246	2,162	5,957	21,699,015
Northern do.	1,665	2,632	6,582,288	1,667	2,676	6,024,768	1,647	2,252	5,407,836
Eastern do.	1,922	1,795	12,976,630	1,879	1,726	10,704,858	1,811	1,721	10,310,463
Western do.	4,620	5,617	19,277,650	4,406	5,386	14,809,888	4,228	5,181	12,887,043
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)	5,583	5,557	11,198,966	5,506	5,515	9,949,110	5,179	5,250	8,560,790
Total	16,106	21,756	76,090,732	15,746	21,348	64,489,870	15,027	20,361	58,865,147
Occupied by Foreigners	7,311	10,686	45,251,928	6,974	10,386	38,069,293	6,260	9,270	32,519,083
do. Chinese	8,492	10,585	29,318,693	8,298	10,290	24,936,837	7,786	9,787	23,065,138
Unoccupied	303	485	1,520,111	474	672	1,483,740	981	1,304	3,280,926
Total	16,106	21,756	76,090,732	15,746	21,348	64,489,870	15,027	20,361	58,865,147
Rate of Taxation:—	Inside Limits 27% plus 40% Surcharge Outside Limits 24% plus 40% Surcharge			Inside Limits: 18% Outside Limits: 16%			Inside Limits: 16% Outside Limits: 14%		
			$			$			$
Tax Collected:—									
Central District			2,280,112			951,707			761,702
Northern do.			406,904			176,650			128,695
Eastern do.			873,121			328,633			259,914
Western do.			1,551,741			592,727			444,080
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)			550,824			249,903			200,136
Total			5,662,702			2,299,670			1,794,527

CHINESE STYLE BUILDINGS.

	1941		1940		1939	
	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment
Central District	7,367	9,592,086	7,382	8,980,996	7,343	8,814,926
Northern do.	13,315	6,573,512	13,305	6,276,522	13,251	6,194,118
Eastern do.	23,403	6,446,302	22,886	5,687,332	22,559	5,773,546
Western do.	29,404	14,070,690	29,084	12,999,460	27,414	11,667,430
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)	7,866	2,049,148	7,786	1,973,276	7,228	1,716,166
Total	81,355	38,731,738	80,443	35,917,586	77,795	34,166,186
Occupied by Foreigners	7,529	3,668,370	6,727	3,088,256	4,933	1,951,306
do. Chinese	72,186	34,417,184	69,203	31,251,180	55,579	26,675,648
Unoccupied	1,640	646,184	4,513	1,578,150	17,283	5,539,232
Total	81,355	38,731,738	80,443	35,917,586	77,795	34,166,186
Rate of Taxation :—	Inside Limits: 27% + 40% Surcharge Outside Limits: 24% + 40% Surcharge		Inside Limits: 18% Outside Limits: 16%		Inside Limits: 16% Outside Limits: 14%	
		$		$		$
Tax Collected :—						
Central District		894,467		400,879		347,425
Northern do.		513,596		244,170		183,847
Eastern do.		498,597		136,416		32,755
Western do.		1,305,007		572,116		448,906
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)		61,937		33,957		28,697
Total		3,273,604		1,387,538		1,041,630

Note :—The amounts shewn as collected exclude outstanding rate.

Finance Department,
Shanghai, May 1, 1941.

P. COMERY,
Acting Deputy Treasurer—Revenue.

J. W. MORCHER,
Treasurer.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

ORDER Book Extracts, April 18—May 21, 1941.

Fire Brigade.—The resignation of Mr. W. Charters, Deputy Chief Officer, is accepted, services terminating on October 14, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with deep regret the death, on May 15, 1941, of Assistant Superintendent Yeu Ah Keng.

For a uniformly good record in dangerous cases (facing armed criminals), Sergeant H. Muir is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage, efficiency and initiative in tackling and capturing two armed criminals under very awkward circumstances, Sub-Inspector I. B. Williams and Probationary Sergeant E. A. T. Reece are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courageously dying in devotion to duty, the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II, is awarded posthumously to Chinese Detective Sergeant No. 342.

For courage and personal initiative in face of an armed criminal, Chinese Constables Nos. 149 and 3270 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For a display of bravery, initiative and coolness of the highest degree in dismantling and rendering harmless an infernal machine of the most destructive type, Inspector J. A. McCahey and Sub-Inspector P. A. Ewins are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class I. For courage, coolness and initiative on the same occasion, Chief Inspector Shih Ssu Chien is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Sergeant F. McAulay is promoted to the rank of Sub-Inspector on probation from April 29, 1941.

The promotion of the following Probationary Sergeants to the rank of Sergeant is authorised from the dates specified:—

F. D. Forster, April 19, 1941.
G. B. Blackley, April 29, 1941.
H. M. Ely, May 4, 1941.
V. N. Zborovsky, May 10, 1941.

The promotion of the following Assistant Warders to the rank of Warder is authorised from the dates specified:—

E. Skreitul, December 15, 1940.
C. Wellings, February 1, 1941.
D. G. Brauns, May 1, 1941.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from the dates specified:—

L. Simon, April 23, 1941.
M. Schmeidler, May 12, 1941.
V. I. Ananieff, April 15, 1941.
L. M. Diaksanis, May 12, 1941.
P. A. Jilochkin, May 15, 1941.
G. N. Jiriakoff, May 15, 1941.
Y. S. Narishkin, May 15, 1941.
V. V. Roussiyan, May 15, 1941.
B. I. Savoestian, May 15, 1941.
N. A. Skoolovatoff, May 15, 1941.
B. Z. Solomin, May 15, 1941.
N. C. Stogney, May 15, 1941.
V. S. Tolstoguseff, May 15, 1941.
H. K. Zorenko, May 15, 1941.
F. A. Botelho, May 21, 1941.

B. C. Remedios and J. L. Koshmann are appointed Assistant Warders on probation from May 1, 1941.

Probationary Sergeants O. C. T. Geisler and J. O. Egeberg are dismissed the Force from April 25, 1941.

The resignations of Sub-Inspector H. R. Cooper and Sergeant N. A. Pavloff are accepted, services terminating on November 5 and July 31, 1941, respectively.

Public Health Department.—Sanitary Overseers K. Kawashima and K. Noda are promoted to be Inspectors from May 1, 1941.

Mr. V. A. S. C. de Sousa is appointed Clerical Assistant on probation from May 1, 1941.

Mrs. R. R. Fleischmann is appointed Staff Nurse from May 1, 1941.

Public Works Department.—The resignation of Mr. H. P. Berents, Assistant Engineer, is accepted, services terminating on May 5, 1941.

Mr. C. Kanno is appointed Office Assistant on probation from April 28, 1941.

Education Department.—Mr. H. G. Huckstep, Chief Assistant, is promoted to be Superintendent of Education from June 1, 1941.

Finance Department—Revenue Office.—Assistant Inspector F. D. Harris is promoted to be Inspector on probation from June 1, 1941.

Secretariat.—Mr. A. B. Lang, Chief of Section, is promoted to be Assistant Secretary from June 1, 1941.

Messrs. K. Noguchi and M. C. Liang, Senior Assistants, are promoted to be Chief Assistants from June 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR CHINESE SCHOOLS.

The Education Board has recommended and the Council has approved that grants cancelled during any year in respect of any Chinese schools be carried forward to the ensuing year for the benefit of Chinese education.

NOTIFICATION No. 5431. COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending June 30, 1941, is due on April 15, 1941. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

The attention of ratepayers is directed to the Majority Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Inequalities of Taxation, published in the Municipal Gazette of April 5, 1941. Municipal Rate demand notes for the quarter ending June 30 are calculated in accordance with, and rendered subject to, the recommendations contained in the report in question.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 18, 1941.

LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

The Council has accepted with regret the resignation from the Library Committee of Mr. T. R. Scanlon, on his departure from Shanghai and conveyed its thanks to Mr. Scanlon for his valuable services on the Committee.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS FOR CHINESE.

Entrance and Internal Scholarships.

The Council has adopted the recommendation of the Education Board that in view of the urgent need for economy, the number of additional scholarships for this year should not exceed the number awarded in each of the last two years. Not more than 25 additional scholarships will be granted in the Council's Secondary Schools for Chinese from September 1941. The distribution of these scholarships and the conditions governing their award will be the same as for last year.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Worker's Earnings for April.

The following figures show what a worker's family would receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in April. Figures of two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A), and the second shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard (Standard B).

	Earnings of Principal Wage Earner (53.2%)	Earnings of other Family Members (16.2%)	Other Family Income (30.6%)	Total Family Income (100.0%)
Standard A:	$83.16	$53.05	$109.81	$156.018
Standard B:	$75.35	$48.06	$17.95	$141.359

Chinese Workers' Cost of Living for April.

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is estimated that a lower standard in April, 1941, involves a cost of living 5.81 times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

The general index of cost of living for Shanghai workers surpassed the 700 mark in the month of April, reaching 732.79 as against 679.99 in March. Rises in group indices were extremely rapid. Increases in prices of rice and coal briquettes were the most significant. The food index rose from 774.36 in March to 815.09 in April; fuel, from 636.38 to 759.54; clothing, from 502.56 to 534.74; and miscellaneous, from 599.30 to 726.70, registering rises of 40.73, 123.16, 32.18 and 127.40 points respectively. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced to 13.65 cents as compared with 14.71 cents in the previous month.

Retail quotations for second grade Saigon rice averaged $113.90 per shih in April as compared with $100.45 in March 1941 and $9.73 in 1936. Adding to the serious situation caused by high rice prices was the soaring of coal briquettes. These, which retailed at an average price of $1.06 per 100 chin in 1936, sold at $8.78 in February, $10.28 in March, and $14.93 in April 1941. In other words, the price of rice is over seven and half times, while that of coal briquettes is fourteen times that of 1936.

Retail prices of other commodities rose equally sharply during the month. Mention may be made of fresh beef whose price was increased from $1.74 per chin in March to $2.16 in April; of salt, from $0.41 per chin to $0.48; of firewood, from $0.32 per bundle to $0.38; of kerosene, from $0.64 per chin to $0.70; of matches, from $0.099 per box to $.112; of striped cotton shirtings, from $0.355 per ch'ih to $0.408; of jeans and drills, from $0.485 per ch'ih to $0.528; of soap, from $0.355 per cake to $0.393; and of hot water, from $0.125 per 10 ladles to $0.200.

INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF SHANGHAI WORKERS

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*1940 Feb.*	*1940 March*	*1940 April*	*1941 March*	*1941 April*
Group Indices:						
Food	100.00	394.67	365.15	357.43	673.53	774.36	815.09
Rent	100.00	304.83	304.83	304.83	385.26	385.26	385.26
Clothing	100.00	264.36	289.10	342.18	474.62	502.56	534.74
Fuel and Light	100.00	433.48	474.61	470.76	575.98	636.38	759.54
Miscellaneous	100.00	355.99	384.54	385.97	526.04	599.30	726.70
General Index	100.00	377.32	368.08	364.72	602.29	679.99	732.79
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	26.46	27.17	27.42	16.60	14.71	13.65
Percentage increase (+) or decrease (—) of purchasing power compared with 1936		—73.54	—72.83	—72.58	—83.40	—85.29	—86.35

RETAIL PRICE IN SHANGHAI

Commodities	*Unit*	*Average 1936*	*1941 Feb.*	*1941 March*	*1941 April*
Food:					
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade)	Shih*	$ 9.943	95.347	114.645	118.013
Sien Rice (1st grade)†	Shih	9.735	81.448	100.450	113.900
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	80.848	100.122	108.493
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	25.506	31.888	30.941
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.500	.572	.599
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.0350	.0500	.0500
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.0350	.0500	.0500
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.0263	.0300	.0300
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.360	1.600	1.600
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.218	.238	.240
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.230	.240	.230
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.033	.183	.190	.203
Hsueh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.220	.200	.174
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.060	.052	.053
Turnips	Chin	.034	.050	.051	.073
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.240	.428	.460
Allium Odorum	Chin	.066	.510	.360	.205
Spinach	Chin	.042	.089	.063	.056
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	1.800	1.638	1.763
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	1.588	1.738	2.163
Salted Pork	Chin	.301	1.421	1.363	1.443
Chicken	Chin	.326	2.000	2.025	2.375
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.620	1.540	1.600
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.868	.853	.697
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	1.006	1.054	1.111
Fresh Duck Eggs	Piece	.024	.179	.177	.156
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	1.018	1.083	1.172
Lard	Chin	.307	1.800	1.713	1.713
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.381	.390	.389
Salt	Chin	.112	.359	.408	.484
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.721	.725	.755
Rent:‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.140	7.386	7.386	7.386
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	10.195	10.195	10.195
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	12.625	12.625	12.625
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (13 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.383	.397	.436
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.503	.540	.565
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.331	.355	.408
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.441	.449	.494
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.572	.568	.588
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.296	.275	.302
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	.146	.641	.694	.690
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.083	.324	.355	.357
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.482	.485	.528
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	2.000	2.100	2.200
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	1.025	1.125	1.208
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	8.775	10.275	14.934
Kerosene	Chin	.136	.546	.635	.700
Firewood	Bundle	.042	.322	.318	.380
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.070	.073	.080
Matches	Box	.0100	.0688	.0991	.1122
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.929	14.000	14.188	14.375
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.234	.355	.393
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.747	.783	.809
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.195	.199	.200
Shao-shing	Chin	.094	.449	.485	.525
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	1.032	1.129	1.206
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.600	1.600
Hot Water	10 Ladles	.017	.100	.125	.200

† Sien rice was not on market since Feb, 1940, quotations given are those of second grade Saigon rice.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien = 32 cubic metres. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 English pounds.

1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 English feet. 1 Shih shih = 156 Shih chin.

Provisional Index of Cost of Living of Western Foreign Salaried Employees in Shanghai for April.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

The consolidated index of cost of living for foreign residents in Shanghai registered a record increase of 23.49 points rising to 236.44 in the month of April, on October 1939 base of 100. The Russian index rose from 217.92 in March to 243.46 in April; the index of "Other nationalities", from 214.21 to 236.49; the British, from 205.41 to 226.92; and the American, from 198.84 to 217.85 showing increases of 25.54, 22.28, 21.51 and 19.01 points respectively. Of the group indices for all nationalities, the rise in the heat index led all others and that of food index came second. The heat index rose from 223.32 in March to 264.19 in April; the food index, from 259.15 to 287.30; miscellaneous, from 176.76 to 196.27; clothing, from 211.75 to 231.20; and rent, from 169.77 to 183.23 recording increases of 40.87, 28.15, 19.51, 19.45 and 13.46 points respectively. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced by 57.71 per cent. as against 53.04 per cent. in March, over October 1939.

Rent investigation for the second quarter of 1941 was conducted in April. It was found that rentals of detached houses remained unchanged while those of apartments, terrace houses, and single rooms showed rises of 5.21, 12.14 and 29.79 per cent. respectively. The increase in single rooms was nearly 2.5 times that of terrace houses and over 5.5 times that of apartments.

Higher living allowances have been given to servants according to the April survey. A cook received an average monthly sum of $61.67; a boy, $54.67; and an amah, $38.45 in April as against $48.95, $47.82 and $34.69 during the first quarter of the year.

To obtain a more specific idea of the extent of price increases, average retail prices for April compare with those of March for a few of the daily necessities as follows: average price of Hongay cobbles rose from $302.13 per metric ton in March to $397.00 in April; that of Russian white bread, Manila brand, from $0.36 per lb. to $0.43; of sirloin roast, from $3.03 per lb. to $3.45; of bananas, from $0.47 per lb. to $0.62; of Vitayna margarine, from $2.26 per lb. to $2.61; of dress material, Marsarelle, from $1.64 per yd. to $1.80; of Swallow silk stockings, from $4.35 per pair to $5.04; of A class dry cleaning, from $2.75 per suit to $3.50; and of Lux soap, from $0.50 per cake to $0.71.

PROVISIONAL(1) INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN(2) SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American			British		
		1941			1941		
		Feb.	March	April	Feb	March	April
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	214.90	222.94	243.30	232.28	240.12	266.09
Clothing & Materials	100.00	204.36	209.27	222.96	208.64	214.10	232.24
Rent	100.00	176.30	176.30	183.52	173.77	173.77	181.22
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	206.04	222.38	264.14	210.28	226.40	268.81
Miscellaneous	100.00	165.52	169.27	192.47	174.05	178.19	201.92
General Index	100.00	193.15	198.84	217.85	199.67	205.41	226.92

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian			Other Nationalities		
		1941			1941		
		Feb.	March	April	Feb.	March	April
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	263.01	272.99	305.28	244.49	259.44	282.55
Clothing & Materials	100.00	194.86	206.00	225.32	217.15	223.19	246.09
Rent	100.00	164.33	164.33	180.58	176.03	176.03	191.95
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	205.55	223.09	264.28	204.17	220.32	258.27
Miscellaneous	100.00	174.25	178.64	195.57	169.62	172.50	191.75
General Index	100.00	210.24	217.92	243.46	206.08	214.21	236.49

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated		
		1941		
		Feb.	March	April
General Indices				
American	100.00	193.15	198.84	217.85
British	100.00	199.67	205.41	226.92
Russian	100.00	210.24	217.92	243.46
Other Nationalities	100.00	206.08	214.21	236.49
Consolidated Index	100.00	205.77	212.95	236.44
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	48.60	46.96	42.29

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Mar.	1941 Apr.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:					
1	Bakerite — White	loaf	14 oz	.31	.92	1.00
2	Bakerite — White—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	.94	1.08
3	Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	.87	.98
4	Bread — Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.60	.63
5	Bread — Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.60	.63
6	Bread — Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.36	.43
7	Flour — A australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.68	.74
8	Flour — Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.64	.64
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.25	1.35
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.22	1.28
11	Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	4.22	4.53
12	Rolled oats — Loose	lb.		.44	.99	1.01
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.76	.80
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.14	.136
15	Beef — Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	4.01	4.71
16	Beef — Rump steak	lb.		.65	2.95	3.49
17	Beef — Topside steak	lb.		.63	2.95	3.50
18	Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	3.03	3.15
19	Beef — Rib roast	lb.		.60	2.90	3.32
20	Beef — Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	3.41	4.35
21	Beef — Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.03	2.35
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.12	2.45
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.01	2.55
24	Veal—loin chop	lb.		.58	1.74	1.99
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.59	1.61
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	4.06	4.39
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	2.65	2.78
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	2.40	2.81
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	2.08	2.41
30	Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.19	.18
31	Egg — Duck	pc.		.08	.19	.17
32	Fish — Herring	lb.		.18	.57	.66
33	Fish — Salmon	lb.		.52	1.60	1.80
34	Fish — Mandarin	lb.		.79	1.77	2.19
35	Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	1.34	1.63
36	Fish — Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.00	1.06
37	Fish — Yellow	lb.		.34	.76	.73
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	3.13	4.13
39	Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.43	.42
40	Potatoes — Sweet	lb.		.06	.27	.30
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.18	.34
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.40	.38
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.11	.11
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	—(8)	.70
45	Beans — French	lb.		.14	.98	1.23
46	Beans — Lima	lb.		.33	.81	.73
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.27	1.61
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.17	.25
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.36	.38
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.05
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.56	.93
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	5.30	5.65
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½ oz.	1.40	2.00	2.16
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 12 16 oz.	2.98	4.00	4.33
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.90	3.09	3.53
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	.79	.83
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.47	.62
58	Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.28	.61	.61
59	Oranges — Mandarin	lb.		.35	.95	1.39
60	Lemons	pc.		.48	.72	.72
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	8.11	.82

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Mar.	1941 Apr.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*					
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.78	1.99
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.30	1.37
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb.	1.24	1.73	1.74
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.80	1.85
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.43	1.53
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	7.07	7.76
68	Margarine — Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.26	2.61
69	Margarine — Palm	lb.		1.28	2.26	2.61
70	Milk — Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.15	1.15
71	Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.79	.84
72	Milk — Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	.90	.96
73	Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	5.49	6.09
74	Cheese — Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.80	2.80
75	Cream — Sour	lb.		1.50	3.30	3.30
76	Cream — Table	pint		2.64	5.55	5.55
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	1.85	1.97
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	3.04	3.13
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.90	3.57
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	7.27	7.85
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	⅔ lb.	.12	.20	.25
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	.95	.99
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.88	1.88
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	7.35	7.86
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.65	.69
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.47	1.51
87	Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.82	.86
88	Sugar — Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.67	.72
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.86	.88
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.11	1.12
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.54	1.68
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.18	2.32
93	Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	19.05	20.25
94	Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	6.56	7.17
95	Coffee — Mocha	lb.		2.68	3.20	3.38
96	Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	3.81	4.09
97	Cocoa — Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	6.32	7.04
98	Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	3.25	3.34
99	Tea — Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	5.19	6.50
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	1.79	2.10
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	Intl No. 2	1.43	2.03	2.03
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	5.36	5.43
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	3.61	3.80
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.71	5.80
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	1.90	2.05
106	Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.48	1.51
107	Cigarettes — Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.77
108	Cigarettes — Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.21	1.22
109	Cigarettes — Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.35	1.35
II	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	53.50	53.75
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	29.50	29.50
112	Viyella—T T T	yd.		9.75	18.54	19.60
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	19.50	22.00
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	15.50	16.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	10.50	11.00
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	8.75	9.50
117	Marsarelle—Red Label—Lung Chang	yd.		.53	1.64	1.80
118	Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	8.99	10.21
119	Shirt — White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	6.66	7.30
120	Union suit — Cotton — 10" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	5.60	0.50

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— (*Continued*)

Commodities and Services	*Unit*	*Size of Unit*	*Av. Oct. 1939*	*1941 Mar.*	*1941 Apr.*
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122 Slip — Silk	pc.		10.00	14.00	14.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	28.00	28.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X 11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	6.00	6.00
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	3.80	3.80
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	59.90	59.90
127 Shoes Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	17.90	19.90
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	22.50	22.50
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	4.35	5.04
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	9.25	9.80
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.79	1.87
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.26	12.60	12.60
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	29.50	29.50
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	14.00	17.00
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.15	1.23
137 Knitting wools Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	38.60	42.30
138 Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	27.49	33.86
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	.80	.93
140 Laundry Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.31	.31
141 Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.15	.20
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	2.75	3.50
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	2.50	3.00
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm.(3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.05	33.05
145 Apartment and flat	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	41.69	43.86
146 Terrace house	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	25.12	28.17
147 Single room	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	53.04	68.84
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.472	.472
152 Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.215	.202
153 Elec-tric Light — French — Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.369	.369
154 Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.134	.134
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.1050	.1050
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	302.13	297.00
157 Coal briquettes	100shih chin(5)		3.75	10.28	14.94
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	x5Am gal.	29.35	39.86	46.86

Commodities and Services	*Unit*	*Size of Unit*	*Av. Oct. 1939*	*1941 Mar.*	*1941 Apr.*
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160 French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.1825	.1825
161 Ice	100lb.		1.00	2.50	2.50
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.083	.083
163 French Concession	per mi.		.040	.056	.056
164 Tram- Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0637	.0637
165 1st class French Concession	per mi.		.040	.061	.061
166 Taxicab	20min.		2.20	3.60	4.60
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	3.60	4.00
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169 Newspapers North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.80	.80
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	47.82	54.67
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	48.96	61.67
176 Amah	p.mon		19.15	34.69	38.45
177 Lotion Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	5.48	5.92
178 Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	11.52	13.25
179 Face cream Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.14	4.36
180 Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.80	6.14	6.62
181 Face power—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	7.78	8.58
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	2.23	2.65
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.01	2.26
184 Sincere's	tube		.25	.45	.67
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	5.04	5.76
186 Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	2.26	2.59
187 Red Ball	roll		.34	.95	.98
188 Toilet paper Pagoda	roll		.64	1.42	1.43
189 Fan	roll		.45	1.05	1.09
190 Lever Health	cake		.15	.31	.37
191 Lux	cake		.32	.50	.71
192 Soap Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	.83	.98
193 Ivory	cake		1.24	1.87	1.95
194 Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	1.41	1.89
195 Cleanser Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.37	.49
196 Beauty	tin		.07	.14	.14
197 Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.05	1.20
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.40	.91	1.00
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	24.25	29.35
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	23.63	33.08
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.43	1.56
202 Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.65	.81
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.51	2.66
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.33	2.72
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.15	1.30
206 B			.40	.87	.87

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) =110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.
(8) Not on market.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, April 26th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	2	0	3	0
Diphtheria	4	0	7	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	0	9	2
Tuberculosis	32	11	89	67
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	1	57	49
Paratyphoid Fever	1	1	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	3	0	4	2
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	4
Influenza	0	0	8	7
Malaria	3	0	0	0
Measles	24	2	34	25
Typhus Fever	0	0	3	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	20	5
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		915
Total Deaths from all Causes		16		1077

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, May 3rd, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	4	3
Scarlet Fever	0	0	3	0
Diphtheria	0	0	8	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	4	3	91	72
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	1	46	39
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	2	0	5	3
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	1	1	0	0
Influenza	3	0	3	2
Malaria	1	0	4	0
Measles	8	0	26	15
Typhus Fever	1	0	3	2
Relapsing Fever	4	0	33	3
Leprosy	0	0	2	1
Encephalitis Lethargica	0	0	1	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		12		880
Total Deaths from all Causes		17		1025

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, May 10th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	1	0	3	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	2	0	10	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	2	0	11	5
Tuberculosis	8	2	60	54
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	3	0	50	49
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	1	0	5	3
Bacillary Dysentery	1	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	1	1
Influenza	1	0	1	1
Malaria	0	0	5	1
Measles	8	1	16	13
Typhus Fever	2	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	14	2
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		14		827
Total Deaths from all Causes		17		960

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, May 17th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	3	1	1	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	0	0
Diphtheria	7	0	3	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	1	2	2
Tuberculosis	32	9	65	65
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	6	2	60	49
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	2	1
Amoebic Dysentery	5	0	6	3
Bacillary Dysentery	3	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	10	6
Influenza	1	0	5	4
Malaria	0	0	2	0
Measles	16	0	24	17
Typhus Fever	1	1	14	3
Relapsing Fever	2	0	23	3
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		18		930
Total Deaths form all Causes		25		1088

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight May 24th, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	1
Scarlet Fever	1	0	1	0
Diphtheria	1	0	7	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	3	1
Tuberculosis	8	5	85	68
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	45	48
Paratyphoid Fever	3	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	2	0		
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0	12	9
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	3
Influenza	1	0	3	0
Malaria	1	0	3	1
Measles	7	1	19	18
Typhus Fever	4	0	3	3
Relapsing Fever	2	0	23	6
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		12		907
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		1056

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES.

Pingliang Road.

An area of Mow 3.433, comprising a portion of B.C. Lot 7367, Cadastral Lot 6510, together with buildings standing thereon, has been sold for a sum of $40,874.

ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN OF COUNCIL.

The first meeting of the Provisional Council for the Municipal Year 1941/42 was held at the Council Chamber, Administration Building, at 4.30 p.m. on May 1 when the following members of Council were present:—Messrs. N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hauwa, Jabin Hsu, J. H. Liddell, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan.

Mr. J. H. Liddell was elected Chairman of the Council and Mr. I. Okamoto was elected Vice-Chairman.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5457.

S.M.C. RICE.

THE Council's purchases of rice from the Hong Kong Government now amount to a total of 150,000 bags. Out of these purchases some 60,000 bags have arrived and are now in course of discharging from steamers in port, while all of the balance should be here before the end of the current month. Judged by the actual average daily consumption of rice of all grades in the international Settlement and the French Concession during 1940, it is evident that the supplies in view are adequate to meet the needs of the community as soon as proper distribution has been completed.

In the meantime and until the stocks of S.M.C. rice on hand are sufficient to permit more or less unrestricted sales, the Council has decided that until further notice no shop shall be permitted to sell to any household, family or group more than half a Zah per week of S.M.C. rice and such sales can be made for own consumption only. In order to implement this decision no shop shall be permitted to make a single sale to any one person of more than one-fifth of a Zah (16 Kilos) of S.M.C. rice. The rice Retailers have been instructed accordingly and the Police will closely watch that this restriction is strictly adhered to.

It is expected that by the end of this week the S.M.C. rice will be on sale in all retail shops in the International Settlement and the French Concession. The retail price for S.M.C. rice has for the present been fixed by the Council at $10 per Zah (10 Kilos) **delivered weight.** The rice must be sold by the shops as received, and mixing by the shops of S.M.C. rice with other qualities of rice is strictly prohibited.

Anybody discovering irregularities in the above rules of distribution, price and quality is requested to report the matter to the nearest Police Station.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 14, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5456.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Linen Requirements—1941. Tender No. 14.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of bleached and unbleached sheeting, calico, white drill, Canton flannel, coolie bluecloth, khaki drill, bleached double damask and Turkish bath towels.

Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Administration Building, 223 Hankow Road. Samples to be submitted to Stores Office, Public Health Department.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building not later than 11 a.m. on May 20, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5455.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be no allotment of Municipal Debentures to Depositors on May 5 next. Balances at credit of Depositors' accounts will continue to carry interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum until such time as an allotment is made.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 1, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5462.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT—REVENUE OFFICE.

TEMPORARY APPRAISERS.

THE Council invites applications from persons with the following qualifications for temporary employment in connection with the re-assessment of premises for rating purposes:—

(1) Property Valuers with architectural or civil engineering qualifications and local experience.
(2) Architectural Assistants with local experience.

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience should be addressed to the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road before May 28. Envelopes to be marked "Appraising".

Terms according to qualifications and experience.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 20, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5464.

LOAN OF 1941.

Issue of Debentures for Dollars 9,000,000 at 92½ per cent. Rate of Interest 6 per cent. per annum.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers held on April 17, 1941, the Council invites applications for debentures in the Loan of 1941. Of this issue $2,500,000 are reserved for the funding of outstanding temporary loans and for the Council's Trust Funds and the balance of $6,500,000 is offered for subscription to the public.

The Debentures in this issue will be for Chinese Dollars, local currency, and will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year, except that the first payment of interest will be made on December 31, 1941.

The Debentures will be issued at 92½ per cent. and will be wholly redeemed by December 31, 1951, by means of semi-annual drawings in June and December of each year. The first of these drawings will take place in June 1942; repayments being made on June 30 and December 31 in each year respectively.

The Debentures will be secured by a Trust Deed under which the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation will act as Trustees for the Debenture Holders and in order to secure the repayment of the principal and payment of interest on this Loan the Council will assign to the trustees for the service of the Loan and set aside in a special account to be opened with the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation the proceeds of Licence Fees and Entertainment Tax on Theatres, Cinematographs, Music Halls, Bijou Theatres and Circuses and also any part of the royalties which form the security for the Loan of 1940 which is not required for the servicing of that Loan. In addition the Loan will be further secured by a floating charge on the general assets and revenues of the Municipality.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of $10,000, $5,000, $1,000, $500 and $100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

The Subscription List will be open from 10 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. on May 28, 1941 in the Loans and Banking Office of the Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, Shanghai. In the event of this issue being over-subscribed allotment will be on a pro-rata basis.

Application forms can be obtained from and all enquiries should be addressed to the Treasurer at the above address.

Debentures to the nominal value of $6,500,000 of this Loan have been underwritten jointly by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and Messrs. Benjamin & Potts.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 24, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD

PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5466.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

Conversion into 6% Loan of 1941.

Depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months are hereby reminded that they have the option of converting their deposits, together with accrued interest thereon, into the 6 per cent. Loan of 1941, which will be issued on May 28, 1941, at 92½ per cent.

The option of conversion will expire at 9.00 a.m., on Wednesday May 28, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 24, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information regarding tenders under this section, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
664	2,000 yards Blue Cotton Drill, 27/28 inches wide, guaranteed fast dyed.		July 18, 11 a.m.
665	2,300 yards Armlet Lace, 2 inches wide, guaranteed fast dyed.		July 18, 11 a.m.

TENDERS INVITED—(*Continued*)

No.	Description	Fee	Date

ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Tender forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the Finance Department, Room 261. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary & Commissioner General, Room 150, Administration Building.

1	The Council is prepared to receive tenders for 1942 Supplies of Stationery.		July 14, 11 a.m.

POLICE FORCE.

Information, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.

653	500 yards Khaki Drill for Officers.		June 7, 11 a.m.
654	17,000 yards Khaki Drill for Foreigners.		do
655	22,000 yards Khaki Drill for Chinese.		do
656	2,000 yards Khaki Cloth for Loongies.		do
657	2,500 pairs Khaki Woollen Stockings.		do
658	2,000 pairs Dark Blue Woollen Putties.		do
659	185 Gross reels Sewing Cotton (various shades).		do
660	2,000 yards Plain White Cotton Bed Sheeting.		do
661	400 yards Cotton Curtain Material, Brown.		do
662	300 pairs Khaki Woollen Putties.		do
663	350 pairs Khaki Woollen Hose-tops.		do

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Information regarding tender under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works.

41/61	Alteration to Gordon Road Police Station		June 12, 11 a.m.

Information and official tender forms under this section may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.

666	(1) One new 1 ton Truck Chassis. (2) Two new 5 seater Standard Sedan Passenger Cars.		July 9, 11 a.m.

POLICE FORCE.

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the S.M.P. Headquarters.

667	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P. for the month of July, 1941.		June 18, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game.	$100	
	" "B" Vegetables & Fruit.	100	
	" "C" Groceries.	100	
	" "D" Bread.	100	
	" "E" Fresh Milk.	100	
668	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P.	100	June 18, 11 a.m.

FIRE BRIGADE.

Particulars, specifications and official tender forms may be obtained at Fire Brigade Headquarters, 280 Honan Road.

68	1 Medium Truck Chassis.		June 6, 11 a.m.
69	1 Light Commercial Truck.		June 6, 11 a.m.
70	1 Commercial Chassis (1-ton).		June 6, 11 a.m.
71	From 200 yds. to 280 yds. of Navy Blue Heavy Serge. 24-25 oz. 59" wide; fast chrome dye; thoroughly shrunk. Price to include duty, delivery and all other charges.		June 17, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Police Force. Tender 70A. Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section for a period of 3 months from June 1, 1941.

	Hong Lee & Co.		Hong Lee & Co.
Bean Oil	$1.60 per lb.	Oranges or Tomatoes	$1.10 per lb.
Beef, 2nd Grade	3.15 „ „	Ox Liver	2.60 „ „
Cabbage	0.14 „ „	Pork, 2nd Grade	1.96 „ „
Fish, salt	0.95 „ „	Salt	0.50 „ „
Lard	1.55 „ „	Tea	3.10 „ „
Milk, Grade "B"	0.55 per pt.	Lamp Oil	1.65 „ „
Onions or Leeks	0.28 per lb.	Turnips	0.15 „ „

Police Force. Tender No. 70B. Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section for a period of 3 months from June 1, 1941.

	Hong Lee & Co.		Hong Lee & Co.
Barley	$1.35 per lb.	Oatmeal	$1.26 per lb.
Beef (2nd Grade)	3.25 „ „	Onions or Leeks	0.28 „ „
Bread	0.715 „ „	Pepper	1.15 per bt.
Cabbage	0.16 „ „	Pork (2nd Grade)	1.96 per lb.
Chili Powder	1.80 „ „	Potatoes	0.40 „ „
Cocoa	4.60 „ „	Rice	0.80 „ „
Fish, fresh	0.85 „ „	Salt, (Cooking)	0.50 „ „
Fish, salt, Russian	2.50 „ „	Sesame Oil	1.65 „ „
Flour	0.75 „ „	Suet	1.20 „ „
Fruit, fresh	0.98 „ „	Sugar	0.96 „ „
Green Beans	0.55 „ „	Tea	3.75 „ „
Milk (Grade "B")	0.55 per pt.	Ox Liver	2.60 „ „

Shanghai Volunteer Corps. Tender No. 44. 300 pairs, Boots, ankle.
Ah Shing & Co. $59.50 per pair.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/58. Sale of Truck.
Ting Tai Iron Co. $10,377

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/57. Alterations to proposed Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, Tifeng Road.

	"A"	"B"	"C"	"D"
Cheng Tai	$18,490	$2,570	$1,570	$2,870

Police Force. Notification No. 5427. 3 Second-hand Trucks for Sale.

	1.	2.	3.	Total
Chi Don Shou	$4,567	$4,567	$4,046	$13,180

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/56. Supply of 500 fong of Broken Stone (Blue) ¼" to dust.

Shar Shin Kee $29.60 per fong

Police Force. Tender No. 651. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of June, 1941.

Z. S. Waung $5.88 per man per day including milk and bread

Fire Brigade. Tender No. 66—Fire Brigade delivery Hose—Single-jacket, unlined, of best quality flax canvas. (No tender received).

Tender No. 67—Fire Brigade Suction Hose.

The Jardine Engineering Corporation, Ltd. Seven 10′ lengths of 5″ (6-ply) 9/6d. per foot
Six 15′ „ „ 5″ („) 9/6d. „
One 15′ „ „ 6″ (7-ply) 15/-d. „
One 25′ „ „ 6″ („) 15/-d. „

Police Force. Tender No. 645—450 pairs British Army Pattern Ankle Boots with Mohair laces. (No tender has been accepted).

Tender No. 648—Supply of Boots and Shoes for Foreign Branches of Shanghai Municipal Police.

Pille Shoe Co.	For period of 3 months
	Boots, Foreign (B) $52.70 per pair
	Shoes „ (B) $49.50 „

Tender No. 649—Supply of Leather etc. (material only) for Foreign Boots and Shoes. (No tender received).

Tender No. 652—Making of Boots and Shoes with Council's material. (No tender has been accepted).

TENDERS RECEIVED.

Police Force. Tender No. 650. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of June, 1941.

No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1941. 1840

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road,

from
Wednesday, July 2
to
Saturday, July 5,
inclusive.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911. MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION No. 5487. DANGEROUS OR INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the licence conditions governnig the handling of Dangerous or Inflammable Liquids, published under Notification No. 5443 of April 24, 1941, will have effect from July 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5488. LAND TAX.

Notice is hereby given that Land Tax for the half-year ending December 31, 1941, is due on July 1, 1941.

Taxpayers are reminded that Land Tax will not be called for but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5489. COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

Notice is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending September 30, 1941, is due on July 1, 1941. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5452. TENDERS INVITED.

THE Council is prepared to receive tenders for 1942 Supplies of Stationery.

Tender forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the Finance Department. Room 261, Administration Building.

All tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on July 14, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5491.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Tuesday, July 1.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5444. ENTRANCE FEES TO PARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that from June 1, 1941 to May 31, 1942, fees for season and daily tickets to Public Parks will be as follows:—

$5 per season covering admission to all Parks.
$2 per season covering admission to all Parks excluding Jessfield Park.
30 cents per diem, daily entrance fee for each Park.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5454. SUNSHADES OVER MUNICIPAL FOOTPATHS.

NOTICE is hereby given that permits to erect sunshades over Municipal footpaths may be obtained from May 1 onwards from the undernoted issuing offices.

Mat Sunshades.

Room 29, Public Works Department, Administration Building.

Cloth Sunshades.

Room 29, Public Works Department, Administration Building, and the following Police Stations.

From May 1 to May 24 inclusive:
511 Gordon Road
1291 Gordon Road
279 Avenue Road
70 Muirhead Road

From May 26 to June 18 inclusive:
360 Chengtu Road
260 Minghong Road
645 Ningpo Road
830 Haining Road

The fee payable is $5.00 per fong in the case of mat sunshades and $4.00 per fong for cloth sunshades. Minimum fee $5.00 and $4.00 respectively.

The permit is available for the year ending December 31 1941 and must be obtained before the sunshade is erected.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 30 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5485. HANDCART AND TROLLEY CART LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that licences for Handcarts and Trolley Carts for the quarter ending September 30, 1941, will be issued at the Licence Issuing Office, Vehicle Inspection Compound, No. 557 Gordon Road, commencing Friday, June 27, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 23, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on June 11.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa and Yulin Hsi.

Fortnightly meeting held on June 25.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Staff Committee, May 29.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, R. von der Crone, A. Glathe, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and G. E. Mitchell.

Supplies Committee, June 2.—Present: Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, K.B.E. (*Chairman*), Messrs. E. M. Gran, G. A. Haley, F. Hoehnke, C. J. Knipschildt, W. Mellor and T. Wakimoto. Absent: Messrs. L. W. Hutton, W. J. Lee and Dr. K. Sugimura.

Education Board, June 4.—Present: Drs. R. J. McMullen (*Chairman*), K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. Dean, Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Messrs. Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mr. K. I. Loh and Dr. Sidney K. Wei.

Finance Committee, June 6.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell. Absent: Messrs. C. G. Gadow, Yulin Hsi and F. S. Hsu.

Public Utilities Committee, June 9.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Chen Nee, T. S. Powell, Shao Shu-Hwa, R. von der Crone and Y. Yazima. Absent: Mr. T. K. Tsutsumi.

Industrial and Social Affairs Committee, June 12.—Present: Mr. N. F. Allman (*Chairman*), Mrs. J. S. Barr, Messrs. W. G. Braidwood, J. D. Carriere, C. Fumagalli, Dr. L. C. Hylbert, Messrs. I. Okamoto and J. M. Tavares. Absent: Mrs. J. H. Sun.

Staff Committee, June 16.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, R. von der Crone, A. Glathe, G. E. Mitchell, R. T. McDonnall, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

Education Board, June 18.—Present: Drs. R. J. McMullen (*Chairman*), K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. T. Dean, Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Mr. K. I. Loh and Dr. Sidney K. Wei.

Works Committee, June 19.—Present: Messrs. R. T. McDonnell (*In the Chair*), C. H. Chen, T. Haraguchi, F. J. Hookham, G. E. Marden, H. S. Poulsen and Dr. G. Probst. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa and Pan San Hsin.

Public Utilities Committee, June 19.—President: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Chen Nee, Shao Shu-Hwa, T. K. Tsutsumi and R. von der Crone. Absent: Messrs. T. S. Powell and Y. Yazima.

Health Committee, June 20.—Present: Mr. A. Glathe (*Chairman*), Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Mr. G. A. Haley, Drs. R. J. McMullen, P. Mutu Nardone, Mr. Y. Noda, Drs. Szeming Sze, and Y. Tongu. Absent: Dr. P. T. Chow, Mr. K. C. Hsu, Drs. W. S. Parsons and J. de Portaria.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOL FEES. Chinese Primary and Night Schools.

The Council has approved the recommendation of the Education Board in regard to adjustments in school fees at the following schools commencing September 1, 1941:—

Boone Road Primary School.—Present fee to be increased from $7.50 to $12.00 per term commencing September 1, 1941. This school was originally established as a special type of school catering for the poorest section of the community.

Kinchow Road Primary School.—The school fee for the section of the school operating in the permanent building, 100 Kinchow Road to be increased from $48 per term commencing September 1, 1941, thus bringing it in line with the Cunningham Road Primary School which is also operating on a full-time basis.

Night Schools.—School fee increased from $2 to $3 per term commencing September 1, 1941. These schools provide a course of studies of one year's duration for young persons between the ages of 14 and 20 years who are engaged in factories and workshops and for those who have not completed a primary school course.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotion:—

Light Horse.—2nd Lt. W. B. Hughes to be Lt.—May 5, 1941.

Appointment—Commissions:—

The undermentioned is appointed 2nd Lieutenant with effect from June 19, 1941.

Transport Company.—Driver Ernest Philip Higgs.

Transfers:—

Captain G. Danson is re-appointed to the Active List from Reserve of Officers "A"—June 6, 1941.

Captain J. A. C. Law is re-appointed to the Active List from Reserve of Officers "B" June 1, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.

Interpreter Company.—Lt. D. K. Wong—May 24, 1941.

Scottish Company.—Maj. T. W. R. Wilson—May 3, 1941.

Resignations:—

Transport Company.—Lt. S. E. Avery resigned his commission—February 26, 1941.

"A" Battalion H. Q.—Maj. C. C. Todd resigned his commission—January, 13, 1941.

"B" Battalion H. Q.—Maj. G. M. Neal resigned his commission—June 14, 1941.

"C" Battalion H. Q.—Capt. H. V. Gulston resigned his commission—May 31, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "A".—Lt. G. D. Nicholl resigned his commission—October 13, 1940.

Reserve of Officers "B".—Lt. C. L. L. Williams resigned his commission—May 28, 1941.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE (SPECIALS).

Orders by the D. C. (Specials).

Promotion.—The following promotions are authorised as from 15/4/41:—

A/S 6 G. D. Dammers to Sergeant.
S/C 99 N. I. Hasanove to Assistant Sergeant
" 149 E. A. Machado " " "
" 291 F. M. Guterres " " "
" 295 A. Mahomed " " "
" 813 C. S. Wang " " "
" 821 C. Y. Fong " " "
" 776 K. C. Chang " " "
" 844 H. C. Lee " " "
" 802 Y. S. Wu " " "
" 845 B. K. Chen " " "
" 786 H. Z. Chou " " "
" 744 S. Y. Hung " " "
" 815 B. F. Chen " " "
" 848 Y. D. Sung " " "
" 916 S. Y. Wong " " "

Long Service Medal.—The following members have been awarded the L.S.M. as from the undermentioned dates:—

Sgt. 575 K. Yamasaka 28/1/40.
S/C 576 Y. Miyoshi 28/1/40.
Mr. R. G. MacDonald, D. C.—2nd Bar 22/6/40.
Mr. W. J. Gande, A. C.—2nd Bar 28/6/40.
S/C 475 R. Barrie 28/5/41.
S/C 136 K. S. Koo—2nd Bar 1/4/41.

Commendation.—The following men are commended for assisting the Regulars in making arrests on the undermentioned dates:—

Sgt. 114 H. C. Pelling 24/4/41.
A/S 290 C. Sholler 7/6/41.

Obituary.—The D. C. (Specials) records with much regret, the death, in action, of ex Assistant Commissioner Commander W. A. Elliot.

Commander Elliot served with the Specials from 18/3/24 to 4/10/38.

General Order. Copy of letter received from the Commissioner of Police on June 12th, 1941:—

June 12, 1941.

D. C. (Specials).

I received with great pleasure your kind letter on behalf of the Special Police and shall be grateful if you will inform all concerned how much I appreciate their congratulations on the honour conferred on me by His Majesty.

(signed) K. M. BOURNE,
Commissioner of Police.

(signed) R. G. MACDONALD,
D. C. (Specials).

NOTIFICATION No. 5481.
ANNUAL REPORT—CHINESE EDITION.

NOTICE is hereby given that copies of the Chinese edition of the Annual Report and Accounts for 1940 and Budget for 1941 are available. Chinese ratepayers may obtain copies upon application in writing to the undersigned. Envelopes should be marked "Annual Report—Chinese Edition."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5482.
DISTRIBUTION OF MUNICIPAL GAZETTE—CHINESE EDITION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the present arrangement for the distribution of the Chinese edition of the monthly Municipal Gazette has been terminated. Chinese ratepayers who desire to receive copies of the monthly Chinese edition of the Gazette in future are requested to send their names and addresses in writing to the Secretariat, S.M.C., 209 Kiangse Road, not later than July 15. Envelopes should be marked "Gazette—Chinese Edition."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5442.
DANGEROUS OR INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that no person shall keep, handle or manufacture any dangerous and/or inflammable liquids with a flashpoint below 70 degrees Fahrenheit (21 degrees Centigrade) in excess of the quantity specified without a licence first obtained therefor from the Municipal Council in accordance with Bye-law 35:—

Representative examples of the classes of dangerous and/or inflammable liquids are:

Class I (Flashpoint below 25 degrees Fahrenheit)
Ether Collodion
Carbon bisulphide Acetone
Gasoline Benzol
Naphtha

Class II (Flashpoint above 25 and below 70 degrees Fahrenheit)
Alcohol Ethyl Acetate
Amyl Acetate Methyl Acetate
Toluol

Licence is required for the handling of a total quantity of Class I liquids in excess of one gallon, and of Class II liquids in excess of five gallons.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5474.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Municipal Loans will be closed from June 16 to June 30, both days inclusive.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5479.
DOGS.

DOG owners who have not yet taken out licences for the current year are requested to present their applications forthwith at the Revenue Office, or at Bubbling Well, Gordon Road or Yangtszepoo Police Stations together with the fee of $12 for each dog.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5480.
CAST IRON SCRAP.

FOR sale by tender 100 tons Cast Iron Scrap. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349 Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 14, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5486.
PRIVATE RICSHA LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that Private Ricsha Licences for the half year ending December 31, 1941, will be issued at the Licence Issuing Office, Vehicle Inspection Compound, No. 557, Gordon Road, commencing Friday, June 27, 1941.

Licensees are reminded that applications for the renewal of Private Ricsha Licences should be made to the Licence Issuing Office not later than July 19, 1941. Applications received after that date will be allotted a new licence number entailing the payment of $1.50 registration fee in addition to the usual licence fee.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5490.
CONDEMNED CARCASES AND REJECTED MEAT.
Scale of Compensation.

Notice is hereby given that a variation in the authorized scale of compensation for condemned carcases, rejected meat, etc., has been approved by the Council and that, with effect from May 1, 1941, the revised scale for compensation will be as follows:—

	cents per pound
Pig Carcases	9
Pig Heads and Parts	4½
Dairy Animals (Carcases and Hides)	8
Ox and Calf Carcases and Parts	4
Buffalo Carcases and Parts	3
Sheep and Horse Carcases and Parts	2
Ox and Buffalo Livers (whole)	25 each

No compensation will be paid for carcases — anthrax or others — received for cremation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.
Order Book Extracts, May 21—June 19, 1941.

Fire Brigade.—Assistant Station Officer G. H. Mulley is promoted to be Station Officer on probation from June 1, 1941.

The resignation of Sub-Officer J. W. R. Young is accepted, services terminating on June 30, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with regret the death, on June 17, 1941, of Mr. C. Akagi, Special Deputy Commissioner of Police.

The Council records with regret the death, on June 9, 1941, of Inspector F. J. Willis.

For courage and initiative in face of an armed criminal, Chinese Constable No. 2926 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and tenacity whilst under fire from an armed criminal, Chinese Detective Sergeant No. 324 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For determined bravery and devotion to duty, Chinese Constable No. 456 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

The promotion of the following Probationary Sergeants to the rank of Sergeant is authorised from the dates specified:—

B. M. Vankoff, May 20, 1941.
J. R. Bain, June 2, 1941.
W. H. A. Carr, June 9, 1941.
A. F. Prokofieff, June 20, 1941.

Assistant Warder G. E. Roliz is promoted to the rank of Warder from June 15, 1941.

P. Freud and A. V. Fedorovich are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from May 28 and June 16, 1941, respectively.

F. A. Botelho, Probationary Sergeant on probation, is dismissed the Force from June 1, 1941.

The services of E. W. Stene, Probationary Sergeant on probation, terminated on June 19, 1941.

The resignation of Sergeant R. J. W. Crouch is accepted, services terminating on November 17, 1941.

Public Health Department.—Sister A. F. Kauffmann is permitted to resign, services terminating on June 4, 1941.

The resignation of Assistant Nurse N. Bogdanchikoff is accepted, services terminating on September 2, 1941.

Mrs. M. Osorgina is appointed Staff Nurse from June 16, 1941.

Public Works Department.—Mr. L. Corner, Senior Assistant, is promoted to be Chief of Section from July 1, 1941.

Mr. A. Y. Ogolin, Clerical Assistant, is promoted to be Senior Assistant from July 1, 1941.

Mr. Han Tsung-kya, Office Assistant, is promoted to be Clerical Assistant from July 1, 1941.

Finance Department.—Mr. P. Ehrlich is appointed Clerical Assistant on probation from June 5, 1941.

Finance Department — Revenue Office.—Inspector A. S. Sullivan retires on July 8, 1941.

Inspector T. Watanabe is promoted to be Chief Inspector from June 1, 1941.

Assistant Inspector M. Watanabe is promoted to be Inspector on probation from June 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

NOTIFICATION No. 5484.

Tenders are invited as follows:—

Tender No. 671. 500 yards Khaki Drill for Officers.

Tender No. 674. 2,000 yards Khaki Cloth for Loongies.

Tender No. 676. 2,000 pairs Dark Blue Woollen Putties.

Tender No. 680. 300 pairs Khaki Woollen Putties.

Information, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on August 6, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5483.

Tenders are invited as follows:—

Tender No. 672. 17,000 yards Khaki Drill for Foreigners.

Tender No. 673. 22,000 yards Khaki Drill for Chinese.

Tender No. 675. 2,500 pairs Khaki Woollen Stockings.

Tender No. 677. 185 Gross reels sewing cotton (various shades).

Tender No. 678. 2,000 yards plain white cotton Bed Sheeting.

Tender No. 679. 400 yards cotton curtain material, Brown.

Tender No. 681. 350 pairs Khaki Woollen Hose-tops.

Information, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on July 15, 1941.

By order
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 20, 1941.

ADVERTISING ON PUBLIC RICSHAS.

The Council at its regular meeting on May 28 approved of permission being granted to applicants to advertise on the back panel of public ricshas subject to the following conditions:—

All advertising matter must first be approved by the Police.

Paper or cardboard advertisements will not be permitted.

A flat rate of $1 per ricsha per month (subject to review) shall be paid to the Council monthly in advance. The licence numbers of the ricshas on which it is proposed to advertise shall be communicated to the Council, and the fee thereon shall become payable irrespective of whether or not the ricsha is used for advertising purposes. A registered advertisement number plate to be affixed in a conspicuous position to all such ricshas. The licensee of the ricsha shall be held responsible for payment of the fee, which is subject to review at any time at the discretion of the Council.

It was made clear to the applicants that the Council is not prepared to grant any monopoly in respect of this form of advertising and that the permission accorded may be withdrawn at any time should the Council think fit, also that the permission of the French Municipal Administration is required for advertising on ricshas which ply in the French Concession.

NOTIFICATION No. 5478.

6% LOAN OF 1940.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the terms of issue thereof a drawing of Debentures of the Loan of 1940 for redemption on June 30, 1941, took place in the Council Chamber on June 2, 1941 when the following numbers were drawn.

Nos.						Total Value $
A.	03097,	03103,	03136,	03138,	03151,	03180,
	03194,	03206,	03230,	03253,	03263,	03323,
	03358,	03360,	03368.		15 Debentures @ $100	1,500
B.	00955,	00966,	00980,	01001,	01006,	01037,
	01063,	01065,	01076.		9 Debentures @ $500	4,500
C.	02728,	02740,	02745,	02763,	02768,	02785,
	02807,	02809,	02811,	02819,	02820,	02824,
	02831,	02837,	02889,	02890,	02927,	02928,
	02999,	03040,	03051,	03078,	03095,	03146,
	03152,	03175,	03179,	03228,	03233,	03284,
	03285,	03308,	03349,	03380,	03401,	03414,
	03426,	03427,	03505,	03517,	03536,	03548,
	03561,	03632,	03635,	03672,	03675,	03691,
	03699,	03727,	03730,	03732,	03769,	03781,
	03783,	03791,	03827,	03843,	03903,	03908,
	03925,	03927,	03936,	03953.	64 Debentures @ $1,000	64,000
D.	00973,	00999,	01000,	01086,	01092,	01103,
	01106,	01125,	01131,	01140,	01144,	01183,
	01187,	01188,	01192,	01233,	01237,	01256,
	01275,	01284,	01294,	01315,	01333,	01346,
	01353,	01367,	01387,	01411,	01439,	01453,
	01460,	01479,	01504,	01574,	01610,	01621,
	01652,	01667,	01680,	01688.	40 Debentures @ $5,000	200,000
E.	01883,	01887,	01894,	01898,	01917,	01967,
	01977,	01992,	02043,	02048,	02051,	02099,
	02109,	02123,	02167,	02196,	02203,	02209,
	02234,	02236,	02239,	02277,	02286,	02354,
	02374,	02389,	02400,	02425,	02430,	02439,
	02471,	02489,	02493,	02509,	02524,	02527,
	02590,	02640,	02642,	02646,	02727,	02744,
	02769,	02806,	02813,	02818,	02871,	02887,
	02891,	02902,	02927,	02937,	02944.	
					53 Debentures @ $10,000	530,000
						$800,000

The above-mentioned debentures will be paid on presentation at the Finance Department, Administration Building, No. 209 Kiangse Road, Shanghai, if properly endorsed by the registered owner, on and after June 30, 1941, from which date interest will cease.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 2, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5429.

CHOLERA INOCULATION.

COMMENCING on Tuesday, April 15, free inoculation against Cholera, for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:

Sub-district	Address of Branch Health Office	Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 a.m. and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 a.m.
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 a.m.
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9—12 a.m.
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	270 N'Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving inoculation for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving inoculation for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road—ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time.

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY. Increase in Charges.

The Council has approved an application submitted by the Shanghai Power Company for increasing its charges by the imposition of a temporary surcharge on the basic rates for the supply of electrical energy to all classes of service, in addition to the existing exchange and fuel surcharges, such surcharge to be 50% based on an exchange rate of US$5.25 equals Chinese $100 and adjusted upwards or downwards monthly by agreement between the Company and the Council in accordance with the procedure adopted in respect of the exchange surcharge. This new surcharge will be applied to accounts in respect of consumption periods ending on and after July 1, 1941, and is subject to various conditions which the Company has accepted. The new temporary surcharge applies to basic rates only.

The Company in its application stated that additional revenue was required to meet the constantly increasing costs of operation due to increases in the cost of commodities, freight rates, etc., which were not fully compensated for by the existing exchange and fuel surcharges, to provide some relief in respect of the Company's cash position which had deteriorated since 1937 to such an extent as to cause serious concern.

Attention was drawn in the Company's application to the fact that while almost every commodity utilised by the Company is imported, the cost to consumers of the Company's services has advanced less than the cost of living in Shanghai. Some of the essential factors were quoted as follows, compared with the year 1928 that being the basis for comparison stipulated in that section of Company's franchise providing for increases in rates:—

Cost of Commodities and Services

	Unit	Approximate Price In 1928	At Present (May 2, 1941)	Percent Increase
Cost of Living Index	Chinese	88.98	679.99	664%
Fuel consumed March 1941	Long ton	$12.32	$175.03	1,321%
Rice, 2nd grade, Kan Mee	176 lbs.	9.37	125.00	1,234%
Cable, weatherproof	Yard	0.34	4.94	1,353%
Castings (C. I.)	Pound	0.05	1.45	2,800%
Cement	Bag	1.23	18.00	1,363%
Oil, transformer	Gallon	0.81	7.80	863%
Poles, Oregon Pine	Piece	23.47	438.00	1,765%
Sand	100 cu. ft.	9.09	58.00	538%

The cost of electrical energy to typical cases of the Company's consumers shows the following percentage increases over 1928:—

		Normal monthly bill 1928	1941	Percentage Increase
Normal small residence	$	3.08	9.55	210%
Normal large residence		25.90	97.55	277%
Normal Shop		18.48	57.32	210%
Small factory		154.00	635.52	313%
Bulk supply (large mill)		28,577.00	163,397.00	471%

Whilst admitting that rates prevailing in other cities are not a criterion as to proper rates for Shanghai, and, because of war conditions, it has been impossible to obtain comparative data from undertakings abroad for periods later than 1939, the Company compiled and submitted such comparative data based upon the latest available information, for the following: Tokyo, Hong Kong, Singapore, Manila, Calcutta, Sydney, Manchester, the French Concession and Chapei. With the exception of the rates in the French Concession, the Company's rates, inclusive of all surcharges and the relief now requested, are substantially the lowest, despite the fact that about one-half of its fuel is imported from Calcutta and the Dutch East Indies.

In considering the Company's application the Public Utilities Committee noted that under its franchise the Company is entitled to increase the charges in force at the end of 1928, the last year the undertaking was a Municipal enterprise, sufficiently to compensate it for any increase in operating costs caused by increases in the prices of the various materials necessary for operation as compared with those prevailing in 1928, provided that annual net profits do not exceed 10% of the capital invested in the business as defined in the franchise. Between 1928 and 1938 only minor increases in basic charges had been authorised, namely in 1932 when the rate for Lighting was increased from Tls. 0.11 to Tls. 0.12 per kilowatt hour and the rate for Heating (radiators) increased from Tls. 0.03 to Tls. 0.04 per kilowatt hour.

The exchange surcharge, instituted in September 1938, was designed to compensate the Company for increased operating costs due only to the decline in the exchange value of Chinese currency and only provides relief to a limited extent for increases in the prices of commodities occasioned by causes other than exchange e.g. higher basic prices of materials in their country of origin, freight etc, and for other corporate requirements of the Company.

Owing to the subsequent abnormal increase in the cost of coal the fuel surcharge was introduced in May 1940 to compensate the Company for the cost of fuel not covered by the exchange surcharge. The fuel surcharge is applied in addition to the exchange surcharge to those classes of service in which the cost of fuel is a predominant cost factor, namely, General (small) Power, Heating, Cooking and Heating; it is not applied to charges for Lighting or Bulk Supply. The charges for the latter service have always been adjusted monthly in accordance with the cost of fuel consumed.

The Committee also noted that while the statement of net profits earned on capital invested in the business submitted by the Company showed a considerably lower return for the whole period since the inception of the Company than the 10% permitted in the franchise, several of the items under capital invested in the business and operating expenses were in dispute between the Company and the Council. The Committee was informed that a proposal for arriving at a settlement of these outstanding items would shortly be submitted for the Council's approval. Pending settlement of the points in dispute it was proposed that the revenue from the additional surcharge now applied for should if approved be dealt with so as to ensure its return to consumers provided it was subsequently decided that the Company was not entitled to such additional revenue.

After thoroughly considering the matter, during which full explanations of the investigations made by the Council's officials into the Company's application were heard, the Public Utilities Committee recommended the application for approval subject to the conditions referred to in the preceding paragraph and to the usual conditions imposed in approving temporary surcharges on public utility tariffs.

This recommendation was endorsed by the Council in meeting on May 28.

MUNICIPAL STAFF PAY.

The Council and its Staff Committee have given most careful consideration to the matter of the Cost of Living Allowances received by Municipal employees. There has been an increase of over 40% in the cost of living since November 1940 when the temporary allowances for Municipal employees were last adjusted. The Council has therefore approved the issue to Municipal employees of Temporary High Cost of Living Allowances from May 1, 1941, as follows:—

For Chinese employees not serving under Letter of Appointment:

185% on the first $200 of monthly pay.

150% on the remainder.

The minimum allowance to be $45 a month.

For all employees serving under Letter of Appointment:

185% on the first $500 of monthly pay.

150% on the second $500 of monthly pay.

120% on that portion of monthly pay which is over $1,000.

"A" Class employees who receive exchange adjustment on one-third of pay shall receive the allowance on the above basis on two-thirds of their monthly pay.

As a result of this decision lower-paid "B" and "L" class employees will be compensated for approximately 13% of the 40% increase in the Cost of Living referred to above; higher-paid employees will receive less compensation.

The above allowances have been approved as a temporary measure of assistance to the staff pending the examination and adoption of a more permanent basis of regular salary adjustments. The benefits of any basis of regular adjustments approved by the Council will be given to the staff retrospectively from May 1, 1941.

RICE.

As complaints have been received that certain retailers are violating the Council's price limit of $110.00 per zah of 80 kilos by delivering short weight, the public is hereby warned to check the weight delivered and to report to the nearest Police Station any case of short weight.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY AND SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Minimum Charges.

The Council has recently had under consideration the minimum charges imposed by the Shanghai Power Company and the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.

The Power Company, whilst stating that from the point of view of economics and to avoid discrimination minimum charges are necessary to compensate equitably for the capital invested and expenses incurred in maintaining a service which is not adequately used, agreed that it was not easy to defend such charges at a time when the public is being urged to reduce consumption of electricity. The Company accordingly suggested that minimum charges other than for Bulk Supply be temporarily suspended during the present fuel emergency despite the loss in revenue which would result.

The Gas Company favoured retention of the minimum charges since their abolition would result in a substantial reduction in revenue which would require to be made up by an increase in the surcharge. The Company stated that the high surcharge paid by gas consumers is due to the increased use of expensive imported coal and oil necessitated largely as a result of a 57% increase in the number of consumers since 1937. These new consumers were stated to have largely changed from the use of coal, charcoal and oil to gas, and a considerable proportion of them use less than 150 units of gas per month. The Company's old established consumers are thus being penalised in order to meet the temporary requirements of a large number of new consumers who in all probability will continue to use gas in place of other fuel only as long as it is cheaper to do so. The average domestic consumer uses 422 units a month and on this basis the minimum of 150 units does not appear excessive.

In considering this matter the Public Utilities Committee noted that the two companies were in entirely different positions. Owing to the inadequacy of its fuel supplies the Power Company was appealing to consumers not subject to the restriction scheme to reduce consumption voluntarily, while the Gas Company was merely attempting to ensure that consumption did not exceed last year's figure. Furthermore, domestic consumption, in connection with which most complaints against minimum charges are made, accounts for only a small proportion of the Power Company's output as compared with approximately 70% of the Gas Company's output.

The Committee considered that as a matter of principle minimum charges should be retained since if a consumer makes less than economic use of a service he should bear a fair proportion of the capital charges and expenses involved in providing that service. In order however not to discourage reduction of consumption it was considered that the minimum charges should be reduced by the same percentage by which reduction of consumption was being attempted.

It was accordingly decided to recommend that the minimum charges levied by the Power Company be reduced to 70% of the present charges, to be further adjusted according to circumstances, and that the minimum charges levied by the Gas Company be retained unless a reduction in consumption is enforced in which event the minimum charges should be correspondingly reduced.

The Committee's recommendation was endorsed by the Council at its meeting on May 28.

SHANGHAI ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

Fare Charges.

The Council has approved an application submitted by the Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd., for an increase in the Company's charges on the basis of maximum fares of 15 cents and 10 cents per mile for 1st and 3rd Class accommodation respectively. The revised fares which will come into effect on June 28, will involve an increase in the average charges per mile from 6.37 cents for 1st Class and 4.37 cents for 3rd Class, to 9.11 and 7.29 cents respectively.

In support of its application the Company stated that increased fare charges were necessary in view of steadily rising costs of operation due to the lower exchange value of local currency, local economic conditions and the effects of war conditions abroad. Since 1937 revenue had failed to keep pace with rising expenditure, in addition to which there was the inevitable time lag which ensued in connection with any adjustment of charges. Current working expenditure was quoted as having increased by some 310% on the average as compared with the year 1937, the outstanding single item being electrical energy which had increased in price by 423%. On the other hand fare charges had been increased during the same period by only 153% thereby resulting in an unsatisfactory financial basis of operation as evidenced by the progressive reduction each year in the net profit earned on capital invested in the undertaking from 8.5% in 1936, to 1.3% in 1940.

In noting that the Company is entitled to an increase in the existing maximum fare charges of 10 and 7 cents per mile under its franchise which provides for such increases in certain eventualities, such as a general decline in exchange and increase in the price of electricity, the Public Utilities Committee endorsed the Company's application as reasonable and justified and recommended its approval. The Committee also endorsed the Company's request that the three months' notice requirement stipulated in the franchise for increases in the maximum charges be waived, as on previous occasions, owing to the rapidity with which changes in economic conditions are now taking place, and that reasonable notice of the increased fare charges be given by the Company.

These recommendations were approved by the Council in meeting on June 11.

MONEY EXCHANGE SHOPS.

Following representations made on behalf of the larger exchange shops, the Council has decided to reduce the present licence fee of $120 a quarter on a 12 foot frontage to $75 per quarter for exchange shops pending further examination of the question by the new Sources of Revenue Committee.

There are approximately 69 of these exchange shops.

ORCHESTRA AND BAND.

Summer Open-Air Concert Season.

The Orchestra and Band Committee has approved of the following proposals for the 1941 Summer Open-Air Concert Season.

It has been decided that during June as an experimental measure Orchestral performances be held instead of Brass Band concerts on Sunday June 15 and 22 and that these performances be given in the Pergola enclosure in Jessfield Park to afford an opportunity of testing the accoustic properties there. The following is the programme of the performances which the Municipal Orchestra and Band propose to give in June:—

Saturday June 14 and June 21 Brass Band in Jessfield Park from 5.30 p.m.

Sunday, June 15 and June 22 Orchestra performances in Jessfield Park from 5.30 p.m. Theatre.

Wednesday, June 25 Orchestra performance in French Park from 9 p.m.

Thursday, June 26 Brass Band in French Park from 5.30 p.m.

Saturday, June 28 from 9 p.m. Orchestra in the Jessfield Park.

Sunday, June 29 from 5.30 p.m. Brass Band in the Jessfield Park.

July and August.

Wednesday evenings from 9 p.m. Orchestra in French Park.

Thursday afternoons from 5.30 p.m. Brass Band in French Park.

Saturday evenings Orchestra from 9 p.m. in the Jessfield Park.

Sunday afternoons from 5.30 p.m. Brass Band in the Jessfield Park.

In view of the expense involved it has been decided not to give Brass Band performances this year in the Bund Public Garden and to limit these Concerts to two a week, one to be given in Jessfield Park and to be held on Sunday afternoon and one in the French Park on Thursday afternoon.

It has also been decided that all afternoon performances shall begin at 5.30 p.m.

The prices of seats at the regular Orchestral Concerts to be held on Saturday evenings at Jessfield Park and on Wednesday evenings at the French Park will be $3, $2 and $1. Increased prices will be charged for seats at Special concerts when there is one or more Soloists or the Ballet Russe collaborating.

Preliminary arrangements have already been made with Soloists for a number of special programmes to be given in July and August and it is hoped that with the collaboration of the Ballet Russe or part of it to have at least 4 Ballet performances with the Orchestra this summer season.

Chairs will be available for hire at Brass Band performances at fifty cents each.

MUNICIPAL ABATTOIR.

The Council has approved the lease of certain parts of the Municipal Abattoir, including the Lairage, Killing Floors, Meat Market and Cold Storage to the Shanghai Livestock Market Company for a period of one year.

Inspection of all meat killed will continue to be under the supervision of the Public Health Department.

REPORT OF SPECIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

Adopted By Council.

The Council has adopted the recommendation of the Education Board that the report of the Special Education Committee of April 25, published in the Municipal Gazette of May 9, 1941, be adopted.

The Special Education Committee in its report of April 25 made the following recommendations:—

1. The function of education belongs primarily to the national bodies, and only secondarily and subsidiary to the Council.
2. The Council's policy should be directed towards extension of the grant-in-aid system, an increase in the number of national schools, and strict limitation of direct provision of education, from Municipal funds.
3. The present (now theoretical) limitation of educational funds to the equivalent of a 2% General Municipal Rate and the correlative proportion of Land Tax, should be explicitly abandoned, and for the time being substituted by the appropriation of sufficient funds to maintain the educational work now in hand.
4. Educational funds should be applied for the benefit of (a) Chinese, (b) Japanese and (c) other foreign children in proportion to the contribution of these three groups towards Municipal revenue in the form of rates.
5. As soon as financial conditions permit, additional funds should be appropriated for education, over and above the minimum stipulated in paragraph 3, and such additional funds should be used to facilitate application of the principle contained in paragraph 4.
6. However desirable as being logically consistent with the principles contained in paragraphs 1, 2 and 4, transfer of the management or financial responsibility of any of the existing Municipal schools to national groups is under present conditions impracticable.
7. Grants-in-aid should be made applicable at the discretion of the appropriate Sub-Committees on a new and more flexible principle, towards inauguration and support of special educational projects of value to the interests of the Settlement as a whole, as well as in assistance of existing schools.
8. Grants-in-aid should not be made to Schools conducted as profit-making enterprises.
9. All schools in receipt of grants should be subject to educational inspection.
10. As much as possible of the direct costs of operating Municipal schools, as is consistent without infliction of hardship, should be recovered in the form of fees.
11. The office of Superintendent of Education should be continued after the retirement of the present Superintendent.

Recommendations Nos. 10 and 11 have already been acted on by the Council. With regard to recommendation No. 2, in making grants to schools the Council will require that they comply with certain standards as required by its Fire Brigade, Health, Public Works and Education Departments. With regard to recommendation No. 3 the proposal is to wipe out the existing 2% limit, and to provide instead, for the time being and until the return of normal conditions, sufficient funds to maintain the educational work now in hand, such appropriations being budgetted for by the Education Department on the same lines as by other Municipal departments, for the minimum expenditure necessary to carry on essential work. As regards recommendation No. 8 it may be necessary in due course to review the rules and regulations governing the issue of grants with a view to ensuring that such are adequate for the purpose of implementing this recommendation.

SHANGHAI WATERWORKS CO., LTD.

Increase in Surcharge on Tariffs.

The Council at its regular meeting held on May 28 endorsed the recommendation contained in the minutes of the meeting of the Public Utilities Committee held on May 22 that the application submitted by the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd., for an increase in the surcharge on the Company's basic tariff of charges from 110% to 250% be approved. The increased surcharge will be applied to accounts in respect of consumption periods ending on and after July 1, 1941.

Attached to the Company's application were estimates of revenue and expenditure for the current year, the latter showing considerable increases over those for the previous year which were attributed to greatly increased prices for all commodities, particularly for fuel and power, and to the substantially increased cost of living and rice allowances paid to labour. In addition of an appropriation for additional depreciation it was stated that the effect on the Company's undertaking of the very heavy fall in the exchange value of the Chinese dollar with special reference to the adequacy of the customary charge for depreciation had been under consideration. The customary depreciation, being calculated on the balance sheet valuation of fixed assets, did not take into account the increased value in local currency of the fixed assets due to the depreciated exchange value of the Chinese dollar, and an increased appropriation was considered necessary.

The demand on which the estimated revenue was based was some four per cent. less than the actual demand in 1940, this reduction being dictated by the downward trend then manifested itself during the latter half of 1940. This was most marked in the case of non-domestic consumption and in view of present conditions there appeared to be no good reason for ignoring the trend.

Apart from the provisions relating to reserves, additional revenue was required to meet the fixed dividends on sterling capital permitted under the franchise. In this connection the Company drew attention to the continued and progressive weakeaing of the Company's position which was causing grave anxiety, and while proposing a surcharge of 250% the Company was prepared to leave out of account all question of reserves and existing dividend shortages, it was compelled to require that the revenue for the current year should produce a surplus sufficient to cover current dividend requirements.

In considering the Company's application the Public Utilities Committee was informed that under the franchise the Company was entitled to a tariff of charges framed on such a basis as will allow of due provision being made out of net profits to meet certain fixed dividends on the Company's issued sterling capital and certain reserve requirements and members were provided with explanations as to the reasons for sterling capital and the rates of dividends thereon permitted under the franchise. The position with regard to extra depreciation was also explained in detail.

In noting that the revenue desired by the Company was less than that to which the Company was entitled under the terms of the franchise, in that no provision had been made for reserves and shortages of dividends and that there was a possibility of revenue falling short of that estimated in the event of further restrictions on the consumption of electricity, the Committee recommended the Company's application to the Council for approval.

Before arriving at its decision the Committee gave consideration to protests submitted by Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., the Cathay Land Co., Ltd., and the Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd., against any increase in water charges in view of the effect that such would have on the owners of Chinese tenanted property, who while compelled under their contracts with the Waterworks Company to provide and pay for water supplied to blocks of houses, were unable, owing to restrictions placed on rental increases by the Chinese Courts, to pass increased water charges on to tenants.

The Committee was informed that while the legal position was obscure, in some cases the Courts had granted rent increases where it had been shown that service charges, including water rates, had been increased. It was also understood that some landlords had been successful in collecting water charges from tenants separately from rents. The Committee considered that it not been shown conclusively that water charges payable by landlords cannot be recovered from tenants and that this was a legal problem which should properly be explored by the land companies rather than by the Council or the Waterworks Company. The protests were accordingly overruled.

PREVENTION OF CHOLERA.

In co-operation with the Public Health Department, the Shanghai Waterworks Company is once again rendering its customary valuable public service in furnishing free water supplies from certain street hydrants, as a measure to combat any possible outbreak of Cholera.

RE-ASSESSMENT OF LAND VALUES POSTPONED.

The Council has given careful consideration to the question of a re-assessment of land values in the Settlement and has decided that in view of the existing abnormal situation a re-assessment of land values be left in abeyance until more normal times return.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Workers' Earnings for May.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.62 persons should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in May. Figures of two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A), and the second shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard (Standard B).

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wages earner (53.3%)	$90.22	$83.62
Earnings of other family members (34.0%)	57.54	53.34
Other family income (12.7 %)	21.50	19.92
Total family income (100.0%)	169.262	156.886

Chinese Workers' Cost of Living for May.

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is estimated that a lower standard in May, 1941, involves a cost of living 6.44 times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

Retail prices for Rangoon rice fell from the peak of $143 per shih reached on May 3 to below the price of $110 fixed by the Shanghai Municipal Council for rice imported through it from Hongkong during the latter half of the month. Prices of other kinds of rice decreased concurrently. Though Council rice at the fixed price has been on sale since May 17, average prices of rice for the month were still considerably higher than those of April or those ruling at the close of May, due to high levels obtaining during the first half of the month.

Prices of a number of other commodities have fallen somewhat following decreases in the price of rice. Prices of flour have begun to decline, as have also those of coal briquettes, grey sheetings, white shirtings, native sheetings, soap, etc. On the other hand, meat, fish, vegetables, lard, salt, etc. have shown considerable increases. In consequence, the net result of the average price movements during the month showed a further increase of 69.89 points, the index rising from 732.79 in April to 802.68 in May. Among the group indices, the food index rose from 815.09 to 923.18; clothing, from 534.74 to 556.03; and miscellaneous, from 726.70 to 747.18, showing increases of 108.09, 21.29 and 20.48 points respectively. The fuel index, however, recorded a slight fall of 1.69 points from 759.54 in April to 757.85 in May. The purchasing power of the dollar dropped from 13.65 to 12.46 cents during the month.

Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*Mar.*	*1940 Apr.*	*May*	*Mar.*	*1941 Apr.*	*May*
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	365.15	357.43	383.24	774.36	815.09	923.18
Rent	100.00	304.83	304.83	304.83	385.26	385.26	385.26
Clothing	100.00	289.10	342.18	403.85	502.56	534.74	556.03
Fuel and Light	100.00	474.61	470.76	464.21	636.38	759.54	757.85
Miscellaneous	100.00	334.54	385.97	393.89	599.30	726.70	747.18
General Index	100.00	368.08	364.72	382.91	679.99	732.79	802.68
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	27.17	27.42	26.12	14.71	13.65	12.46
Percentage increase (+) or decrease (—) of purchasing power compared with 1936		—72.83	—72.58	—73.88	—85.29	—86.35	—87.54

Retail Price in Shanghai

Commodities	*Unit*	*Average 1936*	*Mar.*	*1941 Apr.*	*May*
Food:					
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade)	Shih*	$ 9.948	114.645	118.013	135.253
Sien Rice (1st grade)†	Shih	9.735	100.450	113.900	123.932
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	100.122	108.493	123.216
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	31.888	30.941	31.513
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.572	.590	.625
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.0500	.0500	.0500
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.0500	.0500	.0500
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.0300	.0300	.0300
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.600	1.600	1.600
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.238	.240	.235
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.240	.230	.230
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.033	.190	.203	.195
Hsueh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.200	.174	.174
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.052	.053	.167
Turnips	Chin	.034	.051	.073	.094
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.428	.460	.416
Allium Odorum	Chin	.060	.360	.205	.142
Spinach	Chin	.042	.063	.056	.139
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	1.638	1.763	2.010
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	1.738	2.163	2.520
Salted Pork	Chin	.301	1.363	1.443	1.529
Chicken	Chin	.326	2.025	2.375	2.550
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.640	1.600	1.856
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.853	.697	.787
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	1.054	1.111	1.213
Fresh Duck Eggs	Piece	.024	.177	.156	.172
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	1.083	1.172	1.342
Lard	Chin	.307	1.713	1.713	1.830
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.390	.389	.407
Salt	Chin	.112	.408	.484	.478
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.725	.755	.915
Rent:‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.149	7.386	7.386	7.386
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	10.195	10.195	10.195
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	12.625	12.625	12.625
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (13 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.397	.436	.443
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.540	.565	.560
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.355	.408	.428
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.449	.494	.528
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.568	.588	.606
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.275	.302	.291
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	.146	.694	.690	.745
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.083	.355	.357	.396
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.485	.528	.525
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	2.100	2.200	2.200
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	1.125	1.208	1.323
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	10.275	14.934	15.720
Kerosene	Chin	.136	.635	.700	.683
Firewood	Bundle	.042	.318	.380	.360
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.073	.080	.080
Matches	Box	.0100	.0991	.1122	.1098
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.029	14.188	14.375	14.900
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.355	.393	.466
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.783	.809	.839
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.199	.200	.200
Shao-shing	Chin	.094	.485	.525	.537
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	1.129	1.206	1.245
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.600	1.840
Hot Water	10 Ladles	.017	.125	.200	.200

† Sien rice was not on market since Feb. 1940, quotations given are those of second grade Saigon rice.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien=32 cubic metres. 1 Shih chin=1.1023 English pounds.

1 Shih ch'ih=1.0636 English feet. 1 Shih shih =156 Shih chin.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR MAY.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939. and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

Despite the easing of foreign exchange rates and the downward trend of the price of rice, retail prices of most commodities used in the index were still on the upturn in the month of May. The consolidated index of cost of living of foreign residents in this city again rose from 236.44 in April to 249.89 in May recording an increase of 13.45 points; the rise, however, being less than that in April. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced by 59.98 per cent. in May as compared with 57.71 per cent. in April. Of the general indices, the increase was heaviest in the case of the Russians; and, of the group indices for all nationalities, in the case of clothing. The following compares the indices in May with those in April:

October, 1939=100

General Indices

	April 1941	May 1941	No. of points increased
American	217.85	228.00	10.15
British	226.92	237.64	10.72
Russian	243.46	259.36	15.90
Others	236.49	248.37	11.88

Group Indices

Food	287.30	304.80	17.50
Clothing	231.20	260.06	28.86
Heat, etc.	264.19	285.61	21.42
Miscellaneous	196.27	206.27	10.00

Of the 206 commodities in the index, 146 items or 70.87 per cent. showed increases in price; 19 or 9.23 per cent, decreases; and 41 or 19.90 per cent. remained unchanged. The surcharge on electric power in the Settlement was increased from 260.47 to 224.07 per cent. for the month ending in May. For the French Concession, effective from April 26, surcharges on electric light, power and water rose to 125, 190 and 75 per cent. respectively. Tram and bus fares in the Concession were also raised on April 27.

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American 1941			British 1941		
		March	April	May	March	April	May
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	222.94	243.30	256.64	240.12	266.09	280.10
Clothing & Materials	100.00	209.27	222.96	241.88	214.10	232.24	258.03
Rent	100.00	176.30	183.52	183.52	173.77	181.22	181.22
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	222.38	264.14	288.21	226.40	268.81	290.04
Miscellaneous	100.00	169.27	192.47	195.61	178.19	201.92	207.48
General Index	100.00	198.84	217.85	228.00	205.41	226.92	237.64

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian 1941			Other Nationalities 1941		
		March	April	May	March	April	May
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	272.99	305.28	325.65	259.44	282.55	298.65
Clothing & Materials	100.00	206.00	225.32	256.33	223.19	246.09	276.34
Rent	100.00	164.33	180.58	180.58	176 03	191.95	191.95
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	223.09	264.28	286.13	220.32	258.27	278.19
Miscellaneous	100.00	178.64	195.57	211.33	172.50	191.75	195.59
General Index	100.00	217.92	243.46	259.36	214.21	236.49	248.37

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated 1941		
		March	April	May
General Indices				
American	100.00	198.84	217.85	228.00
British	100.00	205.41	226.92	237.64
Russian	100.00	217.92	243.46	259.36
Other Nationalities	100.00	214.21	236.49	248.37
Consolidated Index	100.00	212.95	236.44	249.89
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	46.96	42.29	40.02

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Apr.	1941 May
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:					
1	Bread — White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	1.00	10.9
2	Bread — White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.08	1.20
3	Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	.98	1.07
4	Bread — Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.63	.73
5	Bread — Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.63	.73
6	Bread — Russian white—Manil a	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.43	.45
7	Flour — Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.74	.74
8	Flour — Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.64	.66
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.35	1.50
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.28	1.43
11	Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	4.53	4.61
12	Rolled oats — Loose	lb.		.44	1.01	1.04
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.80	.90
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.36	.145
15	Beef — Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	4.71	5.54
16	Beef — Rump steak	lb.		.65	3.49	3.73
17	Beef — Topside steak	lb.		.63	3.50	3.83
18	Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	3.45	3.83
19	Beef — Rib roast	lb.		.60	3.32	3.68
20	Beef — Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	4.35	4.56
21	Beef — Soup ment	lb.		.35	2.35	2.52
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.45	2.58
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.55	2.59
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	1.99	2.26
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.61	1.64
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	4.39	4.65
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	2.78	3.28
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	2.81	3.06
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	2.41	2.54
30	Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.18	.18
31	Egg — Duck	pc.		.08	.17	.17
32	Fish — Herring	lb.		.48	.66	.89
33	Fish — Salmon	lb.		.52	1.80	2.32
34	Fish — Mandarin	lb.		.79	2.19	1.97
35	Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	1.63	1.81
36	Fish — Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.06	1.10
37	Fish — Yellow	lb.		.34	.73	.80
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	4.13	4.80
39	Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.42	.44
40	Potatoes — Sweet	lb.		.06	.30	.37
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.34	.37
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.38	.36
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.11	.10
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.70	.35
45	Beans — French	lb.		.14	1.23	1.04
46	Beans — Lima	lb.		.33	.73	.80
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.61	1.76
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.25	.36
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.58	.36
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.05	.05
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.93	.50
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	5.65	5.76
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz.	1.40	2.10	2.25
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 1 2 16 oz.	2.98	4.38	4.55
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.90	3.53	3.67
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	.83	1.06
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.62	.88
58	Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.28	.61	.64
59	Oranges — Mandarin	lb.		.35	1.39	1.12
60	Lemons	p c.		.48	.72	.68
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	.82	.97

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Apr.	1941 May
				$	$	$
	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*					
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.99	2.83
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pk t.	11 oz.	.76	1.37	1.39
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb.	1.24	1.74	1.80
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.85	1.96
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.53	1.55
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	7.76	7.88
68	Margarine — Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.61	2.63
69	Margarine — Palm	lb.		1.28	2.61	2.63
70	Milk — Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.15	1.15
71	Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.84	.84
72	Milk — Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	.96	1.04
73	Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	6.09	6.66
74	Cheese — Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.80	2.80
75	Cream — Sour	lb'		1.60	3.30	3.30
76	Cream — Table	pint		2.64	5.55	5.55
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	1. 97	2.08
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	3.13	4.07
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.57	3.81
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	7.85	8.95
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.25	.28
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	.99	1.05
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.88	1.95
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	7.86	10.29
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.69	.85
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.51	1.64
87	Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.86	.95
88	Sugar — Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.72	.87
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	1 lb.		.33	.88	.88
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.12	1.13
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.68	1.71
92	Vodka—Nega	b ot.	med.	1.25	2.32	2.36
93	Whisky—Harvey	t.ot.	qt.	11.22	20.25	22.35
94	Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	7.17	7.57
95	Coffee — Mocha	lb.		2.08	3.38	3.51
96	Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	4.09	4.43
97	Cocoa — Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	7.04	7.61
98	Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	3.34	3.65
99	Tea — Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	6.50	7.60
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	2.10	2.15
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	1&11 No. 2	1.43	2.03	2.05
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2,13	5.43	5.43
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	3.80	3.79
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.50	5.80
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.05	2.10
106	Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.51	1.48
107	Cigarettes — Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.77
108	Cigarettes — Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.22	1.23
109	Cigarettes — Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.35	1.36
II	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.			22.50	59.75 60.00
111	Flannel	yd.			17.50	29.50 39.50
112	Vigella—T T T	yd.			9.75	19.60 (8)
113	Saigon linen	yd.			6.75	22.00 24.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.			9.50	16.50 17.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.			7.50	11.00 11.70
116	Shirt silk	yd.			5.70	9.50 10.60
117	Marasrelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.			.58	1.80 2.04
118	Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.			5.00	10.21 11.00
119	Shirt — White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.			4.20	7.30 8.80
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.			3.00	5.80 6.94

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— (*Continued*)

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Apr.	1941 May.
II	CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121	Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122	Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	14.00	15.00
123	Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	28.00	28.00
124	Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	6.00	6.60
125	Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	3.80	3.80
126	Shoes — Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	59.90	64.90
127	Shoes — Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128	Shoes — Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	19.90	22.90
129	Silk stockings — Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	22.50	22.50
130	Silk stockings — Swallow	pr.		2.15	5.04	5.33
131	Silk stockings — Pagoda	pr.		5.50	9.80	11.10
132	Socks — Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.87	1.96
133	Socks — Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	12.60	14.70
134	Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	29.50	(8)
135	Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	17.00	17.50
136	Napkin—Linen—Local made 13" x 13"	pc.		.45	1.23	1.15
137	Knitting wools — Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	42.30	45.14
138	Knitting wools — Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	33.86	37.68
139	Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	.93	1.21
140	Laundry — Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.31	.36
141	Laundry — Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.20	.25
142	Dry cleaning — A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	3.50	3.75
143	Dry cleaning — B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	3.00	3.50
III	RENT (2) GROUP:					
144	Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm. (3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.05	33.05
145	Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	43.86	43.86
146	Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	28.17	28.17
147	Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	68.84	68.84
148	Municipal rates — International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149	Municipal rates — International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150	Municipal rates — French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151	Electric — Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.472	.472
152	Electric — Power—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.223	.202	.237
153	Electric — French — Con.	k.w.h.		.292	2.369	.410
154	Electric — Power — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.134	.162
155	Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.1050	.1050
156	Coal — Anthracite — Cobles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	397.00	437.33
157	Coal briquettes	100shih chin(5)		3.75	14.94	15.72
158	Kerosene—Crown—Yin Fou	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	46.86	46.86

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Apr.	1941 May.
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159	Water — Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160	Water — French Concession	cu.m.		.1848	.1825	.2144
161	Ice	100 lb.		1.00	2.50	3.00
V.	MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162	Bus — Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0425	.083	.083
163	Bus — French Concession	per mi.		.040	.056	.076
164	Tram-1st class — Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0637	.0637
165	Tram-1st class — French Concession	per mi.		.040	.061	.071
166	Taxicab	20 min.		2.20	4.60	4.60
167	Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	4.00	4.00
168	Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169	Newspapers — North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170	Newspapers — Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171	Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172	Movie — Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173	Movie — Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.80	.80
174	Wages — Boy	p.mon.		25.61	54.67	54.67
175	Wages — Cook	p.mon.		20.25	61.67	61.67
176	Wages — Amah	p.mon		19.15	38.45	38.45
177	Lotion — Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	5.92	5.75
178	Lotion — Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	13.35	13.21
179	Face cream — Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.36	4.67
180	Face cream — Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.80	6.62	7.38
181	Face power—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	8.58	9.02
182	Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	2.65	3.33
183	Tooth paste — Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.26	2.54
184	Tooth paste — Sincere's	tube		.25	.67	.77
185	Razor blades — Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.38	5.70	6.48
186	Razor blades — Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	2.69	3.02
187	Toilet paper — Red Ball	roll		.34	.98	1.00
188	Toilet paper — Pagoda	roll		.64	1.43	1.47
189	Toilet paper — Fan	roll		.45	1.09	1.18
190	Soap — Lever Health	cake		.15	.37	.43
191	Soap — Lux	cake		.32	.71	.87
192	Soap — Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	.98	1.16
193	Soap — Ivory	cake		1.24	1.95	2.13
19	Soap — Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	1.80	2.10
195	Cleanser — Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.49	.62
196	Cleanser — Beauty	tin		.07	.14	.19
197	Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.20	1.20
198	Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.40	1.06	1.06
199	Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	29.35	38.20
200	Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	33.08	35.20
201	Shoe polish — Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.56	1.58
202	Shoe polish — Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.61	.63
203	Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.66	2.77
204	Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.72	2.78
205	Hair cut — A			.70	1.30	1.30
206	Hair cut — B			.40	.87	.90

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.
(8) Not on market.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, May 31st, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	2	0
Diphtheria	0	0	5	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	8	3
Tuberculosis	5	1	79	52
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	2	0	62	52
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	4	4
Amoebic Dysentery	4	0	2	0
Bacillary Dysentery	0	0	12	6
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	11	7
Influenza	1	0	6	2
Malaria	2	0	3	0
Measles	13	3	17	12
Typhus Fever	4	1	13	2
Relapsing Fever	1	0	34	5
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	20		799	
Total Deaths from all Causes	25		946	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, June 7th, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	2	1
Scarlet Fever	2	0	3	1
Diphtheria	3	0	6	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	0	1	1
Tuberculosis	4	1	78	57
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	2	0	62	52
Paratyphoid Fever	2	0	3	2
Amoebic Dysentery	4	0	2	0
Bacillary Dysentery	4	0	25	9
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	4	3
Influenza	2	0	4	4
Malaria	4	0	1	0
Measles	10	1	22	16
Typhus Fever	2	0	10	0
Relapsing Fever	2	0	30	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	12		891	
Total Deaths from all Causes	16		1059	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, June 14th, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	1	0	1	1
Scarlet Fever	3	0	3	1
Diphtheria	3	0	12	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	1
Tuberculosis	2	0	87	64
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	3	0	74	62
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	1	0	17	8
Bacillary Dysentery	5	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	0	0
Influenza	1	0	2	0
Malaria	2	0	4	0
Measles	4	0	17	11
Typhus Fever	2	1	5	1
Relapsing Fever	0	0	49	9
Choleraic Diarrhoea	2	0	0	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	15		843	
Total Deaths from all Causes	17		1005	

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, June 21st, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	1
Scarlet Fever	1	0	1	0
Diphtheria	1	0	4	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	3	2
Tuberculosis	6	2	86	77
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	2	0	99	68
Paratyphoid Fever	3	0	7	5
Amoebic Dysentery	14	0	25	8
Bacillary Dysentery	14	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	2	1
Influenza	2	0	2	2
Malaria	2	0	3	0
Measles	1	1	11	8
Typhus Fever	1	0	10	2
Relapsing Fever	1	0	40	3
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	24		816	
Total Deaths from all Causes	30		994	

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

EWO ROAD AND WAYSIDE PUBLIC WHARF.

The Council on March 31, 1941, notified the public that it was proposed to exchange Ewo Road and the Wayside Public Wharf for alternatives to the west and east. The public was informed that the proposed scheme could be examined at the Cadastral Office of the Public Works Department, Administration Building, and that any protest against the proposed exchange should be submitted by April 15, 1941.

Only one protest was received which, after careful consideration, was overruled since the reasons advanced were not in the opinion of the Council such as to warrant abandonment of the proposed change.

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS.

Muirhead Road and Surplus Land.

Negotiations have been concluded for the purchase for a sum of $15,371 of Cadastral Lot 1604, measuring Mow 0.628, of which area Mow 0.520 is required for the scheduled extension of Muirhead Road; the remaining area of Mow 0.108 will be available for disposal as surplus land.

MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTERED IN SETTLEMENT.

Vehicles registered at the end of March Quarter, 1941:—

	Number.
Private Motor Cars	6,563*
Public Motor Cars	1,101
Private Motor Trucks	1,804*
Public Motor Trucks	1,332
Omnibuses	345†
Motor Charabancs	26
Motor Cycles	587*
Trade	63
Ambulances	94
	11,855

*Includes S.D.F. and Special Licences.

†Includes Private (86), Public (203) and French (56) Omnibus Licences.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Restriction of Supply.

The Council at its meeting held on May 28 endorsed the recommendation of the Public Utilities Committee that approval be accorded to proposals submitted by the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., with the object of preventing the consumption of gas from exceeding that for the year 1940, in view of the uncertain position as regards supplies of fuel.

Provided anticipated supplies of Kailan coal and fuel oil are maintained, the Company expects to be able to meet demand equal to last year's consumption, but considers that measures should be enacted by which existing consumers could be protected against an increase in demand which may otherwise react to their detriment.

The Company has accordingly been authorised to enforce the following measures:—

1. To refuse with effect from June 1, 1941, all applications for new industrial supply and also applications for new domestic supply in cases where a change from the use of some other fuel to the use of gas is desired for reasons of economy.

2. To limit with effect from consumption periods commencing on and after June 1, 1941, the monthly consumption of gas by any consumer to a quantity not exceeding that consumer's consumption during the corresponding consumption period in 1940. Where it is not practicable to limit consumption with reference to the corresponding consumption period of 1940 consumption will be limited with reference to the preceding consumption period in the current year, or where this too is not practicable, to the Company's reasonable estimate of requirements having regard to the number of persons in the household and/or the appliances used; any consumption of gas in excess of such limit to be charged for as follows:—

(a) First excess of limit (for a period of one month) at twice the prevailing price.

(b) Second excess of limit (for a period of one month) at three times the prevailing price.

(c) Third and subsequent excesses of limit (for a period of one month) at four times the prevailing price;

it being understood that the excess consumption thereby penalised need not be in consecutive months and that a 10% margin of tolerance be allowed.

The Council's approval of these measures was made subject to the following provisos:—

(a) That the measures are temporary and subject to revision or cancellation at any time at the request of either the Company or the Council.

(b) That consumers are informed individually by the Company of their permitted monthly consumption.

(c) That the amounts paid in excess of the prevailing price of gas under (2) above be credited to a Reserve Account which will be utilised as may be agreed upon between the Company and the Council for the benefit of consumers.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during May:—

On May 19 to Messrs. United Trading Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 22 on Soochow Road, east of Honan Road.

On May 21 to Messrs. Wu Hsin Ho Kee Firewood Store to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Road.

On May 26 to Messrs. Wong Ching Kee Groceries Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 138 on West Soochow Road, opposite Macao Road.

ENTERTAINMENT TAX.

The Council has decided that where theatres in the International Settlement issue special tickets to men in uniform entertainment tax will not be required.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5477.

ROAD ABANDONMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, subject to protests, if any, being heard and over-ruled, it is proposed to abandon the scheduling of Seoul Road.

Protests against such abandonment should be submitted to the undersigned before June 11, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, May 31, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	ALL DEPARTMENTS.		
	Tender forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the Finance Department, Room 261. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary & Commissioner General, Room 150, Administration Building.		
1	The Council is prepared to receive tenders for 1942 Supplies of Stationery.		July 14, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information regarding tenders under this section, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
664	2,000 yards Blue Cotton Drill, 27/28 inches wide, guaranteed fast dyed.		July 18, 11 a.m.
665	2,300 yards Armlet Lace, 2 inches wide, guaranteed fast dyed.		July 18, 11 a.m.
666	(1) One new 1 ton Truck Chassis.		July 9, 11 a.m.
	(2) Two new 5 seater Standard Sedan Passenger Cars.		
671	500 yards Khaki Drill for Officers.		August 6, 11 a.m.
674	2,000 yards Khaki Cloth for Loongies.		do
676	2,000 pairs Dark Blue Woollen Putties.		do
680	300 pairs Khaki Woollen Putties.		do
672	17,000 yards Khaki Drill for Foreigner.		July 15, 11 a.m.
673	22,000 yards Khaki Drill for Chinese.		do
675	2,500 pairs Khaki Woollen Stockings.		do
677	185 Gross reels Sewing Cotton (various shades).		do
678	2,000 yards Plain White Cotton Bed Sheeting.		do
679	400 yards Cotton Curtain Material, Brown.		do
681	350 pairs Khaki Woollen Hose-tops.		do
670	Supply of Boots and Shoes for Foreign Branches of Shanghai Municipal Police.		July 7, 11 a.m.

TENDERS INVITED—(*Continued*)

No.	Description.	Fee	Date.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the R.A.D. Headquarters 184, Mohawk Road.		
682	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment S.M.P. for the month of August, 1941.		July 16, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	do
	" "B" Vegetables & Fruit	100	do
	" "C" Groceries	100	do
	" "D" Bread	100	do
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	do
683	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment S.M.P.	100	July 16, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED.

Shanghai Fire Brigade Tenders Nos. 68, 69 and 70. The contracts for the supply of Motor Vehicles have been awarded to Messrs. Bills Motors.

Public Health Department Tender No. 14. The contracts for Linen Requirements for 1941 have been awarded to Messrs. Ah Shing & Co., Pink Pen & Co., Davidson & Co., Van Yuen Ziang, Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd. and the Tuck Chong Weaving Factory.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/21. The contract for the supply of Tools, etc. has been awarded to Messrs. John Pook & Co., London, (per Messrs. Wheelock & Co., Ltd.)

Public Health Department Tenders Nos. 4(c) and 4(d). The contracts for the supply of Milk and Cream to Municipal Hospitals and Schools for six months ending December 31, 1941 have been awarded to Messrs. Liyuen Dairy Farm and Stey's Dairy Farm.

TENDERS RECEIVED.

Notification No. 5469. Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/65. Sale of approximately 65,000 lbs. Mild Steel Scrap and approximately 58,000 lbs. Cast Iron Scrap.

No tender has been accepted.

Police	Force.	Tender	No.	653	500 yards Khaki Drill for Officers.
"	"	"	"	654	17,000 yards Khaki Drill for Foreigners.
"	"	"	"	655	22,000 yards Khaki Drill for Chinese.
"	"	"	"	656	2,000 yards Khaki Cloth for Loongies.
"	"	"	"	657	2,500 pairs Khaki Woollen Stockings.
"	"	"	"	658	2,000 pairs Dark Blue Woollen Putties.
"	"	"	"	659	185 Gross reels Sewing Cotton (various shades).
"	"	"	"	660	2,000 yards Plain White Cotton Bed Sheeting.
"	"	"	"	661	400 yards Cotton Curtain Material, Brown.
"	"	"	"	662	300 pairs Khaki Woollen Putties.
"	"	"	"	663	350 pairs Khaki Woollen Hose-tops.

No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1941. 1841

THE LESTER TRUST

Report of the Lester Trustees for the Year Ended 31st December, 1940

Lester Trustees.—At the close of the year 1940 the Trustees remained as last reported. Since that date the Trustees have to report with deep regret the death of Mr. E. E. Parsons, which took place on the 29th March, 1941; Mr. R. F. C. Master, who is remaining in England, sent in his resignation on the 31st March, 1941, and the vacancies thus caused have been filled by the appointments of Mr. E. S. Wilkinson, C.B.E., and Mr. A. E. Seddon. Mr. Nation has been appointed Chairman of the Trustees following the resignation of Mr. R. F. C. Master.

Residuary Estate Capital Account.—Under existing financial conditions it has not been possible to make any further additions to the capital of the Trust, and at the close of the year under review it was found necessary to charge a sum of $15,218.48 to Capital Account in order to cover the excess of expenditure over income in the working of the Medical Research and Technical Institutes, including all Estate expenses involved. Since the closing of these accounts the Trustees have decided that in the event of any future deficit in the working of the Institutes and School it will be advisable to resort to the Special Reserve Account to cover any such loss. On the other hand, if any surplus should arise this will be credited to the Special Reserve Account so that the Trust's Capital Account may be kept stable until financial conditions become more settled.

A book loss on sale of properties amounting to $139,059.19 has been charged to this account, but it is anticipated that this will be more than offset by profits obtainable from the sale of properties at present closed under mortgages: any such profits or losses are, of course, more in the nature of book figures due to fluctuation in the value of Chinese National Dollars. Other exchange fluctuations are dealt with in the Exchange Fluctuation Account which appears in the Balance Sheet at the sum of $7,565,472.29, which sum must be regarded as a book figure mainly representing the difference in value between assets in the United Kingdom when expressed in local Dollars at current rate, and the cost in local Dollars at the date of their acquisition. The only advantage to which this apparent surplus can be put is to charge depreciation on Buildings, etc, at the original rate of exchange, at the same time setting aside the Sterling investments as a Depreciation Fund, and if this system is continued and elaborated, the Exchange Fluctuation Account will gradually be reduced until all Sterling assets have been absorbed in accordance with the allocations made in Schedule No. 4 attached to the Balance Sheet.

Subject to the above remarks the capital of the Trust is therefore recorded at the sum of C.N. $28,799,093.72 as shown in the Balance Sheet.

Residuary Estate Income Account.—Following the policy foreshadowed in the last Report, very little money has been remitted from Shanghai to London, and no further Reserves have been made from this account. The final excess of expenditure over income amounting to $15,218.48 has been charged to Residuary Estate Capital Account as stated above.

Henry Lester Institutes and Lester School Special Reserve.—The book value of this Special Reserve, C.N. $1,400,000, remains as at 31st December, 1939, but it will be noted from Schedule No. 4 that the sum of £750.0.0 has been specially allocated to the Buildings Depreciation Reserve Fund, thus reducing the investments allocated to the Institutes and School Special Reserve to £77,279.17.3. This system of using the investments in United Kingdom for the purpose of depreciation will be continued as indicated above. It may further be necessary to call on this Reserve Fund to meet future deficits in the running of the Institutes, but such action will only be taken as a matter of urgent necessity, as it is the first duty of the Trustees to assure the financial safety of the Institutes and School on a permanent basis.

Staff—Medical Benefits Fund.—The calls on this Fund have naturally increased with the reduction in value of the local Dollar, and the balance of the Fund at the end of the year under review was C.N.$2,504.59 as compared to $5,773.66 at the end of 1939. The Trust's contribution to the Fund for the year 1940 amounted to $8,265.94.

Henry Lester Scholarships.—The thirteenth examination took place on 14th October, 1940, under the management of the Scholarships Committee. Thirty-seven candidates sat for the examination and Scholarships were awarded to the following:—

1.—Jack Kantor—Western District Public School.
2.—Marjorie Joan Quayle—Public School for Girls (Yu Yuen Road).

Honourable mention was accorded to:—

1.—Peter Ismar Hess—Western District Public School.
2.—Werner Glass—Western District Public School.

Properties.—Rent collections from all properties have been satisfactory, and there is every reason to believe that foreclosed properties held by the Trust by permission of H.B.M. Supreme Court valued at $4,606,860.68, as per Schedule No. 1, can ultimately be disposed of without any capital loss to the Trust. The cost of repairing the damage to Trust properties by hostilities during the years 1937/8, have been paid out of income during the year 1940.

General Remarks.—Every effort has been made by the Trust to follow the lines mentioned in the last Report as regards a revised financial structure to include definite proportions of each class of investment, but the rapidly changing conditions in the local market have made such a plan extremely difficult to carry out. Recent developments have thrown vast sums of ready money on the local market which have made suitable mortgage investments difficult to obtain: under such conditions it was inevitable that the Trust's investments in local Debentures were

considerably increased from the total of $2,506,237.85 at the end of 1939 to $5,170,284.92 at the end of 1940.

Clinical Research Unit.—The position remains as previously stated, and the ninth instalment of the capital cost, $15,970.40, has been written off. In addition it will be noted that the sum of $10,000 was paid to the Lester Chinese Hospital as share of upkeep compared to the sum of $16,959.21 paid for the year 1939.

Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research.—During 1940 the work of the Institute was carried on along the reconstituted lines laid down in last year's report with the two main divisions of Physiology and Pathology at Avenue Road and the Clinical unit operating on the 5th floor of the Lester Chinese Hospital.

The chief subjects of investigation have been food deficiency diseases, the composition of local foodstuffs and communicable diseases; the results of which are embodied in some 40 papers published in various scientific journals. The two Divisions have continued their work in association with the Industrial and Health Departments of the Shanghai Municipal Council. A useful bulletin upon the identity and values of "Shanghai Vegetables" was issued jointly by Dr. Bernard Read and Mr. W. Wagner of the Health Department. Studies upon the contents of vitamins A, B and E in various foods and drugs have been made by Drs. Mar, Ni and Yang. Dr. Ni has made a special study of the effects upon the muscles and nerves of a deficiency of vitamin E. Dr. H. C. Hou has done noteworthy clinical work with the use of riboflavin in the treatment of certain eye conditions and mouth lesions associated with a deficiency of vitamin B2. Dr. W. Y. Lee with his special training in Industrial Physiology has studied the winter comfort zone for Shanghai workers and has published the results of his studies upon sensations of heat and moisture. Dr. Eggleton has continued his basic researches upon zinc, now known to be essential in the diet. He has correlated his findings with the state of the body in beriberi and diabetes. Very appropriately he is spending his furlough in the Connaught Laboratories of the University of Toronto, where the world's chief authorities upon diabetes will give wider scope to this phase of his work.

In the Pathological Sciences a series of papers have been published upon Shanghai mosquitoes as carriers of Microfilaria infection. With the cooperation of the Chinese Medical Association, Dr. Yu Ho has studied methods for developing blood banks locally. Dr. C. J. Wu has made valuable studies upon haemolytic streptococci infections. A number of papers has been issued reporting the Institute's latest work upon malaria. The photographic department has rendered valuable service in recording scientific work and from time to time publishes the special methods developed for dealing with highly specialized topics.

The Library record shows that a total of 359 volumes, including journals, monographs and books, were added during the year making a total of 8,029 volumes in the Library at the end of 1940. There were 5,526 visits to the Library (2,782 from outside), and 2,439 volumes were issued on loan to the staff.

With hostilities continuing in China no national conferences were held or attended by the staff, but a number of public lectures was given and several popular talks over the radio. A systematic course of lectures upon bacteriology was given as before to the student-nurses of the Lester Chinese Hospital. The Clinical Unit has continued to conduct all the routine laboratory examinations at the Hospital, 28,579 specimens were received and 43,541 observations made.

During 1940 the staff consisted of 20 research workers, 33 qualified clerks and technicians, 11 apprentices and 46 attendants. A full report of the work of the Institute is published independently in May and may be obtained on application to the Director.

The Lester School & Henry Lester Institute of Technical Education.—In presenting a report on the work of the Lester School and Technical Institute the Trustees have satisfaction in recording that in spite of the continued restrictions on the entry of Chinese students into the Hongkew area, the activities of the College have not been seriously interrupted during the year under review. The transportation, in motor coaches, of Junior students has been continued owing to the lack of suitable bus and tram services in the district.

During the session 1939/40 the three-term academic year was introduced in place of the two-term year. The experience of the first year's work under the new arrangement tends to show that more satisfactory and a very high average attendance was registered. The Entrance Examination, held towards the end of May, attracted a large number of candidates: 62 boys succeeded in satisfying the Examiners, and were enrolled at the commencement of the session which opened in September 1940.

Lester School, Senior.

The Senior School course combines, with general education, the technical subjects necessary for students who propose to enter the engineering profession. A reasonably good standard was maintained in each year of the course, and arrangements were made during the year for selected students to attend educational lectures and visits: these, in addition to their inherent interest, have the effect of introducing to students practical aspects of industrial life which reinforce theoretical training.

All candidates from the School who took the London Matriculation were successful in passing the examination and were admitted to the Degree Course in the Technical Institute.

Technical Institute.

During this Session the four-year course was introduced in the Institute so that there were no graduates in 1940. Following a slight modification in the syllabus, all students now follow the same curriculum for the first two years, and as a result the students in both the Civil and Mechanical Engineering courses are eligible for the Degree Examinations; but a more important advantage lies in the fact that all students receive, during the first two years of the course, a sound training in the fundamentals of Engineering before they are required to decide which branch of the profession they wish to enter.

Part-time students from the public utilities Companies attended selected classes during the year, as hitherto.

Mechanical Testing.

There has been very considerable increase in the number of tests undertaken for various firms in Shanghai, and the equipment has been in almost constant use. In addition to the service rendered to the industry, this branch of the work of the Institute has great educational value.

Evening Classes.

The courses in Mechanical Engineering and in Building were completed during the winter months, and only a very small percentage of students failed to gain the Certificate. The course in Electrical Installation was also continued, supported mainly by the Shanghai Telephone Company and the Shanghai Power Company. Classroom accommodation was again afforded by these two Companies, to whom the Trustees express their thanks for the assistance thus rendered.

Health.

All students were medically examined by Dr. Cater of the Lester Chinese Hospital, who submitted a favourable report upon the general health of the boys. Individual reports were sent to parents, where necessary, but minor ailments continued to be treated in the Clinic maintained in the building, which has done so much in the past to keep up a high physical standard.

Assets in United Kingdom.—Schedule No. 4 attached gives details of all assets held in the United Kingdom which for the purpose of the Exchange Fluctuation Account have been converted at exchange 3½d per Chinese National Dollar.

Supplementation Fund (Sterling Investment).—Following the policy outlined in the Report for the year 1939 no further adjustment has been made as regards the British Government War Stock (3½%) allocated to this Fund. It will be noted from Schedule No. 4 that the Sterling liability to the Fund amounts to £23,180.10.1, against which War Stock, nominal value £26,417.14.5, has already been allocated.

W. NATION
G. MORRISS
R. G. MACDONALD
E. S. WILKINSON
A. E. SEDDON
Trustees.

Shanghai, 18th June, 1941.

THE LESTER TRUST.—BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1940.

LIABILITIES			*Chinese Dollars*
The Lester Trust Capital Account:			
Balance of Residuary Account as per Account appended			28,799,093.72
Sundry Credit Balances			61,945.25
Sundry Trust Accounts:			
Lester Trustees Legacy Capital Balance as at 31st December, 1939	300,722.83		
Henry Lester Scholarships Capital Balance as at 31st December, 1939	75,244.75		
Medical Benefits Fund	3,994.59		
Superannuation Fund—Local Staff	203,087.21		582,959.38
Exchange Fluctuation Account:			
Surplus on Conversion of Sterling Net Assets to Exchange 3⅛d as at 31st December, 1940			7,565,472.29
Henry Lester Institutes and School:			
Special Reserve			1,400,000.00
Investments Fluctuation Reserve			200,000.00
Reserve for Depreciation of Buildings:			
Institute and School Buildings	295,525.94		
Director's House, Medical Research Institute	12,723.28		
Buildings on Endowment Properties	197,860.66		
Buildings on Residuary Estate Properties	53,357.44		559,467.32
Reserve for Depreciation of Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures:			
Technical Institute and School	263,105.44		
Medical Research Institute	200,000.00		463,105.44
		Ch.	$39,632,043.40

ASSETS			*Chinese Dollars*
Cash at Banks and on Hand:			
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation:			
Fixed Deposit Account	1,800,000.00		
Ordinary Current Account	445,443.95		
Sterling Current Account £1,563. 4. 4	107,192.00		
"B" Current Account	1,334.74		
The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.:			
Fixed Deposit Account	1,066,000.00		
Cash on Hand:			
Medical Research Institute	3,444.95		
Technical Institute and School	612.71		3,424,028.35
Sundry Investments in Shanghai:			
As per Schedule 3 (Market Value at 31st December, 1940 $4,736,259.29)			5,170,284.92
Mortgage Loans:			
As per Register			6,435,726.60
Properties:			
As per Schedule 1			13,324,850.86
Medical Research Institute—Equipment			
At cost:			
Furniture and Permanent Equipment	454,001.66		
Library Books and Journals	136,573.30		590,574.96
Technical Institute and School:			
Furniture and Fixtures—at Cost	70,121.33		
Library and Bookstall Stocks—at cost or under	20,572.52		
General Equipment—at cost	477,603.01		568,296.86
Sundry Debit Balances			55,203.43
Office Furniture, Fixtures, Etc.:			
Depreciated Value			3,242.00
Trust Account Investments:			
Lester Trustees Legacy Investments (Market Value at 31/12/40)	300,727.98		
Mortgage at cost	38,728.56		
	239,900.00		
	$278,628.56		
Henry Lester Scholarships Investment against Capital as per Schedule 2 (Market Value at 31/12/40 $57,996.40)	75,320.00		376,047.98
In United Kingdom			
Sundry Assets (Less Liabilities) As per Schedule 4			
Cash at Bank and in transit	£ 4,736. 2. 11		
Investments	£159,871. 9. 11	£164,607.12.10	
(Market Value at 31/12/40 £161,176.13.11)			
Less: Liabilities:			
Superannuation Fund	£23,180.10. 1		
Sundries	£206.13.11	£23,387. 4. 0	
		£141,220. 8.10	9,683,687.44
		Ch.	$39,632,043.40

THOMSON & CO.,
Chartered Accountants,
Accountants.

W. NATION
G. MORRISS
R. G. MacDONALD
E. S. WILKINSON
A. E. SEDDON
Trustees

We have audited the above Balance Sheet, in which are incorporated the certified London Accounts, with the books, accounts and vouchers, and have received all the information and explanations we have required. The accounts have been drawn up on a cash basis, nothing having been credited to income in respect of accrued interest, interest in arrears and rents outstanding.

We have seen a certificate from the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation for the title deeds and securities held in Shanghai and a certificate from the Bank of England for the British War Stock held in London. Subject to the foregoing the above Balance Sheet is in our opinion properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of affairs of the Lester Trust according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Trust.

LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS,
Chartered Accountants,
Auditors.

Shanghai, 13th June, 1941.

THE LESTER TRUST.—RESIDUARY ESTATE CAPITAL ACCOUNT—YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1940.

	Chinese Dollars		Chinese Dollars
To Loss on Realization of Investments	524.23	*By* Balance of Capital at 31st December, 1939	28,952,895.62
,, Loss on Sale of Properties	138,059.19		
,, Excess of Expenditure over Income for the year 1940 as per account appended	15,218.48		
,, Balance as per Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 1940	28,799,093.72		
Ch.	$28,952,895.62	*Ch.*	$28,952,895.62

THE LESTER TRUST.—RESIDUARY ESTATE INCOME ACCOUNT—YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1940.

		Chinese Dollars			Chinese Dollars
To Henry Lester Institute:			*By* Mortgage Interest Collected		591,940.96
Expenses in excess of Endowment Income as per account appended		972,744.39	,, Interest on Sundry Investments in Shanghai		363,521.80
,, Lester School:			,, Interest on Investments in United Kingdom		309,249.43
Expenses in excess of Endowment Income as per account appended		331,169.92	,, Net Rents Received:		
,, Henry Lester Scholarship Account:			B.C. Lot 3562 and 3901	5,184.16	
Expenses of 1940 Examinations	1,815.75		,, ,, 278	48,974.45	
Less: Balance of Income Account transferred as clause 14 of will	1,181.00	634.75	,, ,, 84 and 14069	33,963.94	
			,, ,, 63	58,660.15	
,, Estate Expenses in Shanghai:			,, ,, 17, 10328, 189, 207, 2011 and 10272	9,224.75	
Expenses on Grave	180.00		,, ,, 269, 1381 and S.M.C. Lot 174	43,085.89	199,093.37
Legal Costs and Charges	30,636.41				
Secretarial & Accountancy Fees	40,853.02		,, Balance carried to Residuary Estate Capital Account		15,218.48
Mortgage Valuation Fees and Expenses	6,971.75				
Office Rent and General Expenses	7,988.91				
Expenses on Vacant Land	2,944.45				
Audit Fee	6,727.39	96,301.97			
,, Depreciation on Buildings	54,023.09				
,, Depreciation on Office Furniture and Fixtures	900.00	54,923.09			
,, Estate Expenses in London:					
Sundry Charges		14,983.98			
,, Medical Benefits Fund:					
Trust's Contribution, year 1940		8,265.94			
Ch.		$1,479,024.04	*Ch.*		$1,479,024.04

THE LESTER TRUST.—HENRY LESTER INSTITUTE ENDOWMENT INCOME ACCOUNT—YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1940

		Chinese Dollars			Chinese Dollars
To Medical Research Institute:			*By* Net Income on Endowment Properties:		
Salaries and Wages	545,653.10		B.C. Lot 1272	98,354.71	
Superannuation Fund Contributions	24,681.18		,, ,, 388	19,290.64	
Superannuation Fund Interest	15,914.09		,, ,, 1436	100,105.78	
Passages and Travelling Expenses	49,271.85			217,650.53	
Supplies and General Expenses	143,987.15				
Land Tax, etc.	12,367.92		*Less*: Depreciation on Buildings (B. C. Lot 1272)	9,590.92	208,059.61
Clinical Research Facilities:					
Cost of Upkeep paid to Lester Chinese Hospital	10,000.00		,, Balance charged to Residuary Estate Income Account		972,744.39
9th Instalment of Capital cost written off	15,970.40	25,970.40			
Secretarial & Accountancy Fees	12,685.52				
Legal Charges	4,266.29				
	836,737.50				
Less: Rent Received (Net)	1,069.86	835,667.64			
,, Technical Institute:					
Salaries	187,569.04				
Superannuation Fund Contributions	9,417.39				
Superannuation Fund Interest	4,430.12				
Travelling Expenses	19,697.87				
General Expenses	88,731.80				
Secretarial & Accountancy Fees	5,585.66				
Legal Charges	3,103.14				
Depreciation Reserve:					
Equipment	21,749.32				
Equipment School Extension	19,188.68				
Furniture & Fixtures	1,168.69	42,106.09			
	360,641.02				
Less: Fees Received	14,232.50				
Scholastic	358.00				
Scientific Testing	914.16	15,504.66	345,136.36		
Ch.		$1,180,804.00	*Ch.*		$1,180,804.00

THE LESTER TRUST.—THE LESTER SCHOOL ENDOWMENT INCOME ACCOUNT—YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1940

		Chinese Dollars			Chinese Dollars
To Salaries		249,455.85	By Net Income from Endowment Properties:		
,, Superannuation Fund Contributions		13,732.29	B. C. Lot 8638	3,803.82	
,, Superannuation Fund Interest		1,476.70	,, ,, 9475	24,028.00	
,, Travelling Expenses		19,697.37	,, ,, 1312	9,028.72	
,, General Expenses		62,870.75	U.S.C. Lots 563 and 637	8,952.48	
,, Secretarial and Accountancy Fees		5,585.66		45,813.02	
,, Legal Charges		3,109.14	*Less*: Depreciation charged to Properties	15,657.60	30,155.42
,, Depreciation Reserve:					
Equipment	3,624.88		,, Rent Received from Staff		1,993.06
Equipment School Extension	3,198.02		,, Balance charged to Residuary Estate Income Account		331,169.92
Furniture & Fixtures	5,843.44	12,666.34			
		368,588.51			
Less: Fees Received	19,694.00	348,894.51			
,, Land Tax and Expenses of Site		14,423.83			
		Ch$363,318.34			Ch$363,318.34

THE LESTER TRUST.—HENRY LESTER SCHOLARSHIPS INCOME ACCOUNT—YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1940

		Chinese Dollars		Chinese Dollars
To Grants paid to Scholars:			By Income from Endowment Investments	3,766.00
1938 Scholar (1) at $235.00	235.00			
1938 ,, (1) at $470.00	470.00			
1939 ,, (2) at $470.00	940.00			
1940 ,, (2) at $470.00	940.00	2,585.00		
,, Balance transferred to Residuary Estate Income Account		1,181.00		
	Ch$	3,766.00	Ch$	3,766.00

SCHEDULE I.

THE LESTER TRUST.—PROPERTIES BEQUEATHED TO THE LESTER TRUSTEES OR ACQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE TRUST

PROPERTIES	*Probate Valuation Plus Additions, etc. to date.*		*Allocation of Income*
B. C. Lot 8638—Cad. Lot 598 E. D.—as at 31st December, 1939	$ 100,310.08		Lester School
U.S.C. Lots 563 & 637—Cad. Lot 720 E.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	140,633.35		do
B. C. Lot 1506—Cad. Lot 713 E.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	572,781.87		Site of School and Recreation Ground
B. C. Lots 9475 & 2062—Cad. Lot 695 E.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	898,477.05		Lester School
B. C. Lot 1312—Cad. Lot 523 C.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	369,000.00		do
B. C. Lot 1272—Cad. Lot 627 C.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	1,165,998.22		Henry Lester Institute
B. C. Lot 388—Cad. Lot 628 C.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	1,477,342.66		do
B. C. Lot 1436—Cad. Lot 508 C.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	630,349.65		do
B. C. Lots 3562 & 3901—Cad. Lot 3609 E.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	268,511.50		Residuary Estate
B. C. Lot 3599.—Cad. Lot 3588 E.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	71,019.58		Vacant Land
Land at Nanziang—as at 31st December, 1939	4,846.16		do
Total of Properties Bequeathed by Will	35,699,270.12		
Add: (a) B. C. Lots 4028, 4785 & 7423—Cad. Lot 3276 W.D.—as at 31st December, 1939	617,117.61		Site of Medical Research Institute
(b) Cost of Buildings thereon to date:			
Director's House	$ 19,880.07		
Medical Research Institute	1,017,547.00		
Engineer's House and Technicians' Quarters	42,103.13		
Parking Shed	1,915.30	1,081,445.50	
(c) Clinical Research Unit at Lester Chinese Hospital—as at 31st December, 1939	136,038.23		
Less: Part cost written off year 1940	15,970.40	120,067.83	
(d) The Lester School & Henry Lester Institute of Technical Education	990,932.13		
do Building Extension	209,156.99	1,200,089.12	
Sundry foreclosed Properties B. C. Lots 278, 84. 14069, 63, 269 & 1381		4,606,860.68	
	$13,324,850.86		

SCHEDULE II

INVESTMENT OF HENRY LESTER SCHOLARSHIPS LEGACY CAPITAL

	Nominal Value	
F. M. C. Loan 1934 5%	$75,320.00	$75,320.00

SCHEDULE III

SUNDRY INVESTMENTS IN SHANGHAI (GENERAL FUNDS)

Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. Loan 1930 5%		
Cathay Land Co., Ltd. Loan 1930 6%	¥73,000.00	$ 97,129.72
Anglo French Land Investment Co., Ltd. Loan 1932 6%	20,000.00	28,322.38
Anglo French Land Investment Co., Ltd. Loan 1931 6%	81,100.00	108,889.51
S.M.C. Loan 1926 6%	82,400.00	118,924.03
,, ,, 1934 5%	47,700.00	62,598.02
,, ,, 1936 5½%	$ 772,000.00	590,005.00
,, ,, 1937 5%	498,000.00	481,445.00
,, ,, 1940 6%	173,600.00	154,839.00
F.M.C. ,, 1914 5½%	2,000,000.00	1,900,000.00
,, ,, 1925 6½%	¥ 39,000.00	54,545.45
,, ,, 1926 6½%	114,500.00	160,139.86
,, ,, 1930 6%	15,500.00	21,013.99
,, ,, 1931 6%	202,000.00	282,517.48
,, ,, 1933 6%	18,000.00	25,145.87
,, ,, 1934 5%	126,300.00	181,048.11
,, ,, 1936 6%	$549,380.00	549,342.58
	397,100.00	374,385.92
		$5,170,284.92

SCHEDULE IV

ASSETS IN UNITED KINGDOM

		@ Ex. 3¼d.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—Current Account	£ 4,736. 2.11	$ 324,764.29
British Government War Stock (3½%):		
£54,486. 4. 9 @ cost	55,142.18. 5	3,781,228.86
26,417.14. 5 @ " Allocated to Superannuation Fund	26,698.14. 3	1,830,768.86
74,857.15. 9 @ " Allocated to Institutes and School Buildings Depreciation Reserve Fund	77,279.17. 3	5,299,190.57
726. 9.10 @ " Allocated to Institutes and School Buildings Depreciation Reserve Fund	750. 0. 0	51,428.57
	£164,607.12.10	$11,287,381.15
Less: Liabilities in U.K.		
Stephenson, Harwood and Tatham £ 20.13. 5 $ 1,417.43		
Viney, Price and Goodyear 166. 0. 0 11,382.86		
Sundry Creditors 20. 0. 6 1,373.14		
	206.13.11	14,173.43
Net Assets in United Kingdom	£164,400.18.11	$11,273,207.72
Less: Liability to Superannuation Fund	23,180.10. 1	1,589,520.28
	£141,220. 8.10	$ 9,683,687.44

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1941. 1842

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Friday	August 1
Saturday	,, 2
Monday	,, 4
Tuesday	,, 5

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

THE Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment re- of.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank many at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.

NOTIFICATION No. 5496.
ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS TESTING FEES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from July 1, 1941, the animal and animal products testing fees as set out in the Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees, 1941, will be raised by 150%.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 2, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5506.
TSITSIHAR MARKET.

Eastern District.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of an area of Mow 2.332 or thereabouts with buildings thereon known as the Tsitsihar Market comprising Cadastral Lot 5782, British Consular Lot 11657, registered in the name of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Official tender forms, on which all tenders must be submitted, together with plans and full particulars of the property and conditions of sale may be obtained on application to the Public Works Department, Administration Building, Room 336.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Administration Building, Room 150, not later than 11 a.m. on August 21.

Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, at 11 a.m. on August 21.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 21, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5507.
LICENCE CONDITIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from August 1, 1941, Condition No. 44 of the Cinematograph Licence, No. 45 of the Circus, Fair, Dancing Saloon of Other Place of Public Entertainment Licence and No. 41 of the Theatre and Music Hall Licence will be amended to read as follows:—

"The licensee shall pay when due all rates and taxes for which he is liable."

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5504.
TENDERS INVITED.

THE Council is prepared to receive tenders for the supply of 20,000 Sand Bags.

For particulars, apply to Room No. 234, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on August 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 16, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5498.
S.M.C. RICE.

OWING to the heavy increase in cost at sources of supply, combined with increased rates of freight, the Shanghai Municipal Council is reluctantly compelled to increase its selling price for S.M.C. Rice and the maximum retail selling price to the public will therefore as from July 8, 1941 be $116 per zar (80 kilos) net delivered weight.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 7, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5499.
ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that no matter of offensive or immoral nature or any matter liable to prejudice the preservation of peace and good order shall be advertised.

Any person or persons publishing such an advertisement will be prosecuted according to law.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 8, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5503.
TENDERS INVITED.
Police Force.

INFORMATION regarding tenders under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of Shanghai Municipal Goal, 147 Ward Road.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
72A	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section, for a period of three months from September 1, 1941.	$500	August 12, 1941. 11 a.m.
72B	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section, for a period of three months from September 1, 1941.	$100	August 12, 1941. 11 a.m.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on August 12, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 12, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on July 9.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell, (Chairman), N. F. Allman, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. J. D. Carriere, Y. Hanawa, I. Okamoto and Y. Yazima.

Fortnightly meeting held on July 23.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell, (Chairman), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. G. E. Mitchell, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. I. Okamoto and Yulin Hsi.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Public Utilities Committee, June 25.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell, (Chairman), J. H. Liddell, (Chairman of Council), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Chen Nee, T. S. Powell, Shao Shu-Hwa, T. K. Tsutsumi and R. von der Crone. Absent: Mr. Y. Yazime.

Library Committee, June 30.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan, (Chairman), Mrs. A. Baer, Mr. E. Ema, Rev. P. C. Matthews, Mrs. A. W. Sherriff, Messrs. Tseu Yih Zan and K. Yamada. Absent: Dr. G. Costantini and Mrs. E. S. Wilkinson.

Watch Committee, July 3.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell (in the Chair), Theodore C. Chang, W. A. Hale, F. Hoehnke, Hsia Choong Fook, Jabin Hsu, R. G. MacDonald and O. Okamoto. Absent: Messrs. I. Okamoto and N. F. Allman.

Staff Committee, July 9.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell, (Chairman), Theodore C. Chang, R. von der Crone, A. Glathe, G. E. Mitchell, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Mr. L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. J. D. Carriere, Yulin Hsi, I. Okamoto and Y. Yazima.

Finance Committee, July 15.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell, (Chairman) H. E. Arnhold, C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and F. S. Hsu.

Public Utilities Committee, July 17.—Present: Messrs. G. E. Mitchell, (Chairman), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, T. S. Powell, T. K. Tsutsumi and R. von der Crone. Absent: Messrs. Chen Nee, Shao Shu-Hwa, Dr. Z. Z. Zee and Mr. Y. Yazima.

Education Board, July 18.—Present: Dr. R. J. McMullen, (Chairman), Dr. K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A.V.T. Dean, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura, L.T. Yuan and Dr. Sidney K. Wei. Abent: Mrs. Lancelot Giles and Mr. Victor Hanson.

Works Committee, July 21.—Present: Messrs. Y. Hanawa, (Chairman), C. H. Chen, P. H. Chen, R. T. McDonnell, Pan San Hsin, H. S. Poulsen and Dr. G. Probst. Absent: Messrs. T. Haraguchi, F. J. Hookham and G. E. Marden.

NOTIFICATION No. 5505.
TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Wong Tsong Jen of 471 Broadway East in respect of the premises No. 471 Broadway East is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Tuesday, July 29, 1941.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 21, 1941.

ASSESSMENT APPEAL COMMITTEE.

In accordance with Bye-law LII recently approved by Ratepayers and the Consular Body, a Committee consisting of the following persons has been appointed for a period of one year to determine appeals from assessments or re-assessments made by the Council:—

Mr. E. H. Adams, A.R.I.B.A.
Mr. E. Busch.
Mr Elliott Hazzard, A.I.A.
Mr. Poy G. Lee, R.A., M.S.C.A.
Mr. T. K. Tsutsumi and
Col. P. F. Unterberger, Dipl. C.E., Mil. Engr. V.D.I. (Germany).

NOTIFICATION No. 5497.
TENDERS INVITED.
Police Force.

INFORMATION regarding tenders under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of Shanghai Municipal Gaol, 147 Ward Road.

No.	Description	Date
Gaol 71	6,700 Blankets	August 7, 11 a.m.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on August 7, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 5, 1941.

S.M.C. COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN.

Chairmen of Council Committees have been appointed as follows:—

Finance Committee	—Mr. J. H. Liddell
Watch Committee	—Mr. I. Okamoto
Works Committee	—Mr. Y. Hanawa
Staff Committee	—Mr. T. S. Powell
Health Committee	—Mr. A. Glathe
Public Utilities Committee	—Mr. G. E. Mitchell
Orchestra and Band Committee	—Mr. R. Von der Crone
Library Committee	—Mr. L. T. Yuan
Industrial and Social Affairs Committee	—Mr. N. F. Allman
Supplies Committee	—Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, K.B.E.
Education Board	—Dr. R. J. McMullen

STAFF PAY.

Towards the end of June the Council instructed its Staff Committee to consider whether it would be possible to devise a system to provide a permanent basis for the regular adjustment of allowances necessitated by changes in the cost of living. Meanwhile temporary allowances were given for the months of May and June and the Council announced that the benefits of any new basis adopted would be given to its staff retrospectively from May 1.

The Staff Committee considered it necessary to seek a solution of its problem by appointing groups of its own members to examine the position each month. From the accumulated experience of these groups and from their monthly recommendations a satisfactory formula for regular adjustments may be found later.

The first such examination covered May, June and July allowances and the recommendations of the Staff Committee approved by Council in meeting on July 9 were:—

Chinese Employees not serving under Letters of Appointment

May	June	July
1st $200 at 195%	1st $200 at 195%	1st $200 at 190%
over $200 at 165%	over $200 at 165%	over $200 at 155%
Minimum allowance of $50	Minimum allowance of $50	Minimum allowance of $50

Foreign Employees; and Chinese Employees serving under Letters of Appointment

May	June	July
1st $500 at 190%	1st $500 at 195%	1st $500 at 200%
2nd $500 at 155%	2nd $500 at 165%	2nd $500 at 170%
over $1000 at 125%	over $1000 at 130%	over $1000 at 135%

In respect of Class "A" foreign employees who are in receipt of Exchange Adjustment on Repatriation Pay, the above allowance is to be computed on two-thirds of their monthly pay.

These scales of allowances fully maintain the Council's previously adopted principle of affording a higher percentage adjustment the lower an employee's pay. The award of these allowances will enable all the lower paid Chinese staff to maintain approximately the same standard of living which they were enjoying last December but all the rest of the staff, Chinese and foreign, according to their salaries are compensated for half or less than half of the increase in cost of living which has occurred since that month. The reduction in the allowance payable for July to Chinese staff not serving under letters of appointment reflects a reduction in the cost of living between May and June, the Staff Committee having used one month's cost of living index to guide them in the fixing of the next month's allowance.

ELECTRICITY RESTRICTION SCHEME.

Consideration has recently been given to appeals submitted against the recommendations contained in the report of the Special Committee on the Restriction of Supply of Electricity, published as a Special Municipal Gazette on May 17, 1941. The principal appeals considered were:

(a) appeals against the small allotments given to occupations classed as Luxuries or under the heading Amusement and Entertainment by contrast with the allotments given to occupations classed as Industrial;

(b) appeals from those adversely affected by the authority given to the Power Company to refuse new applications for power service.

The Council, having given full consideration to the appeals and to the reasons which actuated the Special Committee in differentiating between the allotments for the various groups concerned, decided that, in view of the difficulty in deciding fairly as to the value to the community of particular occupations, and in view also of the fact that Groups 6, 7 and 8 (Luxuries, Advertising Signs and Floodlights, Amusement and Entertainment) use only 4.4% of the total established usage of all consumers as compared with 71% for Group 5 (Industrial), there shall be no differentiation in the allotments given to Groups 5, 6, 7 and 8 unless and until the supply of fuel available falls below 25,000 tons of coal per month. The extra allotments to Groups 6, 7 and 8 would have the effect of reducing the allotment of established usage to Group 5 (Industrial) by only 1% or less, depending on the quantity of fuel available. Should the available supply of fuel fall below 25,000 tons of coal per month, the Council may have to consider the announcement of new allocations.

The Council further considered appeals from persons and firms who had invested capital in new plants or extensions of existing plants prior to March 4, 1941, the date on which the Council authorised refusal of new applications for power services. Such persons had made their investment in the expectation of being supplied with power, and in the Council's opinion are entitled to be supplied with a reasonable portion of their requirements. It has accordingly been decided that the authority to refuse new applications be amended to provide for acceptance of applications for bulk supply and small power provided that the applicants are able to prove (1) that properties were under construction for the utilisation of power on or before March 4, 1941, or (2) that equipment for the utilisation of power had been ordered or purchased on or before March 4, 1941.

When applications are accepted under this ruling the established usage for the purpose of computing allotments of power will be calculated at 80% of the estimated usage of each particular consumer when on full normal operating load.

Applications for service under this ruling were required be made to the Shanghai Power Company not later than July 5, 1941.

Municipal Notifications were issued giving effect to the above decisions.

NOTIFICATION No. 5493. SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5410 dated March 4, 1941, is hereby cancelled.

Notice is hereby given that the Shanghai Municipal Council has agreed that further applications for power service, i.e. Bulk Supply and Small Power, either for new installations or for additions to existing installations, will be accepted by the Shanghai Power Company until further notice unless applicants can prove:

1. that properties were under construction for the utilization of power on or before March 4, 1941, or,
2. that equipment had been ordered or purchased on or before March 4, 1941, for the utilization of power.

Applications for power service under the above conditions should be made to the Shanghai Power Company on or before July 5, 1941. Applicants dissatisfied with the Company's decisions on their applications will have the right of appeal to the Council. Such appeals should be addressed to Mr. J. W. Allan, Deputy Secretary, Administration Building.

Applications for power services accepted under the conditions referred to above will be classified under Clause 3(a) of the Report of the Special Committee on the Restriction of Supply of Electricity, i.e., recently connected consumers not yet up to full load, and the established usage accepted applications, on which allotments of power will be based, will accordingly be calculated at 80% of the estimated usage of each particular consumer when on full normal operating load.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5500. RENTAL CHARGE FOR PUBLIC RICSHAS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from July 15, 1941, the maximum rental charge authorised for each public ricsha shall be two Chinese National Currency per day.

Stern measures, including permanent cancellation of the licences, will be taken against the licensees of public ricshas found overcharging the authorised maximum rental.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5502. MUNICIPAL SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

TENDERS are invited for alterations to huts for the Polytechnic Public School for Chinese and Primary School for Chinese at 65, Great Western Road. For particulars, apply to Room 354, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July, 11, 1941.

SUMMER INSTITUTE FOR TEACHERS OF GRANT-AIDED CHINESE PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Members of the Education Board have recommended and the Council has approved a summer institute for teachers of grant-aided Chinese Primary Schools being conducted at the Council's Sinza Road School from July 14 to August 9, 1941. The estimated cost of this project is $1,000 and will be financed from grant-in-aid funds. The courses will include educational psychology, general methods of teaching, classroom management, school administration, teaching of Chinese, teaching of arithmetic, teaching of common knowledge, teaching of English, kindergarten teaching, teaching of music, teaching of manual and fine arts, teaching in ungraded rooms and special lectures. The registration fee has been fixed at $1.

CHEAP SALES OF FLOUR.

The Council on June 30 announced that it wished to make it clear to consumers of cheap-priced flour that the total amount of 300,000 bags of flour offered by the Foh Sing Flour Mill since May 1, 1941, together with the deduction of 10% of imported flour, for sale at a moderate price were exhausted by June 26, 1941. Owing to a further supply by the Mill of 33,272 bags, the Mill was able to furnish consumers with cheap-priced flour up to and on July 1, 1941.

However, in view of the very large stock of imported flour on hand in Shanghai, which should meet local demands up to the end of the year, cheap sales of flour, which commenced from February 19, 1940, were discontinued from July 2, 1941.

The Council renewed its appreciation to the managements of the Foh Sing and Fou Foong Mills for their generous offers which have been of great benefit to the community, and to distributors as well as foreign flour import firms and their consignees for having cooperated with the Council in its efforts to stabilize the flour market.

NOTIFICATION No. 5444. ENTRANCE FEES TO PARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that from June 1, 1941 to May 31, 1942, fees for season and daily tickets to Public Parks will be as follows:—

$5 per season covering admission to all Parks.

$2 per season covering admission to all Parks excluding Jessfield Park.

30 cents per diem, daily entrance fee for each Park.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5479. DOGS.

DOG owners who have not yet taken out licences for the current year are requested to present their applications forthwith at the Revenue Office, or at Bubbling Well, Gordon Road or Yangtszepoo Police Stations together with the fee of $12 for each dog.

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5508.
TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Erwin Goldstein of 575/7 East Seward Road in respect of the premises Nos. 222/4 Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, August 4, 1941.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5509.
EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID
Chinese Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to Chinese schools within the International Settlement may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building. To qualify for a grant a school must have been in existence at least one full year within the Settlement.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than September 15, 1941.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5510.
EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID.
Foreign Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to foreign schools within the International Settlement or paying rates to the Shanghai Municipal Council may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than February 10, 1942.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July, 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5487.
DANGEROUS OR INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the licence conditions governing the handling of Dangerous or Inflammable Liquids, published under Notification No. 5443 of April 24, 1941, will have effect from July 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber.
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

SHANGHAI MEDICAL BOARD.

Dr. A. Battista has accepted the Council's invitation to succeed the late Dr. W. E. O'Hara as a member of the Shanghai Medical Board for the remainder of the biennial period ending March 31, 1943.

NOTIFICATION No. 5429.
CHOLERA INOCULATION.

COMMENCING on Tuesday, April 15, free inoculation against Cholera, for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:

Address of Branch Health Office		Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 a.m. and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 a.m.
1 Western	280 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 a.m.
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9—12 a.m.
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	270 N'Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving inoculation for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving inoculation for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road—ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time.

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotions:—

American M. G. Coy.—Lt. W. M. Portrude to be Capt.—July 14, 1941.

Transfers:—

Captain J. S. Brenneman, American Machine Gun Company is transferred to Reserve of Officers "B"—July 14, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.—

Japanese Company	Maj.	T. Otorii	June 22, 1941
Chinese Company	Lt.	C.E. Chow	June 17, 1941
"A" Battalion H.Q.	Maj.	E.S. Barraclough, M.C.	June 25, 1941
Philippine Company	Capt.	A.Y. Celis	June 18, 1941
" "	Lt.	J.W. Templo	June 18, 1941
Reserve of Officers "B"	Maj.	H.C. Patrick	June 21, 1941
" " "	Lt.	D.K. Kajiwara	June 19, 1941

Long Service Medal—Awards:—

Medals:—

The undermentioned have been awarded the medal for Long Service:—

Major C. C. Todd	Active 1929—1941
Lieutenant S. M. Zee	Active 1929—1941
Lieutenant E. Brundin	Active 1928—1940
Lieutenant V. A. Sokoloff	Active 1929—1941
First Sergeant M. A. Kuhn	Active 1928—1940
First Sergeant B. W. de Legaspi	Active 1927—1928 1932—1941
Sergeant E.J.F. dos Remedios	Active 1927—1937 1939—1941
Sergeant T. J. Ellis	Active 1918—1926 1935—1939
Sergeant Zwen Ou (102)	Active 1928—1939 Reserve 1940—1941
Sergeant Antero Silva (494)	Active 1929—1941
Corporal Louis d'Aquino (332)	Active 1922—1924 1926—1932 1938—1940
Corporal J. W. Dearn	Active 1924—1927 1929—1932 1935—1941
Lance Corporal Camillo Corte-Real (570)	Active 1928—1941
Private Eduardo Carion (443)	Active 1927—1934 1937—1941
Private Alfredo Silva (426)	Active 1926—1940
Private K. M. Chu	Active 1929—1941
Private Henrique Remedios (420)	Active 1927—1936 1939—1941
Private F. Antonio	Active 1928—1941

1st Bars:—

The undermentioned has been awarded the 1st Bar to the medal for Long Service:—

Corporal G. C. Large	Active 1936—1941

2nd Bars:—

The undermentioned has been awarded the 2nd Bar to the medal for Long Service:—

Captain Prospero A. da Costa	Active 1936—1941

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, June 19—July 18, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with deep regret the death, on July 16, 1941, of Probationary Sergeant V. D. Simagin.

For a display of courage and devotion to duty of the highest degree which cost him his life, the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class I, is awarded posthumously to Mr. C. Akagi, Special Deputy Commissioner.

For determined bravery, personal initiative and devotion to duty on the same occasion, Inspector S. Sharrock is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For bravery and devotion to duty in face of an armed criminal, Chinese Constables Nos. 256 and 2099 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Probationary Sergeants A. M. Marques and E. A. Pecheniuk are promoted to the rank of Sergeant from June 17 and July 19, 1941, respectively.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from the dates specified:—

A. I. Andreeff,	June 15, 1941
V. I. Andreeff,	do.
G. V. Arhangelsky,	do.
P. V. Goloobeff,	do.
M. S. Grischeff,	do.
L. F. Korobkoff,	do.
V. P. Krutikoff,	do.
A. A. Kulugurieff,	do.
N. A. Riaudin,	do.
A. P. Shemiakin,	do.
S. I. Sokoloff,	do.
N. M. Strelchuk,	do.
A. N. Vasilieff,	do.
V. N. Vasilieff,	do.
L. A. Yachevsky,	do.
N. J. Kristiansson,	July 1, 1941
A. H. Crank,	do.
W. Keil,	July 15, 1941
E. A. Baronoff,	July 16, 1941
L. V. Fokin,	do.
B. I. Grabovsky,	do.
G. I. Hirkovsky,	do.
A. E. Kachan,	do.
A. M. Knisheff,	do.
V. A. Mardensky,	do.
L. O. Muller,	do.
M. A. Petroff,	do.
B. I. Romanoff,	do.
V. V. Rukliadeff,	do.
B. G. Sesko,	do.
N. F. Vajenin,	do.
B. I. Chernih,	do.
S. I. Fedoroff,	do.
L. G. Trifonoff,	do.
O. I. Trostiansky,	do.

A. Wickdahl, Probationary Sergeant on probation, is dismissed the Force from June 19, 1941.

The services of Miss I. Watt, Secretary, terminated on June 30, 1941.

Sergeant 805, H. Chimoto is invalided, services terminating on July 1, 1941.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Sub-Inspector G. E. Darters, Nov. 18, 1941.
Sergeant F. J. Andrew, July 5, 1941.
Sergeant N. C. Webb, December 8, 1941.
Sergeant J. Deaville, December 18, 1941.
Sergeant R. Rimmer, December 22, 1941.
Sergeant W. A. Nicoll, December 31, 1941.
Sergeant W. G. Stevens, December 31, 1941.
Sergeant T. H. Crook, January 2, 1942.
Probationary Sergeant W. Perly, September 10, 1941.
Probationary Sergeant L. A. Cockburn, September 21, 1941.

Public Health Department.—Miss N. B. Imshenetzky is appointed Assistant Nurse on probation from July 1, 1941.

The services of Mrs. M. Osorgina, Staff Nurse, terminated on June 25, 1941.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Dr. J. H. Blakelock, Director of Medical Laboratory, July 14, 1941.
Sister M. Robinson, December 11, 1941.
Probationer Nurse O. Vassilieff, October 3, 1941.

Education Department.—The resignations of Miss B. E. Chapman, Miss F. MacGregor, Assistant Mistresses, and Mr. P. A. Corbett, Assistant Master, are accepted, services terminating on December 31, 1941.

Industrial & Social Division.—Mr. P. C. Shen is appointed Assistant Inspector on probation from July 16, 1941.

Mr. D. A. Fan is appointed Assistant on probation from July 17, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

NOTIFICATION No. 5511.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Wednesday. August 27.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during June:—

On June 2 to Messrs. Tung Foong Coal Briquettes Factory to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 130 on West Soochow Road, opposite Penang Road.

On June 3 to the Japanese Lawn Bowls Club to erect a Club House at North of Hongkew Park.

On June 6 to Messrs.. The Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China) Ltd., to install a gasoline pump and tank in the Municipal footpath fronting House Nos. 95/97 Boundary Road.

On June 7 to Messrs. Vong Teh Hoong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Road.

On June 20 to Messrs. Sung Hai Po to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Road.

On June 20 to Messrs. Mao Zang Ching to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Road.

On June 26 to Messrs. The Standard-Vacuum Oil Co. to install a gasoline pump and tank in the Municipal footpath fronting House No. 87 Boundary Road.

On June 27 to Messrs. Ta Ta Firewood Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Road.

On June 27 to Messrs. The Standard-Vacuum Oil Co. to install a gasoline pump and tank in the Municipal footpath fronting House No. 468 North Szechuen Road.

On June 30 to Messrs. The Standard-Vacuum Oil Co. to install a gasoline tank in the Municipal footpath fronting House No. 818 Peking Road.

NOTIFICATION No. 5492.
ELECTRICITY RESTRICTION SCHEME.

AS a result of the consideration by the Council of several appeals lodged against the recommendations contained in the report of the Special Committee on the Restriction of the Supply of Electricty, published as a Special Municipal Gazette on May 17, 1941, the reductions on established usage for Groups 5, 6, 7 and 8 quoted in Exhibit "E" of the Special Committee's report are amended as follows:—

	Fuel available monthly in tons				
	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	45,000
Reduction on Established Usage for Groups 5, 6, 7 and 8	72%	64%	57%	50%	44%

These allotments will remain in force unless and until the available supply of fuel falls below 25,000 tons of coal per month in which event the Council may find it necessary to announce new allotments.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Cambridge Local Examinations.

The results of the Cambridge School Leaving Certificate and Junior Examinations for the year 1940 which have come to hand are:—

School Certificate Examination

School	Entries	Passes	Percentage Passes
Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys	19	15	79%
Western District Public School	14	12	86%
Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Girls	4	3	75%
Public School for Girls	30	27	90%
Total	67	57	85%

Junior Examination

Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys	8	5	63%

FLOODS IN SHANGHAI.

On June 26 the Council issued a statement saying that when many people are being inconvenienced by floods on public roads it is natural to wonder what steps the Council has been taking to prevent these occurrences or, at least, to keep them under some sort of control.

Really effective control of the large natural forces which cause floods is a big engineering undertaking anywhere as the work done in America and elsewhere sufficiently shows, and in a large flat low-level town like ours the virtual removal of the risk of serious floods would require large new drains in almost all the roads constructed to discharge into special pump stations capable of removing the water as fast as it collects whatever the height of the tide may be. Drain laying on such a scale would take about ten years to complete and seriously interrupt traffic for most of the time, while the cost of the whole scheme would be prohibitive even in normal times. Something less ambitious but more practical has had to be found.

The 140 miles of drains in the Council's roads are necessarily laid almost flat and, if not regularly cleaned, would soon silt up. In 1939 the regular drain cleaning gangs were augmented by others concentrating on the main drainage system of the Settlement with gear specially made for the rapid removal of silt from the larger pipes, so that by the end of that year the main drainage system had been thoroughly cleaned and it has been kept in that condition ever since.

Certain areas are specially liable to flood. The reasons in each case have been determined and practical steps taken to reduce the likelihood of floods and, when they cannot be prevented, to reduce the area affected as well as the depth and duration of the flood.

Exceptionally high tides and very heavy rainfall are the two factors causing local floods. In some places it is the high tides and in others it is heavy rainfall which is more important, and of course both may occur at the same time.

A few years ago the foreign business district between Honan Road and the river was specially prone to floods from high tides which not only hindered discharge, but often caused floods by reversing the flow in the drains. Still higher tides would flood the district over the top of the Bund. This was first tackled by reconstructing the roads at a higher level. But the work was troublesome to traffic in a very busy area and raised complications in adjoining properties, and, as all the roads are of the most expensive type as well, it was not continued after 1936. Instead the drains leading out of the area on all sides were fitted with what are called non-return valves which prevent flow into the area while permitting flow from the area. A concrete wall was built along the edge of the Bund and the approaches to the pontoons were either raised or provided with some device for keeping the water back. At the same time a pump was installed for removing the normal dry weather discharge from the many large buildings in the area when the outlets of the drainage system are closed by a high tide. The arrangement works quite successfully in preventing any sort of flooding on more than one hundred occasions in the year when the tide rises higher than the roads. The only occasions now when floods occur are when the river water pours into the district over the French Bund, or when heavy rainfall occurring during a high tide is added to the normal drainage of the district and exceeds the capacity of the pump.

The next area to receive attention centres roughly round the junction of Nanking and Chekiang Roads, a low-lying area which is still near enough to the river to be liable to flooding from the tide, though floods are just as often caused by the discharge from heavy rainfall running into the area from all sides. As two main drains flow through this area, it is not possible to isolate it by non-return valves in the same way as the Bund area. Instead water from the drains, whether due to tide or rainfall in the surrounding area, is prevented from reaching the road by flap valves fitted on all the street gullies, as the openings by the side of the roads for carrying off surface water are called. When such flap valves are closed there is no means of removing the surface water that accumulates from rainfall, so an opening has been made at the lowest point and connected to the nearest sewage pumping station which removes the surface water with the sewage. The rate of removal is limited to the reserve capacity of the pumps, so it takes some time to remove the water after a heavy downpour.

After an exceptionally heavy rainfall in October last year, part of Avenue Road was so deeply flooded that tram service was unable to run for about a week. Although nothing like so serious an interruption had occurred before, the service is so important, particularly during floods, that the drains in the area affected have been isolated with non-return valves and a connection made to the nearest sewage pump station, which should reduce the risk of the service being stopped by floods again.

There are two areas north of the Soochow Creek which are liable to flood from high tide and these are being equipped with non-return valves and flap valves in the manner already described. All parts of the Settlement north of the Soochow Creek are so near the point of discharge of the drains into the river that floods due to heavy rainfall are rare and never last for long. The worst floods from rainfall on that side occur outside the Settlement and are due to neglect of the main drainage creeks in that area for many years.

The most serious floods in recent years have been in the Western District of the Settlement and the areas just beyond it. In making roads beyond the Settlement, the Council was limited to what was possible by voluntary agreement with the landowners. The few roads that could be made in this way were supplied with drains sufficient for the semi-rural residential development so characteristic of the area until recently. Some ten years ago the late City Government scheduled a complete system of roads there, and had they been made and supplied with normal drainage, the area would have been as well drained as the greater part of the Settlement. But these roads were never made, leaving road blocks about half the size of the Central District which have been fully developed with small industries during the last three years. As the development took place without any municipal control, it resulted in the destruction of the greater part of the drainage system on which the area depended, and now when heavy rainfall occurs most of the water is thrown on to the surrounding roads and thence into the western extremity of the Settlement drainage system which was never designed to take it. The area concerned being as large as the Western and Central Districts combined, the extent of the surcharge can be appreciated.

In such a large area so fully developed with buildings and so sparsely provided with roads it is difficult to devise any practical scheme for substantial improvement, though some improvement is possible. The Yu Yuen-Tifeng Road area which is most severely affected has been isolated as far as possible by a suitable combination of both the methods already described and a connection made to the Yu Yuen Road Pump Station where the pumping capacity has been increased to provide a reserve of at least 2,000,000 gallons a day for flood removal. Jessfield Road, Tunsin Road and Amherst Avenue have all been reconstructed at a higher level and new large drains have been laid in these roads to the most suitable point of discharge available. No further appreciable improvement is possible without going to expense which would be quite out of proportion to the value of the results, for while these measures prevent or minimize floods on several occasions a year, they cannot have much effect in the early stages of floods on such a large scale as those caused by the rainfall on June 25 when 900 million gallons of rain fell on the foreign areas south of the Soochow Creek and west of the railway. The expenditure of millions of dollars over a number of years would be needed for that.

There is one unsatisfying aspect to all flood prevention work. The results are always negative. It is never apparent how often floods have been prevented or how far their extent and duration have been controlled by the measures taken, but it is only too clear when flooding occurs that something is amiss. That something is so much a part of the geography of the Yangtze delta that nothing short of measures on the scale needed to alter the geography of the town would eliminate the risk of floods.

NOTIFICATION No. 5501.

PUBLIC RICSHAS-TARIFF OF FARES.

THE following tariff of fares charged to passengers of public ricshas has been approved with effect from July 15, 1941:—

By distance:

Half mile	$0.17
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof	0.17
Minimum fare	0.17

By time:

One hour	$1.00
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof	0.50
Minimum fare	1.00

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 10, 1941.

MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTERED IN SETTLEMENT.

Vehicles registered at the end of June Quarter, 1941:—

	Number.
Private Motor Cars	6,687*
Public Motor Cars	1,040
Private Motor Trucks	1,850*
Public Motor Trucks	1,327
Omnibuses	348†
Motor Charabancs	31
Motor Cycles	614*
Trade	66
Ambulances	35
	11,997

*Includes S.D.F. and Special Licences.

†Includes Private (89), Public (203) and French (56) Omnibus Licences.

CHINA GENERAL OMNIBUS CO., LTD.

Increase in Fare Charges.

The Council has approved of increases in the China General Omnibus Company's fare charges on the basis of a maximum fare of 15 cents per mile and involving an average increase in existing fare charges of 65.54%. The revised fares came into effect on July 14, 1941.

In its application the Company stated that it was necessary to seek the Council's approval for increased charges as subsequent to the last revision of fares in December 1940, heavily increased costs of all materials, coupled with the additional allowances which the Company had been obliged to grant to its employees, had placed it in a position where it was no longer possible to maintain efficient services with the revenue derived from existing fare charges. The Company pointed out that expenditure per mile for the first two months of 1941 showed an increase of 360.4% over that for the first seven months of 1937, which was regarded as a normal period, while the proposed fare charges represented an increase of approximately 300% over those then in force. The Company further pointed out that it would obviously not be possible to operate even with the proposed increase were it not for the fact that the adverse position had fortunately been mitigated to some extent by the increased number of passengers carried.

In applying for increased charges on the basis of a maximum fare in excess of the maximum fare of 10 cents per mile stipulated in its franchise, the Company drew attention to the fact that when this maximum was fixed in 1929, the Chinese dollar had an exchange value in terms of sterling of 1/9d. as compared with its present exchange value of approximately 3¼d. It was, the Company contended, obvious that the existing maximum fare of 10 cents per mile bears no relationship to present costs of operation, particularly as the Company is dependent on imported materials for the bulk of its supplies and for the replacement of rolling stock.

The application was considered by the Public Utilities Committee when details of the Company's financial position and the necessity for increasing fares were provided and discussed. A suggestion that the request for revision of one of the clauses of the franchise afforded an opportunity for a further revision to include provision for the payment of royalty to the Council, as in the case of other Public Utility Companies, was also considered. In so far as the effect on bus fares was concerned, the Company's provision for renewals of rolling stock appeared to be on too liberal a basis. It was computed that with charges on a basis of a maximum fare of 15 cents per mile the Company would be able to pay a 5% royalty to the Council, make fair provision for renewals and provide a reasonable dividend for its shareholders. The Committee made a recommendation accordingly and also recommended that adjustments be made in the mileage fees payable by the Omnibus Company, and in the royalty paid by the Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd., in respect of its Railless Car services, so as to place the two companies on a relatively equal basis as regards both royalty and mileage fees.

These recommendations were endorsed by the Council and have been accepted by the two companies.

MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES.

Yangtszepoo Market.

An area of Mow 0.818, comprising B.C. Lots 7222 and 7554, Cadastral Lot 2757, together with buildings standing thereon, known as the Yangtszepoo Market, has been sold for a sum of $27,165.

PUBLIC RICSHAS.

The Watch Committee at its *meeting on July 3* considered an application from the Ricsha Owners' Association for an increase in the rental charge for public ricshas. The application represents the owners' inability to carry on under existing operation costs.

After very careful investigation the Committee has recommended and the Council has approved the raising of the maximum rental charge for public ricshas from $1.40 to $1.60 per ricsha per day and the raising of the minimum passenger fare from 15 cents to 17 cents by distance and from 90 cents to $1.00 by time. These increases became effective from July 15, 1941. Notification to this effect has been given and is published elsewhere.

Studies undertaken by the Council's Industrial and Social Division show clearly the capacity of the pullers to increase their gross earnings. Taking this into account and the fact that costs of materials for upkeep of vehicles have greatly increased, it is felt that an increase in the ricsha rental is justified in order to allow the owners to carry on and to maintain their vehicles in good repair. The new maximum rental will be rigidly enforced by the Police and stern measures taken against overcharging by owners. The Police have also been empowered to suspend the licences of ricshas found to be in a dirty and unsatisfactory condition.

The increased fare table is as follows:—

By distance:	
Half mile	$0.17
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof	0.17
Minimum fare	0.17
By time:	
One hour	1.00
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof	0.50
Minimum fare	1.00

EVENING TECHNICAL SCHOOLS FOR ADULT WORKERS.

The prospective opening in September of two Evening Technical Schools for Adult Workers was announced on July 5 by the Industrial and Social Division of the Council at a meeting of more than 1000 men from the machine industry, held at the Golden Castle Theatre, corner of Avenue Foch and Yates Road. The occasion was the presentation of certificates to 190 men who had attended short-term Industrial Technique and Safety Classes in 1941. Dr. R. J. McMullen, Chairman of the S. M. C. Education Board, addressed the gathering in Chinese. Mr. T. S. King, Council Approved Boiler Surveyor and future Lecturer in the new Schools, spoke of the significance of the new movement. Details of the new Schools were given by Mr. C. C. Shen, Technical Training Officer of the Division. Miss E. M. Hinder, Chief of the Division, who presided at the meeting, stated that invitations had been sent to representatives of more than 500 machinery manufacturing plants and machine shops, to owners, mechanics, fitters and older apprentices.

The new Evening Technical Schools will be held in Council School premises, one for the Western District at 25 Mapai Road, one for the Eastern District at Kinchow Road. Schools will meet three times weekly, two hours each night. Courses of instruction will include machine shop practice, workshop calculation, elementary physics, machine drawing and design, machinery installation etc. Fees will be $5.00 per semester. Students wishing to enrol in the Schools must have completed their apprenticeship, and be able to pass an entrance examination which will be held on August 18. Those desiring to sit for the examination must apply in writing to the Division, giving details of education and apprenticeship. 160 students who show themselves best qualified by examination will be admitted to first year classes.

It was pointed out by the Chairman that many Chinese mechanics handled complicated machine tools and other machinery with considerable manual skill, but were ignorant of the basic mechanical principles on which they operated. No schools for skilled workmen had previously existed in Shanghai. It was to begin to fill this gap that the new Schools were being opened. Money had been made available from Council Education Grants-in-Aid funds. The advice of a special Committee of the Engineering Society of China had been available to the Division in the planning of the Schools.

The use of the Theatre was given gratuitously by the management. Two films were loaned by RKO Radio Pictures, and Amateur Homes, Ltd. installed microphones without charge.

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS.

Negotiations have been concluded for the acquisition of the following land scheduled for road purposes:—

Road	Cad. Lot	Area Mow	Compensation
Yalu	231	0.034	$698

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Workers' Earnings for June.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.52 persons should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages, together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in June. figures of two assumed standards of living are given. The first shows what earnings should be on a standard lower than that in 1936 (Standard A), and the second shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard (Standard B).

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wage earner (53.3%)	$86.10	$79.86
Earnings of other family members (34.0%)	54.92	50.94
Other family income (12.7%)	20.52	19.03
Total family income (100.0%)	161.536	149.834

Chinese Workers' Cost of Living for June.

(These index figures are based on a standard of living ruling in 1936. It is assumed that a lower standard in June, 1941, involves a cost of living also times as much as that prevailing in 1936.)

For the first time since August 1940, the cost of living index of Chinese workers registered a fall in the month of June. This was attributable to improvement in the rice situation consequent upon the sale of Rangoon rice. Since its appearance on the market, it has out-sold other varieties. Saigon rice which has been used in the index hitherto was replaced by Rangoon rice in the calculation of the June index. Declining from 802.68 in May to 772.82 in June, the general index recorded a drop of 29.86 points or 3.72 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar therefore showed an appreciation of half a cent from 12.46 in May to 12.94 cents in June.

The food index recorded an appreciable fall in June. The clothing index remained almost unchanged. Both the fuel and miscellaneous indices advanced slightly. The situation is summarised in figures given below:

Groups	*May*	*June*
Food	923.18	873.99
Clothing	556.03	555.64
Fuel & Light	757.85	760.71
Miscellaneous	747.18	751.31

In the food group, besides lowering of rice prices, those of most vegetables showed a decline. Prices of various kinds of meat, nevertheless, remained very high. Among fuels, firewood showed a fall. Coal briquettes were, however, still rising. Average price movements of items in the clothing group showed a very slight drop due possibly to less demand during the hot weather. Those in the miscellaneous group—toilet paper, soap, etc.—showed a decline, while other items showed further increases.

INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF SHANGHAI WORKERS

New Base: Average 1936=100

Indices	*Average 1936*	*Apr.*	*1940 May*	*June*	*Apr.*	*1941 May*	*June*
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	357.43	383.24	451.74	815.09	923.18	873.99
Rent	100.00	304.83	304.83	304.83	385.26	385.26	385.26
Clothing	100.00	342.18	403.85	360.00	534.74	556.03	555.64
Fuel and Light	100.00	470.76	464.21	452.20	759.54	757.85	760.71
Miscellaneous	100.00	385.97	393.89	394.55	726.76	747.18	751.31
General Index	100.00	364.72	382.91	422.91	732.79	802.68	772.82
Purchasing Power of the Dollar..	100.00	27.42	26.12	23.65	13.65	12.46	12.94
Percentage increase (+) or decrease (—) of purchasing power compared with 1936..		—72.58	—73.88	—76.35	—86.35	—87.54	—87.06

RETAIL PRICE IN SHANGHAI

Commodities	*Unit*	*Average 1936*	*Apr.*	*May*	*1941 June*
Food:					
Non-glutinous Rice (2nd grade) ..	Shih*	$ 9.943	118.013	135.255	129.471
Sien Rice (1st grade)† ..	Shih	9.735	113.900	123.932	109.810
Glutinous Rice	Shih	10.348	108.493	123.216	115.505
Wheat Flour (Bicycle)	Parcel	3.448	30.941	31.513	31.478
Fresh Noodle	Chin*	.074	.590	.625	.621
Bean Curd	Piece	.0072	.0500	.0500	.0500
Dried Bean Curd	Piece	.0074	.0500	.0500	.0500
Sheet Bean	Sheet	.0051	.0300	.0300	.0300
Fried Bean Curd	Chin	.251	1.600	1.600	1.600
Sprouted Broad Bean	Chin	.042	.240	.240	.240
Fresh Mung Bean Starch in Strips	Chin	.046	.230	.230	.251
Yellow Soy Bean Sprouts	Chin	.032	.203	.198	.178
Hsueh-li-hung (salted)	Chin	.055	.174	.174	.168
Chin-Ts'ai	Chin	.035	.053	.167	.150
Turnips	Chin	.034	.073	.094	.109
Sweet Potatoes	Chin	.036	.460	.416	.343
Allium Odorum	Chin	.060	.205	.142	.159
Spinach	Chin	.042	.056	.139	.115
Fresh Pork	Chin	.292	1.763	2.010	1.925
Fresh Beef	Chin	.239	2.163	2.520	2.613
Salted Pork	Chin	.391	1.443	1.529	1.427
Chicken	Chin	.326	2.375	2.550	2.713
Silver Carp	Chin	.377	1.600	1.856	2.200
Fresh Fish	Chin	.163	.697	.787	.668
Salted White Fish	Chin	.144	1.111	1.213	1.395
Fresh Duck Eggs	Piece	.024	.156	.172	.181
Soy Bean Oil	Chin	.241	1.172	1.342	1.327
Lard	Chin	.307	1.713	1.830	1.813
Soy Bean Sauce	Chin	.099	.389	.407	.414
Salt	Chin	.112	.484	.478	.489
White Sugar	Chin	.205	.755	.915	.868
Rent:‡					
One-story House	Chien*	2.149	7.386	7.386	7.386
Two-story House with no Courtyard	Chien	2.495	10.195	10.195	10.195
Two-story House with Courtyard	Chien	3.110	12.625	12.625	12.625
Clothing:					
Grey Sheetings (13 lbs.)	Ch'ih*	.085	.436	.443	.443
Grey Shirtings (12 lbs.)	Ch'ih	.091	.565	.560	.558
Striped Cotton Shirtings	Ch'ih	.060	.408	.428	.376
Printed Shirtings	Ch'ih	.097	.494	.528	.530
White Shirtings	Ch'ih	.128	.588	.606	.633
Native Sheetings	Ch'ih	.046	.302	.291	.345
Fancy Twills	Ch'ih	.146	.690	.745	.751
Cotton Flannel	Ch'ih	.093	.357	.396	.462
Jeans and Drills	Ch'ih	.090	.528	.525	.549
Raw Cotton	Chin	.477	2.200	2.200	2.200
Cotton Socks	Pair	.272	1.208	1.323	1.367
Fuel and Light:					
Coal Briquettes	100 Chin	1.063	14.934	15.720	16.146
Kerosene	Chin	.126	.700	.683	.672
Firewood	Bundle	.642	.380	.360	.321
Useless Timber	Chin	.014	.080	.080	.090
Matches	Box	.0100	.1122	.1098	.1065
Charcoal (Wenchow)	Basket	.929	14.375	14.900	15.000
Miscellaneous:					
Soap (Koo Pun)	Piece	.051	.393	.466	.443
Toilet Paper	90 Sheets	.067	.809	.839	.838
Cigarettes (Rat)	Box	.047	.200	.200	.204
Shao-shing	Chin	.094	.525	.537	.553
Kao-liang	Chin	.152	1.206	1.245	1.259
Tea	Chin	.350	1.600	1.840	2.000
Hot Water	10 Ladles	.017	.200	.200	.200

Indices	*May*	*June*	*No. of points increased or dropped*	*Percentage change*
Food	923.18	873.99	— 49.19	— 5.33
Clothing	556.03	555.64	— 0.39	— 0.07
Fuel & Light	757.85	760.71	+ 2.86	+ 0.38
Miscellaneous	747.18	751.31	+ 4.13	+ 0.55

† 1st grade Sien rice was replaced by 2nd grade Saigon rice from February 1940 onward which was in turn replaced by Rangoon rice from June 1941.

‡ Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.

* Chien = 32 cubic metres. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 English pounds.
1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 English feet. 1 Shih shih = 156 Shih chin.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR JUNE—1941.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October - December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

No marked departure from the May index of cost of living of foreign residents in this city was observed in the month of June. Rising from 249.89 in May to 253.10 in June, the consolidated index registered a slight increase of 3.21 points or 1.28 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced by 60.49 per cent. in June as against 59.98 in May. Rises in general and group indices ranged from 2 to 9½ points or from 1 to 3½ per cent. Increases were heaviest in the heat index and in the index of "other nationalities." The following compares the situation in June with that in May:

	General Indices		No. of Points increased	Percentage rise
	May	June		
American	228.00	230.08	2.08	0.91
British	237.64	240.88	3.24	1.36
Russian	259.36	262.52	3.16	1.22
Others	248.37	251.95	3.58	1.44
	Group Indices for All Nationalities.			
Food	304.80	308.05	3.25	1.07
Clothing	260.06	264.43	4.37	1.68
Heat	285.61	295.28	9.67	3.39
Miscellaneous	206.27	209.71	3.44	1.67

Excluding seasonal factors, the month of June was uneventful as far as retail prices were concerned. Meat and fish showed increases due to scarcity of supply while the summer season brought about a general fall in vegetable prices. Decreases were shown in the cases of cabbage and onions to the extent of 55.56 and 70 per cent. respectively. Prices of tomatoes reached a peak by the middle of the month when they began to decline. Ice has been retailed at $5.50 per 100 lb. since June 1 as against $3.00 previously. Surcharges on electricity for lighting and power in the Settlement were raised to 192.02 and 343.07 per cent. Charges for stall seats in second run movie houses were raised from 80 cents to one dollar.

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American			British		
		1941			1941		
		April	May	June	April	May	June
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	243.30	256.64	260.20	266.09	280.10	285.44
Clothing & Materials	100.00	222.96	241.88	245.25	232.24	258.03	263.49
Rent	100.00	183.52	183.52	183.52	181.22	181.22	181.22
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	264.14	288.21	291.38	268.81	290.04	296.04
Miscellaneous	100.00	192.47	195.61	196.58	201.92	207.48	209.06
General Index	100.00	217.85	228.00	230.08	226.92	237.64	240.88

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian			Other Nationalities		
		1941			1941		
		April	May	June	April	May	June
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	305.28	325.65	326.99	282.55	298.65	303.74
Clothing & Materials	100.00	225.32	256.33	259.89	246.09	276.34	281.52
Rent	100.00	180.58	180.58	180.58	191.95	191.95	191.95
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	264.28	286.13	298.77	258.27	278.19	287.10
Miscellaneous	100.00	195.57	211.33	216.88	191.75	195.59	196.94
General Index	100.00	243.46	259.36	262.52	236.49	248.37	251.95

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated		
		1941		
		April	May	June
General Indices				
American	100.00	217.85	228.00	230.08
British	100.00	226.92	237.64	240.88
Russian	100.00	243.46	259.36	262.52
Other Nationalities	100.00	236.49	248.37	251.95
Consolidated Index	100.00	236.44	249.89	253.10
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	42.29	40.02	39.51

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 May	1941 June
1	FOOD GROUP:			$	$	$
1	Bread — White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	1.02	1.09
2	Bread — White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.20	1.25
3	Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	1.07	1.07
4	Bread — Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.73	.75
5	Bread — Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.73	.75
6	Bread — Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.45	.45
7	Flour — Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.74	.71
8	Flour — Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.66	.66
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.50	1.50
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.43	1.50
11	Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	4.61	4.31
12	Rolled oats — Loose	lb.		.44	1.04	1.04
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.90	.89
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.45	1.48
15	Beef — Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	5.54	6.50
16	Beef — Rump steak	lb.		.65	3.73	3.94
17	Beef — Topside steak	lb.		.63	3.83	4.05
18	Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	3.83	4.10
19	Beef — Rib roast	lb.		.60	3.66	3.87
20	Beef — Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	4.56	5.80
21	Beef — Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.52	2.51
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.58	2.61
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.59	2.51
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	2.26	2.59
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.64	1.74
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	4.65	5.44
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	3.28	3.59
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	3.00	3.24
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	2.54	2.79
30	Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.18	.20
31	Egg — Duck	pc.		.08	.17	.19
32	Fish — Herring	lb.		.48	.89	.90
33	Fish — Salmon	lb.		.52	2.32	2.19
34	Fish — Mandarin	lb.		.79	1.97	2.26
35	Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	1.81	1.68
36	Fish — Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.10	1.12
37	Fish — Yellow	lb.		.34	.80	.69
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	4.80	5.25
39	Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.44	.40
40	Potatoes — Sweet	lb.		.06	.37	(8)
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.27	.12
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.36	.34
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.10	.10
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.35	.57
45	Beans — French	lb.		.14	1.04	.35
46	Beans — Lima	lt.		.33	.80	1.00
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.76	1.55
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.36	.42
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.36	.19
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.05	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.50	.15
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	5.76	5.83
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz.	1.40	2.25	2.29
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 12 16 oz.	2.08	4.55	4.55
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.90	3.67	3.78
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	1.06	1.13
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.88	.83
58	Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.28	.64	.81
59	Oranges — Mandarin	lb.		.25	1.12	(8)
60	Lemons	pc.		.48	.68	.68
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	.97	2.00

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 May	1941 June
1	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	2.83	1.96
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.39	1.40
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	1.80	1.83
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.96	1.97
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.55	1.69
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	7.86	8.09
68	Margarine — Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.63	2.63
69	Margarine — Palm	lb.		1.28	2.63	2.63
70	Milk — Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.15	1.15
71	Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.84	.84
72	Milk — Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	1 04	1.05
73	Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	6.66	6.43
74	Cheese — Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.80	2.80
75	Cream — Sour	lb.		1.60	3.30	3.50
76	Cream — Table	pint		2.64	5.55	5.55
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	2.08	2.10
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	4.07	4.58
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.81	3.66
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	8.95	8.87
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.28	.29
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	1.05	1.05
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.95	1.88
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	10.29	11.24
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.85	.87
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.64	1.69
87	Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.95	.93
88	Sugar — Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.87	.78
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.88	.92
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.13	1.13
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.71	1.73
92	Vodka—Neva	bot.	med.	1.25	2.36	2.36
93	Whisky—Harvey	tot.	qt.	11.22	22.35	24.02
94	Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	7.37	7.42
95	Coffee — Mocha	lb.		2.03	3.51	3.64
96	Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	4.43	4.55
97	Cocoa — Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	7.61	7.74
98	Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	3.65	4.20
99	Tea — Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	7.60	9.50
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz.	1.33	2.15	2.45
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	tall No. 2	1.43	2.05	1.95
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	5.43	5.43
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	3.79	3.95
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.80	5.80
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.10	2.10
106	Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.48	1.55
107	Cigarettes — Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.77	.78
108	Cigarettes — Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.23	1.24
109	Cigarettes — Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.36	1.39
11	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	60.00	60.00
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	39.50	39.50
112	Vivella—T T T	yd.		9.75	(8)	(8)
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	24.50	24.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	17.50	17.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	11.70	12.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	10.60	11.00
117	Marsarelle—Red Label—Lun Chung	yd.		.58	2.04	2.10
118	Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	11.00	11.67
119	Shirt — White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	8.80	9.00
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	6.94	7.50

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— (*Continued*)

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 May	1941 June
II	CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121	Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122	Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	15.00	16.00
123	Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	28.00	28.00
124	Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X 11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	6.60	6.75
125	Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	3.80	3.60
126	Shoes { Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	64.90	64.90
127	Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128	Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	22.90	26.90
129	Silk stockings { Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	22.50	19.90
130	Swallow	pr.		2.15	5.33	5.58
131	Pagoda	pr.		5.50	11.10	12.00
132	Socks { Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	1.96	2.05
133	Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	14.70	14.70
134	Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	(8)	(8)
135	Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	17.50	17.50
136	Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.15	1.50
137	Knitting wools { Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	45.14	45.20
138	Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	37.68	38.00
139	Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	1.21	1.25
140	Laundry { Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.36	.36
141	Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.25	.25
142	Dry cleaning { A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	3.75	3.75
143	B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	3.50	3.50
III	RENT (2) GROUP:					
144	Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm.(3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.05	33.05
145	Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	43.86	43.86
146	Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	28.17	28.17
147	Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	68.84	68.84
148	International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149	Municipal rates { International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150	French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151	Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.472	.491
152	Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.237	.248
153	Elec-tric Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.410	.410
154	Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.162	.162
155	Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.1050	.1050
156	Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	437.33	442.50
157	Coal briquettes	100shih chin(5)		3.75	15.72	16.15
158	Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	46.86	46.86

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 May	1941 June
IV	HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159	Water { Inter. Settlement	100gal.		.075	.1575	.1575
160	French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.2144	.2144
161	Ice	100 lb.		1.00	3.00	5.50
V.	MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162	Bus { Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.083	.083
163	French Concession	per mi.		.040	.076	.076
164	Tram-1st { Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0637	.0637
165	French Concession	per mi.		.040	.071	.071
166	Taxicab	20min.		2.20	4.60	4.60
167	Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	4.00	4.00
168	Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169	Newspapers { North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170	Shanghai Zeitung	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171	Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.80	1.00	1.00
172	Movie { Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173	Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	.80	1.00
174	Wages { Boy	p.mon.		25.51	54.67	54.67
175	Cook	p.mon.		30.25	61.67	61.67
176	Amah	p.mon		19.15	38.45	38.45
177	Lotion { Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	5.75	7.87
178	Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110grm.	7.65	13.21	13.57
179	Face cream { Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.67	4.85
180	Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.89	7.38	7.53
181	Face powder—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.62	9.02	8.91
182	Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	3.33	3.36
183	Tooth paste { Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.54	2.55
184	Sincere's	tube		.25	.77	.81
185	Razor blades { Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	6.48	6.67
186	Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.78	3.02	3.21
187	Toilet paper { Red Ball	roll		.34	1.00	1.00
188	Pagoda	roll		.64	1.47	1.47
189	Fan	roll		.45	1.18	1.18
190	Soap { Lever Health	cake		.15	.43	.44
191	Lux	cake		.32	.87	.88
192	Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	1.16	1.20
193	Ivory	cake		1.24	2.13	2.17
194	Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	2.10	2.24
195	Cleanser { Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.62	.61
196	Beauty	tin		.07	.19	.19
197	Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.20	1.10
198	Electric bulb — Edison — 40 watt	pc.		.40	1.06	1.10
199	Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	38.20	38.20
200	Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	35.20	35.20
201	Shoe polish { Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.58	1.63
202	Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.63	.63
203	Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.77	2.92
204	Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	2.78	3.04
205	Hair cut { A			.70	1.30	1.45
206	B			.40	.90	.90

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.
(8) Not on market.

Returns of Communicable Disease.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, June 28th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	2	1
Scarlet Fever	1	0	1	0
Diphtheria	1	0	6	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	3	0
Tuberculosis	3	0	65	57
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	5	0	61	44
Paratyphoid Fever	2	1	6	4
Amoebic Dysentery	8	0	16	7
Bacillary Dysentery	11	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	1	1	5	5
Influenza	0	0	1	1
Malaria	2	0	6	1
Measles	3	0	15	8
Typhus Fever	0	0	0	2
Relapsing Fever	5	0	23	3
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	10		706	
Total Deaths from all Causes	13		840	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, July 5th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	4	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	3	0	2	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	3	2
Tuberculosis	3	1	79	51
Cholera	0	0	1	0
Typhoid Fever	2	0	71	48
Paratyphoid Fever	2	0	6	5
Amoebic Dysentery	20	0	31	11
Bacillary Dysentery	7	2		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	9	7
Influenza	2	0	7	1
Malaria	0	0	14	4
Measles	1	0	5	5
Typhus Fever	1	1	7	1
Relapsing Fever	1	0	27	7
Cholerаic Diarrhoea	0	0	3	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	10		699	
Total Deaths from all Causes	14		840	

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,570).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, July 12th, 1941

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	3	2
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	0	0	2	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	1	3	3
Tuberculosis	10	6	89	77
Cholera	0	0	1	0
Typhoid Fever	10	2	98	81
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	14	0	44	24
Bacillary Dysentery	9	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	3
Influenza	0	0	3	2
Malaria	0	0	15	1
Measles	0	0	4	3
Typhus Fever	3	0	4	3
Relapsing Fever	1	0	22	4
Leprosy	0	0	1	0
Cholerаic Diarrhoea	1	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	11		889	
Total Deaths from all Causes	21		1094	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, July 19th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	2	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	2	0
Diphtheria	1	0	2	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	5	1	88	60
Cholera	0	0	1	0
Typhoid Fever	4	0	111	95
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	6	2
Amoebic Dysentery	20	0	33	12
Bacillary Dysentery	13	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	7	4
Influenza	0	0	3	2
Malaria	13	0	14	1
Measles	2	0	7	6
Typhus Fever	2	0	3	1
Relapsing Fever	1	0	14	1
Leprosy	0	0	1	0
Cholerаic Diarrhoea	0	0	17	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	14		693	
Total Deaths from all Causes	16		878	

NOTIFICATION No. 5490.

CONDEMNED CARCASES AND REJECTED MEAT.

Scale of Compensation.

NOTICE is hereby given that a variation in the authorized scale of compensation for condemned carcases, rejected meat, etc., has been approved by the Council and that, with effect from May 1, 1941, the revised scale for compensation will be as follows:—

	cents per pound
Pig Carcases	9
Pig Heads and Parts	4½
Dairy Animals (Carcases and Hides)	8
Ox and Calf Carcases and Parts	4
Buffalo Carcases and Parts	3
Sheep and Horse Carcases and Parts	2
Ox and Buffalo Livers (whole)	25 each

No compensation will be paid for carcases — anthrax or others — received for cremation.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 26, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5494. ROAD ABANDONMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, subject to protests, if any, being heard and over-ruled, it is proposed to abandon the scheduled extensions of the portions of West Soochow and Ichang Roads, between Ferry Road and the Settlement Boundary.

Protests against such abandonment should be submitted to the undersigned before July 10, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 28, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5495. ROAD ABANDONMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, subject to protests, if any, being heard and over-ruled, it is proposed to abandon the scheduling of Yalu Road extension, east of Point Road.

Protests against such abandonment should be submitted to the undersigned before July 10, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 28, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of the Municipal Gaol, No. 147 Ward Road.		
Gaol 71	6,700 Blankets		August 7, 11 a.m.
72A	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section, for a period of three months from September 1, 1941.	$500	August 12, 11 a.m.
72B	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section, for a period of three months from September 1, 1941.	$100	August 12, 11 a.m.
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information regarding tenders under this section, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
669	Tailoring of Police Uniforms to individual measurements, as and when required during 1942.		Sept. 12, 11 a.m.
671	500 yards Khaki Drill for Officers.		August 6, 11 a.m.
674	2,000 yards Khaki Cloth for Loongies.		do
676	2,000 pairs Dark Blue Woollen Putties.		do
680	300 pairs Khaki Woollen Putties.		do
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained on application to Room No. 106, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road.		
684	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of September, 1941.		Aug. 20, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	do
	" "B" Vegetables & Fruit	100	do
	" "C" Groceries	100	do
	" "D" Bread	100	do
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	do
685	Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of September, 1941.	100	Aug. 20, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/61. Alterations to Gordon Road Police Station.

	"A"	"B"
Sing Fong Kee	6,304	720

Police Force Tender No. 683. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of August, 1941.

Dombey & Son — $5.96 per man per day including bread & milk.

Police Force Tender No. 670. Supply of Boots and Shoes for Foreign Branches of Shanghai Municipal Police.

	Boots	Shoes
Pille Shoe Co.		$51.50 per pair
Shun Cheong Shoe Co.	$48.50 per pair	

Police Force Tender No. 668. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of July, 1941.

Z. S. Waung — $5.95 per man per day including bread & milk.

TENDERS RECEIVED

Notification No. 5480. Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/66. Sale of 100 tons of Cast Iron Scrap.

No tender has been accepted.

Police Force Tender No. 667. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of July, 1941.

No tender has been accepted.

Police Force Tender No. 682. Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of August, 1941.

No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1941. 1843

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, from Monday, September 1, to Friday, September 5, inclusive.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 5526 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Acting Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 5526. MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK. Fixed Deposits.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911 is cancelled and the following is issued in replacement thereof.

The Council is prepared to receive offers of deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six and twelve months in amounts up to $25,000. Interest will be allowed at rates of 4½ per cent and 5 per cent per annum respectively on deposits accepted. The rate of interest on amounts exceeding $25,000 will be subject to special arrangement.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at the date of maturity and, in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made, persons whose deposits cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such Debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Further information may be obtained from the Acting Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5527. S.M.C. RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that as from Monday, August 25, 1941, the Shanghai Municipal Council will reduce its selling price for S.M.C. rice and that as from the same date the maximum retail selling price to the public will be $120.00 per xar, (80 kilos) net delivered weight.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5512.

NOTICE is hereby given that Bye-laws XLIII to LII and Amendments to Bye-laws XXX and XXXIV published in the Municipal Gazette of March 31, 1941 and subsequently amended by Resolution III approved by Ratepayers at a Special Meeting of Ratepayers on April 17, 1941, have been approved by a majority of the Diplomatic and Consular Representatives of the Treaty Powers.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5528. FINANCE DEPARTMENT— REVENUE OFFICE.

Temporary Appraisers and Tracers.

THE Council invites applications from persons with the following qualifications for temporary employment in connection with the re-assessment of premises for rating purposes:—

(1) Property Valuers with architectural or civil engineering qualifications and local experience.
(2) Architectural Assistants with local experience.
(3) Chinese tracers able to speak English and capable of measuring buildings and computing areas.

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience should be addressed to the Acting Deputy Treasurer — Revenue, Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road before September 3. Envelopes to be marked "Appraising."

Terms according to qualifications and experience.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5530. RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Cho Chi Tai of 1069 Bubbling Well Road in respect of the premises No. 1069 Bubbling Well Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, September 8, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5522. BUND LANDING ACCOMMODATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from September 1, 1941, until further notice, the undermentioned revised scale of charges will come into force for accommodation at pontoons on the Bund:—

(1) **Power Craft:**
$0.16 per ft. of overall length per hour for the first twenty-four hours.
$0.12 per ft. of overall length per hour thereafter.

(2) **Registered Steel Lighters:**
One cent per ton of registered tonnage capacity per hour or portion of one hour, minimum charge $2.00 per hour.

(3) **Wooden Lighters, Native Cargo or Passenger Boats, and Junks:**
(a) **Over 50 ft. overall length:**
$2.00 per hour or portion of one hour.
(b) **Not exceeding 50 ft. overall length:**
$1.20 per hour or portion of one hour.

Double the above fees will be charged when the allotted berthing period is exceeded or when the Bund Pontoon Accommodation Regulations and Conditions are infringed.

Power craft attending pontoons without cargo will not be assessed under the scale unless moored to a pontoon or to other craft so moored.

Passenger craft waiting at pontoons will be assessed at the full scale. These craft will be exempt from charges providing they leave the pontoons immediately their passengers have embarked or disembarked.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 12, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5523. LOAN OF 1941.

NOTICE is hereby given that Provisional Receipts numbered 1 to 85 and D1 to D8 in respect of the above Loan will be exchanged for the corresponding Debenture Certificates on presentation at the Finance Department, Room No. 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, Shanghai, on and after Monday, August 18.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 15, 1941.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Public Utilities Committee, August 5.—Present: Messrs. J. D. Carriere (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, T. S. Powell, T. K. Tsutsumi, Shao Shu-Hwa, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and Dr. Z. Z. Zee. Absent: Mr. Chen Nee.

Finance Committee, August 18.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi, F. S. Hsu and G. Kambe.

Staff Committee, August 19.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, R. von der Crone, G. A. Haley, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and Y. Yazima. Absent: Messrs. Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Yulin Hsi and L. T. Yuan.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Reduction in Surcharge on Tariffs.

The Council has sanctioned a reduction in the temporary surcharge on the basic price of gas from 250% to 160%, such reduced surcharge to be applied to accounts in respect of consumption periods ending on and after August 1, 1941, and to be subject to review at any time and in any case prior to October 31, 1941.

A review of the Company's position was recently made by the Public Utilities Committee and the Council, when the Company's application for the reduction in the surcharge was considered and approved. This welcome change in tendency at a time of rising prices is due in part to the completion earlier than originally anticipated of the resetting (repairing) of retorts which has made it possible to carbonise a larger proportion of less expensive coal thus effecting a reduction in the cost of gas production. The increased use of this type of coal has also increased the quantity of coke available for sale thus benefitting the Company's revenue, which has been further increased by the higher prices obtained for residuals.

SEYMOUR ROAD MARKET.

Upon learning of the proposed closure of the privately-owned Seymour Road Market on August 31, the Council gave consideration to the matter of its future operation, and the subject was taken up with the owners. After negotiation the Council has leased the premises which the Council will continue to operate as a market.

NOTIFICATION No. 5531.
RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Ignaz Rok of House No. 3, Lane No. 318 Tiendong Road in respect of the premises No. 3 Garden Bridge Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, September 8, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5429.
CHOLERA INOCULATION.

COMMENCING on Tuesday, April 15, free inoculation against Cholera, for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:

Sub-district	Address of Branch Health Office	Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 a.m. and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 a.m.
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 a.m.
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9—12 a.m.
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	270 N'Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving inoculation for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving inoculation for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road—ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time.

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, April 10, 1941.

COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP.

The resignation of Mr. G. E. Mitchell from the Council owing to his impending departure from Shanghai for a few months has been regretfully accepted. Mr. G. A. Haley has accepted the Council's invitation to fill the vacancy thus created.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE (SPECIALS).

Orders by the D. C. (Specials).

Promotion.—S/C 756 L. T. Sze is promoted to the rank of Assistant Sergeant on 15/4/41.

Long Service Medal.—The following members have been awarded the L.S.M. as from 11/3/41:—

A/S 335 H. Ohara
A/S 339 J. Nozawa
A/S 356 H. Nagashima
S/C 333 T. Chiku

Commendation.—A/S 979 A. M. Guterres and A/S 291 F. M. Guterres are commended for good work reported on 12/6/41.

General Orders. — (1) With effect from the 1st Aug. the designations i/c Areas, i/c Records, i/c Training and i/c Reserve are abolished, and Supts. will in future act as Duty Officers. Supernumerary Officers will be attached to H. Qtrs. and will be allocated for duty as and when required.

(2) Copy of letter received from the Commissioner of Police on July 8th, 1941:—

July 8, 1941.

D. C. (Specials).

July 7—Anniversary.

I shall be grateful if you will convey to the Officers and all Members of the Special Police thy thanks and appreciation of the Regular Force for the willing and efficient assistance rendered under trying conditions during the above Anniversary.

It is gratifying that the Day passed without incident.

(*signed*) K. M. BOURNE,
Commissioner of Police.

(*signed*) R. G. MACDONALD
D.C. (Specials).

NOTIFICATION No. 5529.
PRIVATE RICSHA PULLERS LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the renewal of private ricsha pullers licences making them valid to September 30, 1942 will commence on October 1, 1941.

After November 8, 1941 no puller will be allowed to pull a private ricsha unless he possesses a licence to do so duly renewed and wears the appropriate enamelled badge visibly upon his left arm. Application should be made at the Pullers Licensing Station, rear of Gordon Road Police Station, 557 Gordon Road.

Office Hours: 9 a.m.—12 noon

2 p.m.— 5 p.m.

Mondays to Fridays

9 a.m.—12 noon

Saturdays

The renewal fee is $1.50 if application is made during scheduled periods. Other applications will be charged $3.00.

Pullers are advised to make early application during the period allotted and to bring their licence cards and badges also the ricsha licences with them.

Licence numbers 1 to 4000 should apply from October 1 to 13.

Licence numbers 4001 to 8000 should apply from October 14 to 25.

Licence numbers 8001 onwards from October 27 to November 8.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 28, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, July 18—August 29, 1941.

Fire Brigade.—The resignation of Station Officer H. H. Miller is accepted, services terminating on September 26, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with regret the death, on July 30, 1941, of Chinese Detective Constable No. 10.

For courage, initiative and efficiency on the occasion of an armed robbery whereby an armed criminal was wounded and captured, Chinese Constable No. 1498 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage, efficiency and initiative on the occasion of an armed robbery leading to the wounding and arrest of three of the armed men, Chinese Constable No. 2429 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For cool and determined courage in facing an armed criminal and killing him, Chinese Constable No. 2104 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For tenacity and courage in tackling and capturing alive an armed criminal whom he would have been justified in shooting dead, Chinese Constable No. 29 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Superintendent W. Duncan is promoted to the rank of Assistant Commissioner of Police from August 14, 1941.

Probationary Sergeants D. J. Orme and J. MacAulay are promoted to the rank of Sergeant from August 6 and August 8, 1941, respectively.

Assistant Warders K. Koslowski and B. A. F. Norris are promoted to the rank of Warder from August 1, 1941.

Mr. A. H. Samson, Assistant Commissioner of Police, is permitted to terminate his services on August 13, 1941.

Superintendent R. Shellswell retires on September 9, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant J. M. Holm is dismissed the Force from July 29, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant No. 701, K. Ohkuma is invalided, services terminating on July 15, 1941.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Inspector A. G. Tilton, August 4, 1941.

Sub-Inspector J. J. Glanville, August 15, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant C. P. Archer, August 5, 1941.

K. Weinstein is appointed Probationary Sergeant on probation from August 15, 1941.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from July 16, 1941:—

C. Furuya, Y. Hashida, T. Koga, S. Maeda, W. Masuda, Y. Okutani, M. Saito and T. Sakaki.

Public Health Department.—Cadet C. M. Yu is promoted to be Junior Health Inspector from July 18, 1941.

Probationer Nurse O. Vassilieff is promoted to be Assistant Nurse from August 1, 1941.

Miss V. Bachurina is engaged as a candidate for appointment as Probationer Nurse on trial from August 1, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. R. Wyatt, Junior Laboratory Assistant (Unqualified), is accepted, services terminating on September 8, 1941.

The resignation of Assistant Matron G. H. Harding is accepted, services terminating on February 8, 1942.

Public Works Department.—Inspectors F. J. Flashman and W. A. Watson are promoted to be Chief Inspectors from August 1, 1941.

Education Department. — The Council records with regret the death, on July 19, 1941, of Miss M. Sutherland, Senior Assistant Mistress.

The resignation of Mr. H. C. Faulder, Assistant Master, is accepted, services terminating on August 18, 1941.

Finance Department.—Mr. A. G. P. Dewing, Assistant Treasurer & Chief Accountant, is promoted to be Deputy Treasurer from September 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

NOTIFICATION No. 5532.
LICENCE CONDITIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that as from January 1, 1942, the following amendments in licence conditions will be effective.

Public Motor Car Licence:

Condition No. 8 is amended by addition of the following:—

"Only one passenger is allowed to sit beside the driver in the front seat."

Bicycle Licence:

Condition No. 2 is amended to read as follows:—

"The bicycle shall not carry more than one person nor any box, package or other article likely to constitute a danger or an obstruction to traffic and no carrier attachment other than that of a pattern approved by the Commissioner of Police may be placed on the vehicle."

The following new condition is added:—

"The licensee shall be responsible that the vehicle is maintained in a mechanically sound condition."

Public and Private Motor Freight Vehicle Licences:

Public and Private Freight Trailer Licences:

Conditions No. 9 and No. 10 respectively are amended to read as follows:—

"The vehicle shall be equipped with detachable sides and back of at least 3 feet in height which shall be used at all times when goods or commodities are carried which may be subject to pilferage en route."

Food and Drink Stall Licence:

The following new condition is added:

"Chinese weights, measures and scales as prescribed by the Chinese Government or English weights, measures and scales shall be used. All weights, measures and scales will be periodically tested and those found to be incorrect will be seized. The licensee or any dealer or vendor possessing any incorrect weights, measures or scales, or who keeps, offers or exposes for sale or sells produce short weighed will be liable to prosecution."

Food Hawker Licence:

The following new condition is added:—

"Chinese weights, measures and scales as prescribed by the Chinese Government or English weights, measures and scales shall be used. All weights, measures and scales will be periodically tested and those found to be incorrect will be seized. The licensee or any dealer or vendor possessing any incorrect weights, measures or scales, or who keeps, offers or exposes for sale or sells produce short weighed will be liable to prosecution."

Bakery and Confectionery, Chinese Food Shop—Off, Eating House, Foreign Food Shop, Other Foodstuffs No. 2, Restaurant (with liquor at meals), Restaurant (without liquor), Tavern and Tea Room Licences:

The following new condition is added:—

"No article of food or drink shall be kept or stored on the premises unless intended for sale."

Other Foodstuffs Licences Nos. 1, 4 and 5:

The following new condition is added:—

"No statement shall be published in connection with the advertising or sale of any product, appertaining to any analysis, bacteriological examination or inspection carried out by the Public Health Department unless authorised by the Commissioner of Public Health."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5515.
MOVEMENT OF RICE.

WITH reference to Notification No. 4976, applications for permits for the movement of rice from the Settlement to surrounding areas should be made to Room No. 171, First Floor, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road. Effective from August 4, 1941, a charge of 10 cents per bag will be made for services rendered in supplying the permits.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 31, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during July:—

On July 3 to Messrs. Tung Woo Firewood Store to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 138 on West Soochow Road, opposite Macao Road.

On July 8 to Messrs. Hung Chong Zung Kee Wine Store to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 68 on Soochow Road, west of Chekiang Road.

On July 8 to Dr. A. Korff to lay an underground water pipe across MacLeod Road, fronting House No. 235.

On July 10 to Messrs. Tung Li Hu Kee Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 138 on West Soochow Road, opposite Macao Road.

On July 16 to Messrs. Moor Tai Coal Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, west of Markham Road.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY.

Electricity Restriction Scheme.

The Council has approved a proposal submitted by the Shanghai Power Company that, with effect from consumption periods commencing after the next reading of meters, the sixfold restrictive charge for consumption of electrical energy in excess of allotments of 70% of established usage, under the existing temporary restriction scheme, be increased on the following basis:—

1. All electrical energy used in excess of the allotments referred to above during any monthly billing period shall be charged for by applying the following scale to the average all-in charge:

   (a) **If the allotment is exceeded by not more than 2%**— Six times the average all-in charge; that is to say, the rate per kilowatt-hour to be applied to such excess usage shall be six times the average all-in rate obtained by dividing the total amount of the charges for electricity consumed (computed at current rates, including fuel adjustments and all surcharges) by the total number of kilowatt-hours consumed.

   (b) **If the allotment is exceeded by more than 2%, but not by more than 10%**— Six times the average all-in charge, computed in accordance with the preceding paragraph (a), for the first 2% by which allotment is exceeded; and Twenty times such average all-in charge for the remainder.

   (c) **If the allotment is exceeded by more than 10%**— Six times the beforementioned average all-in charge for the first 2% by which the allotment is exceeded; Twenty times such average all-in charge for the next 8% by which the allotment is exceeded; and Fifty times such average all-in charge for the remainder.

2. Any consumer whose established usage of electricity is 1,000 kilowatt-hours or less per month and who shall exceed 1,000 kilowatt-hours during any monthly billing period shall be charged for the excess above 1,000 kilowatt-hours in accordance with the foregoing scale.

In support of its proposal the Company stated that the existing six-fold restrictive charge had not proved an adequate deterrent to excess usage. It was evident that some consumers were making no real effort to keep within their allotments and would not do so unless the cost of excess usage was made prohibitive. The position as regards fuel supplies had deteriorated recently and the Company considered that the restrictive charge for excess usage should be made prohibitive so as to prevent further depletion of reserve stocks of fuel by non-cooperative consumers. It was felt by the Company that adoption of this measure, as an interim step pending the outcome of negotiations now proceeding for an additional supply of coal, was preferable to the application of the more drastic restrictions involved in enforcement of the Allocation Scheme.

That smaller consumers might find it difficult to restrict consumption to their allotments was realised, and a margin of 2% in excess of allotments had accordingly been suggested, for which the restrictive charge would remain at 6 times current rates, in order not to penalize unduly conscientious consumers who might inadvertently exceed their allotments by small quantities.

In announcing approval of the Company's proposal, the Council takes the opportunity to stress that the 20 times and the 50 times restrictive charges are deliberately designed to be prohibitive in order to ensure that no consumers exceed their allotments of power, with consequent depletion of fuel to the detriment of the great majority of the Company's consumers who are fully cooperating in the conservation of fuel. The Council also wishes to emphasize that the Company will not benefit from any of the restrictive charges and that all revenues derived therefrom in excess of current rates will, as at present, be credited to the Fuel Conservation Reserve, which will be utilised as may be agreed upon between the Company and the Council in the best interests of consumers.

The Council again draws attention to the seriousness of the position with regard to fuel supplies and appeals to consumers of all classes to make every possible effort in their own interests to reduce the consumption of electricity.

MOSQUITO FISH.

Some twelve years ago the Public Health Department erected several small fish hatcheries in Jessfield Park and after considerable experimentation and study of the habits and characteristics of several species of minnow including Paradise fish, it was found that the Gambusia affinis, a small viviparous top-minnow—imported from the Philippines—was a prodigious eater of mosquito larvae.

These fish, through the courtesy of Mr. Cunningham, American Consul General at that time, were obtained from the Bureau of Science—Manila, in the year 1924.

They were placed in ponds in the Wayside Park, McTier School, and in various private ponds.

For many years the Public Health Department experienced difficulty in securing the survival of the fish during the Shanghai winter months. The ponds were also emptied from time to time by their owners for cleaning etc. without reference to the Health Department, with the result that the entire stock was lost.

In 1928 however when it was thought that all fish had disappeared, a fortunate but accidental discovery was made of a shallow pond not far from Wayside Park which had, presumably carried there by floods, a natural stock of Gambusia.

Careful observation was made of this pond, and as far as possible certain ponds at Jessfield Park were adapted to produce similar conditions. Difficulties, however, were still experienced, owing to the death of fish during the winter.

Experiments and experience gradually overcame these difficulties, and eventually the fish appeared to become acclimatised and now ponds no longer have to be stocked each spring from the carefully attended stocks in the Health Department's hatcheries, now situated in Kiaochow Park. This has resulted in the fish in some 150 ornamental ponds throughout the International Settlement emerging from their winter hibernation and breeding, and Gambusia affinis now assumes an important place in the control of malaria locally.

The successful establishment of permanent colonies of this fish is reported from many other parts of the world, a Rockefeller Foundation Report stating "the use of Gambusia in mosquito control continues to become more and more universal.....in Bangalore the chief malaria vector, Anopheles stephensi, was successfully controlled by Gambusia....."

In Shanghai the weekly inspection of some 145 Gambusia stocked ornamental ponds in the Western District of the International Settlement, for the past two seasons, has shown that, provided marginal aquatic vegetation and flotage is periodically removed and care taken to prevent loss by flooding, large cannibalistic fish, etc., such ponds are remarkably free from the presence of the pupal, or final, stage of the mosquito's water life.

Most owners of ponds in private grounds have already recognised the value of mosquito fish in the prevention of the mosquito nuisance and have rendered valuable assistance both in care of the fish and in permitting removal of fish from over-stocked ponds to furnish other waters. Mr. H. C. Faulder (Malaria Prevention in Shanghai, China Journal, May 1939, pp305-312) asserts that the fish (Gambusia) have definitely proved of value in such places as ornamental ponds where the use of oil or other sprays might be objected to.

The Public Health Department maintains three large hatcheries at Kiaochow Park and supplies of the fish are available, at the low cost of $50 per thousand, through the Deputy Chief Inspector, Malaria Prevention (Tel. 31076), whose staff will periodically inspect fish-stocked ponds, replace losses, advise and assist gardeners in care of fish, and how to look after them during the winter.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Appointment—Commissions:—

The undermentioned is appointed 2nd Lieutenant with effect from September 1, 1941.—

Armoured Car Coy—Sgt. Percy Crow, D.S.O., M.C.

Transfers:

Capt. C. S. Franklin is re-appointed to the Active List from Reserve of Officers "B"—August 11, 1941.

2nd Lt. C. E. Ollerdessen from Active List to Reserve of Officers "B"—August 11, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:

The undermentioned Officer's Commission is renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regulations.

Medical Officer.—Maj. T. M. Burton, M.C.—July 12, 1941.

Decease:

The decease of the undermentioned Officer is recorded with regret.

Reserve of Officers "B"—Lt. R. H. Wallace died August 11, 1941.

SUMMARY OF GENERAL MUNICIPAL AND SPECIAL RATE. JUNE QUARTER.

FOREIGN STYLE BUILDINGS.

	1941			1940			1939		
	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment
			$			$			$
Central District	2,333	6,834	30,251,122	2,290	6,091	23,647,626	2,165	5,927	21,834,859
Northern do.	1,661	2,659	6,902,544	1,668	2,693	6,088,622	1,655	2,187	5,439,110
Eastern do.	1,925	1,814	15,832,228	1,883	1,732	10,864,858	1,822	1,721	10,409,646
Western do.	4,619	5,603	20,032,348	4,443	5,421	15,394,592	4,257	5,194	13,190,603
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)	5,616	5,630	11,664,447	5,527	5,531	10,336,170	5,245	5,318	8,737,688
Total	16,154	22,540	84,682,689	15,811	21,468	66,331,868	15,144	20,347	59,611,906
Occupied by Foreigners	7,269	10,862	50,569,964	7,023	10,493	38,594,802	6,450	9,365	33,994,588
Occupied by Chinese	8,494	11,117	33,044,354	8,387	10,373	26,498,441	7,927	10,009	22,929,434
Unoccupied	391	561	1,068,371	401	602	1,238,625	767	973	2,687,884
Total	16,154	22,540	84,682,689	15,811	21,468	66,331,868	15,144	20,347	59,611,906
Rate of Taxation:—	Inside Limits 27% plus 40% Surcharge Outside Limits 24% plus 40% Surcharge			Inside Limits: 18% Outside Limits: 16%			Inside Limits: 16% Outside Limits: 14%		
			$			$			$
Tax Collected:—									
Central District			2,274,404			974,786			780,162
Northern do.			316,678			187,600			127,407
Eastern do.			949,123			349,149			274,125
Western do.			1,556,014			611,933			468,833
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)			529,543			275,326			211,559
Total			5,625,762			2,398,794			1,862,086

CHINESE STYLE BUILDINGS.

	1941		1940		1939	
	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment
		$		$		$
Central District	7,366	11,251,562	7,361	9,050,938	7,346	8,834,108
Northern do.	13,318	7,609,984	13,308	6,288,334	13,233	6,191,244
Eastern do.	23,460	6,926,850	22,948	5,782,280	22,630	5,729,282
Western do.	29,401	16,102,860	29,110	13,236,674	28,179	12,036,820
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)	7,874	2,284,976	7,885	2,028,470	7,547	1,844,386
Total	81,419	44,176,232	80,612	36,386,696	78,935	34,635,840
Occupied by Foreigners	7,803	3,923,922	6,919	3,232,972	5,213	2,120,740
do. Chinese	72,322	39,756,059	70,540	32,093,949	60,302	28,098,928
Unoccupied	1,294	496,251	3,153	1,060,675	13,420	4,416,172
Total	81,419	44,176,232	80,612	36,386,696	78,935	34,635,840
Rate of Taxation:—	Inside Limits: 27% + 40% Surcharge Outside Limits 24% + 40% Surcharge		Inside Limits: 18% Outside Limits: 16%		Inside Limits: 16% Outside Limits: 14%	
		$		$		$
Tax Collected:—						
Central District		1,054,528		404,180		350,697
Northern do.		583,511		240,947		192,312
Eastern do.		541,046		191,779		35,293
Western do.		1,497,143		586,429		469,104
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)		67,740		36,875		32,125
Total		3,743,968		1,460,210		1,079,531

Note:—The amounts shewn as collected exclude outstanding rate.

Finance Department,
Shanghai, July 16, 1941.

P. COMERY,
Acting Deputy Treasurer— Revenue.

E. P. OLIVER,
Acting Treasurer.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT—GENERAL

COMPARING

ESTIMATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1941

WITH

ACTUAL INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1941

Municipal Budget, General	Estimated.			Actual.		
	Expenditure.		Income.	Expenditure.		Income.
	$	$	$	$	$	$
Ordinary Income.						
Land Tax			19,450,000			9,723,277.17
General Municipal Rate.						
Foreign			22,198,000			11,616,044.02
Chinese			13,539,000			7,132,160.68
Special Rate.						
Foreign			2,736,000			1,286,019.92
Chinese			252,000			140,305.25
Special Advertisement Rate			100,000			27,530.78
Wharfage Dues			625,000			428,400.46
Licence Fees			10,502,050			(2)5,598,540.60
Rent of Municipal Properties			1,151,000			614,808.86
Revenue from Public and Municipal Undertakings			7,516,690			(1)4,364,678.69
Entertainment Tax						(2) 210,583.23
Miscellaneous			1,050,000			274,004.10
			79,119,740			41,416,353.76
Less—Amount allocated to Education Budget representing the equivalent of the amount estimated to be derived from a 2 per cent. General Municipal Rate together with the correlative proportion of Land Tax			3,097,800			1,591,328.00
Market Fees transferred to Health Department			534,000			217,781.50
General Reserve—Amount to be appropriated.			75,487,940 1,500,000			39,607,244.26 750,000.00
			76,987,940			40,357,244.26
Ordinary Expenditure.						
Volunteer Corps		844,100			465,769.50	
Fire Brigade		3,125,960			1,474,773.92	
Police Force.						
General	29,192,640			14,030,510.66		
Russian Auxiliary Detachment	1,498,220			751,698.68		
Gaol and Reformatory	5,883,700			3,195,054.48		
Specials	107,690			40,425.39		
		36,682,250			18,017,689.21	
Public Health.						
Health Department.						
General.						
Administration	420,610			191,139.37		
Pathological Laboratory	175,080			119,680.49		
Chemical Laboratory	45,530			10,674.21		
Dispensary	70,980			27,022.02		
Health Inspection Service	1,480,190			662,494.33		
Cemeteries, Crematorium and Public Mortuary	Cr. 59,760			Cr. 30,613.39		
Municipal Hospitals.						
Administration	105,650			56,666.95		
Isolation Hospital	354,820			163,016.31		
Isolation Hospital for Chinese	385,460			174,291.00		
Tuberculosis Sanatorium	164,980			98,100.59		
Special Nursing Services.						
District Nursing	13,390			7,511.33		
King's Daughters' Convalescent Home	11,910			6,898.92		
Free Clinics.						
Venereal Diseases	73,690			37,027.60		
Tuberculosis	22,490			13,372.46		
	3,265,020			1,537,282.19		
Contributions and Grants in Aid to Non-Municipal Hospitals	1,133,370			761,362.55		
		4,398,390			2,298,644.74	
Carried forward		45,050,700	76,987,940		22,256,877.37	40,357,244.26

Note:—(1) From the royalties receivable from the Shanghai Power Company, the Western District Power Company and the Shanghai Gas Company in excess of those relating to basic charges obtaining in 1938, a sum sufficient to service the 6 per cent. Loan of 1940 is being hypothecated under a Deed of Assignment dated April 26, 1940.

(2) A Deed of Assignment dated June 23, 1941 provides that the proceeds of Licence Fees and Entertainment Tax on Theatres, Cinematographs, Music Halls, Bijou Theatres and Circuses together with any surplus from (1) above shall be hypothecated for the servicing of the 6 per cent. Loan of 1941.

Municipal Budget, General	Estimated.			Actual.		
	Expenditure.		Income.	Expenditure.		Income.
Brought forward	$	$ 45,050,700	$ 76,987,940	$	$ 22,256,877.37	$ 40,357,244.26
Public Works Department.						
General	3,091,510			1,615,469.31		
Buildings	483,650			174,569.12		
Creeks and River	167,000			49,736.10		
Drainage and Sewerage	376,000			159,963.83		
Cleansing	2,734,600			1,420,583.70		
Maintenance of Roads and Parks	2,543,300			992,362.24		
Lighting	816,000			374,617.54		
		10,182,060			4,787,301.84	
Municipal Orchestra and Band		378,540			207,988.57	
Public Library		97,340			38,301.02	
Finance Department.						
Finance Office	880,530			508,220.43		
Revenue Office	1,968,820			1,050,637.05		
Compradore's Office	236,560			128,937.85		
		3,085,910			1,687,795.33	
Secretariat		1,021,760			567,440.35	
Industrial and Social Division		288,050			140,307.07	
Legal Department		411,040			208,387.93	
Chinese Studies and Translation Office		222,430			108,805.17	
General Charges.						
Extra Departmental Expenses	705,180			501,730.34		
Pension and other Retirement Benefits	6,557,980			4,688,168.83		
Grants in Aid and Remission of Taxation	825,390			415,732.96		
Rent of Leased Premises	113,690			59,672.93		
		8,202,240			5,665,305.06	
Interest, Brokerage, etc.		3,498,270			1,505,790.26	
Redemption of Debentures		2,246,390			1,123,195.00	
Stock and Stores.						
Volunteer Corps	500			7,384.62		
Fire Brigade	62,470			5,711.38		
Police Force.						
General	155,530			1,429.46		
Gaol and Reformatory	4,990			1,280.00		
Health Department	38,570			3,953.90		
Public Works Department	6,300			477.70		
Public Library	500			325.00		
Finance Department.						
Finance Office	5,000			4,137.81		
Revenue Office	6,060			5,765.21		
Secretariat	3,180			1,109.90		
Industrial and Social Division	18,600			4,329.71		
Legal Department	100					
Chinese Studies and Translation Office	300					
		302,100			35,904.66	
Surplus on Ordinary Budget, carried down		2,001,110			2,023,844.63	
		76,987,940	76,987,940		40,357,244.26	40,357,244.26
Surplus on Ordinary Budget— General, brought down			2,001,110			2,023,844.63
Deficit on Ordinary Budget— Education, transferred		2,944,280			1,811,914.89	
Net Deficit or Surplus on Ordinary Income and Expenditure Account			943,170		211,929.74	
		2,944,280	2,944,280		2,023,844.63	2,023,844.63

Municipal Budget, General	Estimated.			Actual.		
	Expenditure.		Income.	Expenditure.		Income.
	$	$	$	$	$	$
Extraordinary Income.						
Sales of Surplus Properties			1,000,000			65,915.13
Miscellaneous			50,000			70,606.17
Amount to be raised by debentures and other temporary measures.			9,000,000			9,000,000.00
			10,050,000			9,136,521.30
Less—Allocation of Funds to Extraordinary Budget—Education			196,920			41,091.21
			9,853,080			9,095,430.09
Extraordinary Expenditure.						
Deficit from 1940	1,835,540			1,835,544.57		
Bundings	30,000					
Drainage	225,000			72,501.40		
Sewerage	15,000			3,460.48		
Land	20,000			18,736.53		
Buildings	381,170			169,891.49		
Roads	1,050,000			511,025.19		
Plant and Equipment	291,900			165,328.47		
		3,848,610			2,776,488.13	
Emergency Measures		800,000			351,459.63	
Pension Fund.						
Balance of Capitalization		750,000			298,743.00	
Loan Redemption.						
Local Currency Temporary Loan		3,122,900			3,122,901.39	
Fixed Deposits	1,664,200			406,329.86		
Less—new deposits				334,107.90		
		1,664,200			72,221.96	
Discount on the 6% Loan of 1941					675,000.00	
Deficit or Surplus on Extraordinary Budget			332,630		1,798,615.98	
		10,185,710	10,185,710		9,095,430.09	9,095,430.09

We have audited the foregoing Summary of Income and Expenditure for the half year ended June 30, 1941 and certify the same to be correct.

THOMSON & Co., *Chartered Accountants,*
SHU-LUN PAN & Co., *Chinese Chartered Accountants,* } *Auditors.*

AUGUST 28, 1941.

E. P. OLIVER, A.C.A.,
Acting Treasurer.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT—EDUCATION

COMPARING

ESTIMATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1941

WITH

ACTUAL INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1941

Municipal Budget, Education	Estimated.			Actual.		
	Expenditure.		Income.	Expenditure.		Income.
	$	$	$	$	$	$
Ordinary Income.						
Allocation of Revenue from Ordinary Budget—General. Representing the equivalent of the amount estimated to be derived from a 2 per cent. General Municipal Rate together with the correlative proportion of Land Tax			3,097,800			1,591,328.00
Miscellaneous			24,000			13,512.81
			3,121,800			1,604,840.81
Ordinary Expenditure.						
Administration.						
Education Office	132,880			91,046.12		
Stock and Stores.						
Education Office	100					
		132,980			91,046.12	
Schools for Foreign Children.						
Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys	310,180			157,865.26		
Thomas Hanbury Hostel for Boys	44,040			22,462.64		
Western District Public School	377,970			217,341.34		
Public School for Girls	406,300			205,150.97		
Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Girls	269,060			123,221.93		
Thomas Hanbury Hostel for Girls	57,920			32,938.64		
Stock and Stores.						
Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys	130			128.70		
Public School for Girls	1,000					
Buildings	11,010			4,583.33		
General Charges.						
Extra-Departmental Expenses	71,000			40,481.65		
Pension and other Retirement Benefits	841,780			722,633.62		
Rent of Leased Premises	34,600			18,825.00		
Interest	66,560			32,881.16		
		2,491,550			1,578,514.24	
Grants in Aid		495,000			249,250.00	
Schools for Chinese Children.						
Public School for Chinese	151,710			80,846.07		
Ellis Kadoorie Public School	189,390			99,872.05		
Nieh Chih Kuei Public School	177,410			98,719.13		
Polytechnic Public School	208,960			128,023.04		
Secondary School for Girls	123,190			70,404.98		
Chinese Education Office	57,250			29,302.36		
Boone Road Primary School	88,560			46,260.33		
Cunningham Road Primary School	83,210			46,430.52		
Kinchow Road Primary School	111,760			56,159.30		
Singapore Road Primary School	42,870			25,538.84		
Sinza Road Primary School	74,330			40,534.64		
Ward Road Primary School	94,290			52,699.99		
Wayside Road Primary School	82,340			46,949.60		
Cunningham Road Night School	9,950			5,036.16		
Kinchow Road Night School	14,850			7,622.63		
Sinza Road Night School	13,040			6,153.52		
Wayside Road Night School	10,470			5,430.98		
Stock and Stores.						
Ellis Kadoorie Public School	1,250			1,225.00		
Polytechnic Public School	200			132.70		
Secondary School for Girls	100					
Primary Schools	610			25.00		
Buildings	24,310			8,815.76		
General Charges.						
Extra-Departmental Expenses	317,530			164,367.84		
Pension and other Retirement Benefits	210,780			67,980.22		
Rent of Leased Premises	72,690			34,950.52		
Interest	180,500			91,964.16		
		2,341,550			1,215,445.24	
Carried forward		5,461,080	3,121,800		3,134,255.70	1,604,840.81

Municipal Budget, Education	Estimated.			Actual.		
	Expenditure.		Income.	Expenditure.		Income.
	$	$	$	$	$	$
Brought forward		5,461,080	3,121,800		3,134,255.70	1,604,840.81
Grants in Aid.		605,000			282,500.00	
Deficit on Ordinary Budget, transferred to Ordinary Income and Expenditure Account—General			2,944,280			1,811,914.89
		6,066,080	6,066,080		3,416,755.70	3,416,755.70
Extraordinary Income. Allocation of Funds from Extraordinary Budget—General			196,920			41,091.21
Extraordinary Expenditure. Buildings.						
Western District Public School, bicycle shed	3,000			1,849.51		
Public School for Girls, raising entrance approaches	3,750					
Singapore Road Primary School, extension, balance of cost	1,870			76.75		
Cunningham Road Primary School, reconstruction of floors	1,500					
Various buildings, minor alterations	1,800					
		11,920			1,926.26	
Emergency Measures		185,000			39,164.95	
		196,920	196,920		41,091.21	41,091.21

We have audited the foregoing Summary of Income and Expenditure for the half year ended June 30, 1941 and certify the same to be correct.

THOMSON & Co., *Chartered Accountants,*
SHU-LUN PAN & Co., *Chinese Chartered Accountants,* } *Auditors.*

AUGUST 28, 1941.

E. P. OLIVER, A.C.A.,
Acting Treasurer.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Revised Index of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai for July.

After a decline in June to 757.96, the cost of living index of Chinese workers rose again in July to 800.32, an increase of 42.36 points or 5.59 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar showed a fall of over half a cent from 13.19 in June to 12.50 cents in July. Increases in group indices ranged from 3.30 per cent. for miscellaneous items to 6.24 per cent. for food. The following compares the indices in July with those in June:—

Groups	Indices June	Indices July	No. of Percentage increased rise
Food	818.33	869.43	51.10 6.24
Housing	641.42	668.18	26.76 4.17
Clothing	555.64	579.10	23.46 4.22
Miscellaneous	694.68	717.60	22.92 3.30

Owing to heavy increases in cost at sources of supply, combined with increased rates of freight, price of S.M.C. rice advanced from $110 to $116 per shih as from July 8. Developments in the Far Eastern situation and the fall in exchange rates since July 9 gave rise to increases, not only to imported but also to native rice. As a result of over supply of stock and forthcoming shipments, the latter has followed a downward trend. S.M.C. rice was offered at prices below the official limit of $116. Following the announcement of the freezing of Sino-Japanese credits in the United States on July 26, prices of rice as well as flour, oils, beans, sugar, coal, kerosene, cigarettes, soap, matches, etc., underwent another rise. Of the 52 commodities in the Revised Index, 7 remained even; 35 registered rises of from 0.23 to 72.48 per cent.; and 10, falls ranging from 0.24 to 20.41 per cent.

The second semi-annual investigation of rent for 1941 showed that in 52.46 per cent. of the locations checked, rentals have increased since January last. The increase for rooms of one-story house averaged 5.05 per cent.; that of two-story house without courtyard, 8.93 per cent.; and of two-story house with courtyard, 12.02 per cent.

Workers' Earnings for July.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.62 persons should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in July. Figures are given to show the costs of two standards of living. Standard A shows what the earnings should be on the Revised Standard of Living (replacing the 1936 standard) and Standard B shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard.

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wage earner (53.3%)	$101.788	$89.458
Earnings of other family members(34.0%)	64.930	57.065
Other family income (12.7%)	24.254	21.316
Total family income (100.0%)	190.972	167.839

Revised Index* of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai

Base: Average 1936=100.

Indices	Average 1936	1940 May	1940 June	1940 July	1941 May	1941 June	1941 July
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	389.01	440.20	464.93	889.11	818.33	869.43
Housing	100.00	407.72	396.28	414.12	630.78	641.42	668.18
Clothing	100.00	403.85	360.00	326.79	556.03	555.64	579.10
Miscellaneous	100.00	368.48	367.43	383.39	696.06	694.68	717.60
General Index	100.00	392.83	422.04	442.60	801.81	757.96	800.32
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	25.46	23.69	23.66	12.47	13.19	12.50

* Due to recent changes in consumption habits consequent upon the substitution of types of rice purchased, upon fuel available, and reduced spending power removing certain foods from the capacity of people to buy, careful adjustments have been made in the commodities and their quantities used in the compilation of this Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers. Henceforth this Index will be termed the Revised Index. Former Rent and Fuel groups have been combined into a Housing Group to conform with more modern practice. Changes have also been made in the assumed "Minimum Subsistence Standard."

Attention is drawn to the fact that these index figures apply to the standard of living of Chinese workers. They do not represent the situation ruling among Chinese salaried employees.

Retail Prices in Shanghai for Chinese Workers

Commodities	Unit	Average 1936	1941 May	1941 June	1941 July
FOOD GROUP:					
1. Rangoon Rice(1)	Shih shih(2)	$9.735	$123.932	$109.810	$114.657
2. Wheat flour — Bicycle	Parcel	3.448	31.513	31.278	35.554
3. Fresh noodle	Shih chin(3)	.074	.625	.621	.675
4. Fresh pork	Shih chin	.202	2.010	1.925	1.940
5. Fresh beef	Shih chin	.239	2.520	2.613	2.490
6. Salted pork	Shih chin	.301	1.529	1.427	1.866
7. Fresh fish	Shih chin	.163	.787	.668	.921
8. Salted white fish	Shih chin	.144	1.213	1.305	1.437
9. Duck egg	Piece	.024	.172	.181	.199
10. Soy bean oil	Shih chin	.241	1.342	1.327	1.511
11. Lard	Shih chin	.307	1.330	1.313	1.732
12. Soy bean sauce	Shih chin	.099	.407	.414	.428
13. Salt	Shih chin	.112	.478	.489	.493
14. White sugar	Shih chin	.205	.915	.868	.817
15. Shao-shing	Shih chin	.094	.537	.553	.583
16. Kao-liang	Shih chin	.152	1.245	1.259	1.251
17. Bean curd	Piece	.0072	.050	.050	.050
18. Dried bean curd	Piece	.0074	.050	.050	.050
19. Sheet bean	Sheet	.0051	.030	.030	.030
20. Fried bean curd	Shih chin	.251	1.600	1.600	1.600
21. Fresh mung bean starch in strips	Shih chin	.046	.230	.251	.278
22. Sprouted broad bean	Shih chin	.042	.235	.240	.331
23. Yellow soy bean sprouts	Shih chin	.033	.198	.178	.190
24. Chin ts'ai	Shih chin	.035	.167	.160	.173
25. Turnips	Shih chin	.034	.094	.109	.188
26. Amum oleorum	Shih chin	.060	.142	.169	.232
27. Spinach	Shih chin	.042	.139	.115	.164
28. Salted hsueh li-hung	Shih chin	.095	.174	.168	.244
29. Potatoes	Shih chin	.036	.416	.343	.273
30. Tea	Shih chin	.350	1.840	2.000	2.000
HOUSING GROUP:					
31. Rent — One-story house(4)	Std. rm(5)	2.149	7.386	7.386	7.759
32. Rent — Two-story house with no courtyard(4)	Std. rm.	2.495	10.195	10.195	11.011
33. Rent — Two-story house with courtyard(4)	Std. rm.	3.110	12.625	12.625	14.142
34. Coal briquettes	100 shih chin	1.063	15.720	16.146	15.957
35. Kerosene	Shih chin	.136	.683	.672	.702
36. Useless timber	Shih chin	.014	.080	.090	.108
37. Match	Box	.010	.1095	.1065	.1106
CLOTHING GROUP:					
38. Native sheetings	Shih ch'ih(6)	.046	.291	.345	.340
39. Grey sheetings — 13 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.085	.443	.463	.477
40. Grey shirtings — 12 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.091	.560	.558	.567
41. Striped cotton shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.060	.428	.375	.418
42. Printed shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.097	.528	.530	.560
43. White shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.128	.606	.635	.659
44. Jeans and drills	Shih ch'ih	.090	525	.549	.530
45. Cotton flannel	Shih ch'ih	.083	.396	.462	.445
46. Fancy twills	Shih ch'ih	.146	.745	.751	.786
47. Raw cotton	Shih chin	.477	2.200	2.200	2.200
48. Cotton socks	Pair	.272	1.323	1.367	1.483
MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
49. Soap—Koo Pun	Cake	.051	.466	.443	.444
50. Toilet paper	90 sheets	.067	.339	.338	.336
51. Cigarettes—Ret	Box — 10 pcs.	.047	.200	.204	.222
52. Hot water	10 ladles	.017	.200	.200	.200

1. 1st grade sien rice was replaced by 2nd grade Saigon rice from February 1940 onward which was in turn replaced by Rangoon rice from June 1941.
2. 1 Shih shih = 156 shih chin.
3. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 lbs.
4. Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.
5. 1 Standard room = 32 cubic metres
6. 1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 feet.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR JULY.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

Rising from 253.10 in June to 256.53 in July, the consolidated index of cost of living of foreign salaried employees in this city registered a slight increase of 3.43 points or 1.36 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced by 61.02 per cent. in July as against 60.49 in June. Due to lowering of vegetable prices at this season of the year, the food index for all nationalities declined 0.87 per cent. Similar falls were shown during June and July last year. Rises in the other group indices ranged from 0.39 per cent. for clothing to 9.48 per cent. for miscellaneous items. The Russian index remained almost stationary, while the other general indices recorded rises of from 2 to less than 3 per cent. The following compares the situation in July with that in June:

GENERAL INDICES

Indices	June	July	No. of points increased or decreased	Percentage change
American	230.08	234.82	+ 4.74	+ 2.06
British	240.88	247.69	+ 6.81	+ 2.83
Russian	262.52	263.24	+ 0.72	+ 0.27
Others	251.95	257.31	+ 5.36	+ 2.13

GROUP INDICES FOR ALL NATIONALITIES

Food	308.05	305.37	— 2.68	— 0.87
Clothing	264.43	265.47	+ 1.04	+ 0.39
Rent	183.23	188.26	+ 5.03	+ 2.75
Heat	295.28	304.23	+ 8.95	+ 3.03
Miscellaneous	209.71	229.60	+ 19.89	+ 9.48

Among the food items, contrary to decrease in vegetable prices as stated above, Hazelwood ice-cream rose from $2.10 to $2.40 per brick; Culty milk, from $1.15 to $1.35 per pint as from July 26. The price of lemons once reached the record price of $2.00 each as against 70 cents at the beginning of the month.

In the Settlement, surcharges on water rates were raised from 110 to 250 per cent. on July 1; those for electric light, to 230.97 per cent. and power, 350.22 per cent. Bus and tram fares were also increased over 60 per cent. effective from July 14.

The rent investigation conducted in July revealed that very little change took place during the April-June quarter. On the average, rents for single rooms, apartments, terrace, and detached houses were raised by 6.04, 3.12, 1.17 and 1.63 per cent. respectively. Wages for servants showed considerable increases. Average pay in July for a cook was $68.27; for a boy, $65.38; and an amah, $46.22; showing rises of 10.70, 19.59 and 20.21 per cent. over April last.

Exchange rate of the Chinese national dollar in terms of U.S. currency weakened on July 9 but improved prior to the "freezing" of the Sino-Japanese assets in the United States on July 26. The exchange value of the Chinese dollar again weakened upon the announcement of the "freezing" decree. There was a rise in the commodity markets toward the close of the month.

PROVISIONAL(1) INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN(2) SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American 1941			British 1941		
		May	June	July	May	June	July
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	256.64	260.20	259.60	280.10	285.44	285.03
Clothing & Materials	100.00	241.88	245.25	246.09	258.03	263.49	264.58
Rent	100.00	183.52	183.52	188.09	181.22	181.22	186.07
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	288.21	291.38	298.65	290.04	296.04	312.16
Miscellaneous	100.00	195.61	196.58	211.47	207.48	209.06	227.82
General Index	100.00	228.00	230.08	234.82	237.64	240.88	247.69

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian 1941			Other Nationalities 1941		
		May	June	July	May	June	July
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	325.65	326.99	322.69	298.65	303.74	301.55
Clothing & Materials	100.00	256.33	259.89	260.81	276.34	281.52	282.84
Rent	100.00	180.58	180.58	186.00	191.95	191.95	196.37
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	286.13	298.77	303.26	278.19	287.10	298.22
Miscellaneous	100.00	211.33	216.88	237.78	195.59	196.94	217.17
General Index	100.00	259.36	262.52	263.24	248.37	251.95	257.31

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated 1941		
		May	June	July
General Indices				
American	100.00	228.00	230.08	234.82
British	100.00	237.64	240.88	247.69
Russian	100.00	259.36	262.52	263.24
Other Nationalities	100.00	248.37	251.95	257.31
Consolidated Index	100.00	249.89	253.10	256.53
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	40.02	39.51	38.98

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 June	1941 July
1	FOOD GROUP:			$	$	$
1	White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	1.03	1.09
2	White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.25	1.25
3	White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	1.07	1.05
4	Bread Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.75	.75
5	Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.75	.75
6	Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.45	.45
7	Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.71	.76
8	Flour Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.66	.68
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.50	1.55
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.50	1.51
11	Rolled oats Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	4.31	4.27
12	Rolled oats Loose	lb.		.44	1.04	1.03
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.89	.89
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.48	1.49
15	Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	6.50	6.69
16	Rump steak	lb.		.65	3.94	3.97
17	Topside steak	lb.		.63	4.05	4.00
18	Beef Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	4.10	3.95
19	Rib roast	lb.		.60	3.87	3.87
20	Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	5.80	5.80
21	Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.51	2.44
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.61	2.45
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.51	2.48
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	2.59	2.33
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.74	1.66
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	5.44	5.69
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	3.59	3.55
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	3.24	3.24
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	2.79	2.79
30	Egg Hen	pc.		.10	.20	.23
31	Egg Duck	pc.		.08	.19	.21
32	Herring	lb.		.18	.90	1.21
33	Salmon	lb.		.52	2.19	2.03
34	Fish Mandarin	lb.		.79	2.26	2.37
35	Cod	lb.		.44	1.68	1.98
36	Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.12	1.24
37	Yellow	lb.		.34	.69	1.03
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	5.25	5.25
39	Potatoes Irish	lb.		.10	.40	.27
40	Potatoes Sweet	lb.		.06	(8)	(8)
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.12	.18
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.34	.39
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.10	.10
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.57	.55
45	Beans French	lb.		.14	.35	.33
46	Beans Lima	lt.		.33	1.00	.57
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.58	.49
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.42	.47
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.19	.18
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.15	.12
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	5.83	5.99
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz. No. 12	1.40	2.29	2.28
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	16 oz.	2.98	4.55	4.55
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No. 8	1.99	3.78	3.78
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	1.13	1.20
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.81	.88
58	Oranges Sunkist	pc.		.28	.81	.90
59	Oranges Mandarin	lb.		.35	(8)	(8)
60	Lemons	pc.		.48	.68	1.21
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	2.00	1.50

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 June	1941 July
1	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.96	2.15
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.40	1.39
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	1.83	1.78
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	1.97	2.00
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.69	1.54
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	8.09	8.11
68	Margarine Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.63	2.65
69	Margarine Palm	lb.		1.28	2.63	2.65
70	Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.15	1.20
71	Milk Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.84	.84
72	Milk Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	1.05	1.06
73	Cheese Kraft	lb.		3.41	6.43	6.32
74	Cheese Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.80	2.90
75	Cream Sour	lb.		1.50	3.50	3.50
76	Cream Table	pint		2.64	5.55	5.76
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	2.19	2.18
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	4.58	4.88
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.66	3.50
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin.	½ gal.	3.80	8.87	9.13
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.29	.28
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	1.05	1.13
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.88	1.88
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	11.24	11.89
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.87	.87
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.69	1.77
87	Sugar Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.93	.90
88	Sugar Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.78	.76
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	.92	1.00
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.13	1.17
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.73	1.73
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.36	2.40
93	Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	24.02	24.24
94	Coffee Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	7.42	7.22
95	Coffee Mocha	lb.		2.08	3.64	3.64
96	Cocoa Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	4.55	4.56
97	Cocoa Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	7.74	7.90
98	Tea Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	4.30	4.10
99	Tea Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	9.50	9.38
100	Pineapple Juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz. tall	1.33	2.45	2.55
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	No. 12	1.33	1.95	2.06
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	5.43	5.52
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	3.95	3.90
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	5.80	6.18
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.10	2.25
106	Cigarettes Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.55	1.70
107	Cigarettes Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.78	.80
108	Cigarettes Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.24	1.24
109	Cigarettes Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.39	1.40
II	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.			22.50	60.00
111	Flannel	yd.			17.50	30.50
112	Viyella—T T T	yd.			9.75	(8)
113	Saigon linen	yd.			6.75	24.50
114	Satin crepe	yd.			9.50	17.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.			7.50	12.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.			5.70	11.00
117	Marsarelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.			.58	2.10
118	Shirt White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.			5.00	11.67
119	Shirt White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.			4.20	9.00
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.			3.00	7.50

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— *Continued*

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 June	1941 July
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122 Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	16.00	16.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	28.00	28.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	6.75	6.75
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18" —A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	3.60	3.60
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	64.90	64.90
127 Shoes Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	34.90
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	26.90	26.96
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	19.90	19.90
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	5.58	5.67
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	12.00	12.00
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	2.05	2.10
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	14.70	12.70
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finish — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	(8)	(8)
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	17.50	17.50
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.50	1.50
137 Knitting wools Bechive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	45.20	45.20
138 Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	38.00	38.00
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	1.25	1.25
140 Laundry Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.36	.38
141 Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.25	.25
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	3.75	3.75
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	3.50	3.50
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm. (3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.05	33.59
145 Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	43.86	45.23
146 Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	28.17	28.50
147 Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.35	68.84	73.00
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.491	.556
152 Power—Hesting—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.248	.252
Elec- 153 tric Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.410	.410
154 Power — Hesting — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.162	.162
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0869	.1050	.1050
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	442.50	442.50
157 Coal briquettes	100shih chin(5)		3.75	15.15	15.96
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Fou	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	46.86	46.86

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 June	1941 July
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal		.075	.1575	.2625
160 French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.2144	.2144
161 Ice	100 lb.		1.00	5.50	5.50
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.083	.1086
163 French Concession	per mi.		.040	.076	.076
164 Tram- Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.0637	.0535 (9)
165 class French Concession	per mi		.040	.071	.071
166 Taxicab	20min		2.20	4.60	4.60
67 Gas oline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	4.00	4.00
68 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
69 Newspapers North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	1.00	1.00
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	54.67	65.38
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	61.67	68.27
176 Amah	p.mon.		19.15	38.45	46.22
177 Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	7.87	7.90
Lotion Eau de Cologne "4711"— 178 No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	13.57	14.79
179 Face cream Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.85	4.95
180 Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.80	7.53	7.55
181 Face powder—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	8.91	8.91
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	3.36	3.35
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.55	2.55
184 Sincere's	tube		.25	.81	.85
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	6.67	6.57
186 Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	3.21	3.20
187 Red Ball	roll		.34	1.00	1.00
188 Toilet paper Pagoda	roll		.64	1.47	1.47
189 Fan	roll		.45	1.18	1.19
190 Lever Health	cake		.15	.44	.44
191 Lux	cake		.32	.88	.86
192 Soap Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	1.20	1.20
193 Ivory	cake		1.24	2.17	2.13
194 Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	2.24	2.25
195 Cleanser Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.61	.64
196 Beauty	tin		.07	.19	.19
197 Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.10	1.13
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 Watt	pc.		.40	1.10	1.10
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	38.20	38.20
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	35.20	35.20
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.63	1.65
202 Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.63	.65
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.92	2.92
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	3.04	3.15
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.45	1.45
206 B			.40	.90	.97

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of all shows.
(8) Not on market.
(9) Excluding routes n orth of Soochow Creek.

WORMS IN THE WATER SUPPLY.

The "worms" which have made their unwelcome appearance in the water supply this summer in greater number than usual are the larvae of small flies of the family Chironomidae, which has an extremely large number of members. Fortunately very few of them are known to bite man, and the vast majority are so far as is known of no medical importance.

These "midges", as they are commonly called, are liable to appear in swarms, and are of interest owing to their superficial resemblance to mosquitoes. The eggs, which are minute, are laid on the surface of water and develop in due course into the larvae which are red in colour and are in fact the "blood worms" with which residents have become familiar. Apart from their undesirability on aesthetic grounds, the presence of these larvae in the water supply is of no particular medical significance.

Total eradication during the summer months is no easy problem, and it is difficult to see what effective measures could be taken beyond thorough flushing of the mains. This the Waterworks Company are already doing. The problem is not new as Companies in other parts of the world have experienced the same trouble, and the same difficulty in finding the complete remedy for it.

NOTIFICATION No. 5509.

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID.

Chinese Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to Chinese schools within the International Settlement may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building. To qualify for a grant a school must have been in existence at least one full year within the Settlement.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than September 15, 1941.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5510.

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID.

Foreign Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to foreign schools within the International Settlement or paying rates to the Shanghai Municipal Council may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than February 10, 1942.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July, 24, 1941.

COUNCIL COMMITTEES.

The following is a list of the membership of Council Committees for the Municipal Year 1941/1942:—

Finance Committee.—Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, G. Gadow, T. Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, Jabin Hsu, F. S. Hsu, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell.

Watch Committee.—Messrs. I. Okamoto (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, Theodore C. Chang, W. A. Hale, F. Hoehnke, C. F. Hsia, Jabin Hsu, R. G. MacDonald, R. T. McDonnell and O. Okamoto.

Works Committee.—Messrs. Y. Hanawa (*Chairman*), C. H. Chen, P. H. Chen, T. Haraguchi, F. J. Hookham, R. T. McDonnell, G. E. Marden, Pan San Hsin, H. S. Poulsen and Dr. G. Probst.

Staff Committee.—Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan.

Public Utilities Committee.—Messrs. J. D. Carriere (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Chen Nee, T. S. Powell, S. H. Shao, T. K. Tsutsumi, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and Dr. Zai-Ziang Zee.

Health Committee.—Mr. A. Glathe (*Chairman*), Drs. P. T. Chow, E. G. Cuntlett, Messrs. G. A. Haley, K. C. Hsu, Drs. R. J. McMullen, Muto Nardone, Mr. Y. Noda, Drs. W. S. Parsons, J. de Portaria, Szeming Sze and Y. Tongu.

Education Board.—Dr. R. J. McMullen, (*Chairman*), Dr. K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. T. Dean, Mrs. L. Giles, Messrs. Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura, Dr. Sidney K. Wei and Mr. L. T. Yuan.

Industrial and Social Affairs Committee.—Mr. N. F. Allman (*Chairman*), Mrs. J. S. Barr, Messrs. W. G. Braidwood, J. D. Carriere, J. W. Djien, C. Fumagalli, Dr. L. C. Hylbert, Mr. I. Okamoto, Mrs. J. H. Sun and Mr. J. M. Tavares.

Supplies Committee. — Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, K.B.E. (*Chairman*), Messrs. E. M. Gran, F. Hoehnke, A. W. Hutton, C. J. Knipschildt, W. Mellor, Dr. K. Sugimura, R. von der Crone and T. Wakimoto.

Library Committee.—Mr. L. T. Yuan (*Chairman*), Mrs. A. Baer, Dr. G. Costantini, Mr. E. Ema, Rev. P. C. Matthews, Mrs. A. W. Sherriff, Messrs. Tseu Yih Zan, E. S. Wilkinson and K. Yamada.

Orchestra and Band Committee.—Messrs. R. von der Crone (*Chairman*), Ch. Grosbois, A. Harman, E. F. Harris, Lee Wei Ning, L. de Luca, J. S. Potter, Mrs. Satoko Tokano and Prof. B. S. Zakharoff.

Board of Film Censors. — Messrs. W. Duncan, W. J. Hawkings, Mrs. C. T. Hutchins, Messrs. Kiung Sing-wu, T. K. Li, L. de Luca, G. Miyazaki, H. G. Nelson and Dr. G. Probst.

NOTIFICATION No. 5501.

PUBLIC RICSHAS-TARIFF OF FARES.

THE following tariff of fares charged to passengers of public ricshas has been approved with effect from July 15, 1941:—

By distance:	
Half mile	$0.17
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof	0.17
Minimum fare	0.17
By time:	
One hour	$1.00
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof	0.50
Minimum fare	1.00

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5496.

ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS TESTING FEES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from July 1, 1941, the animal and animal products testing fees as set out in the Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees, 1941, will be raised by 150%.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 2, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5500.

RENTAL CHARGE FOR PUBLIC RICSHAS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from July 15, 1941, the maximum rental charge authorised for each public ricsha shall be $1.60 Chinese National Currency per day.

Stern measures, including permanent cancellation of the licences, will be taken against the licensees of public ricshas found overcharging the authorised maximum rental.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 10, 1941.

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Council for issue to Chinese employees has been fixed at $42.50 for August.

Returns of Communicable Diseases.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, July 26th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	1	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	5	4	72	48
Cholera	2	0	3	1
Typhoid Fever	2	0	72	51
Paratyphoid Fever	1	1	6	3
Amoebic Dysentery	10	0	56	10
Bacillary Dysentery	9	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	1	1	9	3
Influenza	1	0	0	0
Malaria	1	0	11	0
Measles	0	0	2	2
Typhus Fever	3	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	5	1
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	15	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	13		614	
Total Deaths from all Causes	20		783	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, August 2nd, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	1	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	1	2	2
Tuberculosis	7	1	85	68
Cholera	0	0	12	3
Typhoid Fever	3	0	67	49
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	26	0	54	25
Bacillary Dysentery	13	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	14	8
Influenza	5	0	2	1
Malaria	4	0	6	0
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	1	0	3	1
Relapsing Fever	1	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	21	3
Encephalitis Lethargica	1	0	0	0
Leprosy	0	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	8		695	
Total Deaths from all Causes	11		861	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, August 9th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	1	0	2	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	2	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	5	2	59	55
Cholera	1	0	49	3
Typhoid Fever	3	1	55	44
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	0
Amoebic Dysentery	25	1	42	12
Bacillary Dysentery	16	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	9	7
Influenza	2	0	1	1
Malaria	1	0	11	1
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	0	0	2	2
Relapsing Fever	0	0	2	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	38	4
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	12		718	
Total Deaths from all Causes	17		848	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, August 16th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	1	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	0	0	6	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	1
Tuberculosis	8	4	83	53
Cholera	2	0	39	3
Typhoid Fever	7	1	79	62
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	4	1
Amoebic Dysentery	25	1	64	26
Bacillary Dysentery	10	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	11	8
Influenza	10	0	3	1
Malaria	9	0	4	0
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	1	0	2	1
Relapsing Fever	0	0	3	1
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	52	2
Schistosomiasis	0	0	1	0
Leprosy	0	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes	11		732	
Total Deaths from all Causes	19		897	

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight August 23rd, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	6	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	6	2	84	62
Cholera	1	0	72	3
Typhoid Fever	3	0	58	52
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	7	4
Amoebic Dysentery	42	2	50	29
Bacillary Dysentery	21	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	1	1	7	5
Influenza	14	1	3	1
Malaria	3	0	5	1
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	2	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	3	3
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	63	8
Deaths from Non-Communicable Diseases and Other Causes	12		739	
Total Deaths from all Causes	19		910	

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

PEACE MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS.

In April 1940 it was announced that the Trustees of the Peace Memorial Scholarships Fund offered one scholarship subject to the conditions of the Trust to be awarded on the recommendation of the Examination Syndicate of Cambridge University on the result of the School Certificate Examination to be held in December 1940.

The Examination Syndicate have recommended G. B. Wills of Shanghai who came first in order of merit, and the Trustees acting upon the recomendation award the scholarship for 1940 to this candidate.

J. H. LIDDELL.

R. T. BRYAN, JR.

Trustees, Peace Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Shanghai, July 30, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5514. CAST IRON SCRAP.

FOR sale by tender approximately 25 tons Cast Iron Scrap. For particulars, apply to Room No. 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 31, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5516. PRIMARY SCHOOL FOR CHINESE—KINCHOW ROAD.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of Lauan Planks. For culars, apply to Room 354, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 31, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5517. BUILDING DEPOTS—WUCHOW AND GORDON ROADS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of Lauan/Planks. For particulars, apply to Room 354, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 31, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5518. TENDERS INVITED. P.W.D. Tender No. 41/69.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 500 fong of Broken Stone (Blue) ¼" to dust.

For particulars, apply to Room 234, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5519. TENDERS INVITED. P.W.D. Tender No. 41/64.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 500 fong of Soochow Sand.

For particulars, apply to Room 234, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5520.

SALE OF DOCK CRANE.

FOR sale by tender one 7½ ton electric dock crane. For particulars, apply Room 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 8, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5521.

SALE OF MOBILE CRANE.

FOR sale by tender one 2-ton mobile petrol-electric crane. For particulars, apply Room 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 8, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5513.

RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. S. Liberman of 1326 Avenue Joffre in respect of the premises Nos. 147/149 Nanking Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Thursday, August 7, 1941.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 29, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5524.

S.M.C. RICE.

OWING to the heavy increase in cost the Shanghai Municipal Council is reluctantly compelled to increase its selling price for S.M.C. Rice, and the maximum retail selling price to the public will therefore, as from August 16, 1941, be $124 per zar (80 kilos) net delivered weight.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 15, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5525.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

X-Ray Films.

Tender No. 12.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 144 dozen X-Ray Films during 1942. Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Administration Building, 223, Hankow Road.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on August 18, 1941.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 15, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date
	POLICE FORCE.		
	Information regarding tenders under this section, samples and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.		
669	Tailoring of Police Uniforms to individual measurements, as and when required during 1942.		Sept. 12, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Police Force. Tender No. 72A. Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section for a period of 3 months from September 1, 1941.

	Hong Lee & Co.
Bean Oil	$2.25 per lb.
Beef (2nd Grade)	3.12 „ „
Cabbage	.18 „ „
Fish, salt	.99 „ „
Lard	1.66 „ „
Milk (Grade "B")	.72 „ pint
Onions	.18 „ lb.
Oranges or Tomatoes	1.00 „ „
Ox Liver	2.50 „ „
Pork	2.05 „ „
Salt	.50 „ „
Tea	2.95 „ „
Lamp Oil	2.20 „ „
Turnips	.18 „ „

TENDERS ACCEPTED—(*Continued*)

Police Force. Tender No. 72B. Supply of Foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section for a period of 3 months from September 1, 1941.

	Hong Lee & Co.
Barley	$1.55 per lb.
Mutton (2nd Grade)	1.49 ,, ,,
Beef ,,	3.22 ,, ,,
Bread	.79½ ,, ,,
Cabbage	.35 ,, ,,
Chili Powder	2.00 ,, ,,
Cocoa	4.95 ,, ,,
Fish, fresh	.98 ,, ,,
Fish, salt, Russian	2.75 ,, ,,
Flour	.77½ ,, ,,
Fruit, fresh	.95 ,, ,,
Green Beans	.55 ,, ,,
Milk (Grade "B")	.72 per pint
Oatmeal	1.30 per lb.
Onions	.18 ,, ,,
Pepper	1.25 ,, bt.
Pork (2nd Grade)	2.05 ,, lb.
Potatoes	.32 ,, ,,
Rice	.80 ,, ,,
Salt (Cooking)	.50 ,, ,,
Sesame Oil	2.20 ,, ,,
Suet	1.20 ,, ,,
Sugar	1.05 ,, ,,
Tea	3.55 ,, ,,
Ox Liver	2.50 ,, ,,

All Departments Tender No. 1: Stationery for all Departments for 1942:—On the recommendation of a special Advisory Board the order has been distributed among the undermentioned firms:—

Messrs. The Asia Printing Co., British American Trading Co., Evans Book Co., Ltd., J. J. Evans Co., Ltd., N. Kimura Co., W. Koreska, National Stationery Society, The Pilot Co., Ltd., and S.M.C. Gaol—Printing Department.

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5517. Tender No. 41/67. Supply of Lauan Planks to the Building Depots—Gordon & Wuchow Roads.

Yuh Kee Lumber Co. (Portion of tender) $18,018

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5516. Tender No. 41/68. Supply of Furniture for Primary School for Chinese, 100 Kinchow Road.

Sing Tai Furnishing Co. (Portion of tender) $16,290

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5521. Tender No. 41/70. Sale of one Ransomes & Rapier 2 ton Petrol Electric Super Mobile Crane. No tender has been accepted.

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5520. Tender No. 41/71. Sale of one 7½ ton Electric Slewing Derrick-Crane. No tender has been accepted.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/62. Alterations to huts for the Polytechnic Public School for Chinese and Primary School for Chinese at 65, Great Western Road.

Sing Tai "A" $11,260 "B" $8,890 "C" $3,330 "D" $1,650

TENDERS RECEIVED

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/59. Supply of 20,000 Sand Bags. No tender has been accepted.

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5514. Tender No. 41/60. Sale of 55,000 lbs. Cast Iron Scrap. No tender has been accepted.

Fire Brigade. Tender No. 71—Navy Blue Heavy Serge. (No tender received).

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1941. 1844

TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.

Mr. J. H. Liddell, Chairman of the Council, on the evening of September 22 issued the following statement:—

"The shooting of a Japanese citizen in the International Settlement on Monday afternoon (September 22) adds yet another to the outrages which have recently taken place in the Settlement. For many months past the Settlement has been the scene of periodic acts of terrorism; the sufferers having been for the most part Chinese. Recently terrorists have been guilty of the murder and attempted murder of a number of Japanese residents.

The Settlement is an international zone which has weathered the storm of war and served as a safe refuge for many *hundred of thousands* of civilian people the large majority being Chinese. Gunmen of Chinese nationality are, however, disturbing the peace of the area to the detriment of all the residents in it. As Chairman of the Council I make this appeal in the hope that I will be heard and have the support of every section of the community and of all political groups and parties. I request them to use wholeheartedly all the influence that they possess so that law and order may again prevail, that the people who live here may do so in peace which is their greatest desire; and that the international status of the Settlement may be preserved for the benefit of all.—J. H. Liddell, Chairman, Shanghai Municipal Council."

NOTIFICATION No. 5549.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Monday, October 6, and on Friday, October 10.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5552.

THE public is hereby notified that from October 1 the official office hours in all Departments of the Council's Service will be from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon, and from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. On Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5536.

CURFEW PASSES.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Curfew Passes issued by the Municipal Police will become invalid from October 1, 1941 and should be presented at Room No. 511, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road, for renewal. A fee of $5.00 will be charged in respect of each pass. Photographs will *not* be required.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 2, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5545.

ROAD ABANDONMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that, subject to protests, if any, being heard and overruled, it is proposed to abandon the scheduled extensions of the portions of Jukao Road (between Juikin and Chaoufoong Roads) and Juikin Road (between Hailar and Jukao Roads).

Protests against such abandonments should be submitted to the undersigned before September 29, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5551.

COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending December 31, 1941, is due on October 1, 1941. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road,

from
Wednesday, October 1,
to
Saturday, October 4,
inclusive.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 5526 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the *Acting* Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 5526.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911 is cancelled and the following is issued in replacement thereof.

The Council is prepared to receive offers of deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six and twelve months in amounts up to $25,000. Interest will be allowed at rates of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively on deposits accepted. The rate of interest on amounts exceeding $25,000 will be subject to special arrangement.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at the date of maturity and, in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made, persons whose deposits cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such Debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Further information may be obtained from the Acting Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5546.

CAST IRON SCRAP.

FOR sale by tender 100 tons Cast Iron Scrap. For particulars, apply to Room 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 19, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on September 3.—President: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. J. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mr. Yulin Hsi.

Fortnightly meeting held on September 17.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. J. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. G. A. Haley and Yulin Hsi.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Library Committee, September 4.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan (*Chairman*), Mrs. A. Baer, Mr. E. Ema, Rev. P. C. Matthews, Mrs. A. W. Sherriff and Mr. Tseu Yih-zan. Absent: Dr. G. Costantini and Messrs. E. S. Wilkinson and K. Yamada.

Staff Committee, September 5.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, R. von der Crone, A. Glathe, R. T. McDonnell, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Mr. I. Okamoto.

Library Committee, September 12.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan (*Chairman*), Mrs. A. Baer, Messrs. Tseu Yih-zan, K. Yamada and E. S. Wilkinson. Absent: Dr. G. Costantini, Mr. E. Ema, Rev. P. C. Matthews and Mrs. A. W. Sherriff.

Public Utilities Committee, September 12.—Present: Messrs. J. D. Carriere (*Chairman*), Chen Nee, G. A. Haley, T. S. Powell, T. K. Tsutsumi and R. von der Crone. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, Shao Shu-hwa, Y. Yazima and Dr. Zee Zau Ziang.

Works Committee, September 15.—Present: Messrs. Y. Hanawa (*Chairman*), T. Haraguchi, F. J. Hookham, R. T. McDonnell, G. E. Marden and H. S. Poulsen. Absent: Messrs. C. H. Chen, P. H. Chen, Pan San Hsin and Dr. G. Probst.

Finance Committee, September 17.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), Jabin Hsu, G. Shahen and R. T. McDonnell. Absent: Messrs. H. E. Arnhold, C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, F. S. Hsu and T. S. Powell.

NOTIFICATION No. 5540.

HANDCART AND TROLLEY CART LICENCES.

NOTICE is hereby given that licences for Handcarts and Trolley Carts for the quarter ending December 31, 1941, will be issued at the Licence Issuing Office, Vehicle Inspection Compound, No. 557 Gordon Road, commencing Saturday, September 27, 1941.

The annual inspection of iron and pneumatic tyred Trolley Carts licensed to carry not over 500 lb. and 750 lb., maximum, respectively, will be carried out at the Ricsha Inspection Depot, No. 808, Seymour Road, commencing Saturday, September 27, 1941. Licences for the quarter ending December 31, 1941, in respect of such vehicles will be issued only on presentation of the inspection certificate.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber
Shanghai, September 9, 1941.

SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES.

An interim report by the New Sources of Taxation Sub-Committee recommending the institution of a Special Rate on business premises received preliminary consideration by the Council at a meeting on July 23, 1941 and was referred by the Council to its Finance Committee for its views. The subject received exhaustive study by the Finance Committee at its meeting on August 18. The Committee decided to recommend to the Council, after consultation with the Advisory Committee (which has since been set up in accordance with Clause 1 (6) of Resolution IV passed by ratepayers at their Special Meeting on April 17, 1941) a special levy on business premises based on the rateable value of the premises occupied, should be imposed on all premises utilised for commercial and industrial purposes and on all premises occupied by the professions; such premises to be divided into two categories as follows:—

Category "A":

All premises other than those used for purely residential purposes and other than those under Category "B", which are used for the housing of gainful occupations including offices, shops, pawnshops, factories, godowns, wharves, etc., to be assessed at an annual special rate of 8% of the assessed value of the premises occupied.

Category "B":

Stock, gold bar and commodity exchanges to be assessed at an annual special rate of 15% of the assessed value of the premises occupied.

The Council at its meeting held on September 3, 1941, approved of the imposition of a Special Rate on business premises, in categories as set out above, subject to reconsideration by the Council after obtaining the views of the above mentioned Advisory Committee. The Council proposes to levy the Special Rate on Business premises as from January 1, 1942 and it is estimated that this Special Rate on Business premises will bring in approximately $7,000,000 per annum.

The levy would always be subject to modification in the light of experience.

NEW SOURCES OF TAXATION.

Special Advisory Committee.

Clause 1 (6) of Resolution IV passed at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers held on April 17 last provided that the Council, before imposing a new tax, must consult with an Advisory Committee selected from among residents of the International Settlement.

The following gentlemen have been nominated and have consented to serve as Members of the Special Advisory Committee on New Forms of Taxation:— Rev. C. L. Boynton and Messrs. James Nichols and B. H. Watson (American); Messrs. W. Mellor, W. J. Monk and H. C. B. Way (British); Messrs. Hwang Tung, Pan San Hsin and Shao Shu-hwa (Chinese); Messrs. M. Amano, S. Katsuda and G. Kishinami (Japanese); Mr. C. J. Knipschildt (Danish); Dr. P. Witting (German); Mr. A. Camporelli (Italian); Mr. F. Hoehnke (Norwegian) and Mr. J. M. Tavares (Portuguese).

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Promotions:—

The undermentioned 2nd Lieutenants to be Lieutenants with effect from dates shown against their names:—

American Troop.—2nd Lt. M. E. McIntosh—August 29, 1941.

"A" Company.—2nd Lt. A. Green —September 23, 1941.

Appointments—Commissions:—

The undermentioned are appointed 2nd Lieutenants with effect from dates shown against their names:—

American M. G. Coy—Pte. Raymond Curtis Phillips—September 2, 1941.

American Troop—1st Sgt Fay Leonard Davidson—September 3, 1941.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regulations:—

Corps Headquarters.—Capt. P. W. Ingmer—August 19, 1941; Lt. P. G. Calcina—August 18, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B."—Lt. R. B. Bitker—August 10, 1941; Lt. W. T. Fulstow August 19, 1941.

Resignations:—

Corps Cavalry H. Q.—Capt. W. R. McBain, A.F.C., M. C., resigned his commission—September 18, 1941.

American M. G. Company.—Capt. L. F. Bright resigned his commission—August 29, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B."—Lt. R. Davie resigned his commission— September 11, 1941.

Retirements:—

The undermentioned commission lapsed (M.C.R. 23) with effect from April 30, 1941.

American M. G. Company.—Lt. C. Melchers.

NOTIFICATION No. 5548

Circus, Fair, Dancing Saloon, or Other Place of Public Entertainment.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from October 1, 1941, Condition No. 1 of the Circus, Fair, Dancing Saloon, or Other Place of Public Entertainment Licence is amended to read as follows:—

"This licence is not transferable to any other person or persons and refers only to activities approved by the Council as endorsed hereon and to the premises in respect of which it is issued."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5534.

S.M.C. RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that as from Monday, September 1, 1941, the Shanghai Municipal Council will reduce its selling price for S.M.C. rice and that as from the same date the maximum retail selling price to the public will be $117 per zar, (80 kilos) net delivered weight.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5547.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT PATHOLOGIST.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Assistant Pathologist (Male) in the Public Health Department. Candidates who may be of any nationality should preferably be not more than 30 years of age and unmarried. They must hold registrable qualifications in medicine and surgery of university standard. Candidates must have had working experience of the routine of a Pathological Laboratory, and practical knowledge of the manufacture of bacterial vaccines in bulk. It is essential that candidates be able to speak and write English. Experience in Tropical Medicine would be an added qualification. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Local conditions of service apply. The selected candidate will be required to pass a strict medical examination as to his fitness to serve.

The appointee may be required to serve in any branch of the Department.

Applications in the candidates' own handwriting accompanied by certified copies of three recent testimonials should be sent to the Commissioner of Public Health, Shanghai Municipal Council, not later than October 20, 1941. Envelopes should be sealed and marked "Assistant Pathologist".

The canvassing of Members of Council and/or Committees, or attempting to obtain from them letters of recommendation or introduction is strictly prohibited. Any infringement of this rule will disqualify an applicant.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5538.

S.M.C. RICE.

IT has been brought to the knowledge of the Shanghai Municipal Council that attempts have lately been made by unscrupulous retailers to sell to the public as S.M.C. rice, inferior qualities of rice not imported by the Council, but bought by the retailers from other suppliers.

The public is hereby warned and asked to report to the nearest Police Station any attempt of the above nature.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 3, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5535.

ORDURE COLLECTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that any organization styling itself an Ordure Coolies' Union is not an official body recognized by the Council and that any demands on householders for fees or other payments in the name of such a body are unauthorized.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 1, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5550.

VACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX.

COMMENCING on Monday, October 20, free vaccination against Smallpox, for those who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:—

Sub-district	Address of Branch Health Office	Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 noon and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 noon
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 noon
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9—12 noon
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	130 Haining Road	43035	2—5 p.m.
3 Northern	270 N'Pokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving vaccination for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving vaccination for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road, ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the vaccination of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. *Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be vaccinated at one time.*

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be vaccinated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS.

Negotiations have been concluded for the acquisition of the following land scheduled for road purposes:—

Roads	Locality	Area Mow	Compensation
Chengtu and Weihaiwei	Fangtan land at N. E. corner of Chengtu and Weihaiwei Rds.	0.108	$6,193

DEATH OF MR. L. DE LUCA.

Council Letter of Condolence.

Mr. J. H. Liddell, Chairman of the Council, has addressed the following letter of condolence on the death of Mr. L. de Luca to Mrs. C. N. Holwill, his sister:—

"On behalf of the Council I should like to express our very real sympathy and condolence with you and your family in the bereavement you have sustained through the death of your brother.

Mr. de Luca's services to the Community of Shanghai commenced so many years ago, and since then have been so constant and varied, that it is difficult to think of him as no longer with us. His keen interest and work in connection with the Municipal Orchestra and Band extended over a period of very many years. As Chairman since the year 1936 of the Business Sub-Committee, which supervises the administrative side of the Orchestra and Band's work, we had all become accustomed to call on him—and never without success—whenever the Council was in need of assistance or advice of any kind which it was possible for an able and public-spirited member of the Community to give.

I know that I am speaking for all Members of Council and Municipal employees who had come in contact with him, as well as for his colleagues on the Orchestra and Band Committee and the Board of Film Censors, when I say that Mr. de Luca's death is a personal as well as a public loss."

NOTIFICATION No. 5510.

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID.

Foreign Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to foreign schools within the International Settlement or paying rates to the Shanghai Municipal Council may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than February 10, 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5544.

THE Council hereby gives notice that the charge of 10 cents per bag made for services rendered in supplying permits for the movement of rice from the Settlement to surrounding areas will be increased to 20 cents per bag from September 19, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 17, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during August:—

On August 5 to The Queen's Theatre Co., Room 222, Yangtsze Hotel, to erect a canopy over the Municipal footpath fronting the premises of the Queen's Theatre, Yu Ya Ching Road, Cad. Lot 657, Central District.

On August 14 to Messrs. Nee Kee Firewood Store to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 30 on Soochow Road, east of Shantung Road.

On August 14 to The Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China), Ltd., to erect a Free Air Service Installation on footpath on Boundary Road fronting House No. 95.

On August 18 to Messrs. Tseng Shing Transportation Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 56 on Soochow Road, east of Chekiang Road.

On August 22 to Messrs. Tuck Tai Transportation Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 62 on Soochow Road, east of Chekiang Road.

FLOOD PREVENTION.

At the Council Meeting of Wednesday, September 17, it was decided to commence the construction of a scheme which will put an end to the greater part of the nuisance from floods inside the Settlement which has been growing more serious in recent years from causes beyond the Council's control.

In flat low-lying towns liable to flood from high water levels or heavy rainfall in the same way as Shanghai, flood prevention requires a system of drains able to carry away the water as fast as it falls to pump stations able to pump it away as fast as it arrives, whatever the height of the tide. It is usual to design such schemes to handle the maximum rainfall in one hour. This would need in the International Settlement alone a system of drains and pumps able to discharge nearly 400 million gallons of water an hour at any state of the tide, and would involve the reconstruction of the greater part of the drainage system of the town; a very costly undertaking which would take years to complete and seriously dislocate traffic most of the time.

The maximum intensity of rainfall in 24 hours is only about one tenth of the rate of the maximum in one hour, and data on the working of the drains and surrounding water-ways collected by the Public Works Department during the floods of the past 12 months show that if the lower standard of the maximum rainfall in 24 hours is designed for, and not rigidly adhered to where it would bring no marked benefit, then the existing system of drains can be made to serve without much expensive alteration.

Very little work is needed in the Eastern District, as floods only occur in a few places there where the sinking of heavy buildings has carried down the surrounding roads.

The Northern and Central Districts are specially liable to floods from high tide as well as from heavy rainfall during a high tide period. The water frontage in both districts will be raised where necessary to keep out exceptionally high tides. One way valves will be fitted to all the drains as most of the roads are below the levels to which the tide rises, and pumps will be installed on certain drain outlets to remove rainfall during high tide periods. This is an extension to the whole of the Northern and Central Districts of the system which has kept the area between Honan Road and the River as far north as Nanking Road free from serious floods for the past five years.

The Western District is less liable to flood from high tide being further from the river, but on that account, and because it is five times as large as the Central District, it is all the more liable to flood from heavy rainfall, particularly since the unchecked silting of the Soochow Creek raises the water level after every heavy downpour over the watershed. One-way valves will be fitted to the drains as in the other districts, and a large new drain, 8 feet deep and 12 feet wide, will be constructed on 2 arms to draw the water from the parts most affected by floods. This drain will be fitted with a pump able to discharge flood water at the rate of 150 million gallons per day.

The entire scheme is estimated to cost $4,000,000 and about 10% will be spent this year. Work will be started as soon as possible as this should ensure that the greater part of the scheme will be completed by the beginning of the flood season next year.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, August 20—September 17, 1941.

Fire Brigade.—Mr. S. Schultz is appointed Sub-Officer on probation from September 1, 1941.

Mr. R. G. Watkins, Third Officer, is promoted to be Deputy Chief Officer from October 15, 1941.

Assistant Station Officer A. G. B. Carnell is promoted to be Station Officer on probation from September 27, 1941.

Police Force.—The Council records with deep regret the death on September 10, 1941, of Sergeant No. 611, M. Yamaguchi.

Sergeant No. 611, M. Yamaguchi is posthumously awarded the rank of Sub-Inspector.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Miss J. Mitchell, Female Translator and Stenographer, September 10, 1941.

Sergeant H. S. Austin, September 19, 1941.

Sergeant No. 650, K. Toyama, April 14, 1942.

Probationary Sergeant P. J. Sherwood, September 3, 1941.

Miss G. E. Savage is appointed Stenographer and Typist on probation from September 3, 1941.

A. G. Gitoff and J. Laskowski are appointed Assistant Warders on probation from September 1, 1941.

J. H. Dunning is appointed Probationary Sergeant on probation from September 1, 1941.

The following are appointed Probationary Sergeants on probation from September 16, 1941:—

N. D. Berejnoy	P. V. Poluhoff
V. N. Froloff	S. I. Reutt
A. P. Grundon	A. Shestakoff
V. P. Krassoolia	A. N. Surinoff
V. V. Makedonskyv	V. I. Umshanoff
M. V. Nikolaeff	P. A. Vorontsoff
M. K. Novosiltseff	O. N. Yakovleff
G. P. Ostasevitch	

Public Health Department.—Dr. I. Nagai, Assistant Pathologist, is promoted to be Director of Medical Laboratory from July 15, 1941.

Mr. D. Y. Sung, Junior Health Inspector is promoted to be Inspector from September 1, 1941.

Miss Y. Fukunaga is appointed Nurse from August 28, 1941.

Miss V. Sharipova is engaged as a candidate for appointment as Probationer Nurse on trial from September 1, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. R. Fowler, Inspector, is accepted, services terminating on October 1, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. R. F. W. Watson, Junior Sanitary Overseer, is accepted, services terminating on September 28, 1941.

Public Works Department.—The resignation of Mr. J. D. Davies, Architectural Assistant, is accepted, services terminating on October 3, 1941.

Education Department.—Mr. A. L. McCorkindale is appointed Assistant Master in the Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys on probation from September 1, 1941.

Miss F. I. Harris, Assistant Mistress, Public School for Girls—Yu Yuen Road, is promoted to be Senior Assistant Mistress from September 1, 1941.

The resignation of Mrs. E. Tyler, Assistant Mistress, Western District Public School, is accepted, services terminating on September 15, 1941.

Secretariat.—The resignation of Mr. F. D. Lockwood, Assistant, is accepted, services terminating on November 30, 1941.

Industrial & Social Division.—Mr. P. C. Chang is appointed Assistant Inspector on probation from September 1, 1941.

The resignation of Miss Wu Ning, Assistant, is accepted, services, terminating on September 12, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.
TEMPORARY HIGH COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCES.

High Cost of Living Allowances for September have been authorised for issue to Council employees as follows:—

Chinese Employees not serving under Letters of Appointment:

210% on the first $200 of monthly pay.

180% on the remainder.

Minimum allowance of $53 a month.

Foreign Employees; and Chinese Employees serving under Letters of Appointment:

210% on the first $500 of monthly pay.

180% on the second $500 of monthly pay.

140% on the remainder.

In respect of Class "A" foreign employees who are in receipt of Exchange Adjustment on Repatriation Pay the above allowance will be computed on two-thirds of their monthly pay.

Married male employees serving under Letters of Appointment who are entitled to marriage benefits and are in receipt of monthly pay of $700 or less are to receive an extra High Cost of Living Allowance of 10%.

PULLERS' MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS, ESQ.,
Secretary and Commissioner General,
Shanghai Municipal Council.

DEAR SIR,

Herewith I send you a copy of the accounts of the Pullers' Mutual Aid Association for the year ending July 31, 1941.

Yours faithfully,
P. W. MASSEY,
Chairman, Board of Trustees, Pullers' Mutual Aid Association.

Shanghai, August 29, 1941.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JULY 31, 1941.

LIABILITIES	$	$	ASSETS	$	$
Pullers' Retiring Gratuity Reserve		15,000.00	Cemetery Land		2,041.36
Pullers' Accident Claims Fund:—			Furniture and Equipment:—		
Balance at 31st July, 1940	204.61		At cost less depreciation	9,500.00	
Add: Amount received	1,872.20		*Add:* Additions during year	2,393.80	
	2,076.81			11,893.80	
Less: Compensation Paid Out	1,539.53	537.28	*Less:* Depreciation	2,893.80	9,000.00
Sundry Creditors		7,432.77	Sundry Deposits		2,481.21
Surplus Account:—			Cash Deposited with Relief Committee		1,000.00
Balance as at 31st July, 1940	20,585.26		Sundry Debit Balances:—		
Add: Excess of Income over Expenditure for the year ending 31st July, 1941	35,955.86	56,541.12	Debtors	2,064.81	
			Payments in Advance	1,125.50	3,190.31
			Cash at Banks and on Hand:—		
			National Commercial Bank	32,262.44	
			Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	28,735.85	
			Petty Cash—General Secretary	800.00	61,798.29
		$79,511.17			$79,511.17

P. W. MASSEY
Y. C. PEI
} *Trustees.*

THOMSON & CO.,
Treasurers.

We have audited the accounts of Pullers' Mutual Aid Association, Shanghai, for the year ended July 31, 1941, and we certify that the above Balance Sheet shows the financial condition of the Association at the end of the said period and the Working and Income and Expenditure Accounts show its operation during the period.

SHU-LUN PAN & CO.,
Chartered Accountants, Auditors.

SHANGHAI, August 15, 1941.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 1941.

To Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment		$2,893.80	
„ Contributions to P.M.A.A. Insurance Governing Board		19,000.00	
„ Treasurers' Fee		2,100.00	
„ Auditors' Fee		300.00	
„ Surplus carried to Balance Sheet		35,955.86	
		$60,249.66	
By Balance transferred from Working Account			$60,249.66
			$60,249.66

WORKING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 1941.

To Administration Expenses:—			
Salaries and Wages	$19,426.83		
Rent and Taxes	5,508.65		
Water, Light and Telephone	2,437.93		
Printing and Stationery	752.00		
Office Supplies	270.03		
Staff Transportation	616.16		
General Expenses	2,054.46		
Painting and Repairs	3,285.82	$34,351.88	
„ Activity Expenses:—			
Relief Work:—			
Salaries and Wages	$7,326.23		
Funeral Expenses	5,730.00		
Rice	27,006.95		
Travelling Expenses	1,126.00		
House Rents	1,215.00		
Tea Urns	3,336.36		
Special Relief	112.00		
Cash for Petty Trade	710.00		
Printing and Stationery	1,217.28		
Staff Transportation	492.98		
Miscellaneous	1,064.75	49,337.55	
Educational Work:—			
Salaries and Wages	$14,225.18		
Rents	3,033.30		
Books and Stationery	2,010.16		
Printing	1,054.40		
Handicraft Education	109.00		
Adult Education	319.82		
Miscellaneous	972.51	21,724.37	
Medical Work:—			
Salaries and Wages	$39,240.22		
Rents	3,879.60		
Fuel and Water	4,818.10		
Printing and Stationery	3,120.03		
Staff Transportation	1,022.69		
Patients' Transportation	1,257.34		
Health Campaign	149.04		
Medical Supplies	23,221.47		
Hospital Food	8,358.10		
Co-operative Hospital Fees	16,956.34		
Laundry	1,578.88		
Miscellaneous	2,335.99	105,937.80	
Bath Room:—			
Wages	$1,574.58		
Fuel	6,950.00		
Water	1,473.47		
Soap and Towels	177.80		
Miscellaneous	189.10	10,364.95	
Tea Lobby:—			
Wages	$1,745.48		
Water and Fuel	3,030.48		
Tea	1,208.00		
Screen	670.56		
Miscellaneous	692.70	7,347.22	
„ License Renewals Fees for Pullers		6,137.70	
„ Balance carried to Income and Expenditure Account		60,249.66	
		$295,451.13	
By S.M.C. Grant on Public Rickshaw Licenses			$294,360.00
„ Voluntary Contributions			120.00
„ Bank Interest			530.22
„ Sundry Income			440.91
			$295,451.13

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Revised Index of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai for August.

The weakening of foreign exchange rates in August and the situation ruling in the Far East have had the effect of raising prices of commodities bought by the workers. There has been a flight of capital to commodities, a speculative hoarding induced by the depreciated value of the dollar. In addition, there has been a household hoarding. The combined operation of all factors has caused the workers' general index for August to reach 885.55, on a 1936 base of 100. This figure represents a rise of 85.23 points, or 10.65 per cent over July. The purchasing power of the dollar is 11.29 cents compared with its 1936 value. The food index, being 21 points short of the 1,000 mark, recorded a rise of 109.53 points. Miscellaneous, clothing and housing groups showed respective rises of 85.16, 47.31, and 26.03 points. The following compares the August figures with those of July:—

Groups	Indices July	Indices Aug.	No. of Per-points increased rise	Per-centage rise
Food	869.43	978.96	109.53	12.60
Housing	668.18	694.21	26.03	3.90
Clothing	579.10	626.41	47.31	8.17
Miscellaneous	717.40	802.56	85.16	11.87

Rice prices during the month followed the exchange market closely. When, on August 8 and 9, the exchange value of the Chinese dollar declined, rice increased sharply in price. On August 16 the Shanghai Municipal Council increased the retailing selling price of Rangoon rice imported through it to $124 per shih, due to increased costs. The price was lowered to $120 on August 25. Abundant arrivals and the existence of heavy stocks induced a lowering of prices of other varieties of rice toward the end of the month. Only vigilance, however, will assure that in point of time lowered prices do not cloak increased costs because of adulteration with lower grades. The average retail price of Rangoon rice in August was $118.99 per shih, and that of 2nd Grade Saigon rice $124.28, compared with $114.66 and $121.40 in the previous month.

The situation of coal briquettes worsened during the month. On August 20, the retail price was raised to $17.20 per 100 chin following a joint announcement of the larger manufacturing plants. Since then, prices have differed greatly as retailers also bought from small plants at lower prices.

The following is a comparison of the prices of a few items included in the index ruling during the last week of August with those during the last week of July: chin ts'ai has gone up from $0.19 to $0.38 per chin; fresh pork from $2.00 to $3.00 per chin; duck eggs from $0.21 to $0.27 each; soy bean oil from $1.68 to $2.18 per chin; 13 lb. gray sheetings from $0.49 to $0.56 per ch'ih; and Rat cigarettes from $0.25 to $0.32 per box.

WORKERS' EARNING FOR AUGUST.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.32 persons should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in August. Figures are given to show cost of two standards of living. Standard A shows what the earnings should be on the revised standard of living (replacing the 1936 standard) and Standard B shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard.

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wage earner (53.3%)	$112.627	$ 98.731
Earnings of other family members (34.0%)	71.845	62.981
Other family income (12.7%)	26.836	23.525
Total family income (100.0%)	211.308	185.237

Revised Index* of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai

Base: Average 1936 = 100.

Indices	Average 1936	1940 June	1940 July	1940 Aug.	1941 June	1941 July	1941 Aug.
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	440.20	464.93	452.92	818.33	869.43	978.96
Housing	100.00	396.28	414.12	406.28	641.42	668.18	694.21
Clothing	100.00	360.00	368.79	353.97	555.64	579.10	626.41
Miscellaneous	100.00	367.43	383.39	393.04	694.68	717.40	802.76
General Index	100.00	422.04	442.60	433.64	757.96	800.32	885.55
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	23.69	23.66	23.06	13.19	12.50	11.29

* Due to recent changes in consumption habits consequent upon the substitution of types of rice purchased, in fuel available, and reduced spending power removing certain goods from the capacity of people to buy, careful adjustments have been made in the commodities and their quantities used in the compilation of the Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers. Henceforth this Index will be termed the Revised Index. Former Rent and Fuel groups have been combined into a Housing Group to conform with more modern practice. Changes have also been made in the assumed "Minimum Subsistence Standard."

Attention is drawn to the fact that these index figures apply to the standard of living of Chinese workers. They do not represent the situation ruling among Chinese salaried employees.

Retail Prices in Shanghai for Chinese Workers

	Commodities	Unit	Average 1936	1941 June	1941 July	1941 Aug.
	FOOD GROUP:					
1.	Rangoon Rice(1)	Shih shih(2)	$0.735	$109.810	$114.657	$118.987
2.	Wheat flour — Bicycle	Parcel	3.448	51.278	53.554	54.381
3.	Fresh noodle	Shih chin(3)	.074	.623	.675	.700
4.	Fresh pork	Shih chin	.292	1.925	1.940	2.588
5.	Fresh beef	Shih chin	.239	2.613	2.490	2.775
6.	Salted pork	Shih chin	.301	1.427	1.866	2.144
7.	Fresh fish	Shih chin	.163	.668	.921	.957
8.	Salted white fish	Shih chin	.144	1.305	1.437	1.856
9.	Duck egg	Piece	.024	.181	.199	.249
10.	Soy bean oil	Shih chin	.241	1.327	1.511	2.161
11.	Lard	Shih chin	.207	1.813	1.732	2.003
12.	Soy bean sauce	Shih chin	.099	.414	.428	.552
13.	Salt	Shih chin	.112	.489	.493	.501
14.	White sugar	Shih chin	.205	.868	.817	1.097
15.	Shao-shing	Shih chin	.094	.553	.588	.610
16.	Kao-liang	Shih chin	.152	1.259	1.251	1.290
17.	Bean curd	Piece	.0072	.050	.050	.0625
18.	Dried bean curd	Piece	.0074	.050	.050	.0625
19.	Sheet bean	Sheet	.0051	.030	.030	.0383
20.	Fried bean curd	Shih chin	.251	1.600	1.600	2.000
21.	Fresh mung bean starch in strips	Shih chin	.046	.251	.278	.300
22.	Sprouted broad bean	Shih chin	.042	.240	.331	.436
23.	Yellow soy bean sprouts	Shih chin	.033	.178	.190	.245
24.	Chin ts'ai	Shih chin	.035	.150	.173	.274
25.	Turnips	Shih chin	.034	.109	.188	.355
26.	Allium odorum	Shih chin	.060	.159	.252	.268
27.	Spinach	Shih chin	.042	.115	.164	.238
28.	Salted huoh li-hung	Shih chin	.055	.168	.244	.279
29.	Potatoes	Shih chin	.036	.343	.278	.316
30.	Tea	Shih chin	.350	2.000	2.000	2.000
	HOUSING GROUP:					
31.	Rent — One-story house(4)	Std. rm.(5)	2.149	7.386	7.759	7.759
32.	Rent — Two-story home with no court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	2.495	10.195	11.011	11.011
33.	Rent — Two-story house with court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	3.110	12.625	14.142	14.142
34.	Coal briquettes	100 shih chin	1.063	16.146	15.957	16.527
35.	Kerosene	Shih chin	.136	.672	.702	.766
36.	Useless timber	Shih chin	.014	.090	.108	.120
37.	Match	Box	.010	.1065	.1106	.1295
	CLOTHING GROUP:					
38.	Native sheetings	Shih ch'ih(6)	.046	.345	.340	.380
39.	Grey sheetings — 13 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.085	.463	.477	.538
40.	Grey shirtings — 12 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.091	.538	.567	.603
41.	Striped cotton shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.060	.375	.415	.436
42.	Printed shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.097	.530	.560	.608
43.	White shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.128	.635	.659	.679
44.	Jeans and drills	Shih ch'ih	.090	.549	.530	.564
45.	Cotton flannel	Shih ch'ih	.083	.462	.445	.533
46.	Fancy twills	Shih ch'ih	.146	.751	.786	.896
47.	Raw cotton	Shih chin	.477	2.000	2.200	2.200
48.	Cotton socks	Pair	.272	1.367	1.483	1.600
	MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
49.	Soap—Koo Fun	Cake	.051	.443	.444	.467
50.	Toilet paper	90 sheets	.067	.838	.836	.868
51.	Cigarettes—Rat	Box - 10 pc.	.047	.204	.232	.282
52.	Hot water	10 ladles	.017	.200	.200	.200

1. 1st grade sien rice was replaced by 2nd grade Saigon rice from February 1940 onward which was in turn replaced by Rangoon rice from June 1941.
2. 1 Shih shih = 156 shih chin.
3. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 lbs.
4. Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.
5. 1 Standard room = 32 cubic meters.
6. 1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 feet.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR AUGUST.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

Retail prices rose almost daily during the month. On July 26 the Government of the United States announced the "freezing" of Sino-Japanese credits in the United States, and a similar announcement from Great Britain followed. On August 4, exchange rates were still at U.S. 5.7/32 cents and 3.7/64 pence per Chinese dollar, but by August 8 it was obvious that the conditions ruling in May 1940 were being re-enacted. By August 16, rates had fallen to U.S. 4.3/4 cents and 2.27/32 pence, the latter being ten per cent. below the low rate which ruled on May 4, 1940. On August 18, authorised banks began the supply of exchange at more favourable rates of U.S. cents 5.5/16 and 3.5/32 pence to cover "legitimate" imports, presumably those not included under the orders of the Chungking Government according to the latest revision. It is, therefore, not to be expected that the advantage of lower exchange rates will accrue to households to any appreciable extent, for the list contains imported commodities which the Shanghai foreign families would use. There has been observed no lowering but rather increased retail prices after August 18.

After three months of gradual rise, the consolidated index of cost of living of Western foreign salaried employees in this city rose sharply in August by 13.52 points or 5.27 per cent to 270.05 on October 1939 base. The purchasing power of the dollar was reduced by 62.97 per cent. Rises in general indices ranged from 12.01 points for the British index to 14.73 for American; and those in group indices for all nationalities, from 6.78 points for the miscellaneous index to 23.29 points for the clothing index. The following compares the August figures with those of July:

GENERAL INDICES

Indices	July	August	No. of points increased	Percentage rise
American	234.82	249.55	14.73	6.27
British	247.69	259.70	12.01	4.85
Russian	263.24	276.91	13.67	5.19
Others	257.31	272.00	14.69	5.71

GROUP INDICES FOR ALL NATIONALITIES

Food	305.37	324.92	19.55	6.40
Clothing	265.47	288.76	23.29	8.77
Heat	304.23	320.16	15.93	5.24
Miscellaneous	229.60	236.38	6.78	2.95

Tram and bus fares in the French Concession were raised to 10 and 11 cents per mile from August 1, while rates for electric light and heating to 56 and 34 cents per KWH, and that of tap water to 32 cents per cubic metre. Surcharges on electric light and power in the Settlement were further increased in August to 230.97 and 289.97 per cent respectively. Contrary to the price movements during the month, surcharge on gas was reduced from 250 to 160 per cent.

An idea of the extent of rise may be seen from a comparison of the prices ruling during the last week of August with those during the last week of July. Pork, loin chop, has gone up from $2.44 to $3.44 per lb.; cabbage from $0.24 to $0.60 per lb.; Vitayna margarine, from $2.55 to $2.96 per lb.; Acetco salad oil from $9.13 to $13.71 per tin; Taikoo sugar from $0.90 to $1.17 per lb.; Ruby Queen cigarettes from $1.70 to $2.30 per tin; ex-pump gasoline from $4.00 to $4.50 per Am. gallon; and Edison electric bulbs from $1.10 to $1.40 per piece.

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American 1941			British 1941		
		June	July	August	June	July	August
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	260.20	259.60	282.12	285.44	285.03	308.68
Clothing & Materials	100.00	245.25	246.09	271.76	263.49	264.58	284.63
Rent	100.00	183.52	188.09	188.09	181.22	186.07	186.07
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	291.38	298.65	325.07	296.04	312.16	323.73
Miscellaneous	100.00	196.58	211.47	218.26	209.06	227.82	235.36
General Index	100.00	230.08	234.82	249.55	240.88	247.69	259.70

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian 1941			Other Nationalities 1941		
		June	July	August	June	July	August
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	326.99	322.69	338.00	303.74	301.55	325.36
Clothing & Materials	100.00	259.89	260.81	283.33	281.52	282.84	311.36
Rent	100.00	180.58	186.00	186.00	191.95	196.37	196.37
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	298.77	303.26	321.03	287.10	298.22	312.37
Miscellaneous	100.00	216.88	237.78	242.87	196.94	217.17	227.03
General Index	100.00	262.52	263.24	276.91	251.95	257.31	272.00

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated 1941		
		June	July	August
General Indices				
American	100.00	230.08	234.82	249.55
British	100.00	240.88	247.69	259.70
Russian	100.00	262.52	263.24	276.91
Other Nationalities	100.00	251.95	257.31	272.00
Consolidated Index	100.00	253.10	256.53	270.05
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	39.51	38.98	37.03

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 July	1941 Aug.
1	**Food Group:**			$	$	$
1	White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz	.31	1.03	1.17
2	White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.25	1.32
3	White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	1.05	1.08
4	Bread Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.75	.75
5	Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.75	.75
6	Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.45	.46
7	Flour Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.76	.82
8	Flour Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.68	.72
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.55	1.60
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.51	1.67
11	Rolled oats Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	4.27	4.56
12	Rolled oats Loose	lb.		.44	1.03	1.12
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.89	.94
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.49	1.49
15	Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	6.60	6.60
16	Rump steak	lb.		.65	3.97	4.06
17	Topside steak	lb.		.63	4.00	4.10
18	Beef Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	3.95	4.30
19	Rib roast	lb.		.60	3.87	4.04
20	Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	5.80	6.60
21	Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.44	2.44
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.45	2.55
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.48	2.48
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	2.33	2.86
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.66	1.66
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	5.69	5.93
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	3.55	3.66
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	3.24	3.31
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	2.79	2.87
30	Egg Hen	pc.		.10	.23	.25
31	Egg Duck	pc.		.08	.21	.24
32	Herring	lb.		.18	1.21	.97
33	Salmon	lb.		.52	2.03	2.20
34	Fish Mandarin	lb.		.79	2.37	2.92
35	Fish Cod	lb.		.44	1.98	1.79
36	Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.24	1.27
37	Yellow	lb.		.34	1.02	.91
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	5.25	5.77
39	Potatoes Irish	lb.		.10	.27	.31
40	Potatoes Sweet	lb.		.06	(8)	.40
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.18	.46
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.39	.49
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.10	.11
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	.55	(8)
45	Beans French	lb.		.14	.33	.65
46	Beans Lima	lt.		.33	.57	.63
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	.49	.64
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	.47	.63
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.18	.18
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.04	.04
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.12	.12
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	5.99	7.22
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz. No. 12 16 oz.	1.40	2.28	2.46
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.		2.08	4.55	4.75
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	No.8	1.90	3.78	3.87
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	1.20	1.02
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	.88	.80
58	Oranges Sunkist	pc.		.28	.90	1.42
59	Oranges Mandarin	lb.		.35	(8)	1.25
60	Lemons	pc.		.48	1.21	1.39
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	1.80	1.26

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 July	1941 Aug.
1	**Food Group:**—*Continued*			$	$	$
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	2.15	2.26
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.39	1.62
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	1.78	2.05
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1¾ lb.	1.03	2.00	2.14
66	Lard—pork—*fresh*	lb.		.70	1.34	1.80
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	8.11	9.02
68	Margarine Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.65	2.95
69	Margarine Paim	lb.		1.28	2.65	2.95
70	Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.20	1.35
71	Milk Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.84	.89
72	Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	1.06	1.19
73	Cheese Kraft	lb.		3.41	6.32	6.33
74	Cheese Cottage	lb.		1.44	2.90	3.29
75	Cream Sour	lb.		1.60	3.50	3.70
76	Cream Table	pint		2.64	5.76	6.40
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	2.18	2.32
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	4.88	4.99
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	2.50	3.62
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal.	3.80	9.13	12.05
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.28	.29
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	1.15	1.31
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.88	1.90
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	11.89	12.69
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.87	.99
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.77	1.97
87	Sugar Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	.90	1.06
88	Sugar Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.76	.90
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	1 b.		.33	1.00	1.00
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.17	1.06
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.73	1.73
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.40	2.48
93	Whisky—Harvey	tot.	qt.	11.22	24.24	25.83
94	Coffee Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	7.22	7.75
95	Coffee Mocha	lb.		2.08	3.64	3.95
96	Cocoa Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	4.56	4.78
97	Cocoa Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	7.90	8.22
98	Tea Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	4.10	4.27
99	Tea Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	9.38	8.96
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz. tall	1.33	2.55	2.68
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	No. 12	1.33	2.06	2.17
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	5.52	5.94
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	3.90	4.21
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	6.18	6.37
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.25	2.40
106	Cigarettes Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	1.70	2.25
107	Cigarettes Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.80	.92
108	Cigarettes Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.24	1.45
109	Cigarettes Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.40	1.50
II	**Clothing and Materials Group:**					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	60.00	86.66
111	Flannel	yd.		17.50	39.50	52.00
112	Viyella—T T T	yd.		9.75	(8)	(8)
113	Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	24.50	(8)
114	Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	17.50	17.50
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	12.50	12.50
116	Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	11.00	11.00
117	Marsavelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.		.58	2.13	2.20
118	Shirt White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	12.00	12.20
119	Shirt White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	9.00	9.90
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	7.50	7.50

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— *Continued*

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 July	1941 Aug.
			$	$	$
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*					
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	7.70
122 Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	16.00	16.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	28.00	28.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	6.75	6.75
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	3.60	3.60
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	64.90	64.90
127 Shoes Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	34.90	44.90
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	26.90	29.90
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	19.90	21.30
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	5.67	6.05
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	12.00	13.50
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	2.10	2.32
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	12.70	(8)
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	(8)	(8)
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	17.50	22.50
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.50	1.65
137 Knitting wools Beehive — Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	45.20	49.32
138 Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	38.00	41.56
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	1.25	1.33
140 Laundry Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.38	.38
141 Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.25	.25
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	3.75	3.75
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	3.50	3.50
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm. (3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.59	33.59
145 Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	45.23	45.23
146 Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	28.50	28.50
147 Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	73.00	73.0
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.556	.556
152 Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.252	.252
153 Elec-tric Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.410	.560
154 Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.162	.340
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.1050	.0780
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	442.50	474.99
157 Coal briquettes	100shin chin(5)		3.75	15.96	16.41
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	46.86	52.35

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 July	1941 Aug.
			$	$	$
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*					
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal		.075	.2625	.3625
160 Water French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.2144	.320
161 Ice	100lb.		1.00	5.50	5.50
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.1086	.1341
163 Bus French Concession	per mi.		.040	.076	.110
164 Tram-1st Inter. Settlement	per mi		.0311	.0835 (9)	.1032 (9)
165 class French Concession	per mi		.040	.071	.100
166 Taxicab	20min		2.20	4.60	4.60
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	am.gal.		2.80	4.00	4.30
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169 Newspapers North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	6.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.00
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	1.00	1.00
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	65.38	65.38
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	68.27	68.27
176 Amah	p.mon.		19.15	46.22	46.22
177 Lotion Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	7.90	8.94
178 Lotion Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	14.78	15.62
179 Face cream Fond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	4.95	5.37
180 Face cream Nivea—No. 363	tin		2.80	7.55	8.56
181 Face powder—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.62	8.91	9.44
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	3.35	3.54
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.55	2.78
184 Tooth paste Sincere's	tube		.25	.85	.85
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	6.57	7.08
186 Razor blades Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	3.20	3.78
187 Toilet paper Red Ball	roll		.34	1.00	1.15
188 Toilet paper Pagoda	roll		.64	1.47	1.57
189 Fan	roll		.45	1.19	1.34
190 Soap Lever Health	cake		.15	.44	.42
191 Soap Lux	cake		.32	.86	.83
192 Soap Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	1.20	1.19
193 Soap Ivory	cake		1.24	2.13	2.24
194 Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	2.25	2.26
195 Cleanser Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.64	.69
196 Cleanser Beauty	tin		.07	.19	.28
197 Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.13	1.24
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 Watt	pc.		.48	1.10	1.31
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	38.20	38.20
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	35.20	35.20
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.65	1.73
202 Shoe polish Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.65	.68
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	2.92	3.11
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	3.15	3.49
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.45	1.45
206 Hair cut B			.40	.97	.97

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤)=110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of shows at different hours and on different days.
(8) Not on market.
(9) Excluding routes north of Soochow Creek.

Returns of Communicable Diseases.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, August 30th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	2	1
Diphtheria	0	0	1	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	3	4
Tuberculosis	6	2	94	62
Cholera	1	0	69	9
Typhoid Fever	6	1	44	30
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	27	1	47	21
Bacillary Dysentery	23	2		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	15	5
Influenza	11	0	1	0
Malaria	10	0	14	1
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	3	2
Choleraic Diarrhoea	1	0	46	12
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		6		702
Total Deaths from all Causes		20		850

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, September 6th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	1	0	4	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	4	3	97	70
Cholera	0	0	59	5
Typhoid Fever	8	0	80	71
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	6	5
Amoebic Dysentery	51	1	43	31
Bacillary Dysentery	23	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	17	15
Influenza	21	0	3	2
Malaria	10	1	8	0
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Schistocomiasis	0	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	41	5
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		21		913
Total Deaths from all Causes		26		1120

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, September 13th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	1	0	2	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	4	2	76	60
Cholera	0	0	39	8
Typhoid Fever	11	1	71	58
Paratyphoid Fever	5	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	57	0		
Bacillary Dysentery	26	2	48	36
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	23	12
Influenza	24	0	3	3
Malaria	4	0	22	5
Measles	0	0	1	1
Typhus Fever	5	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	1	0	32	8
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		9		840
Total Deaths from all Causes		15		1034

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, September 20th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	5	0	6	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	5	1	93	61
Cholera	0	0	18	6
Typhoid Fever	7	1	52	32
Paratyphoid Fever	3	0	6	6
Amoebic Dysentery	26	1	54	28
Bacillary Dysentery	22	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	13	13
Influenza	0	0	4	4
Malaria	4	0	26	2
Measles	0	0	2	2
Typhus Fever	3	0	3	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Schistocomiasis	0	0	1	1
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	17	2
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		22		802
Total Deaths from all Causes		26		981

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† **Chinese** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

NOTIFICATION No. 5496.

ANIMAL AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS TESTING FEES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from July 1, 1941, the animal and animal products testing fees as set out in the Schedule of Rates, Taxes, Dues and Fees, 1941, will be raised by 150%.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 2, 1941.

MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES.

Tsitsihar Market.

Eastern District.

An area of Mow 2.332, comprising B. C. Lot 11657, Cadastral Lot 5782, together with buildings standing thereon, known as the Tsitsihar Market, has been sold for a sum of $105,000.

Wayside Road—Surplus Land.

Cadastral Lot 2045, measuring Mow 0.134, has been sold for a sum of $4,500.

Wayside Road—Surplus Land.

Cadastral Lot 3610, measuring Mow 1.288, has been sold for a sum of $32,425.

FAMILY BREAD.

Owing to increased cost of flour and of labour, an application from the Bakeries for permission to increase the price of "Family Bread" from 75 cents to 77 cents per pound, has been approved by the two Councils on the understanding that the price will be readjusted as soon as conditions improve.

SCHOOL FEES IN COUNCIL SCHOOLS FOR FOREIGN CHILDREN.

The Council desires to correct certain mis-statements which have been made and misunderstandings which have arisen in regard to the recent increase in school fees at the Council's schools for foreign children.

Every parent was informed in writing that it was open to him to apply for a bursary if he felt that it would be a hardship to meet the increased fees. Three hundred and twenty-two applications were received and were thoroughly examined, being treated as strictly confidential. Of these 322 applications, 235 were granted and 87 disapproved.

Contrary to statements which have appeared, there is no maximum limit in regard to the amount of a bursary which may be awarded; if the circumstances justify it, free education can be given.

Prior to the recent increase in school fees the enrolment at the four foreign schools was 1,201; at the present time it is 1,209. The maximum fee for an individual child of a Settlement resident is $95.60.

In addition to the bursaries above mentioned, there are accorded, without reference to the means of the parent, family discounts. In the case of two children from one family the discount amounts to 15 per cent. of the school fees; in the case of three children from one family, 20 per cent.; and in the case of four or more children from one family, 25 per cent.

Further, apart from bursaries and family discounts, 18 boarders and 17 day pupils receive free education as a result of the Hanbury Trust, and 24 boarders and 25 day pupils pay reduced fees as a result of this Trust.

The Council is fully satisfied, after most careful investigation, that no undue hardship should be caused by the recent increase in school fees.

NOTIFICATION No. 5539.

MUNICIPAL CEMETERIES.

Charges for Vault-Making.

THE following revised scale of charges for the making of vaults in Municipal Cemeteries has been approved with effect from August 20, 1941:—

	Resident	Non-Resident
Adult	$390	$455
Child	195	260
Chinese Coffin	485	525
Ashes in Urn	90	130

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 8, 1941.

WEST SOOCHOW AND STONE BRIDGE ROADS AND SURPLUS LAND.

Arrangements have been made for the acquisition of an area of Mow 0.040, situated east of Cadastral Lot 695, scheduled for the widenings of West Soochow and Stone Bridge Roads, and the release of an area of Mow 0.016 of surplus land portion of Cadastral Lot 695, without payment on either side.

YUENFONG ROAD, SOUTH OF BROADWAY EAST.

The above section of Yuenfong Road is private property over which the Council obtained certain public facilities by agreement with the owners in 1870. This agreement has long ceased to have any public value; the road however provides means of access to the Wharf for thieves; the Council has accordingly closed the road and surrendered its responsibilities under the agreement in return for a token payment of $10,000.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY

Surcharges on Tariffs.

Approval has been accorded by the Council to a plan under which the revenue of the Shanghai Power Company will be increased to provide for the increased revenue required by the Company to meet its liabilities and expenses by cancellation of the existing three surcharges, namely the exchange surcharge, the fuel surcharge and the surcharge approved on May, 1941, which is also based on exchange, and the substitution therefor on the basic tariffs of all classes of electricity service, of a fuel adjustment charge and a surcharge based on exchange which will also be applied to the schedule of miscellaneous charges for services other than electricity, e.g. rentals for the hire of equipment. The fuel adjustment charge and the revised exchange surcharge will be applied to accounts in respect of consumption periods ending on and after October 1, 1941 and will have the effect shown below. As nearly as can be achieved every consumer will pay in accordance with the actual cost of the electricity which he consumes.

The necessity for this revision of charges was appreciated in May last when the additional surcharge based on exchange was approved as a temporary expedient pending examination of the matter. For some time past considerable difficulty has been experienced in deciding questions involving the earning rights of the Company owing to the difficulty of defining rights under several of the financial clauses in the Company's franchise under existing unsettled conditions. These clauses which involve complicated questions as to the effect of currency depreciation could only be defined in a manner satisfactory to both the Company and the Council by an almost certainly expensive and protracted arbitration which it was considered most desirable to avoid at the present time. It was accordingly agreed by the Company and the Council that an attempt be made to determine what revenues the Company may reasonably be permitted to earn irrespective of, and without prejudice to, the rights of either party under the franchise. An informal committee was appointed for this purpose comprising, Mr. T. S. Powell, Member of the Council and its Public Utilities Committee, Mr. E. F. Hardman, C. A., representatives and officials of the Company and officials of the Council.

The Committee came to the conclusion after thorough examination and study of the matter that the Company should reasonably be permitted to earn:—

(a) Interest on its debentures and loans,
(b) Dividends on its preferred stocks,
(c) A reasonable allowance for depreciation which was assessed at U.S.$300,000 per annum for the time being,
(d) Operating expenses reasonably incurred,
(e) A surplus for reserves or contingencies amounting to Shanghai $2,000,000 per annum,
(f) Arrears of dividends in respect of cumulative second preference stock to be recouped over a period of five years.

With regard to the method of obtaining the required revenue the Committee advocated that with one exception no alteration be made in the existing basic rate structure. This view was taken because it was considered that, if for no other reason, considerable caution should be exercised before making adjustments in basic tariffs in the wholly abnormal circumstances now prevailing. Owing to the close relation of fuel consumption with kilowatt hour sales it was considered that the extra cost over that provided for in the basic rates could best be recovered by the application of a fuel adjustment charge to all rates for the supply of electricity, and that the remaining revenue should be obtained by a uniform surcharge on basic rates to be added to the whole of the Company's tariffs, including the schedule of miscellaneous charges for services other than electricity.

The fuel adjustment charge conforms as closely as possible to that which has always been applicable to bulk supply consumers. It is pertinent here to note that while a fuel surcharge has been applied to the basic rates for general power, heating, cooking and water heating, since May, 1940, only a small proportion of the cost of the fuel consumed has been recovered in the charges for lighting.

The revised exchange surcharge recommended is based on a surcharge of 200% on the basic rates and charges at exchange or U.S.$5=Shanghai $100, and is to vary monthly in accordance with the fluctuations of the average effective rate of exchange for the monthly period previous to that in which recovery is being made. The base rate of 200% at exchange of U.S.$5=Shanghai $100 will be adjusted should it result in providing more or less than the permitted earnings.

The one exception referred to above is the basic flat rate of 12 tael cents per K.W.H. for residential lighting, which the Committee considered should be reduced to 11 tael cents per K.W.H. which was the figure in force prior to February 1, 1932. This reduction was suggested because the 1932 adjustment resulted partly from the higher cost of coal, which in case of bulk supply consumers was recovered by means of the fuel adjustment clause in their contracts. The reduction in the basic rate for residential lighting will ensure that these consumers will suffer no discrimination by reason of the one tael cent increase imposed in 1932 and they will be placed on the same relative basis as bulk supply consumers as regards cost of fuel.

This plan was recommended for approval subject to conditions which will ensure that, in addition to acceptance of the plan being without prejudice to the fundamental rights and obligations of the Company and the Council under the franchise, should it be found as a result of clarification of the terms of the franchise at some later date that the Company has received greater benefits under the plan than those to which it is entitled under the franchise, the whole of such excess will be refunded in such manner as the Council, in consultation with the Company, may determine. A further condition provides that the Company shall waive all rights to recover at a subsequent date any deficiency that may result from operation of the plan as compared with the revenue the Company may prove to be entitled as a result of clarification of the terms of the franchise. The plan is also subject to reconsideration at any time at the request of either the Company or the Council.

The plan recommended by the committee has been accepted by the Company, endorsed by the Public Utilities Committee and approved by the Council.

The effect of this plan is shown hereunder:—

Comparison of Present and Future Monthly Costs of Service to Various Types of Consumers based on Exchange Rates and Cost of Fuel Applicable to September 1941.

	Normal Small Residence	Normal Large Residence	Normal Shop	Small Medium Bulk Supply Factory 100 KW.-60% L.F.	Large Bulk Supply 1500 KW. 75% L.F.
Basic Rates	$ 3.40	$ 27.02	$20.40	$155.60	$ 14,501.30
Present Surcharges and/or Fuel Adjustment	8.31	100.93	49.88	700.02	9,497.54	171,209.68
Total Present Cost Computed at U.S. Exchange at 5 & fuel cost of Tls. 7.06 per million B.T.Us.	$11.71	$127.95	$70.28	$855.62	$10,607.60	$185,710.98
Basic Rates (Residential Lighting reduced to Tls. 0.11 per K.W.H.)	$ 3.08	$ 25.90	$18.48	$154.00	$ 1,110.06	$ 14,501.30
Fuel Adjustment and Revised Exchange Surcharge	9.99	134.32	59.98	749.34	10,509.69	184,431.97
Total Future Cost based on U.S. exchange at 5 & fuel cost of Tls. 7.06 per million B.T.Us.	$13.07	$160.22	$78.46	$903.34	$11,619.75	$198,933.27

NOTIFICATION No. 5543.

TENDERS INVITED
POLICE FORCE.

Tenders are invited as follows:—

Tender No. 686. 2,000 pairs black woollen gloves for Foreigners.

Tender No. 687. 3,500 pairs black woollen gloves for Chinese.

Tender No. 688. 6,000 pairs British Army Pattern Ankle Boots with rubber soles and heels.

Tender No. 689. 260 pairs Black Rubber Knee Boots.

Tender No. 690. 3,300 Caps, Chinese.

Tender No. 691. 1,500 Helmets, Chinese.

Tender No. 692. 200 Helmets, Khaki.

Tender No. 693. 10 Oilskin M/Cycle Outfits 20 Leggings oilskin, pairs.

Tender No. 694. 1,800 yards Serge, Blue No. 1.

Tender No. 695. 2,000 yards Serge, Blue No. 2.

Tender No. 696. 11,000 yards Serge, Blue No. 3.

Tender No. 697. 300 yards Blue Cloth No. 2.

Tender No. 698. 4,000 yards Blue Cloth No. 3.

Tender No. 699. 500 yards Frieze, Heavy Blue.

Tender No. 700. 6,000 yards Cotton Lining.

Tender No. 701. 300 Blankets, White.

Tender No. 702. 300 Blankets, Brown.

Tender No. 705. 320 Raincoats, Sikh without hoods.
200 Raincoats, Sikh with hoods.

Tender No. 706. 1,600 Raincoats, Chinese.

Tender No. 707. 60 Raincoats, Local.

Tender No. 708. 300 Raincoats, Khaki.

Information, sample and official tender forms may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Station.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building not later than 11 a.m. on November 7, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 12, 1941.

CHEAP SALES OF IMPORTED FLOUR.

In order to ameliorate the local food situation, the Council sponsored a plan whereunder ten per cent. was deducted from imported flour for cheap sales to supplement the amount of flour supplied by the local flour mills for the same purpose. Six leading wholesalers of flour in Shanghai, namely, Sui Kee Flour Company, Yuan Foong Flour Company, Yan Foong Flour Company, China Foong Flour Company, Tong Shing Chong Flour Company and Ting Hua Kee Flour Company, which formed the Shanghai Imported Flour Cheap Sales Committee, were entrusted with the work under the supervision of the Council.

The Committee has now completed its work and its accounts, having been duly audited by Chinese and foreign Auditors, show a surplus of C.N.$57,999.26. On September 11, 1941, the Council called a meeting of the local flour merchants who supported the original cheap sales plan. At this meeting it was unanimously resolved that the above mentioned surplus be distributed among seventeen selected local Charity organizations and hospitals as follows:—

Tuberculosis Hospital and Clinic, Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association	$3,500
Salvation Army	3,500
St. Elizabeth's Hospital	3,500
St. Luke's Hospital	3,500
Hospital Ste. Marie	3,500
Red Cross Society of China, No. 1 Hospital	3,500
Red Cross Society of China, No. 2 Hospital	3,500
Shanghai Yu Yu Children's Institute	3,500
Lester Chinese Hospital	3,500
Committee for the Assistance of European Jewish Refugees in Shanghai	3,500
St. Tichon's Russian Orphanage	3,500
Shanghai Refugee Relief Association, 1st Refugees' Hospital	3,500
Shanghai Public Benevolent Cemetery	3,500
Institution de Bienfaisance	3,500
St. Joseph's Hospice	3,500
Zung Chi Orphanage	3,500
Shanghai Buddhists' Association	1,999.26
Total	$57,999.26

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD
PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5533.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Schools for Foreign Children.

Opening of Schools.

THE Schools for Foreign Children administered by the Council will re-open for the Autumn Term on Monday, September 1 at the usual hour.

Application forms and further information may be obtained from the Heads of the following schools:—

Boys.

Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys, 282 Kinnear Road.
Western District Public School, 10 Tifeng Road.

Girls.

Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, 8A Tifeng Road.
Public School for Girls, 404 Yu Yuen Road.

Contrary to previous practice no tiffins will be served at the Public School for Girls—Yu Yuen Road. The hours of attendance at this school will remain the same as in June.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 29, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD
PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5537.

TENDERS INVITED.

Tenders are invited as follows:—

Tender No. 703.

Supply of foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P. for the month of October 1941.

	Specification fee
Group "A" Meat, Fish and Game	$100
Group "B" Vegetables	100
Group "C" Groceries	100
Group "D" Bread	100
Group "E" Fresh Milk	100

Tender No. 704.

Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of October 1941 100

Official tender forms and General Conditions governing tenders may be obtained from Room 106, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, Kiangse Road, not later than 11 a.m. on September 22, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 2, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD
PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5542.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Disinfectant Supply-1942.

Tender No. 7.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of approximately 5,500 Imperial Gallons of Cresylic Disinfectant, manufactured in Shanghai, of a guaranteed phenol content of 8-10% and Quinoline Bases of 2-3%, in deliveries of not less than 500 Imperial gallons each.

Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Administration Building, 223 Hankow Road.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on September 17, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 9, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD
PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5541.

FIREWOOD.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of firewood for six months from October 1, 1941 to March 31, 1942. For particulars, apply Room No. 39, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 9, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

No.	Description	Fee	Date.
	POLICE FORCE		
	Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained on application to Room No. 106, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road.		
709	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of November, 1941.		
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	October 22, 11 a.m.
	" "B" Vegetables	100	do.
	" "C" Groceries	100	do.
	" "D" Bread	100	do.
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	do.
710	Catering to Russian Auxiliary Detachment S.M.P., for November, 1941.	100	do.
	Information and official tender forms under this section may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Police Depot.		
711	Supply of Boots and Shoes for the Foreign Branches, Shanghai Municipal Police.	—	October 3, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5519. Tender No. 41/64. Supply of 500 fong of Soochow Sand

Tung Fong Co. ..... $48.00 per fong

Public Works Department. Notification No. 5518. Tender No. 41/69. Supply of 500 fong of Broken Stone (Blue) ¼" to dust.

Van Shing & Co. ..... $45.60 per fong

Police Force. Tender No. 685. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of September, 1941.

Z. S. Waung ..... $6.46 per man per day including milk and bread.

Public Health Department. Notification No. 5525. Tender No. 12. Supply of 144 dozen X-Ray Films — 1942.

		China X-Ray Co.
36 doz.	14" x 17"	U.S.$ 239.40
36 "	12" x 15"	216.00
24 "	11" x 14"	124.80
24 "	10" x 12"	98.40
24 "	10" x 8"	62.40

TENDERS RECEIVED

Police Force. Tender No. 684. Supply of Foodstuffs for Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of September, 1941. No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1941. 1845

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Saturday	November 1
Monday	,, 3
Tuesday	,, 4
Wednesday	,, 5

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 5526 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Acting Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 5526.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911 is cancelled and the following is issued in replacement thereof.

The Council is prepared to receive offers of deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six and twelve months in amounts up to $25,000. Interest will be allowed at rates of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively on deposits accepted. The rate of interest on amounts exceeding $25,000 will be subject to special arrangement.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at the date of maturity and, in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made, persons whose deposits cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such Debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Further information may be obtained from the Acting Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION.
DAYLIGHT SAVING.

NOTICE is hereby given that at midnight on Saturday, November 1, all municipal clocks in the French Concession and International Settlement will be retarded by one hour.

NOTIFICATION No. 5557.
SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES.

PREFERENCE is made to Municipal Notification No. 5554 in which notice is given that with effect from January 1, 1942, a Special Rate on Business Premises will be imposed on all premises used for the housing of gainful occupations. Unless special application is made for exemption therefrom, the Special Rate on Business Premises will be imposed on all premises not occupied for purely residential purposes or not already exempt from taxation as in the case of churches, temples and hospitals. Claims for exemption, which must be based on the nature of the particular occupation e.g. charitable purposes, etc. and not on the financial position of the business, should be addressed at an early date to the **Acting Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, Revenue Office, Administration Building.**

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 16, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5565.
S. M. C. RICE.

AS it has been brought to the notice of the Council that some S.M.C. rice retailers during the last few days have refused to sell, pretending that they have no stock, the Council again would urge the public to report immediately any such refusal to the nearest Police Station in order to enable the authorities concerned to take action in the matter.

At the same time the public is advised that no person or party is permitted to buy S.M.C. rice except for their own requirements and not more than one month's supply may be purchased during any one month.

The Council has sufficient supplies locally and arriving to meet all requirements and there is absolutely no reason for any anxiety with regard to supplies.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5552.

THE public is hereby notified that from October 1 the official office hours in all Departments of the Council Service will be from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon and from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. On Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5566.
HOARDING OF S.M.C. RICE.

IN order to stop hoarding of S.M.C. Rice, the Council finds it necessary for the present to reintroduce their sales regulations of May 14, according to which no shop shall be permitted to sell to any household, family or group more than half a Zar per week of S.M.C. rice and such sales can be made for own consumption only. In order to implement this decision no shop shall be permitted to make a single sale to any one person of more than one-fifth of a Zar (16 Kilos) of S.M.C. rice. Rice Retailers have been instructed accordingly and the Police will closely watch that this restriction is strictly adhered to.

Anybody discovering irregularities in the above rules of distribution is requested to report the matter to the nearest Police Station.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5568.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be no allotment of Municipal Debentures to Depositors on November 5 next. Balances at credit of Depositors' accounts will continue to carry interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum until such time as an allotment is made.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5554.
SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from January 1, 1942, the Shanghai Municipal Council will levy a Special Rate on Business Premises based on 8% of the assessed rateable value of the premises occupied. This rate will be imposed on all premises used for the housing of gainful occupations including offices, shops, factories, godowns, wharves, pawnshops, stock, gold bar and commodity exchanges and all premises occupied by the professions.

In the case of premises used partly for the housing of gainful occupations and partly for residential purposes the rate will be imposed only on that part of the premises not used for purely residential purposes.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 7, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on October 1. — Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, A. Glathe, Yulin Hsi, I. Okamoto, T. S. Powell and Y. Yazima.

Fortnightly meeting held on October 15.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

Special Council Meeting held on October 18.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

Special Council Meeting held on October 20.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen. Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

Fortnightly meeting held on October 29.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen. Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Finance Committee, September 26.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, G. Kambe and R. T. McDonnell. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi, F. S. Hsu and T. S. Powell.

Orchestra and Band Committee, September 26. — Present: Messrs. R. von der Crone (*Chairman*), C. Grenz, Ch. Grosbois, A. Harman, Lee Wei Ning, J. S. Potter and Mrs. Satoko Tokano. Absent: Mr. E. F. Harris and Prof. B. S. Zakharoff.

Public Utilities Committee, September 29.—Present: Messrs. J. D. Carriere (*Chairman*), Chen Nee, G. A. Haley, Shao Shu-hwa, R. von der Crone and Dr. Zee Zai-Ziang. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, T. S. Powell, T. K. Tsutsumi and Y. Yazima.

Public Utilities Committee, October 8.—Present: Messrs. J. D. Carriere (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, Chen Nee, G. A. Haley, Shao Shu-hwa, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and Dr. Zee Zai-Ziang. Absent: Messrs. T. S. Powell and T. K. Tsutsumi.

Watch Committee, October 8.—Present: Messrs. R. T. McDonnell (*In the Chair*), N. F. Allman, Theodore C. Chang, W. A. Hale, F. Hoehnke, Hsia Choong Fook and R. G. MacDonald. Absent: Messrs. Jabin Hsu, I. Okamoto and O. Okamoto.

Staff Committee, October 13.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, R. von der Crone, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. I. Okamoto and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mr. Y. Yazima.

Finance Committee, October 14.—Present: Messrs. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi and F. S. Hsu.

Finance Committee, October 22.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), C. G. Gadow, G. Kambe, R. T. McDonnell and T. S. Powell. Absent: Messrs. H. E. Arnhold, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, Jabin Hsu and F. S. Hsu.

Public Utilities Committee, October 27.—Present: Messrs. J. D. Carriere (*Chairman*), N. F. Allman, Chen Nee, G. A. Haley, Shao Shu-hwa and R. von der Crone. Absent: Messrs. T. S. Powell, T. K. Tsutsumi, Y. Yazima and Dr. Zee Zai-Ziang.

SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES.

THE Advisory Committee appointed under Clause I (6) of Resolution IV passed at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers held on April 17 last has discussed in meetings the proposed Special Rate on business premises which they have approved in principle. They also agreed that the basic rate should be 8%. They have recommended, however, to the Council that Category "B", which it will be recollected included Stock, Gold Bar and Commodity Exchanges, should be abolished. By placing these Exchanges in Category "A" instead of in Category "B" the loss in revenue would be only some $13,000 per annum. By an overwhelming majority the Advisory Committee formed the opinion that it would be better to levy a tax on Exchanges in some other form than by placing them in a separate category for the purpose of the Special Rate on business premises. Members of the Advisory Committee considered that it might be desirable to introduce a Category "B" at some later date, but that it would be easier to determine equitably what particular classes of business should be placed in such a category when it was known what other taxes might be proposed by the New Sources of Taxation Sub-Committee.

At a meeting of the Council held on October 1, the Council accepted the advice of the Advisory Committee that Category "B" should, for the time being, be abolished. This means that all premises subject to the Special Rate will be required to pay the basic rate of 8% instead of a rate of 15% being levied in respect of Stock, Gold Bar and Commodity Exchanges.

Accordingly it has been decided to collect from January 1, 1942 a Special Rate of 8% on business premises based on the assessed annual value of the premises occupied; this rate to be imposed on all premises which are used for the housing of persons or occupations including offices, shops, factories, godowns, wharves, etc.

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Council for issue to Chinese employees has been fixed at $41.00 for October.

NOTIFICATION No. 5536. CURFEW PASSES.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Curfew Passes issued by the Municipal Police will become invalid from October 1, 1941 and should be presented at Room No. 511, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road, for renewal. A fee of $3.00 will be charged in respect of each pass. Photographs will *not* be required.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 2, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5551. COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending December 31, 1941, is due on October 1, 1941. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5555. POLICE SPECIAL SERVICES.

THE services of the Police for private duties may be secured upon application to the Commissioner of Police, under the following revised tariff which will have effect from November 1, 1941. Only a limited number of men are available at any time.

Per Day of 8 Hours:

Foreign Sergeant or Probationary Sergeant (Section I)	$ 49
Foreign Sergeant or Probationary Sergeant (Section II)	$ 36
Sikh Havildar or Constable	$ 15
Chinese Sergeant or Constable	$ 8

Per Month:

Sikh Havildar or Constable	$315
Chinese Sergeant or Constable	$240
Chinese Bank Detective	$280

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 9, 1941.

COAL BRIQUETTES.

THE Briquettes Price Fixing Committee appointed by the Council and the French Municipal Administration on October 16 announced that all retailers of coal briquettes are required to display the prices, composition and quality of all grades of coal briquettes offered for sale.

NOTIFICATION No. 5567.

PORTABLE FOOD AND DRINK STALL LICENCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following licence conditions governing portable food and drink stalls have been approved and will be enforced from December 1, 1941:—

Note:—

The term "Portable Food and Drink Stall" means any stall, table, bench or basket stand used for the sale of approved food or drink for human consumption provided the same shall not be affixed or connected to the ground or to any wall or other structure and shall be easily removable without the aid of tools.

CONDITIONS

1. This licence is not transferable to any other person or persons and refers only to the stall in respect of which it is issued.
2. This licence does not confer upon the licensee any ground rights whatsoever, and the licensee shall remove his stall at once if ordered to do so by a Municipal officer and shall have no claim upon the Council whatsoever in respect of such an order.
3. The design, equipment and maintenance of the stall shall conform to the requirements of the Council, and the business shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of, and to the satisfaction of, the Council.
4. No stall shall be so situated as to constitute an undue obstruction or to cause damage to public roadways.
5. The size of the stall together with the working space shall not exceed 36 square feet.
6. No food or drink other than those described in an endorsement on this licence shall be kept, offered or exposed for sale or sold or consumed at the stall.
7. The immediate surroundings shall be maintained in a sanitary condition.
8. Foodstuffs which are eaten raw shall not be exposed for sale, cut or peeled so as to render the edible part accessible to flies, dust or other harmful substance.
9. No intoxicating liquor shall be kept, offered or exposed for sale, or sold or consumed at the stall.
10. No fresh milk, fresh cream or other fresh dairy produce or reconstructed milk or cream other than that obtained from premises in possession of a licence issued by the Council, shall be kept, offered or exposed for sale, or sold or consumed at the stall.
    No fresh milk, fresh cream or other fresh dairy produce or reconstructed milk or cream shall be sold from off the stall except in the original sealed container in which it is received by the licensee.
11. Samples shall be furnished whenever required for examination or analysis by the Commissioner of Public Health, and if any food or drink kept, offerd or exposed for sale, or sold, be found to be bad, impure, unwholesome, adulterated, unsafe or unfit for human consumption it will be seized.
12. Chinese weights, Measures and Scales as prescribed by the Chinese Government or English Weights, Measures and Scales shall be used. All Weights, Measures and Scales will be periodically tested and those found to be incorrect will be seized. The licensee or any dealer or vendor possessing any incorrect weights, measures or scales, or who keeps, offers or exposes for sale or sells produce short weighed will be liable to prosecution.
13. No gratuity of any kind shall be offered or given to any employee of the Council.
14. No person with any communicable disease, or known or believed to have been recently exposed to the infection of such disease, shall be employed at the stall.
15. The licensee shall be responsible for any breach or disregard of any condition contained in this licence by himself, his servants, agents or others.
16. On a breach of any of these conditions the licence wil be subject to withdrawal or suspension by the Council, and the whole or any part of the money deposited as security be liable to forfeiture at the option of the Council, and the licensee be liable to prosecution.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5560.

PUBLIC RICSHAS—TARIFF OF FARES.

THE following tariff of fares charged to passengers of public rieshas has been approved with effect from October 20, 1941:—

By distance:

Half mile	$0.20
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof	0.20
Minimum fare	0.20

By time:

One hour	$1.20
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof	0.60
Minimum fare	1.20

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General,

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 17, 1941.

DEATH OF MR. K. E. NEWMAN.

Council Letter of Condolence.

MR. J. H. Liddell, Chairman of the Council, has addressed the following letter of condolence to Mrs. K. E. Newman:—

"I write to you to express the very great regret felt by my colleagues on the Council, myself and Municipal officials, at the untimely death of your husband.

The Council gratefully remembers his work whilst in the Municipal Service and his prominent association after he had left the Council's employ with public affairs in the Settlement; particularly the valuable services he rendered as Secretary of the Traffic and Licensing Bye-laws Committee.

We all desire to convey to you and your family our sincere condolence in your bereavement."

NOTIFICATION No. 5569.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Wednesday, November 12.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General,

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 30, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5559.

RENTAL CHARGE FOR PUBLIC RICSHAS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from October 20, 1941, the maximum rental charge authorised for each public ricsha shall be $1.90 Chinese National Currency per day.

Stern measures, including permanent cancellation of the licences, will be taken against the licensees of public ricshas found overcharging the authorised maximum rental or failing to maintain their vehicles in a clean and satisfactory condition.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General,

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 17, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5558.

TENDERS INVITED.

Police Force.

SUPPLY of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese and foreign Sections, for a period of three months from December 1, 1941.

Information may be obtained from the Governor of the Municipal Gaol, 147 Ward Road.

Tenders must be sent to the undersigned, Room 150, Administration Building, not later than 11 a.m. on November 11, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General,

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 16, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5510.

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID

Foreign Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to foreign schools within the International Settlement or paying rates to the Shanghai Municipal Council may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than February 10, 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

FAMILY BREAD

Owing to increased cost of ingredients and labour, an application from the Bakeries for permission to increase the price of "Family Bread" to 93 cents per pound, has been approved by the two Councils on the understanding that the price will be readjusted as soon as conditions improve.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during September:—

On September 2 to Messrs. Tack Fou Oil Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 23 on North Soochow Road, West of North Honan Road.

On September 15 to Messrs. Wang Feng Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

On September 15 to Messrs. King Tai Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

On September 15 to Messrs. Sung Woo Tai to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

On September 15 to Messrs. Tai Kee Timber Sawing Factory to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

On September 15 to Messrs. Fo Zung Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 130 on West Soochow Road, opposite Penang Road.

On September 22 to Messrs. Sung Dah Chong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

On September 26 to The China General Omnibus Co., Ltd. to maintain a kiosk on the West side of Honan Road fronting premises Nos. 29 & 31.

On September 30 to Messrs. Nee Tai Firewood Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 138 on West Soochow Road, opposite Macao Road.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Transfers:—

Captain L. G. Day, M.M., Armoured Car Company is transferred to Reserve of Officers "B" with effect from September 22, 1941.

Officers' Commissions-Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regulations:—

Jewish Company.—Maj. N. S. Jacobs—September 30, 1941.

Russian Company.—Lt. V. A. Sokoloff—September 20, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B".—Lt. J. L. Koch—September 9, 1941; Lt. W. H. Helm—September 9, 1941.

Retirements:—

The undermentioned commissions lapsed (M.C.R. 23) with effect from dates shown against their names:—

Corps Headquarters.—Capt. W. A. L. Pardoe—April 30, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B"—Lt. J. R. G. Barter—June 16, 1941.

MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTERED IN SETTLEMENT.

Vehicles registered at the end of September Quarter, 1941:—

	Number.
Private Motor Cars	6,825*
Public Motor Cars	998
Private Motor Trucks	1,831*
Public Motor Trucks	1,303
Omnibuses	358†
Motor Charabancs	32
Motor Cycles	659*
Trade	68
Ambulances	35
	12,109

*Includes S.D.F. and Special Licences.
†Includes Private (99), Public (203) and French (56) Omnibus Licences.

NOTIFICATION No. 5550.
VACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX.

COMMENCING on Monday, October 20, free vaccination against Smallpox, for those who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:—

Sub-district	Address of Branch Health Office	Telephone	Time
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9—12 noon and 2—5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9—12 noon
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2—5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9—12 noon
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9—12 noon
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2—5 p.m.
1 Northern	130 Haining Road	43035	2—5 p.m.
3 Northern	270 N'Fokien Road (Corner of Tsepoo Rd.)	40277	2—5 p.m.
1 Eastern	80 Tungchow Road	52596	2—5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2—5 p.m.
4 Eastern	311 Yangchow Road	51792	2—5 p.m.
6 Eastern	30 Sungpan Road (adjoining Market)	50691	2—5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, holidays & Sundays excepted).

Certificates proving vaccination for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving vaccination for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road, ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the vaccination of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. *Such arrangements can only apply to those firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be vaccinated at one time.*

Vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be vaccinated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, September 25, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

TEMPORARY HIGH COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCES.

HIGH Cost of Living Allowances for October have been authorized for issue to Council employees as follows:—

Chinese Employees not serving under Letters of Appointment:

245% on the first $200 of monthly pay.

210% on the remainder.

Minimum allowance of $65 a month.

Note:

In addition to the High Cost of Living Allowance there is issued a Rice Allowance which is determined on the 25th day of every month.

Foreign Employees; and Chinese Employees serving under Letters of Appointment:

245% on the first $500 of monthly pay.

210% on the second $500 of monthly pay.

165% on the remainder.

In respect of Class "A" foreign employees who are in receipt of Exchange Adjustment on Repatriation Pay the above allowance will be computed on two-thirds of their monthly pay.

Married male employees serving under letters of Appointment who are in receipt of monthly pay of $700 or less are to receive an extra High Cost of Living Allowance of 10%.

PUBLIC RICSHA PULLERS' MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.

MR. Victor Hanson, Rev. A. E. Small and Mr. Anson T. Wong have accepted the Council's invitation to serve as its representatives on the Board of Management of the Public Ricsha Pullers' Mutual Aid Association during the year 1941/2.

NOTIFICATION No. 5562.
S.M.C. RICE.

IN view of rumours to the contrary, the Council wishes to state that the current maximum retail price of S.M.C. rice is $117.00 per zah of 80 kilos net delivered weight and to request any one experiencing difficulties in obtaining S.M.C. rice at the above price to immediately report the matter to the nearest Police Station.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5563.
STEEL SHEETS AND BARS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of Steel Sheets and Bars. For particulars, apply to Room 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 24, 1941.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY. HIRE OF EQUIPMENT.

THE Council has approved a request submitted by the Shanghai Power Company for authority to discontinue the hiring of equipment other than replacements, additional to that now on hire.

This proposal, which is designed to avoid the considerable increase in the consumption of power for space and water heating and cooking which would result from additional use of such equipment, was submitted to and endorsed by the Special Committee on the Restriction of Supply of Electricity and the Public Utilities Committee.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE (SPECIALS).

Orders by the D. C. (Specials).

Obituary.—The D. C. (Specials) records with much regret the death of S/C 359 T. Hirano which occurred on 9/8/41. S/C 359 T. Hirano joined the Specials on 9/7/35.

Promotion.—The following promotions are authorised as from 28/8/41:—

Sgt. 748 T. W. Tai to Sub-Inspector.
A/S 813 C. S. Wong to Sergeant.
„ 816 R. Park to Sergeant.
„ 821 C. Y. Fong to Sergeant.
„ 870 S. C. Loh to Sergeant.
S/C 172 F. Schnitzer to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 175 F. Ozorio to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 198 B. A. Dubrovo to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 684 A. B. Skoberg to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 130 R. Sarkissian to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 55 C. A. Cunha to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 822 P. K. Cheng to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 886 N. S. Yao to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 782 L. Mah to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 726 F. M. Shih to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 907 M. Z. Chu to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 854 *H. C. Chang* to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 831 T. F. Chuck to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 857 H. V. Lee to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 926 S. N. Loh to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 796 T. L. Chang to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 841 S. D. Wang to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 842 K. Wong to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 843 T. F. Chu to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 722 V. Z. Sung to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 792 H. H. Woo to Assistant Sergeant.
„ 810 P. Chow to Assistant Sergeant.

Confirmation.—The following S/Inspectors are confirmed with seniority from dates specified:—

S/Insp. Y. T. Zee, 11/1/41.
„ A. E. Willis, 4/9/41.

Long Service Medal.—A/S 474 J. S. Mudford has been awarded the L.S.M. as from 16/1/41.

General Order.—Copy of letter received from the Acting Commissioner of Police on 19/9/41:—

September 19th, 1941.

D. C. (Specials),

September 18th Anniversary.

Please convey to those concerned under your Command the thanks and appreciation of the Regulars for the willing and efficient assistance rendered during the above precautionary period.

(*Signed*) H. M. SMYTH
Acting Commissioner of Police

CONTROL OF RETAIL PRICES.

AFTER full consideration at Special Meetings of Council held on Saturday, October 18, and Monday, October 20, the Council has submitted to the Consular Body for approval a bye-law conferring upon the Council power to make rules in regard to the price, etc., of essential commodities sold by retail.

Natural and widespread public interest has been recently expressed in connection with the subject of Municipal control of prices. It is, therefore, fitting that the Council should declare its policy in clear terms. The Council considers that in present conditions it is imperative that an effort should be made to control speculation and profiteering in essential commodities. At the same time the Council is fully alive to the inadvisability of interfering with the regular course of trade in any way which might divert essential commodities from Shanghai. Without the cooperation of traders price control can only be imposed with full success where the controlling body can control sources of production and can prohibit re-export. Neither of these factors apply to the Council. Accordingly, the Council's initial efforts will be directed to controlling the retail price of certain essential commodities and the Council will rely on the cooperation of importers.

The public must not expect that a large number of commodities will quickly come under control. The Council is determined to apply control only where control can in the Council's opinion be *successfully applied in the public interest. Essential commodities will be* taken one by one and there will be the fullest consultation with the interests concerned. The Council has no desire or intention to interfere with the legitimate profits of importers, wholesalers or retailers. At the same time it should be emphasised that if the Council is given the powers which it is requesting, control will be applied without fear or favour in those cases where it is decided to introduce Municipal control.

Finally, the Council desires to remind the public that consumers can do much to protect themselves. The hoarding of commodities for private consumption is greatly to be deprecated and plays into the hands of those who are speculating or profiteering in essential commodities.

RETAIL SELLING PRICE OF BRIQUETTES.

The Briquette Price Fixing Committee appointed by the Council and the French Municipal Administration has fixed the retail selling price of Coal Briquettes effective from October 28, at $19 per shih tan (110 lbs.) including transportation charges.

The two Municipalities are arranging for a standard briquette to be made and placed on the market.

At the request of the Municipalities, leading briquette factories have submitted samples of what they consider should be known as the Standard Briquette.

Analyses are being made by the Councils of the samples submitted and it is hoped to have a Municipally approved and controlled standard briquette placed on the market in the near future.

LIBRARY PREMISES.

SINCE the Public Library must vacate its present premises in the Glen Line Building every effort has been made to secure other suitable accommodation.

After very careful consideration during meetings of the Library Committee it was satisfied that all efforts had been exhausted to find better premises for the Library, the Committee unanimously recommended to the Council that the Public Library be removed to the top floor of the Foochow Road Market building, 567 Foochow Road. In arriving at this decision members of the Library Committee placed on record that they did so only because they had no other choice and that they do not regard the proposed site as altogether suitable and it is their wish that the Library be housed in or near the Administration Building as soon as possible.

It is not however possible at the moment to house the Library in the Administration Building and since a move must now be made and there is no other suitable alternative accommodation available at the present time, the Council has approved the recommendation of its Library Committee that the Library be removed to the top floor of the Foochow Road Market building. The entrance to the new premises will be from Foochow Road and the Library will be served by a lift. The new quarters are spacious and appear to be adaptable.

As it will be necessary to rebuild and re-fit some of the existing Library furniture, fixtures, etc., the Public Library will be closed from Sunday, November 2 to Sunday, November 30, inclusive.

The Library will be re-opened to Subscribers in its new premises on Monday, December 1.

During the period of closure stock-taking will be done and other matters in connection with the Library attended to.

In order that Subscribers may not be inconvenienced, the period for which books may be kept will be extended from 14 to 30 days and Subscribers will be allowed, prior to the closure of the Library, to borrow from 4 to 6 books instead of two as at present permitted under the regulations of the Library.

NO CHANGE IN PRICE OF S. M. C. RICE.

IN order to remove misunderstanding the Council on October 21 announced that there has been no increase in the price of S.M.C. rice which can still be bought from rice retail shops exhibiting the Council's poster at $117 per zar, (80 kilos) net delivered weight.

NOTIFICATION No. 5564. SCRAP METAL.

FOR sale by tender 9 tons Scrap Metal. For particulars, apply to Room 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 25, 1941.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The following table shows the number of pupils enrolled in Municipal Council Schools during the current Term.

School	Present Location	No. of Pupils	
Foreign Schools:			
Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys	282 Kinnear Road	242	
Western District Public School	10 Tifeng Road	281	
Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Girls	8A Tifeng Road	321	
Public School for Girls	404 Yu Yuen Road	374	
			1,218
Chinese Secondary Schools:			
Public School for Chinese	25 Mapai Road	609	
Ellis Kadoorie Public School for Chinese	445 Shanhaikwan Road	555	
Nieh Chih Kuei Public School for Chinese	42 Kinchow Road	488	
Polytechnic Public School for Chinese	65 Great Western Road	415	
Secondary School for Chinese Girls	9 Singapore Road	589	
			2,656
Chinese Primary Schools:			
Wayside Road School	Lane 660, House 21, Seymour Rd.	574	
Cunningham Road School	199 Cunningham Road	676	
Sinza Road School	1461 Sinza Road	744	
	1301 Yenping Road	541	
Ward Road School	1883 Connaught Road	116	
	1100 Kinchow Road	583	
Kinchow Road School	65 Great Western Road	256	
	65 Great Western Road	266	
Boone Road School	29 Singapore Road	310	
Singapore Road School	29 Singapore Road	486	4,552
Chinese Night Schools:			
Kinchow Road Night School	301 Yenping Road	392	
Wayside Road Night School	Lane 660, House 21, Seymour Rd.	320	
Cunningham Road Night School	199 Cunningham Road	280	
Sinza Road Night School	1461 Sinza Road	394	
			1,386
	Total		9,812

HAZARDOUS GOODS.

OWING to the continued rise in the cost of commodities and the possible shortage of stocks of certain liquids such as kerosene, gasoline etc., the tendency by many residents (as apart altogether from unscrupulous hoarders) to lay in greater stocks than necessary for immediate requirements, created a serious fire hazard. In an effort to reduce the risks to both life and property engendered by such overstocking, the Fire Brigade carried out numerous inspections of reported or suspected premises and followed up such inspections with letters of instruction and warning. Further, where found necessary, action was taken in the Civil Courts against offenders.

During the months of July, August and September of this year the following actions have been taken in connection with the particular hazardous goods mentioned:—

Kerosene:

76 inspections of places were made and in nineteen instances letters had to be written following verbal warnings. Of the nineteen, eleven failed to take heed of warnings with the result that summonses against them were duly applied for and they were charged in the Courts, under Bye Law 35 attached to the Land Regulations, with unauthorised storage. Convictions were obtained in each case and fines ranging from $20 to $25 were imposed. The excess storage was in some cases 1000% in excess of Council Regulation.

Ether:

The number of ether factories operating in the Settlement is unknown but several large ones have been discovered, usually in a Chinese house with dwellings on all sides. This type of factory is very difficult to locate and information leading to discovery is hard to obtain. As ether is one of the most volatile and hazardous liquids with which the Brigade has to deal, determined efforts are made to have these premises closed. During the period under review (July, August and September) 13 inspections of known factories have been made and several places, after warnings had been issued, ceased operating. However, it was found necessary to summon 3 operators who failed to comply with instructions. One was ordered by the Court to be closed, after having had two previous convictions and fines recorded against him. At the time of writing summonses against the other two operators are pending. Fires in small ether factories have been responsible for several casualties, serious burns to a number of persons being in some cases recorded.

Gasoline:

Although it is assumed that stocks of gasoline are being stored in private dwellings and elsewhere contrary to regulations, information leading to the discovery of such unauthorisd storage is very difficult to obtain. Two inspections of known storage have been made, one of which resulted in a summons being applied for and the defendant was fined $50.

Alcohol:

Very few unlicenced alcohol storage places have been found although one case of excess storage was taken to Court and the defendant was fined $80.

Celluloid:

In addition to the aforementioned hazardous liquids the working of celluloid in small comb, button, ornament and bottle-cap factories has given the Brigade considerable work. In most cases the operators ceased to function on receipt of a warning but each place has to be periodically re-visited to see that it has not surreptitiously renewed operations. Night inspections are made if there is any doubt as to whether a factory is operating or not. In the past three months 18 inspections have been made of various places and 4 were given written warnings to cease operations. Three failed to take heed and were duly summoned before the Courts and convictions were obtained in each case, one defendant being fined $150 and the other two $60 each.

Loose Cotton:

The storing and baling of loose cotton in dwelling houses, especially in the Northern district gave rise to considerable apprehension, as such cotton, if not thoroughly dry, is liable to spontaneous combustion under certain conditions, when drying out. In the majority of cases only the ground floor of a dwelling would be so used the first floor being sub-let as living quarters with often only one staircase and the rear exit door as the sole means of escape in case of fire. 34 inspections of various places were made and 19 letters written to operators. Many of them discontinued operations on receipt of official warning but three failed to do so and were duly summoned and fined $60 each.

The Chief Officer of the Shanghai Fire Brigade would appreciate any information concerning the unauthorized storage of hazardous goods and the public is asked to assist the Fire Brigade in its efforts to remove fire hazards by reporting offenders.

NOTIFICATION No. 5570.
DANCING SALOON.

THE issue of a Dancing Saloon Licence in favour of Mr. Max Wolf of 130, Macgregor Road in respect of the premises No. 1124 Broadway East is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Saturday, November 8, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 30, 1941.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Revised Index of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai for September.

Despite the fall in price of rice, the index of cost of living of Chinese workers registered another rise in the month of September. Following the freezing order at the close of July, the price trend continued to ascend steeply and has not yet come to a halt. Shortage of subsidiary notes is one of the contributory factors. The revised general index rose from 885.5 in August to 959.04 in September recording an increase of 8.30 per cent. Among the group indices, the food index has surpassed the 1,000 mark and the heaviest rise was shown by the clothing group. Food index rose to 1,070.51; housing, 725.17; clothing, 692.81; and miscellaneous index, 860.14. Percentage rises ranged from 4.46 per cent for housing, to 10.52 per cent for clothing. The purchasing power of the dollar dropped from 11.29 cents in August to 10.43 in September.

Prices of rice dropped during the month. S.M.C. Rangoon rice was further reduced from $120 to $117 per shih on September 1, thus accelerating the downward trend in the rice market. A good autumn harvest, the continuously increasing local stocks, the announcement of allotment of official exchange rates for the purchase of Rangoon rice, the easing of tensions in the Pacific during the month, etc., all contributed to improvement of this essential staple foodstuff. The average retail price of Rangoon rice came down to $112.94 in September as compared with $118.99 per shih in the previous month. Most other commodities, however, showed sharp increases. Average retail prices of fresh fish rose 47.54 per cent in September when compared with August; duck eggs, 39.17 per cent; bean curd, dried bean curd and fried bean curd, 60.00 per cent; potatoes, 30.97 per cent; useless timber, 27.50 per cent; and matches, 17.37 per cent. All clothing items went up in price ranging from 6.25 per cent for fancy twills to 16.78 per cent for printed shirtings.

Workers' Earnings For September, 1941.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.62 persons should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in September. Figures are given to show the cost of two standards of living. Standard A shows what the earnings should be on the revised standard of living (replacing the 1936 standard) and Standard B shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard.

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wage earner(53.3%)	$121.975	$106.174
Earnings of other family members (34.0%)	77.808	67.728
Other family income (12.7%)	29.064	25.298
Total Family income (100.0%)	228.847	199.200

Revised Index* of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai

Base: Average 1936 = 100.

Indices	Average 1936	1940 July	1940 Aug.	1940 Sept.	1941 July	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	464.93	452.92	507.47	869.43	978.96	1,070.51
Housing	100.00	414.12	416.28	465.91	683.18	694.21	725.17
Clothing	100.00	326.79	333.97	337.44	579.10	626.41	692.81
Miscellaneous	100.00	383.39	393.04	399.54	717.60	802.76	860.14
General Index	100.00	443.60	433.64	469.33	800.32	885.55	959.04
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	23.66	23.06	21.28	12.50	11.29	10.43

* Due to recent changes in consumption habits consequent upon the substitution of types of rice purchased, in fuel available, and reduced spending power resulting certain goods beyond the capacity of the people to buy, careful adjustments have been made in the commodities and their quantities used in the compilation of the Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers. Henceforth the Index will be termed the Revised Index. Former Rent and Fuel groups have been combined into a Housing Group to conform with more modern practice. Changes have also been made in the assumed "Minimum Subsistence Standard."

Attention is drawn to the fact that these index figures apply to the standard of living of Chinese workers. They do not represent the situation ruling among Chinese salaried employees.

Retail Prices in Shanghai for Chinese Workers

Commodities	Unit	Average 1936	1941 July	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.
FOOD GROUP:					
1. Rangoon Rice(1)	Shih shih(2)	$9.735	$114.657	$118.987	$112.941
2. Wheat flour — Bicycle	Parcel	3.448	33.554	34.831	34.273
3. Fresh noodle	Shih chin(3)	.074	.675	.700	.700
4. Fresh pork	Shih chin	.292	1.940	2.688	2.788
5. Fresh beef	Shih chin	.239	2.490	2.775	3.000
6. Salted pork	Shih chin	.301	1.866	2.144	2.215
7. Fresh fish	Shih chin	.163	.921	.957	1.412
8. Salted white fish	Shih chin	.144	1.437	1.856	2.223
9. Duck egg	Piece	.024	.199	.240	.334
10. Soy bean oil	Shih chin	.241	1.511	2.161	2.448
11. Lard	Shih chin	.307	1.732	2.063	2.438
12. Soy bean sauce	Shih chin	.099	.428	.552	.553
13. Salt	Shih chin	.112	.493	.501	.505
14. White sugar	Shih chin	.205	.817	1.097	1.204
15. Shao-shing	Shih chin	.094	.583	.610	.673
16. Kao-liang	Shih chin	.102	1.251	1.290	1.436
17. Bean curd	Piece	.0012	.0050	.0025	.100
18. Dried bean curd	Piece	.0014	.0060	.0025	.100
19. Sheet bean	Sheet	.0041	.0200	.0350	.050
20. Fried bean curd	Piece	.0041	.0060	.2000	3.200
21. Fresh mung bean starch in strips	Shih chin	.0.0	.218	.300	.300
22. Sprouted broad bean	Shih chin	.092	.331	.436	.451
23. Yellow soy bean sprouts	Shih chin	.033	.199	.243	.311
24. Chin ta'ai	Shih chin	.035	.119	.274	.304
25. Turnips	Shih chin	.034	.188	.355	.369
26. Allium odorum	Shih chin	.060	.252	.265	.276
27. Spinach	Shih chin	.042	.164	.238	.444
28. Salted hueh li-hung	Shih chin	.055	.244	.279	.290
29. Potatoes	Shih chin	.036	.273	.310	.406
30. Tea	Shih chin	.350	2.000	2.000	2.000
HOUSING GROUP:					
31. Rent — One-story house(4)	Std. rm.(5)	2.149	7.759	7.759	7.759
32. Rent — Two-story house with no court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	2.495	11.011	11.011	11.011
33. Rent — Two-story house with court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	3.110	14.142	14.142	14.142
34. Coal briquettes	100 shih chin	1.063	15.957	16.527	16.974
35. Kerosene	Shih chin	.136	.702	.766	.804
36. Useless timber	Shih chin	.014	.108	.120	.153
37. Match	Box	.010	.1106	.1295	.152
CLOTHING GROUP:					
38. Native shirtings	Shih ch'ih(6)	.046	.340	.350	.413
39. Grey sheetings — 13 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.085	.477	.538	.599
40. Grey shirtings — 12 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.091	.567	.603	.660
41. Striped cotton shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.060	.415	.436	.502
42. Printed shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.097	.560	.608	.710
43. White shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.128	.559	.679	.765
44. Jeans and drills	Shih ch'ih	.090	.530	.564	.915
45. Cotton flannel	Shih ch'ih	.083	.445	.533	.610
46. Fancy twills	Shih ch'ih	.146	.786	.896	.952
47. Raw cotton	Shih chin	.477	2.200	2.200	2.250
48. Cotton socks	Pair	.272	1.483	1.600	1.750
MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
49. Soap—Koo Fun	Cake	.051	.444	.467	.503
50. Toilet paper	90 sheets	.067	.836	.868	.918
51. Cigarettes—Rat	Box - 10 pc.	.047	.222	.282	.316
52. Hot water	10 ladles	.017	.200	.200	.200

1. 1st grade sien rice was replaced by 2nd grade Saigon rice from February 1940 onward which was in turn replaced by Rangoon rice from June 1941.
2. 1 Shih shih = 166 shih chin.
3. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 lbs.
4. Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.
5. 1 Standard room = 32 cubic metres.
6. 1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 feet.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR SEPTEMBER.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

Retail prices of imported groceries and other goods have shown further increases, despite the coming into force of official exchange rates following the measures taken by the Chinese Currency Stabilization Board. The Hongkong & Shanghai Bank ceased operating on the open market on August 29. Other British and American banks followed suit on September 8. On September 18, the banks changed quotations in terms of U.S.$ from 5.5/32 to 5.9/32.

Published lists would indicate that preferred exchange rates will be available for many commodities needed in households of foreign salaried employees. These include flour, canned foodstuffs, wheat, rice, coal, cotton, etc. Many on the permit list were originally prohibited in the list issued in 1939 by the Chinese Government. Quantities which can be imported, however, will probably depend on circumstances, including shipping facilities and the position of the Stabilization Fund.

There has been a further increase in the cost of living of foreign residents in September, the rise being heavier than in August. The consolidated index* rose to 293.91 recording an increase of 8.84 per cent as against 5.27 per cent in the preceding month. The American general index reached 270.66; British, 280.75; Russian, 320.59; and the index of other nationalities, 295.75. Percentage rises ranged from 8.11 per cent for the British index to 9.27 for Russian. Food index rose to 376.62; clothing, 316.85; heat, 334.78; and the miscellaneous index, 243.59. Percentage rises ranged from 3.05 per cent for the miscellaneous index to as high as 15.91 per cent for food. The purchasing power of the dollar over its October 1939 value was reduced by 65.98 per cent as compared with 62.97 per cent in August.

Average retail prices of rump steak rose 12.07 per cent in September when compared with August; hen eggs, 44.00 per cent; Mandarin fish, 42.12 per cent; cabbage 80.43 per cent; carrots, 87.30 per cent; raddish, 100 per cent; Sunmaid raisins, 19.14 per cent; Carnation evaporated milk, 16.81 per cent; IXL assorted jam, 22.84 per cent; Acetco salad oil, 32.28 per cent; Sunbest tomato paste, 36.36 per cent; Maxwell House coffee, 15.23 per cent; Chesterfield cigarettes, 18.62 per cent; woollen suiting material, 44.34 per cent; Eversharp writing paper, 80.00 per cent; and Red Ball toilet paper, 17.39 per cent.

*1939 base.

PROVISIONAL(1) INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN(2) SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American			British		
		1941			1941		
		July	August	September	July	August	September
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	259.60	282.12	323.92	285.03	308.68	354.10
Clothing & Materials	100.00	246.09	271.76	305.59	264.58	284.63	314.12
Rent	100.00	188.09	188.09	188.09	186.07	186.07	186.07
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	298.65	325.07	343.63	312.16	323.73	344.03
Miscellaneous	100.00	211.47	218.26	228.55	227.82	235.36	245.39
General Index	100.00	234.82	249.55	270.66	247.69	259.70	280.75

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian			Other Nationalities		
		1941			1941		
		July	August	September	July	August	September
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	322.69	338.00	394.52	301.55	325.36	376.00
Clothing & Materials	100.00	260.81	283.33	306.76	282.84	311.36	347.28
Rent	100.00	186.00	186.00	186.00	196.37	196.37	196.37
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	303.26	321.03	332.84	298.22	312.37	325.57
Miscellaneous	100.00	237.78	242.87	249.06	217.17	227.03	232.37
General Index	100.00	263.24	276.91	302.59	257.31	272.00	295.75

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated		
		1941		
		July	August	September
General Indices				
American	100.00	234.82	249.55	270.66
British	100.00	247.69	259.70	280.75
Russian	100.00	263.24	276.91	320.59
Other Nationalities	100.00	257.31	272.00	295.75
Consolidated Index	100.00	256.53	270.05	293.91
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	38.98	37.03	34.02

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.
			$	$	$
1 FOOD GROUP:					
1 Bread — White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	1.17	1.24
2 Bread — White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.32	1.40
3 Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	1.08	1.16
4 Bread — Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.75	.83
5 Bread — Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.75	.82
6 Bread — Russian white—Manilа	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.46	.50
7 Flour — Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.82	.86
8 Flour — Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.72	.75
9 Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.60	1.70
10 Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	1.67	2.21
11 Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	4.56	5.14
12 Rolled oats — Loose	lb.		.44	1.12	1.35
13 Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.94	.99
14 Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.49	1.54
15 Beef — Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	6.60	6.88
16 Beef — Rump steak	lb.		.65	4.06	4.55
17 Beef — Topside steak	lb.		.63	4.10	4.44
18 Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	4.30	4.65
19 Beef — Rib roast	lb.		.60	4.04	4.31
20 Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	6.60	6.60
21 Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.44	2.75
22 Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.55	2.90
23 Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.48	2.65
24 Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	2.86	3.53
25 Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.66	1.80
26 Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	5.93	6.32
27 Bacon	lb.		.70	3.66	4.19
28 Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	3.31	3.63
29 Chicken	lb.		.69	2.87	3.05
30 Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.25	.36
31 Egg — Duck	pc.		.08	.24	.33
32 Fish — Herring	lb.		.48	.97	1.35
33 Fish — Salmon	lb.		.52	2.20	2.98
34 Fish — Mandarin	lb.		.79	2.92	4.15
35 Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	1.79	2.48
36 Fish — Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.27	1.58
37 Fish — Yellow	lb.		.34	.91	1.01
38 Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	5.77	6.35
39 Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.31	.41
40 Potatoes — Sweet	lb.		.06	.40	.35
41 Cabbage	lb.		.18	.46	.53
42 Lettuce	lb.		.17	.46	.83
43 Celery	bunch		.12	.49	.80
44 Green peas	lb.		.05	.11	.11
45 Beans — French	lb.		.14	.65	(8)
46 Beans — Lima	lb.		.14	.63	1.43
47 Tomatoes	lb.		.33	.63	1.38
48 Carrots	lb.		.24	.64	1.08
49 Beetroot	lb.		.23	.63	1.18
50 Radish	bunch		.16	.18	.26
51 Onions	lb.		.03	.04	.08
52 Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. I sq.	.14	.12	.11
53 Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½ oz.	3.45	7.22	7.84
54 Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	No. 12	1.40	2.46	3.14
55 Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.	16 oz.	2.98	4.75	5.25
56 Apples—Dairen	lb.	No. 8	1.90	3.87	4.25
57 Bananas	lb.		.39	1.03	1.17
58 Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.26	.80	1.00
59 Oranges — Mandarin	lb.		.28	1.42	1.49
60 Lemons	pc.		.35	1.25	1.30
61 Pears—Chinese	lb.		.48	1.39	1.16
			.42	1.26	1.40

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.
			$	$	$
1 FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*					
62 Pumelos	pc.		.42	2.26	1.76
63 Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.62	1.93
64 Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	2.06	2.29
65 Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	2.14	2.40
66 Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	1.80	2.40
67 Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	9.02	9.66
68 Margarine — Vitayna	lb.		1.28	2.95	3.27
69 Margarine — Paim	lb.		1.28	2.95	3.27
70 Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.35	1.35
71 Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.89	.89
72 Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	1.19	1.39
73 Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	6.33	7.40
74 Cheese — Cottage	lb.		1.44	3.20	3.20
75 Cream — Sour	lb.		1.60	3.70	4.50
76 Cream — Table	pint		2.64	6.40	6.40
77 Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	2.32	2.85
78 Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	4.99	5.45
79 Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	3.62	4.01
80 Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal	3.80	12.95	15.94
81 Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.29	.37
82 Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	1.31	1.50
83 Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.90	1.92
84 Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	12.69	15.42
85 Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	.99	1.35
86 Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	1.97	2.44
87 Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	1.06	1.30
88 Sugar — Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	.90	1.06
89 Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	1.00	1.20
90 Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.06	1.27
94 Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.73	1.82
92 Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.48	2.82
93 Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	25.83	27.46
94 Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	7.75	8.93
95 Coffee — Mocha	lb.		2.08	3.95	4.78
96 Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	4.78	5.22
97 Cocoa — Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	3.22	9.00
98 Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	4.27	4.52
99 Tea — Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	8.96	9.00
100 Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz. tall	1.33	2.58	2.50
101 Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	No. 12	1.33	2.17	2.34
102 Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	5.94	5.94
103 Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.		1.52	4.21	4.23
104 Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	6.37	6.63
105 Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.40	2.40
106 Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	2.25	2.39
107 Cigarettes — Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	.92	1.01
108 Cigarettes — Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.45	1.72
109 Cigarettes — Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.50	1.78
II CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110 Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	86.60	125.00
111 Flannel	yd.		17.50	52.00	62.50
112 Vivella—T T T	yd.		9.75	(8)	(8)
113 Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	(8)	(8)
114 Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	17.50	18.50
115 Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	12.50	13.00
116 Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	11.00	11.25
117 Marsarelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.		.58	2.20	2.20
118 Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.		5.00	12.20	13.25
119 Shirt — White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	9.90	12.50
120 Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	7.50	9.10

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— *Continued*

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	7.70	8.50
122 Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	16.00	18.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	28.00	34.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	6.75	8.00
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18" — A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	3.60	4.30
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	64.90	64.90
127 Shoes Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	44.90	44.90
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	29.90	29.90
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	21.30	26.50
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	6.05	6.45
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	13.50	14.50
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	2.32	2.43
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	(8)	(8)
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	(8)	(8)
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	22.50	22.50
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.65	1.70
137 Knitting wools Beehive—Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	49.32	59.75
138 Hero — Fine — 4 ply	lb.		12.50	41.56	49.75
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	1.33	1.40
140 Laundry Cotton — large	pc.		.13	.38	.44
141 Cotton — small	pc.		.05	.25	.23
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	3.75	4.50
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	3.50	4.00
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm.(3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.59	33.59
145 Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	45.23	45.22
146 Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	28.50	28.50
147 Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	73.09	73.00
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.60	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.556	.579
152 Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.252	.322
Elec- 153 tric Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.540	.560
154 Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.340	.340
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.0780	.0780
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	474. 99	509.25
157 Coal briquettes	100shih chin(5)		3.75	16.41	16.98
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5Am gal.	29.35	52.35	52.35

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1935	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal		.075	.2625	.2625
160 French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.320	.320
161 Ice	100lb.		1.00	5.50	5.00
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.1341	.1341
163 French Concession	per mi.		.040	.110	.110
164 Tram- 1st	per mi		.0311 (9)	.1032 (9)	.1032 (9)
165 class French Concession	per mi		.040	.100	.100
166 Taxicab	20 min		2.20	4.60	5.05
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	Am. gal.		2.80	4.30	4.50
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.54	11.54
169 Newspapers North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	6.00	7.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.00	1.30
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	1.80	1.80
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	1.00	1.00
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	65.38	65.38
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	68.27	68.2
176 Amah	p.mon.		19.15	46.22	46.22
177 Brilliantine "4711" — Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	8.94	10.88
Lotion Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	15.62	20.83
178 Face cream Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	5.37	6.83
179 Nives—No. 363	tin		2.80	8.56	9.78
180 Face powder—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	9.44	10.43
181 Face powder — Colgate's — Ecrate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	3.54	3.79
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.78	2.92
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube		.25	.85	.96
184 Sincere's	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	7.08	6.76
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	10 pc.	1.53	3.78	3.86
186 Nacet	roll		.34	1.15	1.35
187 Toilet paper Red Ball	roll		.64	1.57	1.81
188 Pagoda	roll		.45	1.54	1.58
189 Fan	cake		.15	.42	.45
190 Lever Health	cake		.32	.83	.89
191 Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	1.19	1.21
192 Soap Flakes—Lux	cake		1.24	2.24	2.4
193 Ivory	bar		.64	2.26	2.41
194 Washing—Gossage	tin	14 oz.	.15	.69	.75
195 Cleanser Lion	tin		.07	.28	.36
196 Beauty	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.24	1.52
197 Match—Phoenix	pc.		.40	1.31	1.39
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 Watt	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	38.20	46.15
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	8 qt.	13.50	35.26	41.50
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	1½ oz.	1.18	1.73	1.95
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin		.55	.68	.85
202 Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	2.11	2.50
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	3.11	3.50
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	3.49	4.41
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.45	1.55
206 B			.40	.97	1.03

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of shows at different hours and on different days.
(8) Not on market.
(9) Excluding routes north of Soochow Creek.

Returns of Communicable Diseases.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, September 27th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	1	0	8	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	1	1	70	61
Cholera	0	0	4	3
Typhoid Fever	8	1	59	53
Paratyphoid Fever	2	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	28	2	37	21
Bacillary Dysentery	24	2		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	24	16
Influenza	7	0	7	5
Malaria	6	0	21	2
Measles	0	0	1	1
Typhus Fever	1	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	1	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	12	3
Leprosy	0	0	1	1
Deaths from Non-Communicable Diseases and Other Causes		12		703
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		873

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, October 4th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	2	1
Diphtheria	1	0	8	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	3	3	61	52
Cholera	0	0	12	9
Typhoid Fever	7	2	53	46
Paratyphoid Fever	2	0	5	3
Amoebic Dysentery	18	1	58	39
Bacillary Dysentery	16	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	15	8
Influenza	0	0	8	3
Malaria	6	0	28	3
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	1	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	1	0
Encephalitis Lethargica	0	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		13		719
Total Deaths from all Causes		25		886

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, October 11th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	2	0
Diphtheria	0	0	8	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	4	1	60	45
Cholera	0	0	9	0
Typhoid Fever	3	0	47	36
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	3	2
Amoebic Dysentery	13	2	31	22
Bacillary Dysentery	17	3		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	14	3
Influenza	0	0	2	1
Malaria	10	0	36	4
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	1	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	15	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		10		660
Total Deaths from all Causes		16		778

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight, October 18th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	3	1
Scarlet Fever	1	0	0	0
Diphtheria	1	0	9	2
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	1
Tuberculosis	2	0	75	56
Cholera	0	0	3	0
Typhoid Fever	4	1	51	45
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	22	0	32	16
Bacillary Dysentery	17	4		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	14	11
Influenza	5	0	5	4
Malaria	4	0	26	6
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	1	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	1	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	6	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		781
Total Deaths from all Causes		21		923

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight October 25th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	2	0	18	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	1
Tuberculosis	3	2	72	51
Cholera	0	0	2	1
Typhoid Fever	1	0	57	47
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	3	2
Amoebic Dysentery	15	1	25	12
Bacillary Dysentery	12	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	7	2
Influenza	1	0	2	2
Malaria	6	0	26	4
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	5	1	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	4	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		703
Total Deaths from all Causes		18		839

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, September 17-October 21, 1941.

Fire Brigade.—Mr. R. Soroka is appointed Sub-Officer on probation from September 22, 1941.

Mr. C. C. Caynes, Fourth Officer, is appointed Third Officer from October 15, 1941.

Station Officer A. E. Villers is promoted to be Fourth Officer from October 15, 1941.

Assistant Station Officer T. H. Dixon is promoted to be Station Officer on probation from October 15, 1941.

Sub-Officers H. Christensen and G.F.R. Jack are promoted to be Assistant Station Officers from September 27 and October 15, 1941, respectively.

Sub-Officer B.G. Stahayeff is appointed Assistant Workshops Officer from October 1, 1941.

Police Force.—For courage, determination and initiative in face of armed attack: Probationary Sergeant L. P. Jackson, Sikh Constable No. 141, Chinese Constables Nos. 530 and 2195 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For outstanding bravery under fire and devotion to duty which cost him his life, the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class I, is awarded posthumously to Chinese Constable No. 632.

For courage and initiative on the same occasion, Chinese Sergeant No. 1062 and Chinese Constable No. 901 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For conspicuous bravery in a gun battle with a gang of armed assassins who had immediately previously assassinated a Chinese male at Foochow and Honan Roads corner, Chinese Constable No. 64 and Chinese Detective Constable No. 154 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

Probationary Sergeant G. I. Schale is promoted to the rank of Sergeant from October 18, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant No. 632 T. Terasaka is promoted to the rank of Sergeant from September 11, 1941.

Mr. K. Katayama, Office Assistant, is promoted to be Clerical Assistant from November 20, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant E.A.T. Reece is compulsorily retired on September 19, 1941.

The services of the following will terminate on the dates specified:—

Sub-Inspector C. S. Frankish, February 13, 1942.

Probationary Sergeant Y. Hashida, October 4, 1941.

Mr. N. Pokrovsky, Russian Translator, December 31, 1941.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Sergeant No. 745 T. Ishibashi, March 25, 1942.

Probationary Sergeant A. H. Crank, September 30, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant B. Decombel, October 15, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant W. C. Newcomb, January 9, 1942.

R. A. Medina is appointed Probationary Sergeant on probation from October 20, 1941.

Public Health Department.—Junior Sanitary Overseer A. Perme is promoted to be Sanitary Overseer from October 16, 1941.

Mr. J. Kamei, Inspector, is invalided, services terminating on October 11, 1941.

The services of Sister M. C. Cady will terminate on October 22, 1941.

The resignatons of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Dr. M. A. Hadden, School Medical Officer, September 13, 1941.

Mrs. L. Gulston, Correspondence Clerk, October 13, 1941.

Miss F. M. McGougan, Matron, May 9, 1942.

Mr. H. Zung is appointed Laboratory Assistant on probation from October 7, 1941.

Public Works Department.—The resignation of Mr. K. Nakamura, Office Assistant, is accepted, services terminating on October 16, 1941.

Education Department. — The resignations of Miss K. Collins, Assistant Mistress and Mr. M.T.T. White, Assistant Master, are accepted, services terminating on August 19, 1941 and February 28, 1942, respectively.

Miss E. M. Adlam, Senior Assistant Mistress, retires on April 16, 1942.

Industrial & Social Division.—Miss Chin Chioh Ying is appointed Junior Assistant on probation from November 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

SUPPLY AND PRICE OF S.M.C. RICE.

On October 28 the Council announced that there is absolutely no reason for any anxiety with regard to the supply and price of S.M.C. rice. In addition to the local stocks held by the Council, not less than 180,000 bags will arrive here gradually between now and the middle of November. As the daily consumption of All Grades of Rice in the International Settlement and the French Concession does not exceed 8,000 bags, it must be obvious to anyone that the supplies available are more than ample for all legitimate requirements.

It is however a fact that during the last two weeks tremendous hoarding of S.M.C. rice by the public has taken place. This abuse should be stopped by the public in its own interest. The Council is not prepared to see S.M.C. rice being bought up for hoarding purposes. The Council has therefore decided that for the present no household, family or group shall be permitted to buy more than half a zah per week of S.M.C. Rice, and that purchases can be made for own consumption only. In order to implement this decision no retail shop shall be permitted to make a single sale to any one person of more than one-fifth of a zah (16 kilos) of S.M.C. rice. The retailers have been instructed accordingly and the Police will closely watch that the above restrictions are strictly adhered to. Anybody discovering irregularities in the above rules of distribution is earnestly requested in the public interest to report the matter to the nearest Police Station.

Pending a re-organisation of the permit system for movements of rice, no rice is being allowed to leave the International Settlement or French Concession. This is an entirely temporary measure and need cause no alarm. The issue of permits for movement of non-S.M.C. rice will shortly be resumed.

In view of the fact that during the past week retailers' sales of S.M.C. rice in most instances have been more than double that of normal sales, a number of the retailers have actually run out of stock in spite of the fact that during the last week 56,000 bags were delivered to retailers from the Council's local stocks. These shops are now being re-stocked but this process must obviously take a couple of days and in the meantime the public will have to be patient.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5556. ROAD ABANDONMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, subject to protests, if any, being heard and overruled, it is proposed to abandon the scheduled extension of Shanhaikwan Road between Myburgh and Park Roads.

Protests against such abandonment should be submitted to the undersigned before October 24, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General,

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 13, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5553. RESTAURANT (WITH LIQUOR AT MEALS ONLY)).

THE issue of an interim Restaurant (with liquor at meals only) Licence in favour of Mr. Wong Ting Yuan of No. 755, Nanking Road in respect of the premises No. 755, Nanking Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, October 13, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 4, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5561. TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Gerhard Baumann of 276, Broadway in respect of the premises No. 276, Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Tuesday, October 28, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 18, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

POLICE FORCE

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained on application to Room No. 106, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road.

No.	Description	Fee	Date.
712	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of December, 1941.		November 17, 11 a.m.
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	
	" "B" Vegetables	100	
	" "C" Groceries	100	
	" "D" Bread	100	
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	
713	Catering to Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for December, 1941.	100	November 17, 11 a.m.

Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Governor of the Municipal Gaol, No. 147 Ward Road.

Gaol 73A	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Chinese Section, for a period of three months from December 1, 1941.	$500	November 11, 11 a.m.
73B	Supply of foodstuffs to Ward Road Gaol, Foreign Section, for a period of three months from December 1, 1941.	$100	November 11, 11 a.m.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Information regarding tenders under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Room No. 17, 223, Hankow Road.

6	Printing of Register of Medical Practitioners, Dentists and Veterinary Surgeons.		December 9, 11 a.m.
11	Construction of Concrete Vaults and other work for Municipal Cemeteries during 1942.		December 1, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Police Force. Tender No. 704. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of October, 1941.

Dombey & Son $7.06 per man per day including milk and bread.

Notification No. 5546. Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/72. Sale of 100 tons Cast Iron Scrap. Loong Dah Iron Co. $127,008.00.

Police Force. Tender No. 711. Supply of Boots and Shoes for the Foreign Branches, Shanghai Municipal Police.

	Boots	Shoes
Pille Shoe Co.	$60.00	$55.00

TENDERS RECEIVED

Police Force. Tender No. 703. Supply of Foodstuffs for Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of October 1941. No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1941. 1846

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Shanghai Municipal Council, acting in full accord and co-operation with the authorities of the French Concession, is determined to prevent profiteering in respect of the staple foodstuffs of the community, NOW, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that:

(1) With effect from Monday, November 10, 1941, no imported rice may be sold by wholesalers to retailers at a price in excess of $158.95 per bag of 224 lbs. (gross delivered weight ex godown) or by retailers at a price in excess of $130 per zar (80 kilos) nett delivered weight.

(2) Any person who sells imported rice at a price in excess of the prices specified in Clause (1) hereof will be liable to the cancellation of any Municipal licence which he may hold permitting him to sell foodstuffs in the International Settlement and will be denied the sanctuary of the Settlement and be liable to expulsion therefrom.

(3) Any wholesaler or retailer who refuses to sell any stocks of imported rice in his possession will be similarly liable to the suspension of any Municipal licence which he may hold permitting him to sell foodstuffs and will be denied the sanctuary of the Settlement and be liable to expulsion therefrom. The Council will offer to purchase such stocks of rice at a price not exceeding $120 per zar (according to the grade and quality of the rice concerned).

(4) The movement of rice of any quality or quantity from the International Settlement is prohibited except to the French Concession) without a special permit being first obtained from the Police. Furthermore, no movement of rice is permitted within the International Settlement without a permit, except that no permit is required by those consumers who are moving, within the International Settlement, such quantity of rice as consumers are from time to time permitted to purchase from retailers. Permits for the movement of rice in larger quantities will only be granted to recognised traders. Any rice found being moved in contravention of this proclamation will be confiscated by the Police on the spot without compensation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5618.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Municipal Loans will be closed from December 16 to December 31, both days inclusive.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5615.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Thursday and Friday, December 25 and 26, 1941, and Thursday and Friday, January 1 and 2, 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5617.
HOSPITAL FEES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council has authorised the following revised hospital fees, effective from December 1, 1941:—

	Present Fees	Revised Fees
Foreign Isolation Hospital:		
Resident		
1st. Class	$24.00	$30.00
2nd. Class	12.00	15.00
General Ward	Free	Free
Non-Resident		
1st. Class	30.00	38.00
2nd. Class	18.00	22.00
General Ward	12.00	15.00
General Ward (Seamen)	12.00	15.00
Defence Force		
1st. Class	12.00	15.00
2nd. Class	6.00	8.00
Chinese Isolation Hospital:		
1st. Class	9.00	12.00
General Ward	Free	Free
T. B. Sanatorium		
Resident		
1st. Class	24.00	30.00
2nd. Class	12.00	15.00
General Ward	Free	Free
Non-Resident		
1st. Class	30.00	38.00
2nd. Class	18.00	22.00
General Ward	12.00	15.00
General Ward (Seamen)	12.00	15.00

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5609.
FLOOD PREVENTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sections of Markham, Medhurst and Majestic Roads between the Soochow Creek and Bubbling Well Road will be closed to all vehicular traffic in successive stages during the construction of a flood relief drain beginning with the section of Markham Road between the Soochow Creek and Connaught Road on or about December 1, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 20, 1941.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road,

from
Monday, December 1,
to
Friday, December 5,
inclusive.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 5526 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 5526.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911 is cancelled and the following is issued in replacement thereof.

The Council is prepared to receive offers of deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six and twelve months in amounts up to $25,000. Interest will be allowed at rates of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively on deposits accepted. The rate of interest on amounts exceeding $25,000 will be subject to special arrangement.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at the date of maturity and, in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made, persons whose deposits cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such Debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,
R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 19, 1941.

H. O. WHITE BURSARY.

The H. O. White Bursary for 1941 has been awarded by the Council to Paul Vlatkin of the Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Fortnightly meeting held on October 29.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi and Y. Yazima.

Special meeting held on November 9. Present: Messrs. I. Okamoto (*Acting Chairman*), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mr. J. H. Liddell, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Mr. Yulin Hsi.

Fortnightly meeting held on November 13.—Present: Messrs. I. Okamoto (*Acting Chairman*), N. F. Allman, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell, T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. J. H. Liddell, G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Y. Yazima.

Special meeting held on November 19.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, Jabin Hsu, R. T. McDonnell and Y. Yazima.

Fortnightly meeting held on November 26.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. T. S. Powell, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, and R. T. McDonnell.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Health Committee, October 31.—Present: Mr. A. Glathe, (*Chairman*), Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Mr. G. A. Haley, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Dr. P. Muto Nardone, Mr. Y. Noda, Dr. W. S. Parsons and Dr. J. de Portaria. Absent: Dr. P. T. Chow, Mr. K. C. Hsu and Dr. Y. Tongu.

Education Board, November 5.—Present: Mr. L. T. Yuan (In the Chair) Dr. K. Bartels, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. T. Dean, Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings and Y. Nomura. Absent: Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Mr. K. Kuroda, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Dr. Sidney K. Wei.

Watch Committee, November 5.—Present: Messrs. I. Okamoto (*Chairman*), W. A. Hale, F. Hoehnke, Hsia Choong Fook, Jabin Hsu, R. G. MacDonald and R. T. McDonnell. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, Theodore C. Chang, and O. Okamoto.

Finance Committee, November 6.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (In the Chair) H. E. Arnhold, C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, G. Kanbe, and R. T. McDonnell. Absent: Messrs. Yulin Hsi, F. S. Hsu and J. H. Liddell.

Staff Committee, November 10.—Present: Messrs. T. S. Powell (*Chairman*), J. D. Carriere, Theodore C. Chang, R. von der Crone, A. Glathe, G. A. Haley, R. T. McDonnell, I. Okamoto and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mr. Yulin Hsi, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Mr. Y. Yazima.

LOTERIE DE BIENFAISANCE (RELIEF LOTTERY).

The Council has decided to take no action on the petition submitted by a number of ratepayers representing or connected with mission organizations, requesting rescission of the permission granted to the Loterie de Bienfaisance (Relief Lottery) to sell its lottery tickets in the International Settlement.

NOTIFICATION No. 5575. CONTROL OF RETAIL PRICES OF ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Senior Consul has conveyed to the Council that approval has been given in accordance with Land Regulation XI, to Byelaw 53, which is as follows:—

"All persons, partnerships, companies or corporations who sell by retail any commodity which the Council may from time to time announce by Municipal Notification to be subject to price control shall comply with such rules as the Council may from time to time announce by notification in regard to the keeping of records of the stock or storage of such commodities or in regard to the price at which such commodities shall be sold.

Any person, partnership, company or corporation violating any of the provisions contained in the rules promulgated by the Council in accordance with this bye-law shall be liable

(a) to punishment in accordance with Land Regulation XVII or to such other punishment as may seem just to the court having jurisdiction or

(b) to the suspension or cancellation by the Council of the licence or licences of such person, partnership, company or corporation or

to both such punishment and suspension or cancellation of licence or licences."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 4, 1941.

PROFITEERING AND HOARDING.

The Council wishes to remind ratepayers that it will be glad to receive written information, supported by evidence, of profiteering, hoarding, etc. in regard to commodities which the Council has announced to be subject to price control. Reports should be made in writing to the Secretary, Shanghai Municipal Council Price Control Office, Room 171, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

NOTIFICATION No. 5605. PRICE TAGS ON RETAIL COMMODITIES.

NOTICE is hereby given that tags, upon which are shown prices per pound, per dozen, per piece, etc., in figures not less than 1.2 in. in size must be placed on all goods which are offered for sale by retail and which have been or may be announced by the Council to be subject to price control.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5606. RECORDS OF STOCK OR STORAGE.

THE following rules must be complied with by all persons, partnerships, companies or corporations who sell by retail any commodities which have been or may be announced by Municipal Notification to be subject to price control:—

(1) Daily records must be kept of receipts of stocks of commodities showing
(a) the date of receipt.
(b) the name of the supplier.

(2) Records must be kept daily, or as often as is practicable, of deliveries of commodities to consumers showing the total amount of sales of each commodity. Any detailed records kept, such as sales slips or account books, must be available for inspection.

(3) Those who sell any wholesale quantities must keep separate records of each such sale showing the name of the buyer and the address of the buyer.

(4) Records of stock in hand must be kept daily, or as often as is practicable, in conformity with the keeping of records of deliveries. Such records must include all stocks belonging to the person, partnership, company or corporation concerned, and should any such stocks not be stored on the retailer's premises, records must show where such portion of the stock is stored.

(5) All records kept in accordance with this Notification must be open at all times for examination by the duly authorised officers of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5607. LICENCE CONDITIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from November 20, 1941, the following new condition is authorised for inclusion in the Bakery & Confectionery; Dairy; Food & Drink Stall; Food Shop, Food; Food Shop—Off, Chinese; Foreign Liquor—Off; Fruit Shop or Fruit Stall; Malt Liquor—Off; Market, Private; Other Foodstuffs No. 1 (Ice Cream); Other Foodstuffs No. 2 (Provision Store); Other Foodstuffs No. 3 (Rice); Other Foodstuffs No. 4 (Aerated water, fruit juice etc); Tobacco Shop or Stall and the Wine Shop—Off Licences.

"Any licensee in possession of stocks who refuses to sell by retail any commodity which the Council may from time to time announce by Municipal Notification to be subject to price control, will be liable to cancellation of his licence and the confiscation of the stocks in question."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 19, 1941.

EXCHANGE GRANTED S.M.C. BY STABILIZATION BOARD.

The Chairman of the Council, Mr. J. H. Liddell, and Dr. R. J. McMullen made a report to the Council on November 19 with regard to their recent visit to Hongkong and discussions with the Stabilization Board. They reported that in respect of the four month period beginning November 1, 1941, the Board had granted exchange for the purpose of importing 140,000 tons of rice, substantial quantities of flour and a sufficient quantity of vegetable oils to enable a substantial reduction in prices, and had allocated a substantial sum for the importation of coal.

The Board has shown sympathetic appreciation of the importance of providing Shanghai with vital commodities, and the public may rest assured that there is no reason for that lack of confidence in the city's future which has so evidently prevailed during the past few months. Foreign exchange for luxury articles will not be provided, but the Council feels confident that those articles which are necessary for the living of both the Chinese and foreign communities will be forthcoming. The public must help themselves by abstaining from panic and hoarding. The Board will not provide a cent of exchange for goods which are to be hoarded or sold at Black Market prices. The Council will do all it can to stabilise the situation, but cannot achieve success without public support.

The Council unanimously expressed satisfaction with the report made to them and thanked their two representatives for their services.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5597. VEGETABLE OILS.

HAVING obtained the necessary authority from the Exchange Stabilization Board, the Shanghai Municipal Council is prepared to receive offers for importation of a supply of up to 500 tons of Vegetable Oils suitable for cooking purposes.

Offers with particulars and samples, should be forwarded to the S.M.C. Price Control Office, Room No. 171, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than 5 p.m., Thursday, November 20, 1941.

Sales of Vegetable Oils imported will be under strict S.M.C. supervision and prices will be controlled by the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 16, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5598. BREAD PRICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that all licensed Bakers of ordinary white bread must submit details of their costs of manufacturing such bread, together with their present prices, to the S.M.C. Price Control Office, Room No. 171, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road,—not later than 5 p.m., Wednesday, November 19, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 17, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5599. REQUIREMENTS OF INDUSTRIAL COAL.

THE Council invites all users of coal for industrial purposes to make their minimum monthly requirements known to the Council, together with a statement as to their existing stocks. The Council requests that replies should be sent not later than Thursday, November 20, to the Secretary, Coal Committee, Room No. 167, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

Statements of requirements will be investigated subsequently, and those who are found to have forwarded exaggerated estimates will be penalised in regard to any allotments which the Council may be able to make.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 17, 1941.

STRONG ACTION AGAINST RICE PROFITEERS.

In May last the Council proved its ability to stabilise the price of Rice; its determination to prevent profiteering in Rice and other essential foodstuffs is no less strong today. The proclamation issued on November 9 by the Council in conjunction with the French Municipal Council should be read as both an appeal for the co-operation of all residents in whose interests strong measures are being taken, and a warning to any persons who continue to oppose these interests.

Given the whole-hearted co-operation of consumers, even where this involves their temporary inconvenience, the Council is confident that the measures, upon which it has now embarked and which it will be able to enlarge through its additional powers under the new Bye-Law will stamp out profiteering in Rice once and for all.

The public is entitled to know and should realise that stocks of Rice stored within the Settlement are ample for all consumers' needs. In fixing the maximum price of $130.— at which these stocks may be sold through recognised trade channels to consumers, the Council is fully satisfied that it is allowing not less than legitimate trade profits on stocks imported. Broken Saigon rice should of course be sold at a lower price. If in so vital a matter as the essential food of the majority of the Settlement's population, those, who may have sought to make profits by buying Rice at prices higher than those justified in the legitimate channels of the trade, are proved to have made bad bargains, they will hardly claim much of the public's consideration.

In the terms of the S.M.C. proclamation it becomes *an offence* to sell rice at a price in excess of $158.95 per bag wholesale or $130 per zar retail. It is *an offence* for licensed retailers to refuse to sell their stocks on hand. It is *an offence* to transport any rice within the boundaries of the Settlement without a permit, except in such small quantities as the Council from time to time prescribes as being the maximum single quantity purchaseable by consumers. No such permits will be issued for the movement of rice except when the Council is satisfied that the movement is required in the recognised normal channels of the business (i.e. from importer to established wholesale merchant to licensed retailer).

As the Council is appealing for co-operation from all sections of the community, it hopes that no more drastic action will prove necessary; and to establish confidence in its ability to ensure satisfactory distribution it offers to purchase stocks which owners may refuse to sell to the public. Stocks thus purchased will be offered for sale to recognised retailers co-operating with the Council or will be sold to consumers direct at the retail distributing depots which the Council has established.

The penalties for which offenders against the terms of the proclamation are liable include suspension of licence, expulsion from the Settlement and the confiscation of any Rice supplies found being moved without a permit.

The price of S.M.C. Rice has also been raised to $130.— per zah. This step has no connection with the fixing of the price of other imported Rice but is rendered necessary by an increase in the Hongkong price of the supplies which the Council is importing. While the price of imported rice in Shanghai depends upon its price in the country of origin, freight and other charges, orders for further shipments which the Council has already placed justify confidence that the price of $130.— can be maintained for some time to come.

Municipal Notifications were issued on November 9 in regard to the establishment of four depots—two for purchases of S.M.C. rice in small quantities by those who can not obtain S.M.C. rice from retailers—one to enable offices and institutions to obtain rice for their staffs—and one to enable the purchase of rice by Special Ratepayers in the Western Extra-Settlement Area.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5571. MUNICIPAL SALES DEPOTS FOR S.M.C. RICE.

IN order to make certain that the public of Shanghai shall at all times be able to obtain supplies of S.M.C. rice on the Council's selling terms, either from the retailers or failing that direct from the Council, the Council has decided for the present to establish one centrally located Sales Depot South of the Soochow Creek and one centrally located Sales Depot North of the Soochow Creek.

The Council is open to receive applications from individuals and firms who would be interested in handling the sales from these Depots on an Agency basis under the Council's supervision. Applicants must be experienced in and fully acquainted with the retailing of

rice in Shanghai and must be in a position to provide the necessary staff for an efficient and satisfactory handling of the Agency.

All applications should be made in writing to the undersigned and must be accompanied by references and all other essential particulars. Applications received later than November 5 will not be considered.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 31, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5574:
S.M.C. RICE.

UNTIL further notice no retailer shall be permitted to make a single sale of S.M.C. Rice to any one person of more than one-tenth of a zah (8 kilos).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 3, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5576.
RICE MOVEMENT PERMITS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the movement of rice of any quality or quantity from the International Settlement is prohibited (except to the French Concession) without special permit first obtained from the Police. Stocks carried or conveyed without Shanghai Municipal Council permit for removal from the International Settlement will be subject to confiscation by the Police on the spot.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 5, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5580.
S.M.C. RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that as from Monday, November 10, 1941, the Shanghai Municipal Council will increase its selling price for S.M.C. rice, and that as from the same date the maximum retail selling price to the public will be $130 per zar (80 kilos) net delivered weight.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5581.
S.M.C. RICE FOR RATEPAYERS OF WESTERN EXTRA-SETTLEMENT AREA.

RATEPAYERS residing in the *Western Extra-Settlement Area* may apply, commencing from 9 a.m. on Monday, November 10, at Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, (entrance from S.M.C. compound) for their monthly requirements of rice.

Applicants must produce S.M.C. Special Rate receipts as proof of payment of Special Rate for the last quarter, 1941, when making application to purchase S.M.C. rice at the above address.

Only responsible persons should be sent to make application since a form giving information required by the Council must be filled in.

When applications are approved payment must be made in *cash* prior to the issuance of Delivery Order. For the present the S.M.C. selling price for rice will be $165.10 per bag or $130.00 per zah ex-godown.

The office at Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, merely receives applications and payments for rice, and issues Delivery Orders to the approved applicant who must take delivery from S.M.C. Rice Depot, Bubbling Well Police Station, 172 Yu Yuen Road.

Applicants upon taking delivery from the Depot at Bubbling Well Police Station, 172 Yu Yuen Road, must arrange for removal at their own expense and without delay. Applicants moving quantities less than one bag must provide their own receptacles for taking the rice away.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5582.
S.M.C. RICE FOR SETTLEMENT OFFICES, FACTORIES, HOSPITALS, CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS AND SCHOOLS.

OFFICES, Factories, Hospitals, Charitable Organizations and Schools in the Settlement may apply, commencing at 9 a.m. on Monday, November 10 at Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, (entrance from S.M.C. compound), for their monthly requirements of rice.

Only responsible persons should be sent to make application since a form giving information required by the Council must be filled in.

When applications are approved payment must be made in *cash* prior to the issuance of Delivery Order. For the present the S.M.C. selling price will be $165.10 per bag of 224 lbs. delivered weight ex-godown.

The office at Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, merely receives applications and payments for rice and issues Delivery Orders to the approved applicants who must take delivery without delay from the Council's storage.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5583.

RICE—SELLING HOURS FOR RETAILERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that effective from Monday, November 10, 1941, and until further notice, the selling of rice by retail shops in the International Settlement will only be permitted between the hours of 6 a.m. to 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. to 6 p.m.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5584.

S. M. C. RICE RETAILING DEPOTS AT GORDON AND KUNGPING ROADS.

(For Settlement Residents Only)

IN accordance with Municipal Notification No. 5571 the Shanghai Municipal Council has now opened two Municipal Sales Depots and S.M.C. Rice will henceforth be obtainable from these Depots on the same terms and conditions as from the S.M.C. Rice Retail Shops in the Settlement.

The Depot for residents of the Settlement *South* of the Soochow Creek is located at the Gordon Road Police Station.

The Depot for residence *North* of the Soochow Creek is located at the Junction of Kungping and Point Roads.

For the present the selling hours of these Depots will be 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. daily.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5585.
RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that henceforth retailers in the Settlement shall be permitted to sell no rice in larger quantities than those stipulated by the Council for S.M.C. rice from time to time.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5586.
RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all rice retail shops are immediately required to put a notice on their shop doors stating who their usual wholesale suppliers are.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 10, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5587.
REGISTRATION OF RICE STOCKS.

ALL persons, banks, firms and parties having a financial and/or controlling interest in local stocks of Rice in excess of one month's requirements for own consumption, are hereby requested to register such stocks with the Council (Administration Building, Room No. 167) not later than Friday, November 14.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 11, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5588.
RICE IN WHARVES AND PUBIC GODOWNS.

ALL Wharves and Public Godowns in the International Settlement of Shanghai are hereby requested on/or before Friday, November 14, to forward to the Council, Administration Building, Room No. 167, a complete list of all stocks of Rice in their godowns with indication of the known owners or controllers of such stocks.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5591.
RICE—SELLING HOURS FOR RETAILERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that Notification No. 5583 is hereby amended and that effective from Wednesday, November 12, 1941, and until further notice, the selling of rice by retail shops in the International Settlement will be permitted between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5592.
REGISTRATION OF RICE STOCKS.

REFERENCE is made to Notification No. 5587 requesting the registration of local stocks of rice with the Council not later than Friday, November 14.

Notice is hereby given that there is no intention of confiscating stocks which have been stored to a reasonable amount for purposes of own consumption by those so registering stocks.

Registration forms may be obtained from Room No. 167, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 13, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5593.
MIXING OF RICE STOCKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is forbidden to mix any stocks of rice of different grades or qualities which are intended for sale.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 13, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5602.
REGISTRATION OF RICE STOCKS.

ATTENTION is directed to Municipal Notification No. 5587 dated November 11, requiring the registration of rice stocks in excess of one month's normal requirements.

Those who have not as yet filed a declaration of such stocks are requested to do so without further delay.

Application for the form of declaration should be made to the Secretary, Rice Control Committee, Room No. 167, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

In particular, the attention of hotels, restaurants and firms is directed to this reminder.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5603.
S. M. C. RICE FOR SETTLEMENT OFFICES, FACTORIES, HOSPITALS, CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS AND SCHOOLS.

SETTLEMENT Offices, Factories, Hospitals, Charitable Organizations and Schools in the International Settlement when making application to purchase S. M. C. rice at Room 703 Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road (entrance from S. M. C. compound) for their monthly requirements of rice, must produce General Municipal Rate Receipts as proof of payment of Municipal rate for the last quarter.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5612.
RICE MOVEMENT PERMITS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from Monday, November 24, a charge of 20 cents per bag will be made for all permits issued for the movement of rice of all qualities.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5595.
S.M.C. RICE OFFICE AND DEPOTS. OFFICIAL HOURS.

COMMENCING from Monday, November 17, 1941, the office hours of the S.M.C. Rice Office and Depots will be as follows:—

S.M.C. Rice Office at Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, entrance from S.M.C. Compound.	9 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Saturdays: 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.
S.M.C. Rice Depot, Bubbling Well Police Station, 172 Yu Yuen Road	9 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Saturdays: 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.
S.M.C. Rice Depot, Messrs. G. E. Marden's Race Course Market Godown, Burkill Road.	9 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Saturdays: 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

(The above S.M.C. Rice Office and Depots will not be open on Sundays and Public Holidays).

S.M.C. Rice Retail Depot, Gordon Road Police Station.	6 a.m. to 6 p.m.
S.M.C. Rice Retail Depot, Kungping Road.	6 a.m. to 6 p.m.

(The above rice retail depots will remain open on Sundays and Public Holidays, unless otherwise advertised).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 14, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5577.
FLOUR.

A meeting of established Wholesale Dealers of Flour in the International Settlement and French Concession will be held in the Council Chamber, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, on Monday, November 10, commencing at 2 p.m.

It is the intention of leading Wholesale Dealers of Flour to form at this meeting an Association of Wholesale Dealers of Flour to finance in local currency the imports of flour by the Shanghai Municipal Council at the official rate of exchange if obtainable. Sales of flour so imported will be under strict S.M.C. control and prices will be fixed by the Council.

All established Wholesale Dealers of Flour in the Settlement and French Concession desirous of attending the meeting convened for Monday, November 10, should inform the undersigned in writing as soon as possible and not later than 4 p.m. on Friday, November 7.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 5, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5590.
S.M.C. FLOUR.

THE Council is prepared, until 5 p.m. Friday, November 14, 1941, to receive applications from reputable firms for the financing of the Council's importation of flour, the first shipments amounting to approximately Sh.$2,000,000.-00. Sales of the flour will be under strict S.M.C. control and prices will be fixed by the Council.

Applications should be accompanied by a bank guaranteed cheque for $2,000,000.00 and should be addressed to the Price Control

Office, Room No. 171, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road from whom relevant information may be obtained.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5594.
FLOUR.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from November 15, 1941, the movement of flour of any quality or quantity in excess of one bag within or from the International Settlement is prohibited (except to the French Concession) without special permit first obtained from the Shanghai Municipal Council's Price Control Office. Application forms may be obtained from Room No. 705, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road. A fee of twenty cents per bag will be charged. Stocks carried or conveyed without S. M. C. permit will be subject to confiscation by the Police on the spot.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 14, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5608.
REGISTRATION OF FLOUR STOCKS.

ALL persons, firms, banks, and parties having a financial and/or controlling interest in local stocks of flour in excess of one month's requirements for own consumption must register such stocks together with their daily requirements with the Council at Room No. 701, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road (entrance from the Compound) not later than Thursday, November 27, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5620.
STORAGE OF EXPLOSIVES, GUNPOWDER, PETROL AND OTHER DANGEROUS MATERIALS.

NOTICE is hereby given that, as from December 1, 1941, the following new condition will be added to the Licence for Storage of Explosives, Gunpowder, Petrol and Other Dangerous Materials:—

"The licensee shall, when required, keep a plan of each floor of the premises showing thereon the approximate positions and quantities of all goods stored. This plan shall be kept on the premisess and shall be immediately available, for the information of the Fire Brigade, at any time of the day or night."

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5596.
RETAIL PRICES FOR COMMODITIES.
OFFICIAL LIST No. 1.

THE following commodities are hereby announced to be subject to price control (within the meaning of Byelaw LIII) and from Tuesday, November 18, 1941, may not be sold by retail in the International Settlement at prices exceeding those specified in this Notification.

Compradore Shops.

Muller & Phipps (China) Ltd.		
Kolynos Dental Cream,	Medium Tube	$ 2.65 per tube
" " "	Large "	4.80 " "
Maxwell House Coffee,	1 lb. tin	9.75 " tin
Gillette Razor (Blue)	Blades, Five	6.50 " packet
China Soap Co., Ltd.		
Sunlight Soap (large size)	Double Tablet	$ 1.20
White Honey Soap	" "	0.95
" "	Bar	2.85
Fragrant Honey	Double Tablet	0.85
Fine Primrose	Bar	2.50
Lux Toilet Soap	Tablet	0.85
Boracic and Cold Cream Soap	"	1.35
Lever's Toilet Soap	"	0.55
Lever's Health Soap	"	0.55
Lifebuoy Carbolic Soap	Carton (3 doublet)	4.00
" Toilet Soap	Tablet	0.70
Lux Flakes	Carton	1.50
Radion	"	2.00
Vim Powder	Tin	1.35
American Far Eastern Match Co.		
"Phoenix" Brand		$ 0.25 per box
"Rose Tree"		0.22 " "
"Tiger"		0.22 " "
"Wheel"		0.22 " "
Slowe & Co., Ltd.		
Allenburys Milk Food No. 1	9 oz.	$11.00 per tin
" " " No. 1	18 "	18.75 " "
" " " No. 2	18 "	18.75 " "
" Malted Food No. 3	23½ "	10.15 " "
Nestle's Milk Products (China) Ltd.		
Eagle 1's	14 oz.	$ 4.40 per tin
" Mins	4 "	1.50 " "
Lucky Dice 1's	14 "	3.75 " "
Nestlé Evaporated Talls	14½ "	2.70 " "
" ½'s	6 "	1.35 " "
St. Charles Talls	14½ "	2.70 " "
" " ½'s	6 "	1.35 " "
Nestlé Thick Cream 1's	8 "	3.20 " "
" " " ½'s	4 "	1.60 " "
Lactogen 3's	3 lbs.	36.00 " "
" 1's	1 lb.	12.50 " "
" ½'s	½ "	6.50 " "
Nestlé Powdered Full Cream Milk	5 lbs.	60.00 " "
" " " " "	2½ "	31.00 " "
Nestogen	1 lb.	12.50 " "
Eledon	250 grms.	12.50 " "
Malted Milk	1 lb.	12.50 " "
Milo	1 "	12.50 " "
Nestlé Food	12 oz.	10.50 " "
" Oats	20 "	5.20 " "
Gerber Petit Gruyere Swiss Cheese	8 "	12.00 " "
Nescafe	16 "	30.00 " "
"	4 "	10.50 " "
"	2½ "	7.30 " "
Peter's Cocoa 1's	1 lb.	10.00 " "
" " ½'s	½ "	5.60 " "
" " ¼'s	¼ "	3.10 " "
I. P. Tkchenko		
Macaroni and Spaghetti	1st quality	$ 1.80 per lb.
" " "	2nd "	1.65 " "
Getz Brothers & Co.		
Klim	1 lb.	$16.00 per tin
"	2½ "	37.50 " "
"	5 "	70.00 " "
H. M. Hodges.		
Horlicks No. 1 size bottles	½ lb.	$ 7.75 per bottle
" No. 2 " "	1 "	15.50 " "
" No. 3 " "	2½ lbs.	36.00 " "
" No. 4 " "	5 "	67.00 " "
Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.		
Vitayna Margarine		$ 3.90 per lb
Shield "		3.30 " "
" Salad Oil 5 A.G. tins		115.00 " tin
" " " 1 A.G. "		33.00 " "
" " " ¼ A.G. "		10.00 " "
" " Bottled		7.00 per bottle
D. M. P. Cambridge Sausages 1 lb. tins		8.00 " tin
D. M. P. Oxford Club Sausages 1 lb. tins		8.25 " "

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. (*Cont'd*)

D. M. P. Pork Links Sausages 1 lb. tins	$ 8.00	per tin
D. M. P. Vienna Sausage 9½ oz. tins	5.80	„ „
D. M. P. Frankfurter Sausages 10 oz. tins	6.00	„ „
D. M. P. Pork Homemade Style Sausages 10 oz. tins	6.60	„ „
D. M. P. Pork Cocktail 6 oz. tins	5.25	„ „
Pacific Milk 16 oz. tins	3.20	„ „
"Cow & Gate" 2 lbs. tins	37.50	„ „

Connell Brothers Co., Ltd.

Carnation Evaporated Milk Tall tins	14½ oz.	$ 3.10	per tin
„ „ „ „ Baby „	6 „	1.55	„ „
Blue Cross (Sweetened Condensed)	14 „	4.20	„ „
Quaker Oats	20 „	5.65	„ „
Rolled Oats	90 lbs.	1.75	„ lb.
Hills Coffee	½ lb.	6.25	„ tin
„ „	1 „	11.40	„ „
„ „	2 lbs.	21.85	„ „
Baking Powder	1 lb.	13.75	„ „
„ „ „	½ „	7.24	„ „
„ „ „	¼ „	3.75	„ „
Karo Syrup Blue	1½ „	4.70	„ „
„ „ Red	1½ „	5.10	„ „
Kingsford's Gloss Starch	1 „	3.00	„ package
„ „ Corn „	1 „	„	„
Argo Gloss Starch	1 „	2.50	„ „
Liberty Corn Starch	1 „	2.40	„ „

Union Brewery Ltd.

U. B. Pilsener—Light	48 qts.	$79.25	nett delivered
„ „ „	72 pts.	79.25	„ „
„ „ „	12 qts.	19.85	„ „
„ „ „	12 pts.	13.25	„ „
„ Beer—Dark	72 pts.	79.25	„ „
„ „ „	12 „	13.25	„ „
„ Stout	72 „	91.25	„ „
„ „	12 „	15.25	„ „
Albion Pale Ale	72 „	94.50	„ „
„ „ „	12 „	15.75	„ „

Harvie, Cooke & Co., Ltd.

"Anchor" Brand New Zealand Butter	$ 9.60	per lb.
Brooke Bond's "Rickshaw" Brand Ceylon Tea	15.00	„ „

Imperial Chemical Industries (China) Ltd.

	Per Pkg.
Mansion Polish 1 lb. tin	$ 9.96
„ „ 2 lbs. „	18.54
„ „ 4 „ „	34.19
„ „ 7 „ „	55.37
Min Cream	5.75
Polished Cloth	2.13
Cardinal Polish	6.99
Bag Blue ½ oz.	.43
Anchor Polish	2.84
Bluebell C	3.19
Brass Polish (Brasso No. 6)	3.19
Silvo Polish	3.33
Dettol No. 4	5.97
„ No. 16	9.14
Stearadent, small tins	5.25
„ large „	9.14
Mustard D. S. F. 1 lb. tin	20.94
„ „ ½ „ „	11.11
„ „ ¼ „ „	5.75
„ „ 2 oz. „	3.36
Rice Starch 4/5 lb. paper pkts.	16.66
„ „ 1 lb. folders	4.30
Lemon Barley Water—bottles	14.60
„ „ Crystals ½ lb. tin	6.44
Scott's Emulsion, large size	21.84
„ „ small „	12.63

Pharmacies.

Muller & Phipps (China) Ltd. (Denver Chemical Co.)

Antiphlogistine Trial Size	$ 4.25	per tin	
„ „ Small „	8.10	„ „	
„ „ Medium „	12.30	„ „	
„ „ Large „	20.40	„ „	
„ „ Hospital Size	40.75	„ „	

Connell Bros. Co., Ltd. (E. R. Squibb & Sons).

A.B.D.G. (High Potency) Vitamin Capsules Squibb	Bottle of 25	$29.75	per bottle
„ „ „ „ „	„ „ 100	91.00	„ „
Calfo-Rayol Tablets Squibb	„ „ 25	21.00	„ „
„ „ „	„ „ 100	73.50	„ „
Culpribferrum Syrup Squibb	16 fl. oz. bottle	35.00	„ „
Dental Cream Squibb	Full size tube	9.80	„ tube
Epinephrine in Oil Squibb	1 c.c. ampul.	5.78	„ ampul
Ether Squibb (for Anesthesia)	¼ lb. tin	10.50	„ tin
Glycolixir Squibb	8 fl. oz. bottle	29.75	„ bottle
„ „ „	16 „ „ „	54.25	„ „
Iodobismital with Saligenin	2 c.c. ampuls	7.35	„ ampul
„ „ „	50 c.c. vial	105.00	„ vial

(*Continued on Page 264*)

NOTIFICATION No. 5616.

TAVERN.

The issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Max Sperber of 210 Broadway in respect of the premises No. 210 Broadway is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, December 8, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Temporary High Cost of Living Allowances.

High Cost of Living allowances for November have been authorised for issue to Shanghai Municipal Council employees as follows:—

Chinese Employees not serving under Letters of Appointment.

260% on the first $200 of monthly pay.

220% on the remainder.

Minimum allowance of $66 a month.

Note:

In addition to the High Cost of Living Allowance there is issued a Rice Allowance which is determined on the 25th day of every month.

Foreign Employees; and Chinese Employees serving under Letters of Appointment.

260% on the first $500 of monthly pay.

220% on the second $500 of monthly pay.

170% on the remainder.

In respect of Class "A" foreign employees who are in receipt of Exchange Adjustment on Repatriation, they (with a low limit of 3 5/32d) the above allowance will be computed on two-thirds of their monthly pay.

The following additional allowances apply in the case of married male employees serving under Letters of Appointment.

Marriage allowance for employees with salaries of $700 or less at 20% of monthly pay with a minimum of $100.

Children's allowance for employees with salaries of over $700 and not exceeding $1250 at $50 per child per mensem (maximum $100).

RICE ALLOWANCE FOR CHINESE STAFF.

The Rice Allowance authorized by the Shanghai Municipal Council for issue to Chinese employees has been fixed at $47.50 for November

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS SUB-COMMITTEES.

The Council has approved a recommendation of the Education Board that two Special Committees (functioning as sub-committees of the Education Board) be formed to consider applications for educational grants for 1942, with the following membership:—

Foreign Schools.—Dr. K. Bartelt, Mr. A. Brondal, Mr. A. V. T. Dean, Mrs. Lancelot Giles, Messrs. Victor Hanson, W. J. Hawkings, K. Kuroda, Dr. R. J. McMullen and Mr. Y. Nomura.

Chinese Schools.—Mr. P. S. Hsu, Dr. T. Y. Hu, Dr. H. D. Ling, Mr. Z. K. Mo, Mrs. J. H. Sun, Dr. Sidney K. Wei and Mr. L. T. Yuan.

NOTIFICATION No. 5589.

STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS OR DANGEROUS GOODS.

THE attention of the public is directed to the necessity of applying for and obtaining a licence for the storage of hazardous or dangerous liquids and solids before proceeding to store such goods. Licence application forms may be obtained at the Revenue Licensing Office (corner of Kiangse & Foochow Roads) and the nature of the hazardous commodity or commodities should be clearly stated thereon. Until the building or site has been approved no hazardous or dangerous goods are permitted to be stored therein and, subsequent to the licence being approved, application must be made to the Fire Brigade for a Transportation Permit for all hazardous goods transported to the licenced building or site.

Hazardous and/or Dangerous Goods the storage of which is subject to licence include the following:—

Acetone, Alcohol, Amyl Acetate, Benzine, Benzol, Carbon Disulphide, Collodion, Ether, Gasoline (Petrol), Hydrochloric Acid, Kerosene, Lacquers (Nitrocellulose), Methyl Acetate, Naptha, Nitric Acid, Rubber Cement, Sulphuric Acid, Toluol, Turpentine, Varnishes *and many other inflammable and dangerous liquids.*

Also: Aluminium Powder, Ammunition, Ballistics of any description associated with explosives, Calcium Carbide, Celluloid, Chlorate of Potash (Potassium Chlorate), Chlorates of any metal (Salts of Chloric Acid), Cordite, Dynamite, Flash Powders, Fire Crackers, Fulminates, Time Fuses, Gun Cotton (nitro-cotton), Blasting Gelatine, Magnesium, all Nitrates (Salts of Nitric Acid), Perchlorates, Phosphorous (yellow or white), Picric Acid, Potassium, Potassium Cyanide, Saltpetre (see Nitrates), Sodium, Sodium Peroxide, Sodium Hydrosulphite, Sulphur, Zinc Dust *and many other inflammable and dangerous materials.*

Should any doubt exist regarding the nature of a commodity reference should be made to the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade who will provide the necessary information and issue instructions regarding transportation and storage.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,

Shanghai, November 11, 1941.

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Surcharge.

As a result of a review of the surcharge on the basic sale price of gas, the Council has authorised continuation of the existing surcharge of 160% in respect of accounts for consumption periods ending on and before December 31, 1941, subject to reconsideration of the matter at any time at the request of either the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., or the Council.

Connell Bros. Co., Ltd. (E. R. Squibb & Sons) (*Cont'd.*)

Milk of Magnesia Squibb	4 fl. oz. bottle	$ 5.25	per bottle
" " " "	12 " " "	9.45	" "
Navitol Squibb	10 c.c. vial	18.20	" vial
" " "	50 c.c. "	59.50	" "
Navitol Malt Compound Squibb	1 lb. jar	52.50	" jar
Neoarsphenamine Squibb	0.15 gm. ampul	6.30	" ampul
" "	0.30 " "	7.35	" "
" "	0.45 " "	8.05	" "
" "	0.60 " "	8.75	" "
" "	0.75 " "	9.80	" "
" "	0.90 " "	10.85	" "
Nitrazine Paper Squibb	Vial of 100 strips	6.30	" vial
Oral Parborate	Regular size	14.70	" "
Rayolex Tablets Squibb	Bottle of 80	29.75	per bottle
" "	" " 250	66.50	" "
Serenium Tablets 0.1 gm. Squibb	" " 25	31.50	" "
Sobisminol Mass Capsules 750 Mgm. Squibb	" " 25	43.75	" "
" " "	" " 100	157.50	" "
Stabisol Squibb	12 c.c. bottle	15.75	" "
" "	60 " "	52.50	" "
Sulphanilamide Tablets 5 gr.	Bottle of 25	9.45	" "
" " 5 "	" " 100	23.80	" "
Vigran Capsules Squibb	" " 50	77.00	" "
Vitavose Chocolate Flavoured Squibb	12 oz. tin	15.75	" "
Yeast Tablets Improved Squibb	Bottle of 100	14.70	" "
" " "	" " 1000	85.75	" "
Zygon (Squibb Wheat Germ Oil)	2 fl. oz. bottle	63.00	" "

H. C. Dixon & Son Ltd.

Bismag Powder & Tabs.	Large size	$11.00
" " "	Small size	5.60
Eno's Fruit Salt	Household size (8-oz.)	20.00
" " "	Handy size (4-oz.)	12.50

Evans' Sons Lescher & Webb Ltd.'s Products.

Asprevan	100 x 5-gr. tabs.	$12.00
Colliron	4-oz.	14.50
"	8-oz.	24.00
Collozin	4-oz.	9.50
Ephrelix	4-oz.	15.00
Ephretuss	4-oz.	16.50
"	16-oz.	57.50
Evansol	4-oz.	2.90
"	8-oz.	5.25
"	16-oz.	8.70
Germicidal Soap (Midgleys)	1%	4.20
Hepatex Oral	4-oz.	60.00
Hepatex with Iron	2-oz.	38.50
Hepatex—T	10 cc.	28.50
"	6 amps. of 2 cc.	35.00
H.C.T.	6 amps. of 1 cc.	28.00
H.C.I.	12 amps. of 1 cc.	50.00
Neo Hepatex	6 amps. of 1 cc.	38.00
" "	6 amps. of 2 cc.	57.00
Hepovite	6-oz.	28.50
Heprona	6-oz.	28.50
Iodised Throat Tablets (Evans)	Bottles of 50	3.75
Medisoap Tablet		6.50
Novasorb Powder	2-oz.	10.50
" "	4-oz.	16.50
" "	8-oz.	31.00
Evans Throat Pastilles		5.50
Streptocide Tablets 0.5 Gm. 25		5.50
" " 0.5 Gm. 100		15.50
Streptocide Ointment	2-oz.	11.50
Sunvita	1-lb.	13.00
"	2-lbs	24.00
Zant	5-oz.	5.80
"	10-oz.	9.70

Ciba (China) Ltd.

Agomensin tabl. 20s	$35.20
" amp. 5s	35.20
Androstin Tabl. 30s	51.60
" amp. 6s	55.20
Carbantren tabl. 20s	18.40
Coagulen amp. 5x5 cc.	43.60
Coramine amp. 5s	26.80
" liquid 15 cc.	29.20
Dial tablets 12s	25.20
Elbon powder 25 gm.	42.40
" tablets 20s	42.40
Entero-Vioform tabl. 20s	27.60
Lutocycline amp. 3x2 mgm.	56.15
Ovocycline amp. 5x1 mgm.	87.05
Percainal ointment 20 gm.	17.20
Phytin tablets 40s	41.20
Prokliman tablets 40s	46.40
Resyl Drops 20 gm.	23.20
Sistomensin tablets 40s	43.60
" amp. 5s	42.80
Spasmo-Cibalgin tablets 20s	32.00
Vioform sprays 3.5 gm.	16.00
" powder 25 gm	44.80

Burroughs Wellcome & Co.

"Tabloid" Open Wove Bandages	1" x 3 yards	$ 1.80
" " " "	2½" x 3 yards	2.50
"Borofax" Boric Acid Ointment	Small	3.60
" " "	Large	7.10
"Elixoid" Ephedrine Compound	4-oz.	13.00
"Hypoloid" Products (Ampoules)		
" Emetine Hydrochloride	0.03-gm. 10	26.00
" "	0.065-gm. 6	27.40
" Stilboestrol 1-mgm.	6	14.40
" 5-mgm.	6	15.90
"Wellcome" Insulin	100-units in 5 c.c.	11.60
" "	200-units in 5 c.c.	21.60
" Protamine Insulin (With Zinc) Suspension	200-units in 5 c.c.	17.70
"Ryzamin-B" Rice Polishings Concentrate	15-gm.	10.50
" " " "	100-gm.	57.70

"Tabloid" Products

"Tabloid" Aloas and Iron B.P. gr-4 s/c.	100	10.00
" Barbitone gr-5	100	25.00
" Blaud Pill gr-5 s/c.	100	5.80
" " Compound s/c.	100	8.50
" Calcium Gluconate with Calciferol	100	32.30
" Calomel gr-1/2	100	5.20
" " gr-1	100	7.20
" Carbarsone 0.25-gm.	20	11.50
" Cascara Sagrada gr-2 s/c	25	2.50
" " " " "	100	6.40
" " " " gr-5 "	25	4.40
" " " " "	100	13.00
" Digoxin 0.25-mgm.	25	7.70
" "Empirin" Acetylsalicylic Acid gr-5	25	4.40
" " " " " Compound	100	13.10
" " " " "	25	7.10
" " " " "	100	21.50
" " Compound with Codeine "	25	16.50
" " " "	100	53.60
" Ephedrine Hydrochloride gr-¼	25	4.30
" " " "	100	13.00
" " " "	25	6.30
" " " gr-½	100	18.80
" Iodine Compound	25	3.40
" " "	100	8.70
" Laxative Vegetable s/c	25	4.70
" " "	100	14.30
" Nicotinic Acid 0-05-gm.	100	37.50
" "Pepana" s/c	25	7.10
" " "	100	21.50
" Phenacetin Compound	25	4.70
" Quinine Bisulphate gr-2 s/c	25	6.10
" " " gr-3 "	25	8.40
" " " " "	100	27.20
" " " gr-5 "	25	12.70
" " " " "	100	44.50
" Hydrochloride gr-2 s/c	100	24.40
" " gr-5 "	25	15.00
" "Saxin" gr-¼	100	7.40
" " "	200	13.20
" " "	500	30.70
" "Soda-Mint"	25	2.80
" Sulphonamide-P 0.5-gm.	25	7.50
" "	100	23.10
"Tannafax" Tannic Acid Jelly	20-gm.	3.90
" " " "	4-oz.	11.80

Miscellaneous

Patons & Baldwins Ltd.

"Three Bees" Fingering	$ 48.00 per lb.
"Beehive" Zephyr Wool	43.20 " "
"Iris" Fingering	41.60 " "
"Bee Bee" Knitting Wool	53.60 " "
"White Heather" Baby Wool	57.60 " "
" Shetland Wool	57.60 " "

Standard-Vacuum Oil Company

Mobilgas in tins of 5 Am. gals.	$ 6.20 per U. S. gal.
" Bulk ex pump	5.20 " " "
Eagle Kerosene in tins of 5 Am. gals.	5.60 " " "
" " " bulk	1.00 per catty of 1.2 lbs.
" Candles 12 oz. size per case of 25 pkgs.	41.00 per case
Gargoyle Mobiloils 1 gal. tins	22.00 per tin
" " 5 " "	110.00 " "
" " drums/barrels	22.00 " U.S. gal.
" " c. and c.w. (gear oils)	21.60 " 1 gal. tin
" " " " "	108.00 " 5 " "
" " " " drums/barrels	21.60 " U.S. gal.
Upper Cylinder Lubrication Oil 4 oz. tin	2.50 " tin
Mobilgrease 5 lb. Litho. tins	20.90 " "
" 50 " " "	173.00 " "

Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North-China) Ltd.

Shell Gasoline in tins of 5 Am. gals.	$ 6.20 per U. S. gal.
Shell Gasoline ex pump	5.20 " " "
"Crown" Kerosene in tins of 5 Am. gals	5.60 " " "
"Crown" Kerosene in bulk	1.00 " catty of 1.2 lbs.

(Continued on Page 266)

NOTIFICATION No. 5619.

WATCHMEN—SUPERVISION FEE.

Deposit & Fees for Police Supervision of Weapons.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from January 1, 1942, a deposit will be required for each weapon loaned by the Police for arming private watchmen under Police supervision, as follows:—

.303 Carbine	$ 300
.455 Webley Revolver ...	400
Colt Automatic Pistol ..	2,000

This deposit, which will be forfeited in the event of the loss of the weapon under any circumstances, will be refunded on return of the weapon in good order.

With effect from January 1, 1942, the watchmen's supervision fees and charges for the hire of weapons will be amalgamated as follows:

	per month
Unarmed watchmen	$ 8.00
Armed Watchmen (Privately owned weapon)	12.00
Armed Watchmen (Council owned weapon)	15.00

With effect from January 1, 1942, monthly fees will be instituted for Police weapons at present on loan under the system which was in effect prior to July 31, 1938.

These charges will cover the cost of ammunition required for training as well as general maintenance of the weapon but will not cover cost of repairs to privately owned weapons.

Application forms for the hire of arms under the above conditions are obtainable at the Police Station of the district in which the watchman is employed.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5613.

CONSTRUCTION OF LARGE CONCRETE DRAIN.

TENDERS are invited for the Construction of a Large Concrete Drain in the Western District 8,000 feet long. For particulars, apply to Room 336, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 22, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5572.

ORDURE REMOVAL.

TENDERS are invited for the removal of ordure during 1942. For particulars, apply to Room 336, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 31, 1941.

Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China) Ltd. *(Cont'd.)*

"Crown" candles 12 oz. size per case of 25 pkgs.		$41.00 per case
Shell Motor Oil 1 A.G. tin		22.00 per tin
and Gear Oil 5 A.G. tin		110.00 „ „
	In T.T. per A.G.	22.00 „ A.G.
Shell Upper Cylinder Oil		
1 Imp. Pint Litho tin		13.33 „ tin
Shell Motor Grease	5 lb. plain tin	14.00 „ „
	2 lb. litho tin	8.20 „ „
Shelltox	Pint tin	2.75 „ „
	Quart tin	4.50 „ „
	Gallon tin	15.00 „ „
	5 Gallon tin	62.00 „ „
	Sprayers	4.25 „ „

Retailers are requested, insofar as they are able, to limit their sales to the **immediate** requirements of their customers.

Further price lists will be published in due course as they become available.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 16, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5614.
FIRE BRIGADE AMBULANCE SERVICE.

IN view of the increased cost of operating the Fire Brigade Hospital Ambulance Service, the charges set forth in Municipal Notification No. 5381, dated January 20, 1941 are revised as follows with effect from December 1, 1941.

For Ordinary Sickness (i.e. Non-Infectious Cases):—

Residents of the International Settlement and Extra-Settlement Roads:	$11.00 for the first hour or any portion thereof.
Non-Residents of the International Settlement or Extra-Settlement Roads:	$15.00 for the first hour or any portion thereof.
Each period of 15 minutes (or portion thereof) in excess of the first hour:	$3.00

For Infectious Cases (Communicable Diseases):—

Residents of the International Settlement and Extra-Settlement Roads:	Removal to Hospital free. Removal from Hospital — charges as for Ordinary Sickness published above.
Non-Residents of the International Settlement or Extra-Settlement Roads:	Removal to or from Hospital —charges as for Ordinary Sickness published above.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5579.
MUNICIPAL GAZETTE.

TENDERS are invited for the printing and distribution of the English edition of the Municipal Gazette during 1942.

Information and tender forms may be obtained from the Secretariat, Room No. 150, Administration Building. Closing date—December 1, 1941, 11 a.m.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 8, 1941.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Appointment—Commissions:—

The undermentioned is appointed 2nd Lieutenant with effect from November 20, 1941.—

Portuguese Company—1st Sgt. Manuel Antonio Ferras

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—

The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regulations.—Corps Headquarters. Maj. H. S. Bartley October 29, 1941.

Japanese Company. Lt. K. Kubota October 14, 1941.

"B" Bn. Headquarters. Maj. H. D. Rodger October 8, 1941.

Reserve of Officers "B". Capt. W. J. Brown October 8, 1941;Capt. V. J. B. Holland, M. C. October 14, 1941; 2nd Lt. T. d'Oliveira October 23, 1941.

Resignations:—

Jewish Company. Lt. B. A. Slossman resigned his commission —October 27, 1941.

Medical Officers.—Capt. S. K. Squires resigned his commission—November 23, 1941; Lt. R. Sundsbak resigned his commission—November 11, 1941.

Retirements:—

The commission of the undermentioned lapsed (M. C. R. 23) with effect from date shown against his name:—

Reserve of Officers "B"—Lieut. P. F. J. Eardley—October 29, 1941.

Decease:—

The decease of the undermentioned officer is recorded with regret:—

Reserve of Officers "B"—Lt. W. A. Adams, died November 16, 1941.

DEFENCE SECTORS.

IT is proposed that on the departure from Shanghai of the Fourth Regiment United States Marines, the responsibility for the preservation of law and order in Sector "C" shall be placed upon the Shanghai Municipal Police who will request, when necessary, the assistance of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps. In the event of grave emergency, the Council will also request the assistance of the other Defence Forces of the Settlement.

It is proposed that precisely similar arrangements shall apply to Sector "B" as to Sector "C", viz: that the responsibility for preserving law and order shall be placed on the Shanghai Municipal Police calling, when necessary, for the assistance of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5578.
DANCING SALOON.

THE issue of a Dancing Saloon Licence in favour of Mr. Zung Wai Shee of 4, Bubbling Well Road in respect of the premises No. 4 Bubbling Well Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Saturday, November 15, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5604.
DANCING SALOON AND TAVERN.

THE issue of a Dancing Saloon and an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. J. M. de Souza of 531, Thorburn Road in respect of the premises No. 1, Lane No. 24, Ward Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Friday, November 28, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 19, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5573.
TRENCH PILING AND EXCAVATION.

TENDERS are invited for Sheet Piling and Excavation of Trenches during the twelve calendar months ending December 31, 1942. For particulars, apply to Room 133, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 1, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5600.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Vacancy—Assistant Pharmacist.

THE Council is prepared to receive applications from persons of any nationality for the post of Assistant Pharmacist.

Requirements:—

(1) Foreign statutory qualifications in Pharmacy.
(2) Adequate knowledge of English.
(3) Age not over 35, preferably unmarried.

The candidate selected will be required to pass a medical examination of physical fitness before engagement, and give satisfactory service during a probationary period of at least six months before appointment is confirmed.

Particulars as to Pay and Allowances may be obtained from Room 159 of the Secretariat where application forms may be had on personal request.

Applications in candidates' own handwriting, giving full information as to qualifications and experience, accompanied by copies of recent testimonials, should be addressed to the Secretary and Commissioner General, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, not later than December 11, 1941.

Canvassing of Members of Council and/or Committees will entail disqualification.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 18, 1941.

SUN SUN COMPANY FIRE.

Generous Tribute to Brigade Work.

Mr. C. T. Shaw, Manager of the Sun Sun Co., Ltd., on November 4 wrote to the Council recording their deep appreciation and gratitude for the prompt and very efficient service of the Fire Brigade under the leadership of Capt. H. G. Reed, Chief Officer, at the fire in their premises on the morning of October 31. In conclusion the letter stated that the prompt service of the Shanghai Fire Brigade was really responsible for the quick extinguishing of the fire thus saving them tremendous losses.

The Council, in returning thanks for the generous tribute, intimated that the expression of appreciation, which had been conveyed to the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade would afford the Brigade staff much gratification.

NOTIFICATION No. 5510.

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID

Foreign Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to foreign schools within the International Settlement or paying rates to the Shanghai Municipal Council may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than February 10, 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5611.

RETAIL PRICES FOR COMMODITIES.

Official List No. 2.

The following commodities are hereby announced to be subject to price control (within the meaning of Byelaw LIII), and from Monday, November 24, may not be sold by retail in the International Settlement at prices exceeding those specified in this Notification. The prices of certain commodities in the list have been changed as compared with those published in Official List No. 1 on Monday, November 17, under Notification No. 5596.

The attention of the public is drawn to the fact that since the publication of Official List No. 1, there has been a tendency for the public and for retailers to increase their purchases of the commodities listed. Such action defeats the purpose of the scheme, which is to ensure as far as possible a continuity of supplies at reasonable prices. In the general interest and for the public good, the Council strongly urges the public and retailers to limit their orders to their minimum needs.

COMPRADORE SHOPS

Dodwell & Co., Ltd.		
Ostermilk, 1 lb. tins		$ 12.77 per tin
Kiwi Boot Polish, Black, Tan		1.95 " "
Kiwi Boot Polish, Dark Tan, Light Tan		2.60 " "
Kiwi Boot Polish, Brown, White Cleaner		2.60 " "
Oriental Trading Co., Ltd.		
Dutch Baby Evaporated Milk	14½ oz. tins	$ 3.10 per tin
Dutch Baby Evaporated Milk	6 oz. tins	1.55 " "
Longevity Condensed Milk	14 oz. tins	4.30 " "
C. Cordon & Co.		
"CHILFORD" Brand Evaporated Milk (Tall)		$ 2.95 per tin
"BOSCO" Milk Amplifier	12 oz. jars	15.00 per jar
"BOSCO" Milk Amplifier	5 oz. jars	7.50 " "
Inniss & Riddle (China) Ltd.		
CRAVEN "A" Cigarettes	in tins of 50s	$ 6.15 per tin
CRAVEN "A" Cigarettes	in pkts. of 20s	2.45 " "
CRAVEN Smoking Tobacco Curly Cut	4 oz.	15.90 per tin
CRAVEN Smoking Tobacco Curly Cut	2 oz.	7.95 " "
CRAVEN Smoking Tobacco Craven Mixture	4 oz.	15.90 " "
CRAVEN Smoking Tobacco Craven Mixture	2 oz.	7.95 " "
CRAVEN Smoking Tobacco Black Cat	4 oz.	12.75 " "
CRAVEN Smoking Tobacco Black Cat	2 oz.	6.38 " "
Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.	**Retail loose**	**Retail**
Mocha, loose	$ 6.60 per lb.	
" 1-lb. tins		$ 7.20 per tin
" 2-lbs. tins		14.00 " "
Perfection, loose	6.30 per lb.	
" 1-lb. tins		6.90 per tin
" 2-lbs. tins		13.40 " "
Mixed, loose	6.00 per lb.	
" 1-lb. tins		6.60 per tin
" 2-lbs. tins		12.80 " "
L.C.C., loose	5.00 per lb.	
" 1-lb. tins		5.50 per tin
Frost, Bland & Co., Ltd.		
H.P. Sauce		$ 4.85 per bot.
Edible Products, Ltd.		
Vitayna Margarine		$ 3.60 per lb.
Parrot "		3.10 " "
Fan "		3.10 " "
Shield "		3.10 " "
Geddes Trading & Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.		
Lotus Butter (salted)		$ 9.60 per lb.
" " (sweet)		9.70 " "
Daisy "		9.80 " "
Meadow "		9.70 " "
Windmill Margarine		3.10 " "
Stock Margarine		3.15 " "
O. K. Supermixture Margarine		3.60 " "
Henningsen Produce Co.		
Hazelwood Butter (salted)		$ 9.60 per lb.
" (sweet)		9.70 " "
Palm (Vitamin Plus) Margarine		3.60 " "
Colonial Margarine		3.10 " "

(Continued on Page 268)

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5601.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Vacancy for House Surgeon.

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons of Chinese nationality for a post as House Surgeon in the Public Health Department.

Requirements:

(1) Registrable qualifications in Medicine and Surgery.
(2) Adequate knowledge of English and Chinese.
(3) Age—under 30 and single.
(4) Some previous hospital experience essential.

Candidates must undergo medical examination of physical fitness before engagement.

Terms:

Pay will be $140 per mensem for the first 6 months.
$155 per mensem for the second 6 months.
$230 per mensem for the second year.
$300 per mensem for the third year.

In addition, there are granted the High Cost of Living Allowance in force from time to time, medical attendance benefits and annual short leave (after one year's service).

Engagement to be for a period of three years, subject to satisfactory service and one month's notice in writing on either side.

Applications in candidates' own handwriting in English giving full information as to qualifications and experience (if any) should be addressed to the Commissioner of Public Health, Administration Building, 223 Hankow Road, accompanied by copies of testimonials. Applications received after November 27, 1941 will not be considered.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 18, 1941.

Returns of Communicable Diseases.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight November 1st, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese Cases notified	Chinese Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	2	0
Diphtheria	6	0	14	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	2
Tuberculosis	1	8	72	40
Cholera	0	0	6	1
Typhoid Fever	5	0	42	35
Paratyphoid Fever	3	0	3	3
Amoebic Dysentery	13	0	25	14
Bacillary Dysentery	12	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	12	7
Influenza	2	0	8	6
Malaria	4	0	30	7
Measles	0	0	1	1
Typhus Fever	1	1	7	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	1	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	5	3
Schistosomiasis	0	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-Communicable Diseases and Other Causes		7		662
Total Deaths from all Causes		16		782

Henningsen Produce Co. (*Cont'd.*)			
Baking Powder	¼-lb. tin	$ 1.70	per tin
" "	½-lb. tin	2.90	" "
" "	1-lb. tin	5.00	" "
Cocoa Powder	¼-lb. tin	3.00	" "
" "	½-lb. tin	4.60	" "
" "	1-lb. tin	8.20	" "
Hazelwood Milk Powder	12-oz. tin	8.50	" "
" " "	2½-lb. tin	25.00	" "
" " "	5-lb. tin	45.00	" "
Hazelwood Mayonnaise (tumbler)		3.50	per jar
" Honey (")		4.00	" "
Hazelwood Peanut Butter (tumbler)		3.00	" "
Breakfast Syrups (jug)		3.50	" "
Malt Vinegar	12-oz. bot.	3.20	per bot.
Hazelwood Pure Fruit Jam (glass jar)		5.20	per jar
Hazelwood Pure Fruit Jam (tin)		5.00	per tin
Muller & Phipps (China) Ltd.			
Philip Morris Cigarettes	pkts. of 20 tin of 50	$ 1.85	per pkt.
" " "		5.00	" tin
Heinz Tomato Catsup (Sauce)	14-oz. bot.	5.20	per bot.
" Spaghetti	5-oz. tin	1.30	per tin
"	11½-oz. tin	2.60	" "
Heinz Baked Beans with Pork & Tomato	5-oz. tin	1.30	" "
Heinz Baked Beans with Pork & Tomato	10-oz. tin	2.60	" "
Heinz Baked Beans with Pork & Tomato	18-oz. tin	3.90	" "
Heinz Baked Beans with Pork & Tomato	26-oz. tin	5.20	" "
Heinz Baked Kidney Beans	10½-oz. tin	2.60	"
" " "	17½-oz. tin	3.90	" "
" Pickles med. bot."		6.20	per bot.
" Pickled Onions	6-oz. bot.	6.20	" "
" Strained Vegetables	4½-oz. tin	2.00	per tin
" " "	6½-oz. tin	3.00	" "
" Vegetable Beans	11-oz. tin	2.60	" "
" " "	12-oz. tin	2.60	" "
" " "	18-oz. tin	3.90	" "
" Jelly med. bot.		7.50	per bot.
" Soups	16-oz. tins	4.20	per tin
Heinz India Relish		$ 5.70	per bot.
" Horse Radish	2½-oz. bot.	5.70	" "
" Prepared Mustard	6-oz. bot.	3.10	" "
" Vinegar Malt	16-oz. bot.	5.20	" "
" " "	24-oz. bot.	7.80	" "
" " Cider	16-oz. bot.	4.20	" "
" " "	24-oz. bot.	6.30	" "
" " White	16-oz. bot.	4.20	" "
" " "	24-oz. bot.	6.30	" "
" Beefsteak Sauce	7-oz. bot.	3.50	" "
" Mayonnaise		3.40	" "
" Peanut Butter		4.00	" "
" Apple		4.00	" "
" Lemon Curd		5.00	" "

PHARMACIES

Dodwell & Co., Ltd.			
Ostelin Liq.	14 c.c.	$ 11.10	per bot.
" "	2 oz.	33.31	" "
" "	4 oz.	55.54	" "
" Tablets	45's	11.10	" "
	250's	55.54	" "
Ostelin W/Parathyroid Tablets	45's	11.10	" "
Adexolin Liq.	14 cc.	11.10	" "
" "	2 oz.	33.31	" "
" "	4 oz.	55.54	" "
" Caps	25's	11.10	" "
" "	100's	32.20	" "
" "	500's	111.03	" "
" "	1000's	199.93	" "
Prepalin Liq.	8 cc.	12.19	" "
" Caps.	25's	14.63	" "
" Amps.	6 x 1 cc.	28.68	" box
"	12 x 1 cc.	51.68	" "
Berin Amps." (2 mgm.)	6 x 1 cc.	21.85	" "
" " "	12 x 1 cc.	39.39	" "
" " "	50 x 1 cc.	102.30	" "
" Forte (10 mgm.)	15 cc.	66.88	" bot.
" " "	50 x 1 cc.	232.38	" box
" " "	100 x 1 cc.	393.25	" "
" Tabs. (1 mgm.)	25's	9.56	" bot.
	100's	35.01	" "
Celin Amps. (100 mgm.)	6 x 1 cc.	19.11	" box
" " "	50 x 1 cc.	142.52	" "
" Forte (500 mgm.)	3 x 5 cc.	24.18	" "
" Tablets (50 mgm.)	50's	19.11	" bot.
	1000's	333.62	" "
" " Caps.	25's	23.48	" "
" " "	100's	83.28	" "
Kaplin Tablets (10 mgm.)	25's	17.36	" "
" " (10 mgm.)	100's	48.75	" "
" Amps.	6 x 1 cc.	35.27	" box
" Liq.	14 cc.	14.05	" bot.
Glucose D.	1-lb. tins	10.87	" tin
" D	3-lb. tins	28.96	" "
" D	7-lb. tins	60.33	" "

Dodwell & Co., Ltd. (*Cont'd.*)

Ostomalt	1-lb. jar	$ 18.01	per jar
"	7-lb. jar	89.23	" "
Minadex Syrup	6 oz.	11.60	" bot.
"	12 oz.	20.85	" "
Calci-Ostelin Amps.	6 x 1 cc.	16.67	" box
" " "	100 x 1 cc.	166.63	" "
" " Liq.	30 cc.	44.43	" bot.
Ostocalcium Tablets	50's	11.60	" "
" "	500's	81.12	" tin
" "	1000's	129.88	" "
" Granules	4 oz.	10.87	" bot.
Fersolate Tablets	100's	10.67	" "
Caldeferrum Tablets	50's	9.95	" "
" "	500's	76.62	" "
" "	1000's	136.50	" "
Examen Amps.	3 x 2 cc.	47.07	" box
" "	6 x 2 cc.	77.74	" "
" Liq.	12 cc.	72.18	" bot.
Exatrope Amps.	6 x 2 cc.	42.74	" box
" "	100 x 2 cc.	568.75	" "
Pituitary Extract Amps.	100 x 1 cc.	166.63	" "
Codopyrin Tablets	10's	4.32	" tube
" "	20's	7.50	" "
" "	1000's	299.82	" tin
Septanilam Tablets	25's	3.52	per bot.
" "	100's	11.31	" tin
" "	500's	43.88	" "
" "	1000's	75.08	" "
Mersagel	1½ oz.	9.30	" tube
Flavogel	1½ oz.	5.85	" "
Pectasorb	2 oz.	19.11	" bot.
Iron-Arsenic-Strychnine Amps.	6 x 1 cc.	9.75	" box
" " "	12 x 1 cc.	17.55	" "
Ethamolin Amps. " "	6 x 2 cc.	13.65	per box
" Liq.	15 cc.	14.63	" bot.
Cold Vaccines	5 cc.	17.88	" "
Whooping Cough	5 cc.	17.88	" "
Anti-Typhoid Paratyphoid (T.A.B.)		17.88	" "
Acne & Staphylococcus, Staphylococcus		17.88	" "
Streptococcus, Staphy & Strept. (Mixed)		17.88	" "
Whooping Cough Forte	3 cc.	31.69	" "
Clinestrol (½ mgm.)	25's	7.32	" "
" (½ mgm.)	100's	13.90	" "
" (1 mgm.)	25's	11.05	" "
" (1 mgm.)	100's	16.50	" "
" (5 mgm.)	25's	16.09	" "
" (5 mgm.)	100's	47.62	" "
" (1 mgm.)	6 x 1 cc.	16.50	" box
" (5 mgm.)	6 x 1 cc.	21.94	" "
Aspro Tablets	5's	1.10	" pkt.
" "	11's	2.10	" "
" "	27.'	5.43	" "
Valet Blades B 2-5's	(packet of 5 blades)	5.10	" "
Nacet 10s (3 hole)	(" " 10 ")	3.45	" "
" de luxe	(" " 10 ")	4.60	" "

Hewitt's Soap Co.

"SAN-SO" Germicidal Soap	1%	2.50	per tablet
" " "	2%	3.00	" "
"SUPREME" Cup Shaving Soap		1.75	" "
"STERNE" Dog Soap		2.50	" "

Eli Lilly & Co. (Lilly Products)

Amytal Tablets	bot. of 40	$ 28.85	per bot.
Lextron Pulvules	bot. of 84	73.10	" "
Hepiecrin Gelseals	bot. of 100	87.75	" "
Liver Extract Concentrated	10 cc. vial	29.25	" vial
Liver Extract Crude	10 cc. vial	22.45	" "
Corpus Leteum Amps.	box of 6	39.00	" box
Glycerophosphates Compound Amps.	box of 12	33.15	" "
Dextrose Amps. (50% concentation) 20 cc.	box of 6	70.20	" "

Frost Bland & Co., Ltd.

"WARDONIA" Razor Blades(four)		$ 5.00	per pkt.
"STELLA" Fruit Juice Salts		13.00	" bot.
Baume "STELLA"		6.50	" tube
"ELASTO" Tablets		27.00	" bot.
"CLARKES" Blood Mixture L/S		27.00	" "
" S/S		14.00	" "
"ANGIERS" Emulsion L/S		26.00	" "
" S/S		13.00	" "
PEPS "		9.25	" "
ZAM BUK S/S		9.25	" tin
Bile Beans		9.25	" bot.

Liebermann, Waelchli & Co.

Asthma Cure "LIWA"	box of 20 caps.	$ 15.00	per box
Bonanox "LIWA"	box of 10 tablets	9.50	" "
Contradol "LIWA"	box of 10 tablets	6.80	" "
Dermycol "LIWA"	bot. of 25 cc.	7.10	" bot.
" "	bot. of 100 cc.	24.30	" "

Anderson, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

Parke, Davis & Co.'s Products

Abdol Caps. (A.B.D.C.)	25's	$ 24.50	
" "	100's	74.00	
Abdol with Vitamin C (A.B.G.D.C.)	25's	32.00	
" " "	100's	107.00	
Arcastol "	4 oz.	13.00	
"	16 oz.	30.00	

(Continued on Page 270)

Returns of Communicable Diseases.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight November 8th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	2	0
Scarlet Fever	2	0	1	0
Diphtheria	1	0	11	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	1
Tuberculosis	3	3	64	54
Cholera	0	0	0	1
Typhoid Fever	11	0	49	44
Paratyphoid Fever	2	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	10	1	9	3
Bacillary Dysentery	10	4		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	6
Influenza	4	0	4	4
Malaria	2	1	16	4
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	1	1
Leprosy	0	0	1	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		15		694
Total Deaths from all Causes		24		818

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight November 15th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	4	0	4	0
Diphtheria	6	0	18	5
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	2	4	71	48
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	6	1	35	31
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	2	2
Amoebic Dysentery	15	0	19	12
Bacillary Dysentery	11	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	6	6
Influenza	0	0	3	3
Malaria	4	0	17	6
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	1	1
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	2	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		15		610
Total Deaths from all Causes		20		724

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight November 22nd, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners* Cases notified	Foreigners* Deaths registered	Chinese† Cases notified	Chinese† Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1	0
Diphtheria	2	0	15	12
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	4	4	91	65
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	5	3	45	37
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	1	1
Amoebic Dysentery	9	0	12	8
Bacillary Dysentery	7	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	9	6
Influenza	3	0	4	4
Malaria	5	1	12	2
Measles	0	0	1	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	1	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	3	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		12		642
Total Deaths from all Causes		20		768

* **Foreigners** residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

Anderson, Meyer & Co., Ltd. *(Cont'd.)*		
Desicol Kap. 359	100's	67.50
Glucofedrin	1 oz.	21.00
Haliverol Caps.	25's	17.50
"	100's	56.50
Hydrogen Peroxide	4 oz.	5.00
" "	8 oz.	8.50
" "	16 oz.	12.00
Mapharsen Amp.	0.04 gm.	7.50
" "	0.06 gm.	8.50
Milk of Magnesia	6 oz.	5.00
" " "	16 oz.	10.00
Mycozol Ointment		10.50 per tube
Palatol Plain	12 oz.	19.00
" Compound	12 oz.	21.00
Taka Diastase Pepsin & Panc. CCT 296	100's	69.50
Ventron Kap. 354	50's	42.00
Vibex Liq.	4 oz.	32.00
Glycerin Suppositories for Adults	12's	6.50
Analgesic Balm Tube Oint. 4 (small size)		7.50
Analgesic Balm Tube Oint. 4 (large size)		15.00
Capsolin Tube Oint. 11		8.50
Storaxol Tube Oint. 24		13.00
Saccharin ½ gr. No. 651	100's	9.50
Soda Mint No. 99	100's	8.50
Throat Mentholated No. 330	100's	8.50
Johnson & Johnson's Products.		
Johnson's Baby Cream		$ 8.50 per jar
Modess	12's	9.00 " box
Couettes		7.50 " pkg.
Joncolin Burn Emollient		5.50 " tube
Ortho-gynol "B"		20.50 " box
Johnson's Corn Plaster Oval, thin	12's	2.50 " "
" " " " thick	12's	2.50 " "
" Bunion " "	6's	2.50 " "
Red Chain Cotton Wool	1 oz.	3.00 " pkg.
	½ oz.	2.00 " "
" " " Cotton Wool	1 lb.	15.00 " "
" " " "	8 oz.	7.50 " "
" " " "	4 oz.	4.00 " "
" " " "	2 oz.	2.50 " "
" " " "	1 oz.	1.50 " "
" Borated Lint, pink	4 oz.	3.00 " "
" " " "	2 oz.	1.50 " "
Red Chain Plain Gauze	1 yd.	3.00 per pkg.
" " " "	5 yds.	13.00 " "
New Era Dental Floss	24 yds.	8.00 " tube
" " " "	150 yds.	44.00 " bot.
Lister's " " "	10 yds.	5.00 " tube
Suspensory Bandage No. 45 (large size)		11.50 " pkg.
Suspensory Bandage No. 45 (small size)		11.50 " "
Olivier-Chine		
DAGENAN	20 tablets	$ 38.50 per tube

MISCELLANEOUS

Patons & Baldwins, Ltd.		
"BEEHIVE" Double Knitting		$ 40.00 per lb.
" " "		2.50 " oz.
C. C. Wakefield & Co., Ltd.		
Wakefield Patent Castrol Motor Oils	1 Am. Gall. tins	$ 22.00 per tin
Wakefield Patent Castrol Motor Oils	5 Am. Gall. tins	110.00 " "
Wakefield Castrol "D" Gear Oil	1 Am. Gall. tins	21.40 " "
" " "D" " "	5 Am. Gall. tins	107.00 " "
" Castrollo Upper Cylinder Lubricant	½ gall.	20.50 " "
Wakefield Castrolease Light Grease	7-lb. tin	20.00 " "
" " Medium Grease	7-lb. tin	20.00 " "
" " Heavy Grease	7-lb. tin	20.00 " "

Attention is drawn to the following, with reference to Official List No. 1, published under Notification No. 5596 on Monday, November 17:

Under commodities supplied by—

Connell Bros., Co., Ltd.: "Baking Powder" should read "Royal Baking Powder".

Union Brewery: It should be noted that prices are subject to the return of the empty bottles.

Ewo Brewery: It should be noted that prices refer to liquid beer. The amount of deposit on the bottles charged by a retailer is not fixed.
The sum of 30 cents mentioned is a book value only for bottles.

Asiatic Petroleum Co.: The following changed prices hold:—

"Shelltox"	1 pint	$ 3.20 per tin
"	1 quart	5.20 " "
"	1 gal.	16.50 " "
"	5 gals.	cancelled

Harvie, Cook & Co., Ltd.: The following price change holds:—

"Rickshaw" Brand Tea	$ 18.00 per lb.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary & Commissioner General

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5554.

SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PERMISES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from January 1, 1942, the Shanghai Municipal Council will levy a Special Rate on Business Premises basesd on 8% of the assessed rateable value of the premises occupied. This rate will be imposed on all premises used for the housing of gainful occupations including offices, shops, factories, godowns, wharves, pawnshops, stocks, gold bar and commodity exchanges and all premises occupied by the professions.

In the case of premisess used partly for the housing of gainful occupations and partly for residential purposes the rate will be imposed only on that part of the premises not used for purely residential purposes.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Concil Chamber,
Shanghai, October 7, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5557.

SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES.

REFERENCE is made to Municipal Notification No. 5554 in which notice is given that with effect from January 1, 1942, a Special Rate on Business Premises will be imposed on all premises used for the housing of gainful occupations. Unless special application is made for exemption therefrom, the Special Rate on Business Premises will be imposed on all premises not occupied for purely residential purposes or not already exempt from taxation as in the case of churches, temples and hospitals. Claims for exemption, which must be based on the nature of the particular occupation e.g. charitable purposes, etc. and not on the financial position of the business, should be addressed at an early date to the **Acting Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, Revenue Office, Administration Building.**

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 16, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during October:—

On October 1 to Messrs. Yoong Shun Firewood & Straw Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

On October 13 to Messrs. Ta Chung Transportation Co. to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 60 on Soochow Road, East of Chekiang Road.

On October 14 to The Shanghai Electric Construction Co., Ltd. to maintain a kiosk on Avenue Road, East of Carter Road.

On October 20 to Messrs. Fu Shing Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 127 on West Soochow Road, West of Markham Road.

IN THE COURT OF CONSULS.

1. Fang Chia-Ho (or C. H. Fang)
2. Hu Tsing-Fang
3. Fang Ven-Tuck
4. Tse Zay-Tsing (or Chu Soey-Ching)

versus

Shanghai Municipal Council

JUDGMENT.

1. The plaintiffs claim and are admitted to be, the owners of certain land in the International Settlement of Shanghai.

2. On the ground that this land is unregistered fangtan land, they claim

(a) That they are not obliged to pay Municipal Land Tax

(b) That even if they are obliged to pay Municipal Land Tax, the Council is not entitled to request the Shanghai Power Company to disconnect the supply of electricity and the Shanghai Telephone Company to disconnect telephones to houses owned by the plaintiffs on the said land for the purpose of enforcing the payment of the said land tax.

These claims are based on the Land Regulations.

The Council joins issue on this point and also relies on the proclamation of Taotai Lan of the 24th February, 1885, and upon the resolutions of a meeting of foreign ratepayers. The plaintiffs' representative in turn joins issue on these points put forward by the Council, and adds in reply that Municipal Land Tax has never in fact been levied or paid on unregistered fangtan land.

3. The Council is a corporate body, instituted by and functioning under the Land Regulations, and it is clear that the answer to the plaintiffs' claim to hold the land free of Municipal Land Tax depends upon the extent of the Council's powers under the Land Regulations and therefore upon the interpretation of these regulations.

The Court is of the opinion that, if the Land Regulations are free from ambiguity, it is unnecessary to consider extraneous matters, such as the Taotai's proclamation, resolutions of ratepayers, the fact that the tax claimed by the Council has never been levied or paid, and other extraneous matters brought to the consideration of the Court.

The Court holds that the Land Regulations are not ambiguous on this point. It considers that Regulation 9 gives the Council power to tax unregistered fangtan land within the International Settlement. It considers that the words "the said land" mentioned in Regulation 9 cannot be construed by reference to any particular regulation preceding Regulation 9, but must be construed by reference to all the preceding sections. The Court has therefore reached the conclusion that the words "the said land" include all land within the International Settlement regardless of the title under which it is held.

This opinion is fortified by the fact that in Regulation 1 there is a specific exemption from tax, that is the case of land belonging to the Temple of Rewards. There being a specific exemption in respect of unregistered fangtan land contained in the very regulations upon which the plaintiffs rely and no other specific exemptions in those regulations, the Court is driven to the conclusion that no other exemptions were intended.

Accordingly, the Court holds that the Municipal Council is entitled to levy and to collect from the plaintiffs in this case, who are the owners of unregistered fangtan land, the Municipal Land Tax as levied and collected from other owners of land in the International Settlement.

4. With regard to the second contention of the plaintiffs, it may well be that the Municipal Council, in ordering the discontinuance of the electric current and telephone service from the plaintiffs' houses in the present case, relied on the fact that on a previous occasion the supply of electric current to the premises of residents of the Settlement had been discontinued on account of nonpayment of tax. The party against whom this action was taken applied to the Court of Consuls for relief in a case entitled China Publishing Company, Inc. vs Shanghai Municipal Council, decided in 1927, which was cited in this action.

The electric power company was then owned outright by the Municipal Council and was subject to its complete control in all matters. That ownership passed to a private corporation in 1929.

The Court of Consuls, in the decision cited above, reasonably held that the Municipal Council had the right to discontinue a public service (electric power) supplied by the Council itself to the plaintiffs' premises for nonpayment of taxes. Neither the Shanghai Power Company nor the Shanghai Telephone Company is now owned or operated by the Municipal Council, but both presumably function under franchise. The question whether the right remains in the changed circumstances does not arise, since no evidence was submitted to the Court on the question whether the Municipal Council does or does not now possess a contractual relation with the Shanghai Power Company or the Shanghai Telephone Company enabling the Council to require either of them to discontinue their service to customers as a means of aiding them in collecting Municipal Land Tax. It may well be that powers of this nature do in fact exist, but in the absence of evidence of that fact, the Court must find that there is no evidence that the Council was in a position, vis-à-vis the utility companies, to give the orders alleged by the plaintiffs.

5. With respect to the question of damages, the Court holds that the plaintiffs have wrongly withheld payment of the Municipal Land Tax; that it has not been established by the evidence that the Municipal Council has committed any wrongful act against the plaintiffs, or that the plaintiffs have suffered any material loss or damage. No damages are therefore payable and it is so ordered.

Each of the parties will pay their own costs, and the Court costs are to be divided into two equal parts, one part to be paid by the plaintiffs and the other by the defendant.

(*Sgd.*) A. H. GEORGE,
Consul-General for Great Britain;
Judge of the Court of Consuls.

(*Sgd.*) TATEKI HORIUCHI,
Consul-General for Japan;
Judge of the Court of Consuls.

(*Sgd.*) FRANK P. LOCKHART,
Consul-General for the U.S.A.;
Judge of the Court of Consuls.

Entered: October 18, 1941.

E. A. LONG,
Secretary,
Court of Consuls.

NOTIFICATION No. 5555.

POLICE SPECIAL SERVICES.

THE services of the Police for private duties may be secured upon application to the Commission of Police, under the following revised tariff which will have effect from November 1, 1941. Only a limited number of men are available at any time.

Per Day of 8 Hours:

Foreign Sergeant or Probationary Sergeant (Section I)	$ 49
Foreign Sergeant or Probationary Sergeant (Section II)	$ 36
Sikh Havildar or Constable	$ 15
Chinese Sergeant or Constable	$ 8

Per Month:

Sikh Havildar or Constable	$315
Chinese Sergeant or Constable	$240
Chinese Bank Detective	$280

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5559.

RENTAL CHARGE FOR PUBLIC RICSHAS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from October 20, 1941, the maximum rental charge authorised for each public ricsha shall be $1.00 Chinese National Currency per day.

Stern measures, including permanent cancellation of the licences, will be taken against the licensees of public ricshas found overcharging the authorised maximum rental or failing to maintain their vehicles in a clean and satisfactory condition.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 17, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5560.

PUBLIC RICSHAS—TARIFF OF FARES.

THE following tariff of fares charged to passengers of public ricshas has been approved with effect from October 20, 1941:—

By distance:

Half mile	$0.20
Succeeding half-mile or part thereof	0.20
Minimum fare	0.20

By time:

One hour	$1.20
Succeeding half-hour or part thereof	0.60
Minimum fare	1.20

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 17, 1941.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, October 21—November 20, 1941.

Volunteer Corps. The resignation of Miss C. P. Allan, Secretary, is accepted, services terminating on September 27, 1941.

Fire Brigade. The Council records with deep regret the death, on October 29, 1941, of First Class Fireman No. 590 Yeoh Vung Tsao in the execution of his duty.

Mr. E. G. da Silva is appointed Sub-Officer on probation from October 29, 1941.

Police Force.—The promotion of the following is authorised with effect from November 1, 1941:—

To be Chief Inspector on probation

Inspector F. Tetstall
" E. G. Trodd
" C. White

To be Inspector on probation

Sub-Inspector A. C. Barton
" " R. J. M. C. Black
" " F. A. Ewins
" " J. A. Kennedy
" " C. A. Mason
" " J. W. W. Tulloch

To be Sub-Inspector on probation

Sergeant J. Ball
" C. E. A. Cooke
" N. Douglas
" A. Kay
" G. Marsden
" H. Newell
" W. W. Selvey
" L. R. Sims
" F. J. Wells

Mr. K. R. Woolley, Clerical Assistant, is promoted to be Assistant from November 1, 1941.

Mr. A. W. Moss, Clerical Assistant, is promoted to be Assistant from November 18, 1941.

Mr. W. Korbut, Office Assistant, is promoted to be Clerical Assistant from November 18, 1941.

Probationary Sergeant No. 653, S. Masui is invalided, services terminating on November 15, 1941.

The resignations of the following are accepted, services terminating on the dates specified:—

Sub-Inspector J. Seaby, October 14, 1941
Sub-Inspector H. G. Biggs, May 3, 1942
Sergeant D. J. Orme, April 21, 1942.
Sergeant E. J. Quigley, April 22, 1942.
Probationary Sergeant P. Perrie, February 7, 1942.

Mr. C. J. Merritt, Specials Assistant to the Officer in charge of Specials, October 31, 1941.

Mr. C. T. Mense, Assistant, November 17, 1941.

G. M. Borovsky is appointed Probationary Sergeant on probation from November 1, 1941.

Public Health Department. Dr. J. T. Kuo Assistant Medical Officer, is promoted to be Assistant Chief of Division and designated Medical Officer in charge of the Schools Branch from September 14, 1941.

Mr. V. O. Nordling, Senior Clerical Assistant, is promoted to be Senior Assistant from November 14, 1941.

Messrs. Z. K. Mo and K. J. Woo Junior Health Inspectors, are promoted to be Inspectors from November 1, 1941.

Staff Nurse N. Sugano is promoted to be Sister from November 18, 1941.

The resignation of Probationer Nurse N. Beliaeff-Kurgansky is accepted, services terminating on December 12, 1941.

Mrs. A. I. Campbell is appointed Sister Tutor from December 1, 1941.

Miss L. Razvozjaeva is engaged as a candidate for appointment as Probationer Nurse on trial from November 15, 1941.

Messrs. Chen Chang Kung, Ho Chi Shuh and Zau Pao Zur are appointed Cadets on probation from November 1, 1941.

Public Works Department. Sanitary Overseer S. Wada is promoted to be Inspector from November 1, 1941.

Finance Department — Revenue Office. Inspector A. J. Griffith retires on December 31, 1941.

The resignation of Mr. E. K. Berents, Junior Assistant, is accepted, services terminating on November 30, 1941.

Secretariat. Mr. T. Beesley, Chief of Section, is promoted to be Assistant Secretary from November 15, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

NOTIFICATION No. 5610
FIRE BRIGADE CHARGES.

THE charges for Watching and other Special Services (other than at fires) referred to in Municipal Notifications No. 5377 dated January 14, 1941 and No. 5399 dated February 12, 1941, are superseded by the charges listed below which will take effect from December 1, 1941:—

1. Watching Services and Duties (other than at Fires).

(a) Places of Entertainment:—
In accordance with Council Regulations as laid down in the Licence Conditions, there shall be a fireman or firemen on duty at all places of entertainment, for whose services the usual fees shall be paid to the Council by the licensee.

(b) By request in writing:—
Persons desirous of obtaining the services of a fireman or firemen for watching services as a fire precaution may obtain such services. Payment of the usual fees shall be demanded by the Council for such services.

(c) Where considered necessary in the public interest:—
Where such services may be considered by the Council as necessary in the interest of the general public, the presence of a fireman or firemen may be demanded by the Council and the owner of the premises shall be charged the usual fees.

The following are the Charges in respect of (a), (b) and (c) above for members of the Fire Brigade.

Per day of 8 hours:—

Sub-Officer	$50
Chinese Fireman	$ 8

Where the services is of 8 hours daily duty on a regular monthly basis:—

Chinese Fireman:
Rate per mensem $150 for each man employed.

Duty in excess of 8 hours daily will be charged at proportionate rates.

2. Special Services:—

(a) Pumping Services (other than at fires).

The following charges will be made for Fire Brigade Pumps used for services other than fires within the Settlement boundaries:—

For Appliances,—

(i) Heavy Duty Pump:—
$90 for the first hour or any part thereof and $75 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

(ii) Medium Duty Pump:—
$75 for the first hour or any part thereof and $60 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

(iii) Trailer Pump (small):—
$50 for the first hour or any part thereof and $40 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

Note: All damage to appliances on loan or used on behalf of any person or firm will be charged for, unless the damage is proved to have been caused by Brigade personnel.

For Personnel:—

Sub-Officer:—
$10 for the first hour or any part thereof and $8 for each succeeding hour or any part thereof.

Motormen:—
$2 for each hour or part thereof.

Firemen:—
$1.50 for each hour or part thereof.

(b) Testing of Private Fire Installations.
When a Fire Brigade Pump is used for testing a Private Fire Installation the following charge will be made:—
For a period not exceeding 1 hour — $30
For a period not exceeding 2 hours — $60

(c) Testing of Fire Extinguishers.
A Fee of $150 for testing of all Fire Extinguishers submitted for test and report.
Re-test in the event of the appliance having failed in the initial trial to conform to Brigade standards and requirements. $120.

(d) Testing of Fire Resisting Materials, Paints and Liquids.
$150 for any one series of tests made at any one time of such substances or liquids submitted for test and report.

(e) Testing of Fire Appliances e.g. Sprinkler Heads, Drencher Heads, etc.
$150 for any one series of tests made at any one time on fire appliances submitted for test and report.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 21, 1941.

SUMMARY OF GENERAL MUNICIPAL AND SPECIAL RATE. SEPTEMBER QUARTER.

FOREIGN STYLE BUILDINGS.

	1941			1940			1939		
	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment	No. of Buildings	Premises Corresponding No. of Separate Assessments	Total Rental Assessment
			$			$			$
Central District	2,256	6,742	32,250,270	2,307	6,126	24,102,946	2,274	5,948	22,007,833
Northern do.	1,663	2,659	7,231,166	1,661	2,697	6,154,040	1,668	2,202	5,523,208
Eastern do.	1,934	1,831	16,521,434	1,892	1,774	10,958,730	1,860	1,725	10,505,310
Western do.	4,632	5,609	20,767,096	4,472	5,275	15,835,888	4,309	5,238	13,495,035
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)	5,619	5,582	11,977,243	5,549	5,563	10,751,470	5,308	5,378	9,024,154
Total	16,104	22,423	88,747,209	15,881	21,435	67,803,074	15,419	20,491	60,555,540
Occupied by Foreigners	7,147	10,921	53,359,881	7,107	10,531	40,263,020	6,784	9,583	35,131,246
do. Chinese	8,602	11,068	34,438,055	8,452	10,309	26,372,608	8,010	10,045	23,294,875
Unoccupied	355	434	949,273	322	595	1,167,446	625	863	2,129,419
Total	16,104	22,423	88,747,209	15,881	21,435	67,803,074	15,419	20,491	60,555,540
Rate of taxation:—	Inside Limits 27% plus 40% Surcharge Ouside Limits 24% plus 40% Surcharge			Inside Limits 18% Plus 50% Surcharge Outside Limits 16% Plus 50% Surcharge			Inside Limits: 16% Outside Limits: 14%		
Tax Collected:—									
Central District		2,619,356			1,489,624			787,929	
Northern do.		397,787			290,851			138,612	
Eastern do.		1,078,236			532,218			287,477	
Western do.		1,713,804			945,107			480,298	
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)		543,576			417,343			215,155	
Total		6,352,759			3,675,143			1,909,471	

CHINESE STYLE BUILDINGS.

	1941		1940		1939	
	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment	No. of Houses	Rental Assessment
		$		$		$
Central District	7,463	11,242,632	7,357	9,182,796	7,367	8,894,290
Northern do.	13,335	7,600,356	13,280	6,330,422	13,277	6,245,994
Eastern do.	23,419	6,932,960	23,222	6,035,458	22,710	5,792,982
Western do.	29,498	16,289,960	29,392	13,541,852	28,506	12,823,314
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)	7,856	2,283,420	7,898	2,046,462	7,692	1,923,856
Total	81,571	44,349,328	81,149	37,136,990	79,552	35,180,436
Occupied by Foreigners	8,201	4,166,113	7,416	3,412,660	5,861	2,445,773
do. Chinese	72,138	39,706,902	71,440	32,797,116	64,378	29,511,604
Unoccupied	1,232	476,313	2,293	927,214	9,313	3,223,059
Total	81,571	44,349,328	81,149	37,136,990	79,552	35,180,436
Rate of Taxation:—	Inside Limits: 27% + 40% Surcharge Outside Limits 24% + 40% Surcharge		Inside Limits: 18% Plus 50% Surcharge Outside Limits: 16% Plus 50% Surcharge		Inside Limits: 16% Outside Limits: 14%	
Tax Collected:—						
Central District		1,056,135		613,912		352,609
Northern do.		593,853		365,638		197,284
Eastern do.		564,583		314,484		43,446
Western do.		1,505,118		901,365		480,575
Outside Settlement Limits (Special Rate)		70,182		48,565		35,984
Total		3,789,871		2,244,064		1,109,898

Note:—The amounts shewn as collected exclude outstanding rate.

Finance Department,
Shanghai, October 16, 1941.

P. COMERY,
Acting Deputy Treasurer— Revenue.

E. P. OLIVER,
Acting Treasurer.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Revised Index of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai for Ocober.

The general index of cost of living of Chinese workers has reached the 1,000 mark in the month of October, it stood at 1001.88, registering a further rise of 4.47 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar fell to 9.98 cents as compared with 10.43 cents in September. Among the group indices, the clothing group recorded the heaviest increase. The group indices for food, housing, clothing and miscellaneous items were: 1118.70, 750.27, 803.08, 882.14, showing respective rises of 4.50, 3.46, 16.00 and 2.56 per cent.

The price of rice, which remained comparatively steady during the past four months, showed rapid increases in October as a consequence of concerted rises in other commodity markets. Conditions, however, have not reached serious proportions due to the presence of one stabilizing factor, the low price of S. M. C. Rangoon rice. As quotations in the rice market went up, actual consumers turned to the S. M. C. variety, which has thus become the people's rice. Percentage rise in the food group was not as high as that of the previous month due mainly to the adequate stock of low priced S. M. C. rice, and of vegetables. The warm weather and the high level reached in the previous month contributed to a lowering of prices of important vegetables like chin-ts'ai, turnips, spinach, etc. Most commodities having bearing on foreign exchange or otherwise, however, registered further increases during the month. The following compares the average retail prices during the last week with those of the first week in October of a few basic commodities:

Commodity	Percentage Change
S. M. C. Rangoon rice	+ 0.86
Chinese flour	+ 35.06
Soya bean oil	+ 23.96
Salt	+ 42.75
Chin-ts'ai	— 9.74
Turnips	— 14.29
Spinach	— 33.25
Coal briquettes	+ 12.73
Matches	+ 64.73
Native sheetings	+ 42.75
Grey sheetings (13 lb.)	+ 37.58
Printed shirtings	+ 48.81
Fancy twills	+ 37.16
Soap (Koo Pun)	+ 32.00
Toilet paper	+ 22.53

Workers' Earnings For October, 1941.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.62 persons should receive from the earnings of the principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living survey in October. Figures are given to show the costs of two standards of living. Standard A shows what the earnings should be on the revised standard of living (replacing the 1936 standard) and Standard B shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard.

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wage earner (53.5%)	$127.424	$111.653
Earnings of other family members (34.0%)	81.283	70.840
Other family income (12.7%)	30.362	26.461
Total family income (100.0%)	239.069	208.354

Revised Index* of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai

Base: Average 1936 = 100.

Indices	Average 1936	1940 Aug.	1940 Sept.	1940 Oct.	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	452.92	507.47	548.43	978.96	1070.51	1118.70
Housing	100.00	406.28	406.91	415.68	694.21	725.17	750.27
Clothing	100.00	333.97	337.44	352.05	626.41	692.31	803.08
Miscellaneous	100.00	393.04	399.54	427.97	802.76	859.14	882.14
General Index	100.00	433.64	469.83	501.39	885.55	959.04	1001.88
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	23.06	21.28	19.94	11.29	10.43	9.98

* Due to recent changes in consumption habits consequent upon the substitution of types of rice purchased, in fuels available, and reduced spending power removing certain goods beyond the capacity of the people to buy, careful adjustments have been made in the commodities and their quantities used in the compilation of the Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers. Henceforth this Index will be termed the Revised Index. Former Rent and Fuel groups have been combined into a Housing Group to conform with more modern practice. Changes have also been made in the assumed "Minimum Subsistence Standard."

Attention is drawn to the fact that these index figures apply to the standard of living of Chinese workers. They do not represent the situation ruling among Chinese salaried employees.

Retail Prices in Shanghai for Chinese Workers

Commodities	Unit	Average 1936	1941 Aug.	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.
FOOD GROUP:					
1. Rangoon Rice(1)	Shih shih(2)	$9.735	$118.987	$112.941	$116.651 (7)
2. Wheat flour — Bicycle	Parcel	3.448	34.831	34.273	40.608
3. Fresh noodle	Shih chin(3)	.074	.700	.700	.771
4. Fresh pork	Shih chin	.292	2.588	2.788	3.153
5. Fresh beef	Shih chin	.239	2.775	3.000	2.933
6. Salted pork	Shih chin	.301	2.144	2.215	2.555
7. Fresh fish	Shih chin	.163	.957	1.412	1.676
8. Salted white fish	Shih chin	.144	1.856	2.223	2.336
9. Duck egg	Piece	.024	.240	.334	.307
10. Soy bean oil	Shih chin	.241	2.161	2.148	2.260
11. Lard	Shih chin	.307	2.063	2.438	2.777
12. Soy bean sauce	Shih chin	.099	.552	.553	.517
13. Salt	Shih chin	.112	.501	.505	.583
14. White sugar	Shih chin	.205	1.097	1.204	1.644
15. Shao-shing	Shih chin	.094	.610	.673	.688
16. Kao-liang	Shih chin	.152	1.290	1.436	1.453
17. Bean curd	Piece	.0072	.0625	.100	.100
18. Dried bean curd	Piece	.0074	.0625	.100	.100
19. Sheet bean	Sheet	.0051	.0358	.050	.050
20. Fried bean curd	Shih chin	.251	2.000	3.200	3.200
21. Fresh mung bean starch in strips	Shih chin	.046	.300	.300	.420
22. Sprouted broad bean	Shih chin	.042	.436	.451	.418
23. Yellow soy bean sprouts	Shih chin	.033	.243	.311	.323
24. Chin ts'ai	Shih chin	.035	.274	.304	.298
25. Turnips	Shih chin	.034	.355	.369	.337
26. Allium odorum	Shih chin	.060	.265	.276	.377
27. Spinach	Shih chin	.042	.238	.444	.343
28. Salted hsueh li-hung	Shih chin	.055	.279	.290	.316
29. Potatoes	Shih chin	.036	.310	.406	.410
30. Tea	Shih chin	.350	2.000	2.000	2.400
HOUSING GROUP:					
31. Rent — One-story house(4)	Std. rm.(5)	2.149	7.759	7.759	7.759
32. Rent — Two-story house with no court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	2.495	11.011	11.011	11.011
33. Rent — Two-story house with court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	3.110	14.142	14.142	14.142
34. Coal briquettes	100 shih chin	1.063	16.527	16.974	17.372
35. Kerosene	Shih chin	.136	.766	.804	.858
36. Useless timber	Shih chin	.014	.120	.153	.168
37. Match	Box	.010	.1295	.1520	.1932
CLOTHING GROUP:					
38. Native sheetings	Shih ch'ih(6)	.046	.380	.418	.448
39. Grey sheetings — 13 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.085	.538	.590	.717
40. Grey shirtings — 12 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.091	.603	.660	.788
41. Striped cotton shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.060	.436	.502	.538
42. Printed shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.097	.608	.710	.783
43. White shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.128	.679	.765	.885
44. Jeans and drills	Shih ch'ih	.090	.564	.615	.761
45. Cotton flannel	Shih ch'ih	.083	.533	.610	.623
46. Fancy twills	Shih ch'ih	.146	.896	.952	1.183
47. Raw cotton	Shih chin	.477	2.200	2.250	3.227
48. Cotton socks	Pair	.272	1.600	1.750	1.850
MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
49. Soap—Koo Pun	Cake	.051	.467	.503	.549
50. Toilet paper	90 sheets	.067	.868	.918	.983
51. Cigarettes—Rat	Box - 10 pc.	.047	.282	.316	.319
52. Hot water	10 ladles	.017	.200	.200	.200

1. 1st grade sien rice was replaced by 2nd grade Saigon rice from February 1940 onward which was in turn replaced by Rangoon rice from June 1941.
2. 1 Shih shih = 156 shih chin.
3. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 lbs.
4. Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.
5. 1 Standard room = 32 cubic metres.
6. 1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 feet.
7. S.M.C. Rangoon rice.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR OCTOBER.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

A significant rise of 9.91 per cent. took place in the cost of living of foreign residents in Shanghai in October. The consolidated index reached 323.04 on an October, 1939 base of 100, and the purchasing power of the Chinese dollar since the base period was reduced by 69.04 per cent. as against 65.98 per cent. in September. The greater dependence on imported goods and the greater weights of less basic commodities have caused the October American and British indices to rise more sharply than the Russian index. Previously the reverse was generally true when falls in foreign exchange rates did not reach the present proportions. The order of rises over September in the national indices was: American, 12.97 per cent.; British, 11.91; Other Nationalities, 9.26 per cent.; and Russian, 8.91. Of the group indices for all nationalities, the percentage rises were: rent 17.86 per cent.; miscellaneous items, 12.60 per cent.; heat, 11.62 per cent.; clothing, 9.68 per cent.; and food, 5.40 per cent.

Since October 7 retail prices experienced an upheaval as a result of the exchange situation and the developments in the various markets. The extent of rise in the prices of most commodities and services enhanced during the latter part of the month. While the official rates for legitimate imports remained at $18.60 for US$1.00 throughout the month, the rates in the open market dropped considerably as supplies dwindled. Importers unable to secure preferred rates turned to American bank notes, whose price went up to as high as $39.00 for a US$1.00 note on October 31. On the same day the price of a 10 oz. gold bar reached $23,000. Operations in the cotton yarn market were suspended 15 times within three weeks due to wide fluctuations. Retail prices followed sensitively the exchange rates of U.S. notes and the rapid rises taking place in the different markets.

Coal stocks are ample to cover local consumption, but the failure of importers in October to get official exchange foreshadows possible curtailment in its use for the coming winter. Beginning from October 1, electric lighting and power rates both in the Settlement and Concession were increased. Water rates and transportation fares in the Concession were also raised as from that date. The rent investigation for the last quarter of 1941 reveals further increases in rentals as compared with the previous one. The increases were 19.74 per cent. for apartments and flats; 13.61 per cent. for terrace houses; 21.08 per cent. for detached houses; and 11.11 per cent. for single rooms. Servants' wages have also been increased over the last quarter. For boys, the increase was 23.26 per cent.; cooks, 23.60 per cent.; and amahs, 20.53 per cent. The following compares the average retail prices during the last week with those in the first week in October of a few important commodities:

Commodity	Percentage Change
Bakerite bread—white	+ 12.00
Cabbage	— 44.44
Tomatoes	— 45.29
Carrots	— 50.94
Apples—Dairen	+ 33.33
Milk—Grade A	+ 48.15
Evaporated milk—Carnation	+ 25.00
Granulated sugar—Taikoo	+ 49.22
Woollen suitings	+ 32.00
Crepe de Chine	+ 29.63
Kayser silk stockings	+ 35.48
Anthracite coal—Hongay	+ 42.72
Toilet paper—Fan	+ 29.30

PROVISIONAL(1) INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN(2) SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American 1941			British 1941		
		August	September	October	August	September	October
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	282.12	323.92	337.74	308.68	354.10	371.69
Clothing & Materials	100.00	271.76	305.59	373.21	284.63	314.12	368.95
Rent	100.00	188.09	188.09	227.76	186.07	186.07	222.97
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	325.07	343.63	387.33	323.73	344.03	388.39
Miscellaneous	100.00	218.26	228.55	257.18	235.36	245.39	278.19
General Index	100.00	249.55	270.66	305.76	259.70	280.75	314.20

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian 1941			Other Nationalities 1941		
		August	September	October	August	September	October
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	338.00	394.52	419.71	325.36	376.00	389.83
Clothing & Materials	100.00	283.33	306.76	319.15	311.36	347.28	381.60
Rent	100.00	186.00	186.00	216.95	196.37	196.37	230.67
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	321.03	332.84	368.89	312.37	325.57	363.16
Miscellaneous	100.00	242.87	249.06	278.18	227.03	232.37	264.76
General Index	100.00	276.91	302.59	329.54	272.00	295.75	323.14

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated 1941		
		August	September	October
General Indices				
American	100.00	249.55	270.66	305.76
British	100.00	259.70	280.75	314.20
Russian	100.00	276.91	302.59	329.54
Other Nationalities	100.00	272.00	295.75	323.14
Consolidated Index	100.00	270.05	293.91	323.04
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	37.03	34.02	30.96

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:					
1	White—Bakerite	1dnf	14 oz	.31	1.24	1.34
2	White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.40	1.53
3	Bread — White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	1.16	1.23
4	Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.83	.91
5	Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.82	.88
6	Russian white—Manila	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.50	.51
7	Flour — Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.86	.89
8	Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.75	.84
9	Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.70	1.72
10	Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	2.21	2.33
11	Rolled oats — Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	5.44	5.86
12	Loose	lb.		.44	1.35	1.48
13	Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	.99	1.01
14	Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.54	1.63
15	Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	6.88	7.00
16	Rump steak	lb.		.65	4.55	4.64
17	Topside steak	lb.		.63	4.44	4.70
18	Beef — Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	4.65	4.82
19	Rib roast	lb.		.60	4.31	4.50
20	Veal cutlet	lb.		.91	6.60	5.80
21	Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.75	2.81
22	Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.90	2.93
23	Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.65	2.82
24	Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	3.53	3.33
25	Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	1.80	2.32
26	Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	6.32	7.05
27	Bacon	lb.		.70	4.19	5.25
28	Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	3.63	4.05
29	Chicken	lb.		.69	3.05	3.33
30	Egg — Hen	pc.		.10	.36	.30
31	Duck	pc.		.08	.33	.28
32	Herring	lb.		.18	1.35	1.31
33	Salmon	lb.		.52	2.93	3.12
34	Mandarin	lb.		.79	4.15	3.77
35	Fish — Cod	lb.		.44	2.48	2.33
36	Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.58	1.64
37	Yellow	lb.		.34	1.01	1.27
38	Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	6.35	6.28
39	Potatoes — Irish	lb.		.10	.41	.43
40	Sweet	lb.		.06	.35	.28
41	Cabbage	lb.		.17	.80	.74
42	Lettuce	lb.		.12	.80	.80
43	Celery	bunch		.05	.11	.11
44	Green peas	lb.		.29	(8)	1.45
45	Beans — French	lb.		.14	1.43	.51
46	Lima	lt.		.33	1.38	.88
47	Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.08	1.26
48	Carrots	lb.		.23	1.18	.84
49	Beetroot	lb.		.16	.26	.36
50	Radish	bunch		.03	.08	.08
51	Onions	lb.		.14	.11	.12
52	Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1 sq.	3.45	7.84	7.59
53	Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½ oz. No. 12	1.40	3.14	3.65
54	Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	16 oz. No. 8	2.98	5.25	5.25
55	Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.		1.90	4.25	4.23
56	Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	1.17	1.37
57	Bananas	lb.		.26	1.00	.98
58	Oranges — Sunkist	pc.		.28	1.40	1.44
59	Mandarin	lb.		.35	1.30	1.25
60	Lemons	pc.		.48	1.16	1.10
61	Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	1.40	1.49

	Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.
				$	$	$
1	FOOD GROUP:—*Continued*					
62	Pumelos	pc.		.42	1.76	2.07
63	Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	1.93	2.23
64	Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	2.29	2.63
65	Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2½ 1½ lb.	1.03	2.40	2.46
66	Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	2.40	2.59
67	Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	9.66	9.67
68	Margarine — Vitayna	lb.		1.28	3.27	3.29
69	Palm	lb.		1.28	3.27	3.29
70	Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.35	1.48
71	Milk — Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	.89	1.10
72	Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	1.39	1.56
73	Cheese — Kraft	lb.		3.41	7.40	8.23
74	Cottage	lb.		1.44	5.20	3.82
75	Cream — Sour	lb.		1.60	4.50	4.56
76	Table	pint		2.64	6.40	6.90
77	Jam—Assorted—IXL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	2.85	3.25
78	Honey—Peitaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	5.45	5.85
79	Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	4.01	4.17
80	Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal	3.80	15.94	16.46
81	Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.37	.46
82	Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	1.50	1.50
83	Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.92	1.93
84	Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	15.42	16.63
85	Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	1.35	1.54
86	Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	2.44	2.71
87	Sugar — Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	1.30	1.59
88	Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	1.06	1.41
89	Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	1.20	1.36
90	Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.27	1.71
91	Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.82	1.86
92	Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.82	3.34
93	Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	27.46	35.00
94	Coffee — Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	8.93	9.49
95	Mocha	lb.		2.08	4.78	4.81
96	Cocoa — Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	5.22	5.41
97	Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	9.00	9.26
98	Tea — Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	4.52	5.53
99	Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	9.00	10.42
100	Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz. tall	1.33	2.50	3.13
101	Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	No. 12	1.33	2.34	2.51
102	Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	5.94	8.61
103	Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	4.23	6.15
104	Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	6.63	7.05
105	Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.40	2.40
106	Cigarettes — Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	2.39	2.50
107	Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	1.01	1.05
108	Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.72	1.77
109	Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.78	1.90
II	CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110	Woollen suiting	yd.			22.50	125.00 153.00
111	Flannel	yd.			17.50	62.50 64.00
112	Vivella—T T T	yd.			9.75	(8) 61.88
113	Saigon linen	yd.			6.75	(8) (8)
114	Satin crepe	yd.			9.50	18.50 19.90
115	Crepe de Chine	yd.			7.50	13.00 14.36
116	Shirt silk	yd.			5.70	11.25 11.70
117	Marasrelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.			.58	2.20 2.91
118	Shirt — White poplin—Standard —No. 107	pc.			5.00	13.25 13.83
119	White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.			4.20	12.50 13.10
120	Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.			3.00	9.10 9.10

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— *Continued*

Commodities and Services	*Unit*	*Size of Unit*	*Av. Oct. 1939*	*1941*	
				Sept.	*Oct.*
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock *	pc.		2.50	8.50	11.70
122 Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	18.00	18.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	34.00	36.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X 11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	8.00	8.00
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	4.30	4.30
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	64.90	75.00
127 Shoes Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	44.90	49.00
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	29.90	32.00
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	26.50	34.20
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	6.43	6.70
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	14.50	15.90
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	2.43	2.60
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	(8)	(8)
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	(8)	(8)
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	22.50	25.50
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	1.76	2.32
137 Knitting wools Beehive—Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	59.75	61.60
138 Hero—Fine—4 ply	lb.		12.50	49.75	49.00
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	1.40	1.49
140 Laundry Cotton—large	pc.		.13	.44	.44
141 Cotton—small	pc.		.05	.25	.25
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	4.50	4.70
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	4.00	4.00
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm. (3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	33.59	40.67
145 Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	45.23	54.16
146 Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	28.50	32.38
147 Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	73.09	81.11
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.579	.652
152 Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.122	.322	.358
153 Elec-tric Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.560	.600
154 Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.340	.370
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.0780	.078
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		108.00	509.25	591.34
157 Coal briquettes	100shih chin (5)		3.75	16.98	17.37
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5Am (al).	29.35	52.35	56.39

Commodities and Services	*Unit*	*Size of Unit*	*Av. Oct. 1939*	*1941*	
				Sept.	*Oct.*
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal		.075	.2625	.2625
160 French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.320	.340
161 Ice	100lb.		1.00	5.00	5.00
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.1341	.1341
163 French Concession	per mi.		.040	.110	.115
164 Tram-1st Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.1032	.1032
165 class French Concession	per mi		.040	.100	(9) .110
166 Taxicab	20min		2.20	5.05	5.50
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	Am. gal.		2.80	4.50	4.60
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	13.64
169 Newspapers North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	7.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	7.00	7.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.80	1.80
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.81	1.80	2.10
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	1.00	1.00
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	65.38	80.89
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	68.27	84.38
176 Amah	p.mon.		19.15	46.22	55.71
177 Lotion Brilliantine "4711" Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	10.88	13.68
178 Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	20.38	23.76
179 Face cream Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	6.83	9.36
180 Niveа—No. 363	tin		2.80	9.78	10.00
181 Face powder—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.62	10.43	11.77
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Ecate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	3.79	4.66
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	2.92	3.24
184 Sincere's	tube		.25	.96	1.01
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	6.76	6.66
186 Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	3.86	4.01
187 Red Ball	roll		.34	1.35	(9)
188 Toilet paper Pagoda	roll		.64	1.81	1.99
189 Fan	roll		.45	1.58	1.73
190 Lever Health	cake		.15	.45	.47
191 Lux	cake		.32	.89	.92
192 Soap Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.44	1.21	1.37
193 Ivory	cake		1.24	2.48	2.87
194 Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	2.41	2.53
195 Cleanser Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.75	.76
196 Beauty	tin		.07	.26	.38
197 Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.52	1.53
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 Watt	pc.		.40	1.39	1.46
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	46.13	45.50
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	41.50	(9)
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	1.95	2.23
202 Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.85	.96
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	3.50	4.13
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	4.51	4.86
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.55	1.85
206 B			.40	1.03	1.20

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) =110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of shows at different hours and on different days.
(8) Not on market.
(9) Excluding routes north of Soochow Creek.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

POLICE FORCE

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained on application to Room 106 Police Headquarters, Foochow Road.

No.	Description	Fee	Date.
715	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of January, 1942:—		
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	December 17, 11 a.m.
	" "B" Vegetables	100	do.
	" "C" Groceries	100	do.
	" "D" Bread	100	do.
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	do.
716	Catering to Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for January, 1942.	100	do.

Information and official tender forms under this section may be obtained from the Police Quartermaster, Gordon Road Police Depot.

714	Supply of Boots and Shoes for the Foreign Branches, Shanghai Municipal Police.		December 5, 11 a.m.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Information regarding tenders under this section and official tender forms may be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Health, Room No. 17, 223, Hankow Road.

11	Construction of Concrete Vaults and other work for Municipal Cemeteries during 1942.		December 1, 11 a.m.
6	Printing of Register of Medical Practitioners, Dentists and Veterinary Surgeons.		December 9, 11 a.m.
4 (a)	Supply to Municipal Hospitals and Schools of 100 pints Grade "A" (TT) milk daily and 15 pints of Grade "A" (TT) cream monthly.	$200	Dec. 9, 11 a.m.
4 (b)	Supply to Municipal Hospitals and Schools of 100 pints Grade "A" milk daily.	$200	Dec. 9, 11 a.m.

FIRE BRIGADE

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained from the Chief Officer, Shanghai Fire Brigade, 280 Honan Road.

73	Supply of Oils and Greases.		December 15, 11 a.m.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

For particulars, apply Room 234, Administration Building, 193 Kiangse Road.

42/21	Supply of Tools, etc.		March 2, 1942, 11 a.m.

For particulars, apply Room 349, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

42/5	Supply of Petrol, Fuel and Lubricating Oils etc. for 1942.		December 8, 11 a.m.

For particulars, apply to Room 39, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

42/30	210 Dozen Bass Brooms	$100	December 10, 11 a.m.

SECRETARIAT.

Information and tender forms may be obtained from Room 150, of the Secretariat, 209 Kiangse Road.

1	Printing and distribution of English edition of Municipal Gazette during 1942.	—	December 1, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED

Notification No. 5564. Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/73. Sales of 9 tons Scrap Metal.

	Lot "A"	Lot "B"	Lot "C"
Nee Tai Iron Co.	$0.77 per lb.		
Mow Shun & Co.		$0.802 per lb.	$0.61 per lb.

Police Force. Tender No. 73A.

	Hong Lee & Co.
Bean Oil	$ 3.45 per lb.
Beef (2nd Grade)	3.00 ,,
Cabbage	0.22 ,,
Fish, salt	1.56 ,,
Lard	3.15 ,,
Milk (Grade "B")	1.60 per pt
Onions	0.70 per lb.
Oranges or Tomatoes (Chinese)	1.60 ,,
Ox Liver	2.50 ,,
Salt	4.30 ,,
Pork (2nd Grade)	1.05 ,,
Tea	4.00 ,,
Lamp Oil	3.45 ,,
Turnips	0.23 ,,

Police Force. Tender No. 73B.

	Hong Lee & Co.
Barley	$ 2.30 per lb.
Beef (2nd Grade)	3.10 ,,
Bread	1.50 ,,
Cabbage	0.40 ,,
Chili Powder	2.60 ,,
Cocoa	7.75 ,,
Fish, Fresh	1.40 ,,
Fish, salt, Russian	3.65 ,,
Flour	1.30 ,,
Fruit, fresh	1.50 ,,
Green Beans	0.95 ,,
Milk (Grade "B")	1.60 per bt.
Oatmeal	2.60 per lb.
Onions	0.70 ,,
Pepper	1.65 per bt.
Pork (2nd Grade)	4.50 per lb.
Potatoes	0.48 ,,
Rice	0.74 ,,
Salt (Cooking)	1.05 ,,
Sesame Oil	3.45 ,,
Suet	1.60 ,,
Sugar	2.60 ,,
Tea	4.65 ,,
Ox Liver	2.50 ,,
Mutton (2nd Grade)	3.00 ,,

Police Force. Tender No. 710. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the Month of November, 1941.

Dombey & Son $7.35 per man per day including fresh milk and bread.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 42/32. Removal of Ordure from the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai during 1942.

Poo Tsay Yuen $222,220 per mensem.

TENDERS RECEIVED

Notification No. 5563. Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/74. Supply of Galvanized Iron and Black Sheets, Mild Steel Flats, Plates and Squares, etc.

No tender has been accepted.

Police Force. Tender No. 709. Supply of Foodstuffs for Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of November, 1941.

No tender has been accepted.

MUNICIPAL GAZETTE

Of the Council for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai

Vol. XXXIV SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1941. 1847

NOTIFICATION No. 5676.

IT has come to the notice of the Council that certain persons are of the opinion that owing to the present emergency they need not fulfil their obligation to the Council in respect of rates, taxes and other dues and fees. All persons residing in the International Settlement are hereby reminded that the Council despite the present emergency is at the request of the Japanese Authorities and with their full cooperation functioning normally for the welfare of the Settlement. Prompt payment must be made of all rates, taxes, dues and fees and all arrears must be met.

Warning is hereby given that strict action will be taken against all defaulters who are liable not only to legal action but also to be deprived of Municipal benefits.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5554.
SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from January 1, 1942, the Shanghai Municipal Council will levy a Special Rate on Business Premises based on 8% of the assessed rateable value of the premises occupied. This rate will be imposed on all premises used for the housing of gainful occupations including offices, shops, factories, godowns, wharves, pawnshops, stocks, gold bar and commodity exchanges and all premises occupied by the professions.

In the case of premises used partly for the housing of gainful occupations and partly for residential purposes the rate will be imposed only on that part of the premises not used for purely residential purposes.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, October 7, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5705.
LAND TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that Land Tax for the half-year ending June 30, 1942, is due on January 1, 1942.

Taxpayers are reminded that Land Tax will not be called for but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5701.
COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATE

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending March 31, 1942, is due on January 1, 1942. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

Every official authorized by the Council to collect monies from ratepayers, is provided with an identity card bearing his photograph.

Before making payment of rates or transmitting information relative thereto ratepayers should satisfy themselves that the person with whom they are dealing is a duly authorized officer of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5702.
TAVERN.

THE issue of an interim Tavern Licence in favour of Mr. Salomon Thal of Lane No. 315, House No. 14 Wayside Road in respect of the premises Lane No. 315, House No. 14 Wayside Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, January 5, 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5703.
RENEWAL OF DRIVING LICENCES

NOTICE is hereby given that all driving licences issued to owners of motor-cars and motor-cycles, and to chauffeurs of all motor vehicles, are due for renewal on January 1 for the year 1942, at the Traffic Licensing Office, Central Police Station Building, 185 Foochow Road, at a charge of $3.00.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Periodical Investment Deposits.

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Saturday January 3

Monday January 5

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 5526 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building.

NOTIFICATION No. 5526.
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK.

Fixed Deposits.

NOTIFICATION No. 4911 is cancelled and the following is issued in replacement thereof.

The Council is prepared to receive offers of deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six and twelve months in amounts up to $25,000. Interest will be allowed at rates of 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. per annum respectively on deposits accepted. The rate of interest on amounts exceeding $25,000 will be subject to special arrangement.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at the date of maturity and, in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made, persons whose deposits cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such Debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By order,

R. T. BRYAN, JR.,
for Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, August 19, 1941.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Special meeting held on December 3.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. F. A. Pollock, C. J. Schaap, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi and R. T. McDonnell.

Special meeting held on December 8.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. F. A. Pollock, C. J. Schaap, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi and R. T. McDonnell.

Fortnightly meeting held on December 10.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. F. A. Pollock, C. J. Schaap, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi and R. T. McDonnell.

Weekly meeting held on December 17.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), I. Okamoto, Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Jabin Hsu, Dr. R. J. McMullen Messrs. F. A. Pollock, C. J. Schaap, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima and L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi and R. T. McDonnell.

Special meeting held on December 19.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), Theodore C. Chang, A. Glathe, Y. Hanawa, Jabin Hsu, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Messrs. K. Okazaki, F. A. Pollock, C. J. Schaap, R. von der Crone, Y. Yazima, L. T. Yuan. Absent: Messrs. N. F. Allman, G. A. Haley, Yulin Hsi and R. T. McDonnell.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Education Board, December 1.—Present: Dr. R. J. McMullen (*Chairman*), Dr. K. Bartelt, Messrs. A. Brondal, A. V. T. Dean, Victor Hanson, K. Kuroda, Y. Nomura, Dr. Sidney K. Wei and Mr. L. T. Yuan. Absent: Mrs. Lancelot Giles and Mr. W. J. Hawkings.

Works Committee, December 2.—Messrs. F. J. Hookham (**In the Chair**), C. H. Chen, T. Haraguchi, G. E. Marden, H. S. Poulton and Dr. G. Probst. Absent: Messrs. Y. Hanawa, P. H. Chen, R. T. McDonnell and Pan San Hsin.

Health Committee, December 4.—Present: Mr. A. Glathe (*Chairman*), Dr. E. G. Gauntlett, Dr. R. J. McMullen, Dr. P. Muto Nardone, Dr. J. de Portaria and Dr. Y. Tongue. Absent: Dr. P. T. Chow, Messrs. G. A. Haley, K. C. Hsu, Y. Noda and Dr. W. S. Parsons.

Finance Committee, December 5.—Present: Messrs. J. H. Liddell (*Chairman*), H. E. Arnhold, Jabin Hsu, G. Kambe and F. A. Pollock. Absent: Messrs. C. G. Gadow, Y. Hanawa, Yulin Hsi, F. S. Hsi and R. T. McDonnell.

NOTIFICATION No. 5637.
VOLUNTARY SERVICE.

THE Council is taking immediate steps for the maintenance of Essential Services in the International Settlement. For this purpose the services of voluntary workers may be required. The Council accordingly invites persons, who are not already employed in undertakings of an essential public nature to enrol themselves without delay at Room No. 277, Administration Building, 180 Foochow Road. Those who reply are requested to state whether they are prepared to give full time or part time services, and whether or not they are already members of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps or Special Police.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

VOLUNTARY WORKERS.

The Council desires to express its grateful thanks to all persons who have enrolled themselves at Room 277, Administration Building, 180 Foochow Road, as voluntary workers, in case required, for the maintenance of Essential Services in the International Settlement. The Council will communicate with those whose services are needed as the occasion arises.

NOTIFICATION No. 5648.
AMALGAMATION OF SCHOOLS.

THE Council has approved the amalgamation of the Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys, and the Western District Public School, under the title of "Public, Thomas Hanbury, & Western School", with effect from January 1, 1942. The combined School will function thereafter in the premises of the Western District Public School.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 11, 1941.

AMALGAMATION OF SCHOOLS.

The Council has approved the recommendation that an Education Board that with effect from January 1, 1942, the Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys be transferred to the premises of the Western District Public School, 10 Tifeng Road, the combined School to be known as the Public, Thomas Hanbury, & Western School.

This move has been decided upon in the interests of economy and efficiency, after taking into consideration such factors as the decrease in enrolment, the dearth of qualified teachers to replace numerous staff resignations, and the difficulty in securing adequate premises on the termination of the lease of the Public & Thomas Hanbury School for Boys, 282 Kinnear Road.

The practicability of the scheme was in the first instance exhaustively examined by a Special Committee of the Education Board consisting of Mr. A. V. T. Dean and Mr. Victor Hanson, with Mr. H. G. Hucker, the Superintendent of Education, acting in an advisory capacity. Constructive assistance was given by the two Headmasters concerned.

The combined School will consist of a Junior Department under the direction of Mr. P. W. Bennett, B.A., and a Senior Department under the direction of Mr. P. Crow, M.A. The premises at the Western District Public School contain ample classroom space for the combined enrolment of approximately 600 pupils, and the advantage of extensive grounds, adequate laboratories, a gymnasium and an art room. The staff will consist of 10 fully trained male University graduates and 10 professionally trained women teachers, besides a physical instructor and Chinese teacher.

The School will provide a first class education for boys of Shanghai, and shall continue to maintain the high standard of efficiency that has characterized Council schools in the past.

WESTERN OUTSIDE ROADS AREA.

IN accordance with arrangements made recently, an agreement in connection with the Western Outside Roads Area was signed on Wednesday, December 10, at Kiangwan by the Mayor of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government and the Chairman of the Council. It is hoped that this agreement will result in the settlement of the long-standing Outside Roads problem.

Under the agreement the function of revenue collection is handed over to the Special Municipal Government. As the result of an arrangement to which the French Municipal Administration is also a party, there will be a common private motor car licence for all three administrative areas. The function of maintaining roads and public works and of fire protection is delegated to the Shanghai Municipal Council. Public Health functions will be carried out by the Special Municipal Government, though the Council may recommend doctors, nurses and other specialists for special work. Arrangements are being made for obtaining the views of residents in preparing the annual budget, and by a separate exchange of letters it has been agreed that the Shanghai Municipal Council may recommend to the Mayor certain members to be appointed to a Financial Advisory Committee of residents to be established by the Mayor. Text of agreement follows:—

AGREEMENT ON FINANCIAL MATTERS IN WEST SHANGHAI.

1. The Shanghai Municipal Council definitely recognizes the existence of Chinese administrative rights in the West Shanghai district. All work hitherto undertaken by the Council in connection with the collection of revenue in the said district shall be transferred to the control of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government. The Shanghai Special Municipal Government will establish in the West Shanghai district the "West Shanghai Office of the Bureau of Finance of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government." The jurisdiction of that office will extend over the same area as that controlled by the West Shanghai Special Police.

All rates and taxes hitherto levied by the West Shanghai Tax Collection Office of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government Finance Bureau and the Shanghai Municipal Council on behalf hereafter be collected by the new office. This newly established office shall be responsible for the compilation of the Annual Budget for the area in question and shall submit the same to the Mayor for approval, the principal being that taxes collected in the West Shanghai district shall be spent for the benefit of the West Shanghai district. The audited account shall be published.

The Shanghai Muncipal Council may recommend an auditor to serve in the said office under the appointment of the Mayor. The auditor may inspect any necessary account books and secret documents with the consent of the Mayor.

2. Municipal house rate formerly fixed by the Council at more than 20% shall be reduced to 20%, and where it is less than 20%, it shall be raised to 20%.

A temporary additional charge of 10% shall be added to the above rate, making the total rate of 30%. This temporary surcharge may be abolished when financial conditions improve.

3. All private motor-cars garaged or parked during the whole night in this area shall be reported to the West Shanghai Finance Office for issue of licence; the licence will be issued by the Bureau of Public Utilities of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government. All private motor-cars, whether licensed by the Shanghai Special Municipal Government or by the Shanghai Municipal Council, shall hereafter be permitted to ply in the areas under the jurisdiction of either of these Municipal authorities.

Application for the issue of licences shall be made to the Municipal authority in whose area the car in question is usually garaged or parked at night.

4. The Shanghai Municipal Council consents to the various public utility undertakings which function in the West Shanghai district being re-franchised or licensed by the Shanghai Special Municipal Government and paying royalties or licence fees to the Special Municipal Government. Any royalties or mileage fees at present paid to the Council by public utility undertakings in respect of the area shall in future be paid to the West Shanghai Finance Office.

The Council will make good to the West Shanghai Finance Office any royalties not available because of the assignment of such royalties as securities for Municipal loans.

The Council will render assistance in any negotiations with regard to re-franchising or re-licensing public utility undertakings.

5. The Shanghai Special Municipal Government entrusts the Shanghai Municipal Council with the responsibility of carrying on all work in connection with the roads and parks as well as other engineering undertakings hitherto under the Council's jurisdiction in the said district or any other undertakings which may be entrusted to the Shanghai Municipal Council by the Mayor. The expenses entailed shall be met with appropriations from the Budget of the Western district. Matters pertaining to the public health of the said district shall be dealt with by the West Shanghai Office of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government's Health Bureau. The Council may recommend doctors, nurses and other specialists to give medical treatment to patients and to perform anti-epidemic and disinfection work.

6. The Shanghai Special Municipal Government shall contribute annually to the Council's expenses for fire prevention in the Western district. The amount of the contribution shall be determined after discussion by both parties.

7. All properties owned or rented by the Council in the said district shall be exempt from taxation.

8. Outlays from the income fixed in the annual Budget of the Western district shall include the expenses of the West Shanghai Special Police.

So long as, by agreement with the Shanghai Special Municipal Government, the Council provides school or hospital services in the interests of all or part of the residents in the said district, a part of the expenses of such schools and hospitals to be agreed upon shall be met by appropriations from the income of the said district.

As for funds invested by the Council for the development of the said district, a reasonable rate of interest shall be paid out of the revenue collected in that area: the amount shall be agreed upon as decided.

9. Any deficit in the expenses of the said district shall be borne by the Shanghai Special Municipal Government.

10. In preparing the Budget for any special fiscal year for the West Shanghai district, increasing taxes or levying any new tax, the Shanghai Special Municipal Government shall adopt appropriate measures to obtain the views of residents in the said district.

11. This Agreement is made out in Chinese and English copies but its explanations and interpretations shall be based on the Chinese copy.

Republic of China, 30th Year, December 10th.

Shanghai Special Municipal Government.
(Sgd.) CHEN KUNG-PO,
Mayor

Shanghai Municipal Council.
(Sgd.) J. H. LIDDELL,
Chairman

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Council on December 8 issued the following announcements.—

A Special Meeting of the Shanghai Municipal Council took place this afternoon when the Council unanimously decided to comply with the wish of the Japanese Authorities that the Council should carry on its normal functions for the welfare of the Settlement.

No alarm should be felt because of the closing of the Banks today. The re-opening of the Banks to meet normal public requirements involves certain complicated problems which were being studied this afternoon by all concerned. It is hoped that the announcement on this subject may be made some time tomorrow.

The following advice is given in regard to passage from one area to another. Passage into and from the Western District is available via Great Western Road, Rockhill Avenue and Jessfield Road.

Passage into and from Hongkew is free without restriction for Chinese. Foreigners are requested to pass over Chapoo Road Bridge. Passage into and from Nantao is available via Porte de l'Oeust. There are no restrictions with regard to movement within the International Settlement and the French Concession. No curfew has been imposed.

The Council through its various Committees is in close consultation with the Authorities of the French Concession and is taking every possible step towards the conservation and fair distribution of stocks of essential commodities.

The Japanese Authorities have requested the normal functioning of all public utilities, and the public utility companies are complying with their request.

The Council hopes to be able to publish tomorrow a list of the radio stations which will continue to function and over which Council announcements will be made from time to time.

The following announcements were issued on December 9:—

With reference to the Proclamation issued to-day by the High Command of the Japanese Forces in the Shanghai Area, it is pointed out that the requirements listed under Gendarmerie Control paragraphs (2) a to g, must be complied with by citizens of the United States of America and British subjects in all cases regardless of whether removal of residence is intended or not.

With reference to Shanghai Municipal Council Announcement of December 8, 1941, the Shanghai Municipal Police Curfew remains in force.

The following announcements were issued on December 11:—

Banks will remain open for a further three days, i.e. on December 12, 13 and 15. Withdrawals, etc. will be under the conditions announced on December 9, 1941.

At the request of the Shanghai Municipal Council, in order to conserve gasoline supplies, the China General Omnibus Co., Ltd., has agreed to stop its service after 9 p.m. as from tomorrow, Friday, December 12.

For the present tram services will continue without restriction of hours of operation.

The Shanghai Municipal Council will suggest to places of entertainment, such as Cinemas and Theatres that in view of curtailment of transportation services it will probably be expedient for them to limit their daily performances to two houses, making their last performances terminate at 8 p.m. daily.

NOTIFICATION No. 5691.

SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY.

Restriction of Supplies of Electricity.

IN view of the imperative necessity for conserving stocks and reducing consumption of fuel the Council has approved a plan for the further restriction of supplies of electricity.

As an initial step and until further notice the following restrictive allotments of electricity will be enforced:—

	Allotment
Transportation and Public Utilities	70%
Building and Housing (exclusive of Air Conditioning)	60%
Industrial (other than Health and Food and Essential Services)	45%
Luxuries (including Air Conditioning)	45%
Amusement and Entertainment (exclusive of Air Conditioning)	45%

Consumers under 500 K. W. H. per month	Limit of 500 K.W.H.

NOTE: Allotment is the percentage of established usage permitted each consumer in the various classes of services. Established usage is the total highest consumption recorded by each individual consumer in any month from January 1940, to January 1941, inclusive, except in the case of consumers whose established usage is less than 1,000 K.W.H. when the period taken is December, 1940, to November, 1941, inclusive.

Charges for electrical energy utilised within the limits of the allocations shown above shall be at the regular authorised rates, and all electrical energy used in excess of allotments during any monthly billing period shall be charged for by applying the following scale to the average all-in charge:—

1. **If the allotment is exceeded by not more than 5%.**
   Three times the average all-in charge; that is to say, the rate per kilowatt-hour to be applied to such excess usage shall be three times the average all-in rate obtained by dividing the total amount of the charges for electricity consumed (computed at current rates, including fuel adjustments and all surcharges) by the total number of kilowatt-hours consumed.
2. **If the allotment is exceeded by more than 5% but not by more than 15%.**
   Three times the average all-in charge, computed in accordance with the preceding paragraph (1), for the first 5% by which the allotment is exceeded; and Six times such average all-in charge for the remainder.
3. **If the allotment is exceeded by more than 15%.**
   Three times the beforementioned average all-in charge for the first 5% by which the allotment is exceeded;
   Six times such average all-in charge for the next 10% by which the allotment is exceeded; and
   Fifty times such average all-in charge for the remainder.
4. Any consumer who has exceeded his allotment in any month shall have his succeeding month's allotment reduced by a corresponding amount despite the payment of the restrictive charges provided for in (1) to (3) inclusive. If such consumer then utilizes energy in excess of such reduced allotment, service shall be discontinued to such consumer until such time as the Special Committee shall authorize reconnection.

NOTE: Excess usage is expressed as a percentage of allotment, not of established usage.

Particular attention is drawn to the regulation that any consumer whose established usage of electricity is 500 K.W.H. or less per month and who shall exceed 500 K.W.H. during any monthly billing period, shall be charged for the excess above 500 K.W.H. in accordance with the above scale of restrictive charges.

The revised restrictive charges shown above will be applied to accounts in respect of consumption periods commencing from the date of notification by letter from the Shanghai Power Company to consumers.

In view of the shortage of fuel, allocations of electricity are subject to revision at any time without prior advice to consumers and such revised allocations shall be applicable upon delivery of notice to such effect in writing to consumers. Such revisions if necessary may be made during any period of a billing month and shall become effective from date of delivery of notice in writing.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5622.
RICE AND FLOUR STOCKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after Tuesday, December 2, no permits will be issued for the movement of rice or flour which has not previously been registered with the Shanghai Municipal Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 28, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5623.
RICE MOVEMENT PERMITS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, December 1, the colour of Rice Movement Permits issued by the Shanghai Municipal Council for movement inside the International Settlement and French Concession will be changed. As from 6 a.m. Wednesday, December 3, formerly issued yellow Rice Movement Permits will not be valid in the Settlement and the French Concession.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 29, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5626.
RICE MOVEMENT PERMITS.

NOTICE is hereby given that S.M.C. Rice Movement permits will be issued at Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, only between 9 a.m. and noon from Wednesday, December 3 to Tuesday, December 9, both days inclusive. Thereafter permits will be issued from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 2, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5630.
MOVEMENT OF RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from December 7, 1941, no movement of rice of any quality within the International Settlement (and to the French Concession) in excess of one-twentieth of a zah (4 kilos) will be allowed without a Movement Permit first obtained from the S.M.C. Rice Office, Room No. 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 6, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5667.
RICE MOVEMENT PERMITS.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from Tuesday, December 16, a charge of $1.00 per bag will be made for all permits issued for the movement of rice of all qualities.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 15, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5668.
MOVEMENT OF RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from December 16, 1941, no movement of rice of any quality (except Native rice) within the International Settlement (and to the French Concession) in excess of 3 Shun (5.16 lbs.) will be allowed without a Movement Permit first obtained from the S.M.C. Rice Office, Room No. 701, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 15, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5625.
RICE OFFICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council's Rice Office, Room 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, will be closed for sales of S.M.C. rice from Wednesday, December 3 to Tuesday, December 9 (both days inclusive). The office will re-open at 9 a.m. on Wednesday, December 10, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 2, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5629.
RICE—RETAIL SALES.

EFFECTIVE from December 7 and until further notice no retailer shall be permitted to make a single sale of Rice to any one person of more than one-twentieth of a zah (4 kilos).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5636.
RICE—RETAIL SALES.

EFFECTIVE from December 8 and until further notice no retailer shall be permitted to make a single sale of Rice to any one person of more than 2 shun (6.44 lbs.)

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5663.
RICE RETAIL SALES.

EFFECTIVE from December 16, 1941 and until further notice no retailer shall be permitted to make a single sale of rice to any one person of more than 3 Shun (5.16 lbs.). The price for 3 Shun of rice has been fixed at $4.00. Children under the age of 14 years are not permitted to make purchases of rice from Rice Retail Shops.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 16, 1941.

PROCLAMATION.
RICE.

WHEREAS the Shanghai Municipal Council, acting in full accord and co-operation with the authorities of the French Concession, is determined to prevent profiteering in respect of the staple Foodstuffs of the community and to ensure that supplies reach consumers and are not hoarded, NOW, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that:-

With effect from Friday, December 12, 1941, the Shanghai Municipal Council will require owners of rice stocks stored in the International Settlement upon demand to deliver their stocks against S.M.C. Delivery Orders.

The Council will pay for rice (not inferior in quality to Rangoon Small Mills Special 38-42 per cent. broken) delivered against S.M.C. Delivery Orders at the rate of $158.95 per 224 lbs. gross delivered weight ex godown in sound and good condition.

When called upon by the Council, Storage Companies and/or owners of stocks of rice must submit without delay specifications of godown warrants covering all Rice in storage and any other inforomation required by the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5672.
RICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from Friday, selling price of imported rice to December 19, 1941 the Council's retailers will be $162.00 per 224 lbs. gross delivered weight exgodown and the maximum retail price to the public $4.10 per three shun (5.16 lbs.)

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5653.
PRIVATELY OWNED RICE FOR SETTLEMENT OFFICES, FACTORIES, HOSPITALS, CHARITABLE ORANIZATIONS, SCHOOLS, ETC.

ORGANIZATIONS (firms, factories, charitable organizations, etc. *not individuals*) who own rice for the needs of their employees, may make application for movement Permits in the Rice Office, Room 701, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, (entrance from S.M.C. compound) from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. daily from December 13, 1941 until further notice. Saturdays 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

Only responsible persons should be sent to make application since a form giving information required by the Council must be completed.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 12, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5666.
RESTAURANTS, FOOD SHOPS AND HOTELS.

ALL restaurants, foodshops and hotels requiring S.M.C. Rice must submit audited statements of their monthly consumption for September, October and November to the S.M.C. Rice Control Office, Room 701, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 15, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5677.
TRANSPORT OF RICE & FLOUR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the maximum price for transportation by trucks or manhauled vehicles has been fixed by the Council at $2.00 per bag for rice and $0.50 per bag for flour.

Any owner refusing to carry rice and floor at these rates is liable to have his vehicle confiscated.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5628.
FLOUR.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5594 dated November 14, 1941, regarding movements of flour from the International Settlement, further notice is hereby given that, effective from December 5, 1941, no movement permits will be granted for stocks of flour intended for export.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 4, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5638.
FLOUR—RETAIL SALES.

EFFECTIVE from December 9, 1941, and until further notice, no retailer shall be permitted to make a single sale of flour to any one person of more than one shun (1.72 lbs.).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5664.
FLOUR
RETAIL SALES—QUANTITIES AND PRICES.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5638 dated December 8, 1941 and the Council's Proclamation of December 10, 1941 regarding the above, notice is hereby given that effective from December 16, 1941 the maximum amount of Flour allowed to be sold by retailer to any one person will be increased to five Standard Catties (5.5 lbs.). Retail prices are fixed at $0.85 per Standard Catty ($0.78 per pound) for Canadian Straight Flour and $0.90 per Standard Catty ($0.82 per pound) for American Export Straight and locally milled Flour.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 15, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5641.
FLOUR.
REGISTRATION OF CONSUMERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that all bakeries, noodle makers, retailers and other bulk consumers of flour within the International Settlement, and such similar establishments in the Western Extra Settlement Area which can produce S.M.C. Special Tax Receipts for the current quarter, should obtain application forms from S.V.C. Drill Hall, Foochow Road entrance, on which to submit details of their activities, daily requirements, etc. to Room 701, S.M.C. Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, immediately.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

PROCLAMATION.

FLOUR.

WHEREAS the Shanghai Municipal Council, acting in full accord and co-operation with the Japanese Military Authorities and the French Authorities, is determined to prevent profiteering in respect of the staple foodstuffs of the community, NOW, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that:

(1) With effect from Thursday, December 11, 1941, no flour may be sold by wholesalers at a price in excess of $36.00 per bag of 49 lbs. in case of Canadian Straight Flour and $38.00 per bag of 49 lbs. in case of American Export Straight Flour (of any brand and name), or by retailers at a price in excess of $38.00 and $40.00 respectively per bag of 49 lbs., or $1.35 and $1.40 respectively per Shun (1.72 lbs.).

(2) Any person who sells Flour at a price in excess of the prices specified in Clause (1) hereof will be liable to the cancellation of any Municipal licence which he may hold permitting him to sell foodstuffs in the International Settlement and will be denied the sanctuary of the Settlement and be liable to expulsion therefrom.

(3) Any wholesaler or retailer who refuses to sell any stock of Flour in his possession will be similarly liable to the suspension of any Municipal licence which he may hold permitting him to sell foodstuffs and will be denied the sanctuary of the Settlement and be liable to expulsion therefrom. Furthermore, the Council will take possession of such stocks of Flour at a price not exceeding $34.00 and $36.00 respectively per bag of 49 lbs.

(4) The Movement of Flour of any quality or quantity from the International Settlement is prohibited (except to the French Concession) without a special permit being first obtained from the Shanghai Municipal Council. Furthermore, no movement of Flour is permitted within the International Settlement without a permit, except that no permit is required by those consumers who are moving, within the International Settlement, such quantities of Flour which consumers are from time to time permitted to purchase from the retailers. Permits for the movement of Flour in larger quantities will only be granted to approved traders and consumers. Any Flour found being moved in contravention of this proclamation and unregistered stocks of Flour will be confiscated without compensation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December, 10, 1941.

FLOUR.

With reference to the Proclamation issued on December 10, 1941 fixing prices for flour, it has been brought to the Council's notice that flour milled locally from imported wheat is not considered included in the Council's control scheme. In order to avoid any misunderstanding in this connection, the Council wishes it to be clearly understood that all kinds of flour are included in the Council's control scheme and that prices of locally milled flour must not exceed $38.00 per bag of 49 lbs. wholesale and $40.00 per bag of 49 lbs. retail.

Arrangements for the opening of flour godowns which have been sealed by the Japanese Military Authorities are now being made and movement of flour can be resumed provided the necessary permits are obtained from the S.M.C. Price Control Office. Bulk consumers and retailers requiring flour are now being advised to approach owners of flour for further supplies, and to inform the Council should such owners refuse to sell at prices fixed by the Council.

NOTIFICATION No. 5695.

NOODLES—MAXIMUM PRICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that, effective from Wednesday, December 24, 1941, the price of fresh noodles must not exceed 95 cents per catty. This applies to all manufacturers within the International Settlement, as well as to those in the Western Extra-Settlement Area who obtain supplies of flour or other ingredients through the assistance of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5696.

MACARONI, SPAGHETTI, VERMICELLI & SIMILAR PRODUCTS—MAXIMUM PRICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that, effective from Wednesday, December 24, 1941, the maximum price of Macaroni, Spaghetti, Vermicelli and all similar products has been fixed at $1.65 per lb. wholesale, and $1.80 per lb. retail, both including packing. These maximum prices apply to all manufacturers and retailers within the International Settlement, as well as to those situated in the Western Extra-Settlement Area who obtain their supplies of flour or other ingredients through the assistance of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5660.

BREAD PRICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that, effective from Sunday, December 14, all licensed bakeries within the International Settlement and those in the Western Extra-Settlement Area which receive flour and/or other ingredients from the International Settlement, must produce bread of the kinds specified below and may not sell such bread at prices in excess of those set out below. No other types of bread may be sold.

Ordinary Bread:
(French, White and Brown)
Wholesale: $0.95 per lb.
Retail: 1.05 per lb.

Toast Bread:
Wholesale: $1.10 per lb.
Retail: 1.20 per lb.

Prices for different sizes of the above mentioned kinds of bread are to be charged accordingly.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 13, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5692.

LICENSED ESTABLISHMENTS USING FLOUR.

NOTICE is hereby given that all retailers, bakeries, noodle makers, wheat-cake makers and other bulk consumers of Flour, who are licensed by the Shanghai Municipal Council and who have been unable to obtain supplies of Flour necessary for their activities, must apply to the Shanghai Municipal Council for assistance in obtaining supplies of Flour before Monday, December 29, 1941. Those in need of supplies and who do not apply for assistance, will not have their licences renewed as from the beginning of 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5685.

BAKERIES AND CONFECTIONERIES.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in order to conserve the stocks of flour, the following measures will come into force within the International Settlement from Sunday, December 21, 1941:—

(1) The manufacture and sale of all kinds of fancy bread, rolls and cakes is prohibited.

(2) The further manufacture of biscuits is prohibited. Existing stocks of biscuits may be sold by retail on Sundays and Public Holidays until such stocks are liquidated.

(3) Only the types of bread stated in Municipal Notification No. 5660 may be made, and such bread may not be removed from bakeries until at least 24 hours after baking.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5699.

BREAD, CAKES, BISCUITS & CONFECTIONERY.

WITH reference to Municipal Notifications Nos. 5660 and 5685 relative to Bread prices and the manufacture and sale of Cakes and Biscuits, these are now modified as follows:—

Effective from December 25, 1941, the following measures will come into force:—

(1) **Bread.**—The Council's Notification No. 5660 fixing the kinds of bread which may be made and the prices at which such may be sold apply to all shops, cafes and other establishments of all kinds selling to the public as well as to all licensed bakeries.

(2) **Fancy Bread, Rolls & Cakes.**—Provided no bleached wheat flour or rice flour is used, these may be made and sold within the International Settlement limits.

(3) **Biscuits.**—The restriction on the manufacture and sale of soda crackers and plain dry biscuits such as army biscuits and dog biscuits is now removed. Sweet and fancy biscuits may only be manufactured and sold after written appoval has been obtained from the Council.

(4) **Confectionery.**—All restrictions on the manufacture and sale of confectionery are removed, provided no bleached wheat flour or rice flour is used.

The above applies to all manufacturers within the International Settlement, as well as to those situated in the Western Extra-Settlement Area who obtain supplies of flour or other ingredients through the assistance of the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5675.

REGISTRATION OF STOCKS OF BRAN.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons, firms, mills and parties having financial and/or controlling interest in local stocks of Bran in excess of one week's requirements for own use must register such stocks not later than 12 noon, Saturday, December 20, 1941 at Room 703, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road. Stocks remaining unregistered after this time will be confiscated without compensation.

Notice is also given that, effective from December 19, 1941, no movement of Bran of any kind will be allowed within or from the International Settlement without a Permit first obtained from the S.M.C.

Movement Permits may be applied for at the S.V.C. Drill Hall.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5631.

PRICE OF COAL BRIQUETTES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from Monday, December 8, 1941, the maximum retail price for coal briquettes in the International Settlement will be $20 per tan of 50 kgs.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5633.

COAL STOCKS.

A declaration is required from coal dealers and retailers of coal in the International Settlement in respect of coal purchased and sold by them which must be received by the Shanghai Municipal Council on or before December 15, 1941.

A form for the purpose of making the required declaration can be obtained from the Secretary, Coal Control Committee, Room 330, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 6, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5634.

REQUIREMENTS OF INDUSTRIAL COAL.

THE Council invites all users of coal for industrial purposes, who have not already done so, to furnish a declaration to the Council of their minimum monthly requirements and of their existing stocks. The Council requests that replies should be sent not later than Monday, December 15, 1941, to the Secretary, Coal Committee, Room No. 330, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.

Statements of requirements will be investigated subsequently, and those who are found to have forwarded exaggerated estimates will be penalised in regard to any allotments which the Council may be able to make.

Declaration Forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Coal Committee, Room 330, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road, to whom the completed forms should be returned on or before Monday, December 15, 1941.

It will be assumed that those failing to submit this Declaration as called for by this Notification will not need the assistance of the Council in regard to future supplies of coal.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 6, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5682.

COAL AND COAL BRIQUETTES.

NOTICE is hereby given that permits for the movement of coal in excess of one basket (125 kilos), or coal briquettes in excess of half a tan (25 kilos), may be obtained as follows:—

(a) Where the location at which the coal is to be consumed, or the destination to which it is to be sent, is in the International Settlement, movement permits may be obtained from the Shanghai Municipal Council, Room 330, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road, irrespective of the location of the coal yard from which the coal is obtained.

(b) Where the location at which the coal is to be consumed, or the destination to which it is to be sent, is in the French Concession, movement permits may be obtained from the French Municipal Authorities at the "Section du Ravitaillement", 2 Route Frelupt, irrespective of the location of the coal yard from which the coal is obtained.

Fees for coal movement permits will be charged for briquettes at the rate of $2.00 per ton or $0.10 per tan, and for coal at the rate of $4.00 per ton.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5683.

REGISTRATION OF STOCKS OF SUGAR.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons, firms, factories and parties having financial and/or controlling interest in local stocks of all kinds of Sugar must register such stocks not later than 12 noon, Wednesday, December 24, 1941 at the S.V.C. Drill Hall, Foochow Road entrance. Stocks remaining unregistered after this time will be confiscated without compensation.

Notice is also given that, effective from December 20, 1941, no movement of Sugar of any kind will be allowed within or from the International Settlement without a permit to be obtained from the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Movement Permits may be applied for at the S.V.C. Drill Hall and will be charged on the basis of $2.00 per bag of 220 lbs. or 180 lbs.

No movement of Sugar by Motor Vehicle is permitted.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5659.

PHARMACEUTICAL DRUGS, SERA, VACCINE & SURGICAL EQUIPMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that no bulk movement of any of the Drugs, etc., set out in the following list may take place without a permit obtained from the Public Health Department Dispensary.

Atebrin
Avertin
Agar-agar
Arsenic (all organic preparations of)
Ammonium hydroxide
Ammonium chloride and carbonate
Antimony (all organic preparations of)
Alcohol
Acacia Gum
Amyl nitrite
Atropine Sulphate
Acetylsalicylic Acid
Amidopyrin (Pyramidon)
Adrenalin
Argent Proteinate
Bismuth (all salts of)
Barbitone (all preparations and derivatives of)
Boric Acid
Benzoic Acid
Barium Sulphate
Caffein, Caffein Sodium-Benzote, Caffein citrate
Camphor
Charcoal preparations
Carbon Tetrachloride
Cholin derivatives
Calcium oxide, Lactate, Gluconate, Chloride
Chloride of Lime
Creosote
Chloral hydrate
Cocain (salts of)
Codein phosphate
Chloroform
Catgut (surgical)
Castor Oil
Cod Liver Oil
Cresol disinfectants

Copper Sulphate
Copper Citrate
Cascara Extract
Cedar Wood Oil
Dextrose (pure)
Digitalis (all preparations of)
Ether (all grades)
Ethyl chloride
Emetin Hydrochloride (and preparations of)
Ephedrine (salts of)
Ergot (all preparations of)
Ferri Sulph. pur.
Flavines
Formaldehyde
Glycerin
Histidine (all preparations of)
Hexamine
Hydrogen Peroxide
Homatropin (salts of)
Hyoscine Hydrobromide
Iodoform
Iodine
Ipecacuanha (extract of)
Iron and ammonium citrate
Ichthyol
Insulin
Iodophthalein
Kaolin
Lanolin
Lactose (pure)
Liver Extract (and preparations of)

Any Firm or individual having stocks of any of the Drugs, etc., specified in the above list must declare the same to the Public Health Department Dispensary without delay.

Any such Drugs, etc., moved without a permit or not declared to the Public Health Department Dispensary before Wednesday, December 17, will be liable to confiscation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 13, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5661.

PHARMACEUTICAL DRUGS, SERA, VACCINE & SURGICAL EQUIPMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that in addition to the list published under Notification No. 5659, no bulk movement of any of the Drugs, etc., set out in the following list may take place without a permit obtained from the Public Health Department Dispensary.

Lecithin
Malt extract
Menthol
Mercurochrome
Methyl Salicylate
Mercury and all salts and preparations of)
Magnesium oxide, carbonate, sulphate, peroxide.
Morphine (all salts, derivatives, and preparations of)
Olive Oil
Oil of Chenopodium
Oil of Peppermint
Opium (preparations and derivatives of)
Oxygen
Paraldehyde
Plaster of Paris (Surgical)
Paraffin Soft and Paraffin Liquid (Medicinal)
Procain
Percain
Plasmoquin
Potassium (all salts of)
Phenacetin
Phenol
Phenolphthalein
Pepsin
Picric Acid
Pituitrin (all Preparations of)
Quinine (and all salts of)
Radix Bellad
Radix Gentian
Radix Senega
Radix Rhei
Radix Ipecac
Resorcin
Salol
Santonin
Strychnine (all Salts of)
Sodium (all Salts of)
Sulphur
Sulphanilamide (and all preparations and derivatives of)
Salicylic Acid
Saccharin
Sodium-tetra-iodo-phenolphthalein
Sodium iodo-oxyquinolinesulphonate
Silver nitrate
Silver proteinate and all colloidal preparations of silver
Strychnia
Theobromine et Sod. Salicylas
Thymol
Tannic Acid
Talc.
Tannoform
Thyroid (and all preparations of)
Tuberculine
Uroselectan
Vitamins (all preparations of)
Yeast Dried
Zinc oxide, sulphate.
All Sera and Vaccines.
All Surgical Dressings, Instruments and Appliances.

Any Firm or individual having stocks of any of the Drugs, etc., specified in the above list must declare the same to the Public Health Department Dispensary without delay.

Any such Drugs, etc., moved without a permit or not declared to the Public Health Department Dispensary before Wednesday, December 17, will be liable to confiscation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 14, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5639.

LARD AND VEGETABLE OILS —RETAIL SALES.

EFFECTIVE from December 9, 1941, and until further notice, no retailer shall be permitted to make a single sale of Lard and Vegetable Oils to any one person of more than one chin (catty).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5640.

LARD AND VEGETABLE OILS.

Registration of Stocks.

ALL persons, firms and parties having financing and/or controlling interests in local stocks of the above commodities must register such stocks with the Council immediately. Registration forms are obtainable at the S.V.C. Drill Hall, Foochow Road entrance.

Until further notice no movement of the above commodities in excess of one chin (catty) is allowed.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5670.

LARD AND VEGETABLE OILS.

Registration of Stocks. Registration of the Requirements of Industrial Consumers & Retailers.

WITH reference to Municipal Notification No. 5640, dated December 8, 1941, notice is hereby given that the registration of stocks of lard and vegetable oils and registration of the requirements of industrial consumers and retailers must be completed by 12 noon Saturday, December 20, 1941.

For the information of all concerned, vegetable oils and lard cover: Groundnut Oil, Cottonseed Oil, Coconut Oil, Soya Bean Oil, Lard, Rapeseed Oil, Sesame Oil, Vegetable Shortenings, Cooking Fats and any mixed oils. Holders of stocks who have already completed registration forms omitting any of the above oils should complete an additional registration form.

Stocks remaining unregistered after December 20, 1941, will be confiscated without compensation.

Industrial consumers and retailers of the above oils and fats should register their requirements not later than 4 p.m. Tuesday, December 23, 1941.

The necessary forms for registration of stocks, registration of requirements, and stock movement permits may be obtained at the S.V.C. Drill Hall, Foochow Road entrance, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 noon and 2 p.m. and 4 p.m.

Fees at the rate of $0.02 per lb. with the minimum fee of $1.00 will be charged for Movement Permits.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 17, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5671.

ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE TALLOWS AND PALM OIL.

Registration of Stocks. Registration of Requirements. Movement Permits.

HOLDERS of stocks of local or imported Animal Tallows, Vegetable Tallows and Palm Oil must register such stocks with the Shanghai Municipal Council. Manufacturers using these materials should also register their stocks and requirements with the Council. Registration must be effected not later than 4 p.m. Wednesday, December 24, 1941. Stocks remaining unregistered after that date will be confiscated without compensation.

Registration forms are obtainable at the S.V.C. Drill Hall, Foochow Road entrance.

Until further notice, no movement of the above materials is permitted without a movement permit, which can be obtained at the above address.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5647.

BUTTER AND MARGARINE.

REGISTRATION OF STOCKS

NOTICE is hereby given that all owners of stocks of Margarine and Butter in the International Settlement must immediately submit in writing to the Council full information regarding quantities and location of such stocks.

The information should be addressed to S.M.C. Price Control Office, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5674.

NOTICE is hereby given that in view of the limited quantity of gasoline at present in Shanghai and in order to assure the movement of public services as long as possible, the Shanghai Municipal Council in agreement with the French Concession Authorities has decided that as from 9.00 a.m. Monday, December 22, 1941, the use of private motor vehicles other than the following will be prohibited on the roads of the International Settlement:—

(1) Vehicles essential to the Armed Forces, the Police, Fire Brigade, Health and Public Works Departments.
(2) A limited number of motor vehicles belonging to members of the Diplomatic and Consular Body.
(3) A limited number of motor vehicles belonging to Public Utility Companies.
(4) A limited number of motor vehicles belonging to Doctors, and mid-wives with the reservation that they justify their needs.
(5) Trucks, etc. used in the transportation of essential commodities in respect of which a Movement or transport permit has been issued.

All persons wishing to use motor vehicles under any of the above headings except (5) must apply for a permit within 24 hours to the Traffic Office, Driving Licence Section, Central Police Station, Foochow Road, specifying and justifying their needs.

Truck Permits required under (5) above will be issued from the Transport Permits Office, Room 29, Administration Building, Hankow Road, on presentation of the appropriate Movement or Transport permit.

Permits valid in the French Concession will be valid in the International Settlement and permits valid in the International Settlement will be valid in the French Concession.

The above arrangements do not concern those vehicles which use other than gasoline and Diesel oil as motor-fuel.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 18, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5690.

USE OF PRIVATE MOTOR VEHICLES.

OWING to the impossibility of issuing permits to approved persons before Monday, Municipal Notification No. 5674 in connection with the driving of private motor vehicles will not be enforced until 9 a.m. on Tuesday, December 23.

Where the issue of a permit has been approved, the permit can be collected from the Police Traffic Office at any time on Monday, December 22.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5632.

COAL BRIQUETTES.

UNTIL further notice no retailer in the International Settlement may make a single sale of coal briquettes to any one person of more than half a tan (25 kgs.).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 6, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5644.

COAL AND COAL BRIQUETTES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from Wednesday, December 10, 1941, the movement of coal of any kind or quality in excess of one basket (125 kilos) or coal briquettes of any kind or quality in excess of half a tan (25 kilos) within or from the International Settlement is prohibited (except to the French Concession) without a Permit first obtained from the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Application forms for coal movement permits will not be available before Monday, December 15, and all those wishing to move coal are particularly requested not to call at the Administration Building before that date and to await further announcement regarding the issue of coal movement permits.

Until further notice no coal or briquette retailer shall sell to any one family more than one basket (125 kilos) of coal or half a tan (25 kilos) of coal briquettes. Such retailer shall register full details (including name and address of purchaser) of each sale in his books which shall be open to inspection at any time by the Municipal authorities.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 9, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5656.

COAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having in hand stocks of coal exceeding 5 tons which have not yet been registered with the S.M.C. should register such stocks at Room No. 330, Administration Building, Hankow Road, before December 20. Unregistered stocks are subject to confiscation without compensation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 13, 1941.

CONSUMPTION OF COAL.

All Coal dealers in the International Settlement have been instructed to reduce, for the time being, deliveries for domestic consumption to 50% of normal requirements.

The Council relies upon all those who have on hand stocks for their own consumption to cooperate in the public interest and voluntarily reduce their consumption by this amount.

NOTIFICATION No. 5693.

COAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FACTORIES.

NOTICE is hereby given that all factories within the International Settlement requiring coal for manufacturing purposes which have not already registered their needs with the Shanghai Municipal Council should register such requirements at Room 330, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road, not later than Saturday, December 27, 1941, after which date no further requirements will be recognized.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5673.

GASOLINE.

OWNERS of motor-vehicles are advised that the Council is willing to take over their stocks of gasoline at the price paid to the supplier not exceeding $5.20 per gallon. Such stocks will be used for essential services. In the case of stocks now offered promptly to the Council no penalty will be exacted for previous failure to declare such stocks.

Applications giving particulars of location and containers should be sent to the Transport Office, Room No. 36, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 18, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5678.

GASOLINE FOR VEHICLES.

WITH reference to Municipal Notification No. 5674, the issue of a permit to use motor vehicles does not imply that gasoline for the vehicle will be supplied by the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5646.

REGISTRATION OF GASOLINE, FUEL AND DIESEL OIL STOCKS.

ALL holders of gasoline, fuel and Diesel Oil stocks, in containers other than vehicle fuel tanks, are required to register such stocks immediately at the Transport Control Office, Room 36, Ground Floor, Administration Building, Hankow Road. On and after Thursday, December 11, gasoline, fuel or Diesel Oil in containers, other than vehicle fuel tanks, may not be moved without a permit from the Transport Control Office. Such permits will only be issued for essential movements. Undeclared stocks and stocks moved without a permit will be liable to confiscation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5652.

REGISTRATION OF GASOLINE, FUEL AND DIESEL OIL STOCKS.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5646 dated December 10, 1941, regarding the Registration of Gasoline, Fuel and Diesel Oil Stocks, notice is hereby given that the conditions contained therein also apply to the Western Extra-Settlement Area.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 11, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5658.

GASOLINE, ETC.

WITH reference to Notification Nos. 5646 and 5652, the Registration of Stocks of Gasoline, Fuel Oil and Diesel Oil must be completed by 4 p.m. on Tuesday, December 16. Thereafter unregistered Stocks in the International Settlement and Western Extra-Settlement Area will be confiscated without compensation. It is not necessary to register gasoline already in the tank of a vehicle.

Gasoline Stocks are small and irreplaceable and must be conserved for essential purposes. Every effort must be made, therefore, by all concerned to utilise means of transport and locomotion which do not require the use of gasoline.

Supplies of Gasoline cannot be obtained from the Council and it will save time if such applications are avoided.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 13, 1941.

PUBLISHED FOR RECORD PURPOSES ONLY.

NOTIFICATION No. 5645.

STORAGE OF KEROSENE.

THE Council is aware that despite municipal warnings as to the danger to life and property and the evil of hoarding, large stocks of kerosene are being hoarded by firms and individuals.

The Council requires the registration of stocks of kerosene held by any company, firm, factory, shop, institution or individual in excess of 50 American gallons. Forms for declaration of stocks are obtainable on application to Headquarters, Shanghai Fire Brigade, 280 Honan Road.

Those who register their stocks promptly in response to this notification will not be liable to any penalty for having stored kerosene without a licence for the storage of hazardous goods. Those who do not register their stocks on or before December 17, 1941, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 10, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5651.

STORAGE OF KEROSENE.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5645 dated December 10, 1941, regarding the Storage of Kerosene, notice is hereby given that the conditions contained therein also apply to the Western Extra-Settlement Area.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5679.

KEROSENE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after Saturday, December 20, the movement of Kerosene without a permit first obtained from the Council is prohibited. Permits for essential movements only may be obtained from Room No. 29, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5681.

FUEL, DIESEL OIL AND KEROSENE.

OWNERS of stocks of fuel, diesel oil and kerosene are advised that the Council is willing to purchase the whole or part of their stocks at the price paid to the Oil Company. Such stocks will be used for essential services and if offered to the Council before noon on Monday, December 22, no penalty will be exacted for previous failure to declare such stocks.

Applications giving particulars of location, containers and prices should be sent to the Transport Office, Room 36, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5665.

REGISTRATION OF STOCKS OF MOTOR OILS AND GREASES.

THE movement of motor oils and greases is prohibited on and after December 16 except under permit from the Transport Control Office. Permits will only be granted for essential movements.

All stocks of motor oils exceeding 5 gallons and of motor greases exceeding 5 lbs. are required to be registered at the Transport Control Office, Room 36, Ground Floor, Administration Building, Hankow Road, before 4 p.m. on Friday, December 19.

Undeclared stocks and stocks moved without a permit will be liable to confiscation.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 15, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5654.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following selling prices have been fixed for the undermentioned commodities which are essential in the manufacture of farinaceous goods including noodles:—

Block Soda

by whole blocks.....55 cents per shih chin (1.1 lbs.)

by catty or less.....60 cents per shih chin (1.1 lbs.)

Washing Soda Crystals

by bag of 200 pounds.....60 cents per pound

by the pound.....60 cents per pound

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 12, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5655.

NOTICE is hereby given that stocks of Synthetic Soda Ash, of Block Soda and of Washing Soda Crystals must be registered in writing with the Council's Price Control Office, Room 165, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road. The amounts of each commodity and the places where stored must be stated.

No movement of the above commodities will be allowed without a permit. No permit for movement for export will be issued for these commodities.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 12, 1941.

TRANSPORT PERMITS

The following summary of requirements for transport permits within the International Settlement and Western Extra-Settlement Area is issued for public guidance:—

Class of Goods	Kind of Permit Required	Permits to be Obtained from	Conditions
Rice	Movement Permit	Price Control Office, Room 701	Trucks prohibited under 3 miles haul.
Flour	do.	S.V.C. Drill Hall	do.
Lard & Vegetable Oils	do.	do.	do.
Other foodstuffs	Transport Permit	Transport Permit Office, Room 29, Administration Building.	do.
Gasoline, Fuel & Diesel oils in containers other than vehicle fuel tanks.	do.	do.	Essential Purposes only.
Motor oils & greases.	do.	do.	do.
Pharmaceuticals & chemicals mentioned in Notifications Nos. 5659 & 5661	Movement prohibited		
Coal & other goods.	Movement Permit	Coal Control Office, Room 330, Administration Building, 193 Hankow Road.	Movement by truck not permitted.

No permits for unrestricted goods are required for movement by handcarts.

NOTIFICATION No. 5684.

ROSIN, CAUSTIC SODA, SILICATE OF SODA AND SODA ASH.

Registration of Stocks. Registration of Requirements. Movement Permits.

HOLDERS of stocks of Rosin, Caustic Soda, Silicate of Soda and Soda Ash must register such stocks with the Shanghai Municipal Council. Manufacturers using these materials should also register their stocks and requirements with the Council. Registration must be effected not later than 4 p.m. December 30, 1941. Stocks remaining unregistered after that date will be confiscated without compensation.

Registration forms are obtainable at the S.V.C. Drill Hall, Foochow Road entrance.

Until further notice, no movement of the above materials is permitted without a movement permit, which can be obtained at the above address.

Whilst the Japanese High Command has asked for stock registrations, the Council also requires this information.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5642.

MOVEMENT OF GOODS BY MOTOR TRANSPORT.

IN order to conserve gasoline supplies, the movement of goods by motor transport is prohibited on and after Thursday, December 11, 1941, except under movement permits issued by the Price Control Committee. Enquiries regarding transport matters should be made at the Transport Control Office, Room 36, Ground Floor, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5643.

WITH reference to Notification No. 5642, all motor truck owners having access to supplies of gasoline are *immediately* required to register their vehicles and available gasoline supplies immediately with the Transport Control Office, Room 36, Ground Floor, Administration Building, Hankow Road, for use in the movement of essential commodities.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 9, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5657.

TRANSPORTATION PERMITS.

WITH the exception of trucks carrying rice or flour under a Movement Permit, Transportation Permits must be carried by all trucks operating within the International Settlement and Western Extra-Settlement Area. Such permits will be issued only for food which cannot be moved by hand and will be issued from Room 29, Ground Floor, Administration Building, Hankow Road, (Opposite the Transport Control Office).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 13, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5669.

TRANSPORT PERMITS.

ON and after Wednesday, December 17, a charge of twenty-five dollars ($25) per truck, per day, will be made for all Transport Permits issued by the Transport Control Office, Room 29, Ground Floor, Administration Building, Hankow Road.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 16, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5694.

POOL OF MOTOR TRUCKS.

WITH a view to the conservation of gasoline the Council proposes to organise a pool of motor trucks.

Owners willing to co-operate in such a pool are requested to register details of their trucks with the Transport Control Office, Room 36, Ground Floor, Administration Building, before 12 noon, Saturday, December 27.

The following are the proposed hire rates, excluding license and gasoline:—

4-ton	trucks	.....$100 per day
5-ton	,,	.....$115 ,, ,,
6-ton	,,	.....$130 ,, ,,
7-ton	,,	.....$145 ,, ,,

plus $20.00 per truck per day if gasoline is supplied by the truck owner.

By order
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 22, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5686.

INSULIN.

ALL Doctors, Pharmacies and Wholesale Dealers are required to deliver all stocks of Insulin or Insulin products for oral use in their possession to the Public Health Department, 223 Hankow Road, Room 112, on Monday, December 22, 1941.

Thereafter supplies will be issued in limited quantities to persons presenting a prescription from a registered Medical Practitioner.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5698.

INSULIN.

ALL persons requiring Insulin are requested to submit to Room 112, Public Health Department, 223 Hankow Road, between 9.00 a.m. and 12 noon on Saturday, December 27, 1941, a writen order from a registered medical practitioner stating the dosage required in units per day.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5621.

RETAILERS are required to give invoices for any item sold whose maximum prices have been fixed under Notifications Nos. 5596 and 5611, or any other Notification which may declare maximum prices of any commodities.

The attention of retailers is drawn to the penalties under Bye-law LIII to which those are liable who sell any commodities which are subject to price control at prices exceeding those notified from time to time by the Council. These are

(a) To punishment in accordance with Land Regulation XVII or to such other punishment as may seem just to the Court having jurisdiction: or

(b) To the suspension or cancellation by the Council of the licence or licences

or to both.

The penalties prescribed under Land Regulation XVII are: fine up to $30 or imprisonment up to six months.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

WARNING.

The Council will take stern steps against any person who refuses to sell stocks in his possession which have been declared subject to Price Control or who sells such commodities at prices in excess of maximum permitted prices.

NOTIFICATION No. 5650.

PACKAGED AND CANNED GOODS.

THE Council gives notice that stocks of packaged and canned goods found being sold at prices above permitted prices may be confiscated without compensation.

Three official lists of maximum prices for packaged and canned goods were published by notification in English language newspapers on November 17 and 24, and December 4: and in Chinese language papers on November 21 and 29, and on December 6. Reprints of all lists are available in Room 56, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, price $1.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 11, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5688.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fact that the Japanese High Command has required the registration of stocks does not mean that registration of such stocks with the Shanghai Municipal Council is not required. Information required by the Council under Municipal Notifications which have already appeared should be submitted not later than the dates mentioned in the respective Notifications and, where no date is given, at the earliest possible date.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 20, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5627.

RETAIL PRICES FOR COMMODITIES.

OFFICIAL LIST No. 3

THE following commodities are hereby announced to be subject to price control (within the meaning of Byelaw LIII) and from Thursday, December 4, 1941, may not be sold by retail in the International Settlement at prices exceeding those specified in this Notification.

Retailers are requested, insofar as they are able, to limit their sales to the immediate requirements of their customers.

Further price lists will be published in due course as they become available.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 3, 1941.

RETAIL PRICES FOR COMMODITIES

Compradore Shops

Muller & Phipps (China) Ltd.			
Philip Morris Cigarettes in packets of 20's		$ 2.00	per pkt.
Philip Morris Cigarettes in packets of 50's		5.50	" "
Camel Cigarettes in packets of 20's		2.00	" "
Camel Cigarettes in tins of 50's		5.50	" tin
Dodwell & Co., Ltd.			
Libby's Corned Beef	12 oz. tin	$ 7.50	per tin
" Evaporated Milk	14 oz. tin	2.70	" "
" " "	6 oz. tin	1.35	" "
" Vienna Sausages	4½ oz. tin	2.90	" "
" " "	9 oz. tin	5.75	" "
" Lunch Tongues	12 oz. tin	12.00	" "
" " "	6 oz. tin	6.25	" "
" Grapefruit Juice	No. 2 tin	3.00	" "
" Tomato Juice	No. 2 tin	3.00	" "
" " "	No. 1 tin	2.40	" "
" " "	Buffet tin	1.50	" "
" Sli. Dried Beef	3½ oz. jar	5.75	" jar
" " " "	7 oz. jar	11.00	" "
American Food Co.			
Del Monte Early Garden Peas	No. 2 tall tin	$ 4.60	per tin
" " Cream-Style Corn	No. 2 tall tin	5.20	" "
" " Stringless Beans	No. 2 tall tin	3.90	" "
" " Early Garden Asparagus	No. 2 tall tin	8.90	" "
" " Grapefruit	No. 2 tall tin	5.50	" "
" " Grapefruit Juice	No. 2 tall tin	3.20	" "
" " Tomato Juice	No. 2 tall tin	2.80	" "
" " " "	No. 211 tin	2.05	" "
" " " "	Buffet tin	1.65	" "
" " Mammoth Asparagus Tips	No. 1 sq. tin	9.50	" "
" " Y. C. Peaches	No. 2½ tin	7.20	" "
" " Pears	No. 2½ tin	7.70	" "
" " R. A. Cherries	No. 2½ tin	8.75	" "
" " Fruit for Salad	No. 2½ tin	8.20	" "
" " Sliced Pineapple	No. 2½ tin	6.60	" "
" " Tomato Catsup	Large bottle	4.85	" bot.
" " Prepared Mustard	No. 6 oz. glass	2.60	" glass
" " Coffee	1 lb. tins	9.50	" tin
H. M. H. Nemazee & Co.			
Matinee Brand Tea, in bulk	Boxes of 10 lbs. & 25 lbs.	$16.80	per lb.
" " " " tin	1 lb. content	20.80	" tin
" " " " "	½ lb. content	11.20	" "
Ma Ling Canned Goods Co., Ltd.			
1. Ma Ling R. A. Cherries (A)	24/2 lb. tin	$ 5.50	per tin
2. " " " (B)	" " "	5.30	" "
10. " " Water Chestnuts	C48/1½ lb. tin	2.00	" "
14. " " Loquats (Bebo) (A)	24/1½ " "	3.60	" "
15. " " " (B)	48/1½ " "	3.40	" "
17. Ma Ling Strawberries (Chinese)	48/1 lb. tin	1.80	per tin
19. " " Pears	" "	2.65	" "
22. " " Whole Chicken	24/43½ oz. tin	13.50	" "
23. " " " Duck	24/36½ oz. "	12.50	" "
24. " " Spiced Chicken	48 1 lb. tin	5.00	" "
25. " " Curry Chicken	48 " " "	5.00	" "
26. " " Mushroom Chicken	48 " " "	5.00	" "
115. " " Rice Bird	48/9½ oz. tin	5.75	" "
34. " " Spiced Beef	48/1 lb. tin	4.50	" "
40. " " Pig's Foot	" " "	4.20	" "
41. " " Special Fish (fried)	48/12 oz. tin	3.90	" "
42. " " Spiced Fish (fried)	48/10 " "	3.70	" "
45. " " Spiced Taste Fish	48/1 lb. "	3.50	" "
46. " " S. P. Tomatoes	24/2 " "	5.00	" "
47. " " Extra Fins Green Peas	48/1 " "	2.50	" "
48. " " Tres Fins Green Peas	" " "	2.45	" "
54. " " Early Garden Sugar peas	24/1½ " "	3.20	" "
55. " " Tiny Size Sugar Peas	" " "	3.20	" "
59. " " Green String Beans	24/1½ " "	2.75	" "

61.	,,	,,	Sugar Corn		,, ,, ,,	2.65	,,	,,
62.	,,	,,	Dill Pickles	24/2	,, ,,	3.38	,,	,,
66.	,,	,,	Bamboo Shoots (Spring)	48/1	,, ,,	2.40	,,	,,
116.	,,	,,	Braised Bamboo Shoots Tips (homeside style)	48/1	,, ,,	3.00	,,	,,
78.	,,	,,	Spiced Bran		,, ,, ,,	3.00	,,	,,
113.	,,	,,	Stuffed Pepper (Hot)		,, ,, ,,	3.40	,,	,,
114.	,,	,,	Stuffed Pepper (Sweet)		,, ,, ,,	3.40	,,	,,
118.	,,	,,	Eggplant Caviar		,, ,, ,,	3.00	,,	,,
87.	,,	,,	Tomato Katsup	24/14 oz.	bot.	3.00	,,	bot.
88.	,,	,,	,, ,, (S)	36/8	,, ,,	2.40	,,	,,
89.	,,	,,	Tomato Puree	48/1	lb. tin	3.30	,,	tin
90a.	,,	,,	Tomato Paste	100/5½	oz. ,,	1.70	,,	,,
92.	,,	,,	Worcestershire Sauce	36/10	,, bot.	2.20	,,	,,
93.	,,	,,	Worcestershire Sauce	48/6	,, ,,	1.50	,,	,,
94.	,,	,,	Worcestershire Sauce (B)	48/23	,, ,,	3.00	,,	,,
98.	,,	,,	Bean Paste(Rose)	48/1	lb. tin	2.40	,,	,,
101.	,,	,,	Strawberry Jam	72/1	,, ,,	3.00	,,	,,
102.	,,	,,	Apricot	,,	,, ,,	2.90	,,	,,
103.	,,	,,	Prune	,,	,, ,,	2.90	,,	,,
105.	,,	,,	Apple	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
106.	,,	,,	Peach	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
107.	,,	,,	Pear	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
108.	,,	,,	Assorted	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
109.	,,	,,	Cherry	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
110.	,,	,,	Mixed Fruits	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
111.	,,	,,	Rose	,,	,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,
112.	,,	,,	Apple Jelly		,, ,,	2.80	,,	,,

Pharmacies

A. S. Watson & Co.		
Beetle Virus		$ 9.50
Bob Martin's Condition Powders		5.50
Irving's Yeast-Vite Tablets	20's	7.00
,, ,, ,,	50's	16.25
,, ,, ,,	100's	29.50
Ti-Tree Oil Soap		4.00
Stearns Astringosol	2 oz.	7.70
,, ,,	4 oz.	13.60
,, Eye-Mo		10.50
,, Shac Wafers		5.20
,, Trimax Powder		19.50
,, Zymole Trokeys		5.90
U. S. Vitamin Vi-Syneral Capsules	Adults	30.50
,, ,, ,, ,,	Adolescents	30.50
,, ,, ,, ,,	Infants	30.50
,, ,, ,, ,,	Nursing Mothers	42.50
,, ,, ,, ,,	Poly B	30.50

Miscellaneous

Texas Co. (China) Ltd.		
Texaco Motor Spirit	in tins of 5 A.G.	$ 6.20 per gall.
,, ,, ,, Bulk ex		5.20 ,, ,,
Yin Foo Kerosene Oil	5 A.G.	5.60 ,, ,,
,, ,, ,, ,, Bulk	per catty of 1.2 lbs.	1.00
Texaco Motor Oil Ins. SAE	1 gall. tins (A.G.)	22.00 ,, ,,
,, ,, ,, ,,	5 ,, ,, ,,	110.00 ,, ,,
,, Thubans H.K.S.T.	5 lbs.	18.98
,, ,, Bulk		2.90 ,, lb.
Top Cylinder Lubricant	4 oz. bottle	2.50
Marfak No. 1, 2, 3	5 lbs. tins	20.90
,, ,, ,, ,, (1 litho)	25 lb. cartridge	86.50
,, ,, ,, ,,	100 lb.	346.00
Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China) Ltd.		
"Ship" Candles	12 oz. size per case of 25 packets	$41.50 per case
Australian Macaroni Factory.		
Macaroni & Spaghetti	per case of 20 lbs.	$44.00 per case
,, ,, ,,	per pkg.of 1 lb.	2.20 ,, pkg.
Sipa Macaroni Factory.		
Napoli Brand		$ 2.20 per lb.

The following changed prices hold:

China Soap Co., Ltd.		
Sunlight Soap (large)	double tablet	$ 1.50
,, ,, (small)	,, ,,	1.00
White Honey Soap (large)	,, ,,	1.20
,, ,, ,, (small)	,, ,,	.90
,, ,, Primrose		3.60 per bar
Fragrant Honey Soap	double tablet	1.00
Fine Primrose		3.00 per bar
Lux Flakes	carton	2.20
Radion	,,	2.20
Vim		1.50 per tin
Lux Toilet Soap		$ 1.10 per tab.
Boracic & Cold Cream		2.00 ,, ,,
Lever's Toilet		.70 ,, ,,
Lifebuoy	Carton (3 doublet)	5.00
,, Toilet		1.00 per tab.
Lever's Health		.70 ,, ,,

NOTIFICATION No. 5689.

NOTICE is hereby given that bulk movement of the following goods is permitted within the International Settlement. Export is forbidden.

Alcohol.
Chloroform (Technical grade).
Glycerin.
Paraffin Soft (Petrolatum).
Menthol.
Oil of Peppermint.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 20, 1941.

EASEMENTS.

The following easements were granted during November:—

On November 11 to Messrs. Ta Hsin Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 45B on North Soochow Road, East of Singdongkaloong.

On November 11 to Messrs. Chin Szu Yu Transportation company to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 47 on North Soochow Road, opposite Singdongkaloong.

On November 17 to Messrs. Vei Feng Hai Kee Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 121 on Markham Road, North of Changping Road.

On November 24 to Messrs. Sun Tai Shun Kee Firewood Hong, to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 121 on Markham Road, North of Changping Road.

On November 25 to Messrs. Hsin Shun Firewood Hong to utilize one section of the Municipal signboard at Jetty No. 121 on Markham Road, North of Changping Road.

NOTIFICATION No. 5662.

RENEWAL OF PRIVATE MOTOR-CAR LICENCES.

OWNERS of private motor-cars are hereby notified that completion of the half-yearly licence renewal application form will no longer be required at the time payment is tendered in respect of existing licences.

Private motor-car owners are, however, required to complete licence application forms in the following instances:—

New registration,
Change of ownership or change of vehicle,
Change in appearance of vehicle by alteration in body work, or a different colour paint.

Motor-car licences for the second half-year expire on December 31, 1941, and licensees are reminded that the new disc and licence for the ensuing half-year may be obtained at the Administration Building (Licence Issuing Office) 209 Kiangse Road and the Temporary Branch Licensing Office, 528 Muirhead Road, as from December 29, 1941, on payment of existing fees.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 15, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5624.

6% LOAN OF 1940.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the terms of issue thereof a drawing of Debentures of the Loan of 1940 for redemption on December 31, 1941, took place in the Council Chamber on December 1, 1941 when the following numbers were drawn.

No.		Total Value $
A.	03099, 03101, 03108, 03137, 03139, 03153, 03159, 03169, 03171, 03186, 03218, 03241, 03261, 03303, 03380. 15 Debentures @ $ 100	1,500
B.	00961, 00965, 01008, 01020, 01059, 01079, 01085. 7 Debentures @ $ 500	3,500
C.	02730, 02737, 02784, 02789, 02796, 02799, 02827, 02853, 02856, 02909, 02914, 02930, 02939, 02949, 02993, 03001, 03015, 03092, 03104, 03112, 03125, 03139, 03156, 03161, 03176, 03180, 03245, 03260, 03262, 03271, 03290, 03292, 03293, 03300, 03305, 03311, 03339, 03345, 03348, 03363, 03384, 03392, 03398, 03447, 03456, 03460, 03461, 03482, 03510, 03530, 03581, 03598, 03602, 03629, 03647, 03659, 03685, 03702, 03717, 03744, 03768, 03796, 03912, 03917, 03939, 65 Debentures @ $1,000	65,000
D.	00959, 00992, 01008, 01020, 01023, 01044, 01047, 01053, 01064, 01098, 01114, 01161, 01161, 01193, 01212, 01243, 01252, 01253, 01258, 01262, 01267, 01309, 01328, 01396, 01397, 01437, 01452, 01455, 01456, 01486, 01510, 01640, 01645, 01678, 01711, 01719, 01723, 01728. 38 Debentures @ $5,000	190,000
E.	01876, 01885, 01910, 01918, 01926, 01938, 01944, 02014, 02019, 02028, 02033, 02071, 02097, 02105, 02106, 02155, 02156, 02170, 02179, 02194, 02197, 02260, 02383, 02440, 02449, 02511, 02512, 02532, 02543, 02567, 02588, 02599, 02616, 02619, 02631, 02632, 02639, 02665, 02700, 02728, 02731, 02754, 02756, 02760, 02762, 02765, 02780, 02804, 02812, 02899, 02916, 02919, 02920, 02932. 45 Debentures @ $10,000	540,000
		$800,000

The above-mentioned debentures will be paid on presentation at the Finance Department, Administratioon Building, No. 209 Kiangse Road, Shanghai, if properly endorsed by the registered owner, on and after December 31, 1941, from which date interest will cease.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 1, 1941.

RADIO BROADCASTING STATIONS.

The following five Radio Broadcasting Stations have agreed to broadcast the Council's Communiques and Notifications at the times specified:—

Name of Radio Station	*Call Sign*	*KC*	*Meter*	*Time of Broadcast*
German Broadcasting Station	X G R S	570	526.3	7.45 p.m. 10.15 p.m. 11.15 p.m. 7.45 a.m.
Evening Post & Mercury Station*	X M H C	700	429	1 p.m. 8 p.m.
Great Shanghai Radio Broadcasting Station	X O J B	900	340	8 p.m. (In Chinese Language only)
French Broadcasting Station	F F Z	1400	214	8.30 p.m. in French 9.00 p.m. in English 8.00 a.m. in French
Great Eastern Radio Broadcasting Station	X Q H A	630	—	Time table not announced.

*Note: If Council's Communiques arrive after 8 p.m., this station will broadcast upon receipt.

NOTIFICATION No. 5615.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Thursday and Friday, December 25 and 26, 1941, and Thursday and Friday, January 1 and 2, 1942.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5618.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Municipal Loans will be closed from December 16 to December 31, both days inclusive.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, November 27, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5687.

BANKING ARRANGEMENTS—RELEASE OF FUNDS.

ORGANISATIONS such as Charitable Organisations, Hospitals, Universities, Schools and Cultural institutions and generally concerns not operated for the purpose of private profit, who find it difficult to meet their financial obligations under the present regulations governing the withdrawal of funds from Banks are requested to enumerate the following particulars in the form of an application to the Japanese Consulate General. This application should be first sent to the Shanghai Municipal Council, Loans & Banking Office, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, who will in turn forward all the applications received to the Japanese Authorities.

The particulars required are as follows:—

(1) Name of Bank.
(2) Amount of cash required per month.
(3) Name of person or Organization in whose name the funds are deposited.
(4) Nature of deposit (Fixed, Current, etc.).

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 20, 1941.

VOLUNTEER CORPS

Appointments & Commissions:—
The undermentioned is appointed 2nd Lieutenant with effect from November 21, 1941.—American M. G. Company.—Sgt. Allen Richard Turner.

Officers' Commissions - Renewals:—
The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regulations.—
Signals Company.—Lt. T. W. Chandler—November 4, 1941.
Jewish Company.—Lt. A. Gaberman—November 28, 1941.
Medical Officers.—Maj. E. G. Gauntlett, C.B.E., D.S.O.—November 28, 1941.
Reserve of Officers "B".—Lt. W. O. Barrington—November 17, 1941.

Resignations:—
American Troop.—Lt. M. E. McIntosh resigned his commission.—December 2, 1941.
Reserve of Officers "B".—Lt. M. Rich resigned his commission —November 24, 1941.

Retirements:—
The commission of the undermentioned lapsed (M.C.R. 23) with effect from date shown against his name:—
American M. G. Company.—Lt. H. P. Brown—November 20, 1941.

Decease:—
The decease of the undermentioned Officer is recorded with regret.—Russian Company.—Capt. N. J. Domansky—December 10, 1941.

COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP

The resignations of Mr. T. S. Powell and Mr. J. D. Carriere as Members of Council owing to their departure from Shanghai on leave have been regretfully accepted by the Council.

Mr. F. A. Pollock and Mr. C. J. Schaap have accepted the Council's invitation to fill the vacancies thus created.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE (SPECIALS).

Orders by the D.C. (Specials).

Long Service Medal.—The following members have been awarded the L.S.M. as from the dates specified:—

C/Insp. I. Takata—1st Bar to L.S.M. 4/1/39.

Insp. T. Watanabe—2nd Bar to L.S.M. 27/8/40.

S/C 240 W. F. Hamlin—Long Service Medal 9/3/41.

S/Insp. C. G. Ponmmer—Long Service Medal 29/7/41.

Insp. L. C. Choung— Long Service Medal 1/10/41.

Insp. Y. F. Chang—Long Service Medal 1/10/41.

Promotion.—The following promotions are authorised with effect from the dates undermentioned:—

Sgt. 980 J. D. Mooney promoted to S/Insp. 1/11/41.

Insp. D. H. King promoted to C/Insp. 21/11/41.

Sgt. 167 W. K. Butte promoted to S/Insp. 21/11/41.

A/S 290 C. Sholler promoted to Sgt. 21/11/41.

A/S 640 S. Hartman-Balazs promoted to Sgt. 21/11/41.

A/S 647 V. Dobrovolsky promoted to Sgt. 21/11/41.

A/S 776 K. C. Chang promoted to Sgt. 21/11/41.

A/S 782 L. Mah promoted to Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 463 H. W. Carter promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 21 A. A. Kuhn promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 66 L. S. Yen promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 54 A. Janne promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 111 C. Jonah promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 113 W. C. Chan promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 136 K. S. Koo promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 159 I. T. Illinsky promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 236 G. Waller promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 998 M. Bentsianoff promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 639 P. Shevtzoff promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 641 J. Landjil promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 645 G. Andreyeff promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 655 A. Vernick promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 716 C. L. Chin promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 805 Z. A. Nieh promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 806 S. P. Woo promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 807 C. C. Wong promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 874 N. S. Wang promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 918 N. Whay promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 753 K. P. Yue promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 754 F. M. Liu promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 875 C. C. Tung promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 704 T. V. Woo promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 757 P. Y. Woo promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 834 M. K. Yang promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 836 H. Z. Tsao promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 855 H. K. Kao promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 871 K. Tsiang promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 904 K. Shou promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 905 N. Z. Chang promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

S/C 906 T. Y. Woo promoted to Asst. Sgt. 21/11/41.

BEGGAR CAMP.

The Council has decided to request the Salvation Army to continue to operate to full capacity during the coming winter the Beggar Camp which was opened in December last year. Though it is hoped that the Salvation Army may receive donations from the public towards this social cause, the Council has accepted financial responsibility for the project for the next few months. It had been hoped that it might have been possible to establish in time for the coming winter, a larger beggar settlement at some distance from Shanghai under the joint auspices of the three local authorities. This project cannot materialise in time for this winter. In order to be able to embark quickly upon the larger project, the present Beggar Camp has not been operated to full capacity during recent months. Now, however, that it is clear that the larger project cannot materialise in the very near future, the Council has decided that the Camp should be operated to full capacity. The Council will also take every possible step to repatriate beggars from the Camp when such a course is feasible. For this purpose the Council will draw upon the funds of the Committee set up in 1937 to co-ordinate the work of evacuating refugees. This Committee was dissolved last August and the funds were handed over to be used when, in the opinion of the Council, an occasion should occur warranting their application on the lines originally intended.

While prepared to accept responsibility for operating the Beggar Camp to full capacity during the coming winter, the Council still feels that there is danger in any policy of direct municipal poor relief by any one local authority so long as that local authority is not in a position to exclude refugees from coming into its area. It is for this reason that the Council hopes that public donations may be forthcoming for what is obviously a deserving charitable cause.

COUNCIL'S POLICE FUNCTIONS NORTH OF THE SOOCHOW CREEK.

Conversations have recently taken place between the Japanese Authorities and the Council in regard to more extended functioning of the Shanghai Municipal Police in that part of the Settlement which lies north of the Soochow Creek. As a result of these conversations approximately 300 additional men will be transferred to the area in question. Simultaneously, steps will be taken towards the implementation of the agreement of March 1940 between the Council and the Japanese Authorities. It will be remembered that this Agreement provides for the establishment of a new Police Division to be known as "E" Division under a Japanese Divisional Officer and for certain other steps to be taken to give responsibility to Japanese Police Officers for Police work in the area in question.

NOTIFICATION No. 5516.

EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID

Foreign Schools.

FORMS of application and copies of the conditions governing the issue of grants-in-aid to foreign schools within the International Settlement or paying rates to the Shanghai Municipal Council may be obtained from the Superintendent of Education, Administration Building.

Applications for grants-in-aid for the year 1942 must be submitted not later than February 10, 1942.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, July 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5635.

THE public is hereby notified that until further notice the official office hours in all Departments of the Council's Service will be from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon, and from 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. On Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 8, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5649.

FIRE BRIGADE CHARGES.

NOTICE is hereby given that with effect from December 15, 1941, a charge of $5.00 will be made for each permit issued for the discharge, storage or transport of Hazardous and Dangerous Goods.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 11, 1941.

CHINA GENERAL OMNIBUS COMPANY'S SERVICES.

From Monday, December 15, until further notice, Bus services will be in operation only during the following hours:—

7.30 to 9.30 a.m.
12.30 to 1.30 p.m.
4.30 to 6.00 p.m.

This restriction is being put into force in order to conserve to the utmost existing stocks of fuel. Immediate study is being given as to the possibility of obtaining further stocks of fuel and conferences will take place between all the transport companies of both the French Concession and the International Settlement in order that available services may be operated to the maximum public advantage.

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL DIVISION.

Revised Index of Cost of Living of Chinese Workers in Shanghai for November.

After months of deterioration, the price situation in this city in November improved through price control measures instituted by the Municipal Authorities. The price of rice, one of the main factors influencing general price movements, rose rapidly at the beginning of the month when hoarders and the public bought up stocks of S.M.C. rice. The price of ordinary Rangoon rice reached $173 per shih on November 3 and native rice once touched $222. Prices of all other commodities, too, went up by leaps and bounds.

The Municipal Authorities on November 10 fixed the retail price of all imported rice at $130 per shih. The amount of individual sales was limited to 1/10 shih (8 kilos.). All rice stocks within the Settlement and French Concession were required to be registered. The movement of any quantity of rice in excess of 1/10 shih without permit was prohibited. This prevention of movement reduced desirability of rice as a commodity for hoarders and profiteers, and contributed to falls in prices. New stocks of S.M.C. rice have been continuously supplied at retail shops and through Municipal depots specially opened. Bulk supplies to owners of shops, factories, and offices, and to organizations such as hospitals and schools were released through a special office. In consequence of the free flow thus obtained, public confidence has been restored. The average November retail price for S.M.C. rice, however, was higher than that in the preceding month, since the price fixed by the COUNCIL was higher than its former fixed price. November averages of most commodities are higher than in October, since peak prices ruled in the early half of the month.

November general index of 1174.70 recorded a rise of 17.25 per cent. over October. Group indices rose to 1273.34 for food; 876.26 for housing; 1067.58 for clothing; and 1366.84 for miscellaneous items; showing respective rises of 13.82, 16.79, 35.36 and 54.95 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar dropped to 8.51 cents as against 9.98 cents in October.

Effects of the price control can be seen from the following list of price changes of a few basic commodities. Prices during the last week of November are compared with those of the first week:

Commodity	Percentage Increase or Decrease Last Week in Nov. over 1st Week
Wheat Flour	— 21.70
Fresh Pork	+ 22.03
Bean Curd	+ 50.38
Salted Hsueh-li-hung	+ 10.75
Soya Bean Oil	— 3.10
White Sugar	— 35.24
Kerosene	— 34.30
Grey Sheetings—13 lb.	— 12.86
Grey Shirtings—12 lb.	— 18.67
Soap—Koo Pun	— 25.93
Toilet Paper	— 5.25

Workers' Earnings For November, 1941.

The following figures show what a worker's family of 4.62 persons should receive from the earnings of a principal wage earner, from those of other members of the family and from other sources. By earnings is meant wages together with allowances of all kinds. The figures are based on what study shows to be the composition of family income, and on the cost of living ruling in November. Figures are given to show the cost of two standards of living. Standard A shows what the earnings should be on the revised standard of living (replacing the 1936 standard) and Standard B shows what earnings should be on a minimum subsistence standard.

	Standard A	Standard B
Earnings of principal wage earner (53.3%)	$149.404	$128.868
Earnings of other family members (34.0%)	95.305	82.206
Other family income (12.7%)	35.599	30.706
Total family income (100.0%)	280.308	241.779

REVISED INDEX* OF COST OF LIVING OF CHINESE WORKERS IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average 1936 = 100.

Indices	Average 1936	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.
Group Indices:							
Food	100.00	507.47	548.43	560.32	1070.51	1118.70	1273.34
Housing	100.00	405.91	415.68	429.21	738.17	750.27	876.26
Clothing	100.00	337.44	352.05	377.69	692.31	803.08	1067.05
Miscellaneous	100.00	399.54	427.97	452.27	860.14	882.14	1366.84
General Index	100.00	468.38	501.30	514.92	959.04	1001.88	1174.70
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	21.28	19.94	19.42	10.43	9.98	8.51

* Due to recent changes in consumption habits consequent upon the substitution of types of rice purchased, in fuel available, and reduced spending power removing certain goods beyond the capacity of the people to buy, careful adjustments have been made in the commodities and their quantities used in the compilation of the Index of Cost of Living of Shanghai Workers. Henceforth this Index will be termed the Revised Index. Former Rent and Fuel Groups have been combined into a Housing Group to conform with more modern practice. Changes have also been made in the assumed "Minimum Subsistence Standard."

Attention is drawn to the fact that these index figures apply to the standard of living of Chinese workers. They do not represent the situation ruling among Chinese salaried employees.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI FOR CHINESE WORKERS

Commodities	Unit	Average 1936	1941 Sept.	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.
I. FOOD GROUP:					
1. Rangoon Rice(1)	Shih shih(2)	$9.735	$112.941	$116.651(7)	$126.750
2. Wheat flour — Bicycle	Parcel	3.448	34.379	46.668	53.262
3. Fresh noodle	Shih chin(3)	.374	.760	.771	1.082
4. Fresh pork	Shih chin	.292	2.788	3.153	3.750
5. Fresh beef	Shih chin	.239	3.000	2.933	3.200
6. Salted pork	Shih chin	.301	2.215	2.555	3.283
7. Fresh fish	Shih chin	.163	1.412	1.676	1.670
8. Salted white fish	Shih chin	.144	2.222	2.236	2.705
9. Duck egg	Piece	.024	.334	.307	.366
10. Soya bean oil	Shih chin	.241	2.148	2.260	2.547
11. Lard	Shih chin	.307	2.488	2.777	3.530
12. Soy bean sauce	Shih chin	.099	.563	.617	.593
13. Salt	Shih chin	.112	.505	.583	.898
14. White sugar	Shih chin	.205	1.204	1.644	2.386
15. Shao-shing	Shih chin	.094	.673	.688	.766
16. Kao-liang	Shih chin	.152	1.436	1.453	1.501
17. Bean curd	Piece	.0072	.100	.100	.183
18. Dried bean curd	Piece	.0074	.100	.100	.183
19. Sheet bean	Sheet	.0051	.0500	.0500	.0668
20. Fried bean curd	Shih chin	.251	3.200	3.200	3.334
21. Fresh mung bean starch in strips	Shih chin	.046	.300	.420	.580
22. Sprouted broad bean	Shih chin	.042	.451	.418	.601
23. Yellow soy bean sprouts	Shih chin	.033	.311	.323	.401
24. Chin ts'ai	Shih chin	.035	.304	.298	.227
25. Turnips	Shih chin	.034	.369	.337	.234
26. Allium odorum	Shih chin	.060	.276	.377	.304
27. Spinach	Shih chin	.042	.444	.343	.244
28. Salted hueh li-hung	Shih chin	.055	.290	.316	.437
29. Potatoes	Shih chin	.036	.406	.410	.471
30. Tea	Shih chin	.350	2.500	2.400	2.400
II. HOUSING GROUP:					
31. Rent — One-story house(4)	Std. rm.(5)	2.140	7.759	7.759	7.759
32. Rent — Two-story house with no court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	2.495	11.011	11.011	11.011
33. Rent — Two-story house with court-yard(4)	Std. rm.	3.110	14.142	14.142	14.142
34. Coal briquettes	100 shih chin	1.063	18.974	17.372	19.000
35. Kerosene	Shih chin	.136	.804	.858	1.413
36. Useless timber	Shih chin	.014	.153	.168	.199
37. Matches	Box	.010	.1620	.1932	.2952
III. CLOTHING GROUP:					
38. Native sheetings	Shih ch'ih (6)	.046	.418	.448	.553
39. Grey sheetings — 13 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.065	.590	.717	1.045
40. Grey shirtings — 12 lbs.	Shih ch'ih	.071	.660	.788	1.140
41. Striped cotton shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.060	.502	.538	.646
42. Printed shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.097	.716	.783	1.160
43. White shirtings	Shih ch'ih	.128	.765	.885	1.341
44. Jeans and drills	Shih ch'ih	.090	.615	.761	1.129
45. Cotton flannel	Shih ch'ih	.083	.610	.623	.853
46. Fancy twills	Shih ch'ih	.146	.962	1.183	1.360
47. Raw cotton	Shih chin	.477	2.250	3.227	5.075
48. Cotton socks	Pair	.272	1.750	1.850	2.468
IV. MICELLANEOUS GROUP:					
49. Soap—Koo Pun	Cake	.051	.503	.549	.839
50. Toilet paper	90 sheets	.067	.918	.953	1.421
51. Cigarettes—Rat	Box - 10 pc.	.047	.316	.319	.513
52. Hot water	10 ladles	.017	.200	.200	.300

1. 1st grade sian rice was replaced by 2nd grade Saigon rice from February 1940 onward which was in turn replaced by Rangoon rice from June 1941.
2. 1 Shih shih = 156 shih chin.
3. 1 Shih chin = 1.1023 lbs.
4. Rent including tap water and Municipal rates.
5. 1 Standard room = 32 cubic metres.
6. 1 Shih ch'ih = 1.0936 feet.
7. S.M.C. Rangoon rice.

PROVISIONAL INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF WESTERN FOREIGN SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI FOR NOVEMBER.

(The index of foreign cost of living is based on a standard of living ruling in October-December, 1939, and is not on the same period as the Chinese index.)

Following developments in various markets since early October, profiteering by retailers assumed menacing proportions at the beginning of November. Imported as well as locally manufactured goods were marked at fantastic prices by retailers, while their wholesale prices remained comparatively steady. On the initiative of the Shanghai Municipal Council an Importers' and Manufacturers' Association was formed, on whose advices the Municipal Authorities issued notifications on November 17 and 23 that all retailers in the city must conform to maximum price limits. These were set upon advice of the Association, and allowed legitimate profit. The measures taken discouraged hoarding and profiteering, and, the public being assured of a regular supply, the small scale household reserve gradually tends to disappear. The issuing of these lists, coupled with the strict control of rice, have had a favourable effect on the prices of other commodities. Due to high prices ruling during the first half of the month, and of those commodities which have not yet come under the price control, average prices in the index were, however, higher in November than in October.

The November consolidated index, on an October 1939 base of 100, reached 369.08, registering a rise of 14.25 per cent. over October. The purchasing power of the Chinese dollar was reduced by 72.91 per cent. as against 69.04 per cent. in the preceding month. The American general index rose to 352.26 in November; British, to 358.57; Russian, to 376.82; and that of other nationalities, to 368.17, recording respective rises of 15.12, 14.12, 14.35, and 13.94 per cent. Group indices for all nationalities rose to 460.81 for food; 425.73 for clothing; 375.55 for heat; and 291.65 for miscellaneous items; showing rises of 16.09, 22.51, 27.26 and 6.33 per cent.

The following lists the price changes of commodities used in the index which came under price control during the month. Prices during the last week of November are compared with those of the first week:

Commodity	Percentage Decrease 4th Week vs. 1st Week of Nov.
Rolled oats—Quaker	36.01
Rolled oats—Loose	4.23
Macaroni	15.62
Evaporated milk—Carnation	32.31
Beer—U. B.	11.40
Coffee—Maxwell House	20.21
Cocoa—Peter's	7.06
Kerosene—Crown	34.30
Razor blades—Gilletee	9.47
Razor blades—Nacet	24.29
Soap—Lever Health	3.51
Soap—Lux—Toilet	22.02
Shoe polish—Kiwi	32.53
Match—Phoenix	26.11
Metal polish—Bluebell	28.01

PROVISIONAL[1] INDEX OF COST OF LIVING OF FOREIGN[2] SALARIED EMPLOYEES IN SHANGHAI

Base: Average of Oct. 1939=100.

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	American 1941			British 1941		
		September	October	November	September	October	November
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	323.92	337.74	405.74	354.10	371.69	430.49
Clothing & Materials	100.00	305.59	373.21	438.92	314.12	368.95	445.44
Rent	100.00	188.09	227.76	227.76	186.07	222.97	222.97
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	343.63	387.33	497.42	344.03	388.39	504.99
Miscellaneous	100.00	228.55	257.18	278.61	245.39	278.19	297.43
General Index	100.00	270.66	305.76	352.26	280.75	314.20	358.57

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Russian 1941			Other Nationalities 1941		
		September	October	November	September	October	November
Group Indices							
Food	100.00	394.52	419.71	486.90	376.00	389.83	450.96
Clothing & Materials	100.00	306.76	319.15	394.61	347.28	381.60	471.88
Rent	100.00	186.00	216.95	216.95	196.37	230.67	230.67
Heat, Light, Water, and Refrigeration	100.00	332.84	368.89	464.31	325.57	363.16	460.00
Miscellaneous	100.00	249.06	278.18	294.59	232.37	264.76	280.98
General Index	100.00	302.59	329.54	376.82	295.75	323.14	368.17

Indices	Average Oct., 1939	Consolidated 1941		
		September	October	November
General Indices				
American	100.00	270.66	305.76	352.26
British	100.00	280.75	314.20	358.57
Russian	100.00	302.59	329.54	376.82
Other Nationalities	100.00	295.75	323.14	368.17
Consolidated Index	100.00	293.91	323.04	369.08
Purchasing Power of the Dollar	100.00	34.02	30.96	27.09

(1) Weights used in the index: Average quantities of consumption per family, Oct.-Nov.-Dec., 1939.
(2) Denoting Western Non-Oriental residents.

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.
			$	$	$
1 FOOD GROUP:					
1 White—Bakerite	loaf	14 oz.	.31	1.34	1.40
2 White—Bakerite—Graham	loaf	16 oz.	.30	1.53	1.60
3 White—James Neil's	loaf	14 oz.	.32	1.23	1.38
4 Bread Russian white—Harbin	lb.		.21	.91	1.24
5 Russian white—Paul Tchakalian	lb.		.20	.88	1.23
6 Russian white—Man lia	loaf	8 oz.	.15	.51	.64
7 Flour Australian—Wild Pig	lb.		.23	.89	1.19
8 Chinese—Bicycle	lb.		.18	.84	1.10
9 Corn flour—Canary	pkg.	1 lb.	.68	1.72	2.46
10 Sugar corn—Maling	tin.	1½ lb.	.62	2.33	2.74
11 Rolled oats Sperry	tin.	20 oz.	2.50	5.86	7.31
12 Rolled oats Loose	lb.		.44	1.48	1.88
13 Non-glutinous rice—1st grade	lb.		.18	1.01	1.21
14 Macaroni—Italian	lb.		.50	1.63	2.13
15 Fillet steak	lb.		1.01	7.00	7.74
16 Rump steak	lb.		.65	4.64	4.50
17 Topside steak	lb.		.63	4.70	4.60
18 Beef Sirloin roast	lb.		.66	4.82	4.82
19 Rib roast	lb.		.60	4.50	4.35
20 Veal cutlet	lb.		.94	5.80	7.00
21 Soup meat	lb.		.35	2.81	2.76
22 Minced meat	lb.		.40	2.93	2.68
23 Ox liver	lb.		.40	2.82	2.91
24 Pork—loin chop	lb.		.58	3.83	4.18
25 Mutton—loin chop	lb.		.55	2.32	3.16
26 Ham—boiled	lb.		1.31	7.05	8.00
27 Bacon	lb.		.70	5.25	5.70
28 Sausage—Vienna	lb.		.84	4.05	4.48
29 Chicken	lb.		.69	3.33	3.49
30 Egg Hen	pc.		.10	.50	.41
31 Egg Duck	pc.		.08	.28	.38
32 Herring	lb.		.48	1.31	2.01
33 Salmon	lb.		.52	3.12	3.47
34 Mandarin	lb.		.79	3.77	3.89
35 Fish Cod	lb.		.44	2.83	2.74
36 Sole—Shanghai	lb.		.56	1.64	1.85
37 Yellow	lb.		.34	1.27	1.29
38 Sardines—Canned—Nor.—Crown	tin	No. ¼	.95	6.38	7.00
39 Potatoes Irish	lb.		.10	.43	.47
40 Potatoes Sweet	lb.		.06	.28	.29
41 Cabbage	lb.		.17	.74	.45
42 Lettuce	lb.		.12	.80	.32
43 Celery	bunch		.05	.11	.11
44 Green peas	lb.		.29	1.16	.80
45 Beans French	lb.		.14	.51	.58
46 Beans Lima	lb.		.33	.88	1.03
47 Tomatoes	lb.		.24	1.26	.97
48 Carrots	lb.		.23	.84	.45
49 Beetroot	lb.		.16	.36	.39
50 Radish	bunch		.03	.08	.06
51 Onions	lb.		.14	.12	.15
52 Asparagus tips—Canned—Del Monte	tin	N. 1sq.	3.45	7.59	10.81
53 Soup—Assorted—Canned—Campbell's	tin	10½oz. No. 12	1.40	3.65	4.77
54 Pickles—Sweet—Del Monte	bot.	16 oz. No. 8	2.08	5.25	6.85
55 Olive—Queen—Libby's	bot.		1.90	4.23	5.63
56 Apples—Dairen	lb.		.39	1.37	1.65
57 Bananas	lb.		.26	.98	1.59
58 Oranges Sunkist	pc.		.28	1.44	2.07
59 Oranges Mandarin	lb.		.35	1.25	1.69
60 Lemons	pc.		.48	1.10	1.56
61 Pears—Chinese	lb.		.42	1.49	2.33

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.
			$	$	$
I FOOD GROUP:—Continued					
62 Pumelos	pc.		.42	2.07	3.15
63 Raisins—Sunmaid	pkt.	11 oz.	.76	2.23	3.39
64 Prunes—Del Monte	pkt.	1 lb	1.24	2.63	4.68
65 Pineapple—Sliced—Maling	tin	No. 2 1½ lb.	1.03	2.46	2.99
66 Lard—pork—fresh	lb.		.70	2.59	3.28
67 Butter—Hazelwood	lb.		5.03	9.67	9.65
68 Margarine Vitayna	lb.		1.28	3.29	3.39
69 Margarine Palm	lb.		1.28	3.29	3.57
70 Fresh—Grade A	bot.	1 pt.	.58	1.48	2.00
71 Milk Fresh—Grade B	bot.	1 pt.	.35	1.10	1.60
72 Evaporated—Carnation	tin	6 oz.	.54	1.56	1.77
73 Cheese Kraft	lb.		3.41	8.23	11.08
74 Cheese Cottage	lb.		1.44	3.52	4.80
75 Cream Sour	lb.		1.60	4.56	6.20
76 Cream Table	pint		2.64	6.90	8.90
77 Jam—Assorted—1XL	tin	12 oz.	1.09	3.25	4.13
78 Honey—Peltaho	jar	2 lbs.	1.53	5.85	7.38
79 Baking powder—Crescent	tin	½ lb.	2.14	4.17	5.86
80 Salad oil—Acetco	tin	½ gal	3.80	16.46	21.13
81 Salt—Refined	pkg.	¾ lb.	.12	.46	.63
82 Worcester sauce—Maling	bot.	10 oz.	.47	1.50	2.00
83 Vinegar—Cider—Hazelwood	bot.	pint	.95	1.93	2.42
84 Mustard—Colman's	tin	8 oz.	5.55	16.63	16.59
85 Tomato paste—Sunbest	tin	5 oz.	.38	1.54	2.04
86 Tomato catsup—Maling	bot.	14 oz.	.69	2.71	3.24
87 Sugar Granulated—Taikoo	lb.		.61	1.59	2.29
88 Sugar Granulated—Holland	lb.		.47	1.41	2.04
89 Peanuts—Roasted—Paper shell	lb.		.33	1.36	2.45
90 Walnuts—Chinese—Selected	lb.		.64	1.71	2.89
91 Beer—U. B.	bot.	qt.	.63	1.86	1.83
92 Vodka—Nega	bot.	med.	1.25	2.34	4.41
93 Whisky—Harvey	bot.	qt.	11.22	35.00	41.50
94 Coffee Maxwell House	tin	1 lb.	4.46	9.49	11.20
95 Coffee Mocha	lb.		2.08	4.8 1	5.64
96 Cocoa Baker	tin	1 lb.	2.38	5.41	6.70
97 Cocoa Peter	tin	1 lb.	2.61	9.26	10.64
98 Tea Flower Basket	tin	½ lb.	2.38	5.53	5.57
99 Tea Ceylon—Rickshaw	pkg.	½ lb.	3.90	10.42	14.47
100 Pineapple juice—Libby's	tin	12 oz. tall	1.33	3.13	3.59
101 Tomato juice—Libby's	tin	No. 12	1.33	2.51	3.33
102 Orange squash—Aquarius (1)	doz.		2.13	8.61	9.00
103 Lemonade—Aquarius (1)	doz.	pt. bot.	1.52	6.15	6.13
104 Coca-cola—Watson's (1)	doz.		3.50	7.05	7.90
105 Ice cream—Hazelwood	brick		1.00	2.40	2.40
106 Ruby Queen	tin	50 pc.	.80	2.50	3.08
107 Cigarettes Burleigh	pkt.	20 pc.	.40	1.05	1.30
108 Cigarettes Chesterfield	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.77	2.14
109 Cigarettes Camel	pkt.	20 pc.	.80	1.90	2.53
II CLOTHING AND MATERIALS GROUP:					
110 Woollen suiting	yd.		22.50	153.00	170.00
111 Flannel	yd.		17.50	64.00	72.50
112 Viyella—T T T	yd.		9.75	61.88	67.50
113 Saigon linen	yd.		6.75	(8)	(8)
114 Satin crepe	yd.		9.50	19.90	23.50
115 Crepe de Chine	yd.		7.50	14.50	19.50
116 Shirt silk	yd.		5.70	11.70	13.50
117 Marsarelle—Red Label—Lun Chong	yd.		.58	2.91	3.66
118 Shirt White poplin—Standard —No. 167	pc.		5.00	13.33	19.40
119 Shirt White poplin—A.B.C.	pc.		4.20	13.10	18.00
120 Union suit — Cotton — 40" — A.B.C.	pc.		3.00	9.10	10.90

RETAIL PRICES IN SHANGHAI— *Continued*

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.
II CLOTHING GROUP:—*Continued*			$	$	$
121 Under vest — Ladies' — Yun Yin Interlock	pc.		2.50	11.70	13.50
122 Slips — Silk	pc.		10.00	18.00	24.00
123 Pyjama — Silk	set		15.00	36.00	38.00
124 Shirt—Poplin—Boys'—9½" X 11" A.B.C.	pc.		2.10	8.00	8.00
125 Union suit — Cotton — Boys' 16"—18"—A.B.C.	pc.		1.10	4.30	5.20
126 Men's—Bata	pr.		26.90	75.00	89.00
127 Shoes, Ladies'—Bata	pr.		19.90	49.00	59.00
128 Children's—Bata	pr.		8.90	32.00	39.00
129 Silk Kayser No. 225	pr.		13.50	34.20	39.00
130 stockings Swallow	pr.		2.15	6.70	7.68
131 Pagoda	pr.		5.50	15.90	19.75
132 Socks Silk—Comfort	pr.		.83	2.60	2.97
133 Wool—Jaeger	pr.		9.20	(8)	(8)
134 Bed sheets — Cotton — Finlay — 54" x 90"	pc.		15.00	(8)	(8)
135 Table cloth — Linen — Local made—66" x 66"	pc.		4.45	25.50	36.50
136 Napkin—Linen—Local made 18" x 18"	pc.		.45	2.32	2.83
137 Knitting wools Beehive—Fine—4 ply	lb.		22.80	61.60	77.75
138 Hero—Fine—4 ply	lb.		12.50	49.00	59.25
139 Thread — J. P. Coats	reel		.40	1.49	1.59
140 Laundry Cotton—large	pc.		.13	.44	.53
141 Cotton—small	pc.		.05	.25	.38
142 Dry cleaning A Class	suit	3 pc.	1.50	4.70	6.15
143 B Class	suit	3 pc.	.95	4.00	5.85
III RENT (2) GROUP:					
144 Detached & semi-detached houses	std. rm. (3)	225 sq. ft.	20.47	40.67	40.67
145 Apartments and flats	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	27.50	54.16	54.16
146 Terrace houses	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	18.77	32.38	32.38
147 Single rooms	std. rm.	225 sq. ft.	39.85	81.11	81.11
148 International Settlement	% per mon.		18.00	37.80	37.80
149 Municipal rates International Settlement O.O.L. (4)	% per mon.		16.00	33.60	33.60
150 French Concession	% per mon.		15.00	30.00	30.00
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER AND REFRIGERATION GROUP:					
151 Light — Inter. Settle.	k.w.h.		.370	.652	.692
152 Elec- Power—Heating—Inter. Settlement	k.w.h.		.123	.358	.398
153 tric Light — French Con.	k.w.h.		.292	.60	.56
154 Power — Heating — French Concession	k.w.h.		.101	.37	.34
155 Gas	10 cu.ft.		.0369	.078	.078
156 Coal — Anthracite — Cobbles — Hongay	metric ton		168.00	591.34	839.09
157 Coal briquettes	100shih chin (5)		3.75	17.37	19.00
158 Kerosene—Crown—Yin Foo	case	2x5 Am gal.	29.35	56.39	92.80

Commodities and Services	Unit	Size of Unit	Av. Oct. 1939	1941 Oct.	1941 Nov.
IV HEAT, LIGHT, WATER:—*Con'd.*			$	$	$
159 Water Inter. Settlement	100gal		.075	.2625	.2625
160 French Concession	cu.m.		.1348	.34	.34
161 Ice	100 lb.		1.00	5.00	5.00
V. MISCELLANEOUS GROUP:					
162 Bus Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0435	.1341	.1341
163 French Concession	per mi.		.040	.110	.115
164 Tram- Inter. Settlement	per mi.		.0311	.1032	.1032
165 class French Concession	per mi		.040	.110	(9) .110
166 Taxicab	20 min		2.20	5.50	5.95
167 Gasoline—Ex pump	Am. gal.		2.80	4.50	5.20
168 Telephone—Residential	p.mon.		6.50	11.64	11.64
169 Newspapers North China Daily News	p.mon. (6)		3.00	7.00	10.00
170 Shanghai Zaria	p.mon.		4.00	7.00	9.00
171 Writing paper—Eversharp	pad		.30	1.80	3.12
172 Movie Grand Theatre—stall (7)	pc.		1.01	2.10	2.10
173 Paris Theatre—stall	pc.		.44	1.00	1.00
174 Boy	p.mon.		25.61	80.59	80.59
175 Wages Cook	p.mon.		30.25	84.38	84.38
176 Amah	p.mon.		19.15	55.71	55.71
177 Lotion Brilliantine "4711" Concrete	bot.	2½ oz.	2.75	11.08	15.38
178 Eau de Cologne "4711"—No. 15	bot.	110gm.	7.65	23.76	28.63
179 Face cream Pond's—Vanishing	jar	large	2.41	9.39	15.68
180 Nivea—No. 368	tin		2.80	10.00	(8)
181 Face powder—Coty	box	2 oz.	4.02	11.77	16.38
182 Talcum powder — Colgate's — Eclate	tin	4 oz.	1.35	4.05	4.75
183 Tooth paste Colgate's	tube	large	1.64	3.24	3.91
184 Sincere's	tube		.25	1.01	1.35
185 Razor blades Gillette	pkg.	5 pc.	2.88	6.66	6.96
186 Nacet	pkg.	10 pc.	1.73	4.01	4.66
187 Red Ball	roll		.34	(8)	(8)
188 Toilet paper Pagoda	roll		.64	1.99	2.60
189 Fan	roll		.45	1.73	2.40
190 Lever Health	cake		.15	.47	.57
191 Lux	cake		.32	.92	.98
192 Soap Flakes—Lux	pkt.	7 oz	.4 4	1.27	1.46
193 Ivory	cake		1.24	2.57	3.37
194 Washing—Gossage	bar		.64	2.53	3.23
195 Cleanser Lion	tin	14 oz.	.19	.76	.98
196 Benaty	tin		.07	.38	.34
197 Match—Phoenix	pkg.	10 box.	.23	1.93	2.95
198 Electric bulb — Edison — 40 Watt	pc.		.40	1.40	1.73
199 Saucepan—Comet	pc.	6 qt.	12.25	45.50	54.00
200 Coffee percolator	pc.	3 qt.	13.50	(8)	(8)
201 Shoe polish Kiwi	tin	1½ oz.	1.18	2.23	2.88
202 Nugget	tin	No. 2	.60	.96	1.37
203 Metal polish—Blue Bell	tin		1.25	4.13	3.95
204 Floor wax—E.Z.	tin	1 lb.	1.27	4.86	5.41
205 Hair cut A			.70	1.55	1.75
206 B			.40	1.20	1.37

(1) Empty bottles allowed.
(2) Net.
(3) Standard Room.
(4) Outside of Limit.
(5) 100 shih chin (市斤) = 110 lbs.
(6) Average of half-year subscription.
(7) Average of shows at different hours and on different days.
(8) Not on market.
(9) Excluding routes north of Soochow Creek.

MUNICIPAL STAFF.

Order Book Extracts, November 20—December 18, 1941.

Fire Brigade. — Mr. V. P. Sciiamin is appointed Sub-Officer on probation from December 1, 1941.

Police Force.—Mr. M. Watari is appointed Chief Deputy Commissioner of Police from December 1, 1941.

Major S. Goto is appointed Deputy Commissioner of Police from December 1, 1941.

For initiative, courage and tenacity in capturing an armed desperado, Chinese Constables Nos. 159 and 2318 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage, tenacity and great coolness shown in pursuing and finally fatally shooting an armed criminal who with others had just previously robbed a dwelling house, Chinese Constable No. 2886 is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and tenacity under fire of an armed criminal, who had just previously attempted an assassination, Probationary Sergeant M. Schmeidler and Chinese Constables Nos. 389 and 1399 are each awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

For courage and initiative in tackling and disarming of a loaded pistol an armed criminal who had just previously (with others) robbed a pedestrian, Sergeant No. 719, H. Kusano is awarded the Police Distinguished Conduct Medal, Class II.

S. O. R. Ottesen is appointed Probationary Sergeant on probation from December 1, 1941.

The promotion of the following Probationary Sergeants to the rank of Sergeant is authorised with effect from the dates specified:—

W. K. Clark Dec. 10, 1941
C. T. Tabensky " 11, "
M. Morrison " 20, "

Chief Inspector T. Kaneyasu is promoted to the rank of Superintendent on probation from December 15, 1941.

The promotion of the following is authorised with effect from December 15, 1941:—

To be Chief Inspector on probation
Inspectors S. Nakazono and A. Nakano

To be Inspector on probation
Sub-Inspectors S. Sasaki, Y. Shimidzu, N. Kumagai, M. Nakahara and H. Imamura

To be Sub-Inspector on probation
Sergeants S. Yoshimitsu, S. Sugiyama, T. Kawano, S. Mori, K. Ichikawa, S. Yoshino, S. Ishikawa, S. Arita, S..Kimura, K. Suga and S. Osano

To be Sergeant
Probationary Sergeants S. Komo, M. Ishibashi, Y. Imanishi, K. Shibata, T. Hara, S. Sato, Y. Nakamura, K. Aizawa, H. Muro and M. Yoshioka.

Public Health Department.—Mr. S. Nagoshi is appointed Sanitary Overseer on probation from November 15, 1941.

Mr. B. V. de Senna, Senior Clerical Assistant, is promoted to Senior Assistant from October 1, 1941.

Education Department.—The resignations of Mrs. M. McFarlane and Mrs. D. H. Parrott, Assistant Mistresses, are accepted, services terminating on December 3, 1941 and January 29, 1942, respectively.

Finance Department.—The resignation of Mrs. H. C. Westergaard-Pedersen, Stenographer & Typist, is accepted, services terminating on December 3, 1941.

Industrial & Social Division.—Dr. John Yui is appointed Assistant on probation from December 8, 1941.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

NOTIFICATION No. 5680.

AMBULANCE SERVICE.

IN future ambulances for the conveyance of patients to hospital will only be sent out on the request of a recognised Medical Practitioner. Emergency ambulances for street accidents, etc., will only be sent out when called for by the Police or a Doctor.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and
Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 19, 1941.

MUNICIPAL PROPERTIES

Gordon Road—Surplus Land

Cadastral Lot 4461, measuring Mow 0.152, has been sold for a sum of $6,165.

ROAD EXTENSIONS AND WIDENINGS

Tonquin Road and Surplus Land

Arrangements have been made for the acquisition of an area of Mow 2.272 scheduled from Cadastral Lots 4253, 4256 and the fangtan land situate between these lots for the extension of Tonquin Road, and the release of the surplus land Cadastral Lot 3564 measuring Mow 0.177 without payment on either side.

Returns of Communicable Diseases.

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight November 29th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	2	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	4	1
Diphtheria	0	0	11	5
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	2	0
Tuberculosis	2	2	87	66
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	2	1	27	26
Paratyphoid Fever	5	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	6	0	1	0
Bacillary Dysentery	10	1	16	10
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	3	2
Influenza	0	0	5	2
Malaria	6	0	16	2
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	4	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	1
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	3	0
Schistocomiasis	0	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		12		661
Total Deaths from all Causes		16		781

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight December 6th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	4	0
Cerebrospinal Fever	1	0	0	1
Tuberculosis	10	2	64	55
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	1	0	48	38
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	1	1	19	8
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	8	8
Influenza	5	0	4	4
Malaria	1	0	5	2
Measles	1	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	5	0	1	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Leprosy	0	0	1	0
Choleraic Diarrhoea	0	0	0	1
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		11		682
Total Deaths from all Causes		15		800

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight December 13th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese†	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	1	0	2	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	2	0
Diphtheria	4	0	22	1
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	3	2	57	48
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	5	0	21	16
Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	3	0	17	16
Bacillary Dysentery	2	0		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	4	3
Influenza	0	0	4	4
Malaria	3	1	3	1
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	0	0
Schistocomiasis	0	0	1	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		17		626
Total Deaths from all Causes		20		716

Reported during the week ending Saturday Midnight December 20th, 1941.

Communicable Diseases	Foreigners*		Chinese	
	Cases notified	Deaths registered	Cases notified	Deaths registered
Smallpox	2	0	4	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	4	0
Diphtheria	0	0	5	3
Cerebrospinal Fever	0	0	1	0
Tuberculosis	4	2	81	73
Cholera	0	0	0	0
Typhoid Fever	3	0	30	20
Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	0	0
Amoebic Dysentery	0	0	9	8
Bacillary Dysentery	1	1		
Plague	0	0	0	0
Beri-beri	0	0	7	6
Influenza	0	0	2	2
Malaria	0	0	6	1
Measles	0	0	0	0
Typhus Fever	2	0	0	0
Relapsing Fever	0	0	2	0
Deaths from Non-communicable Diseases and Other Causes		20		711
Total Deaths from all Causes		24		824

* Foreigners residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population 59,970).

† Chinese residing within Settlement limits and on Outlying Municipal Roads (Estimated Population between 2 and 2½ millions).

NOTIFICATION No. 5697.

HOUSES OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT CLOSING HOUR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the regulations governing the closing hour of houses of public entertainment such as Taverns, Restaurants, Hotels, Dancing Saloons, published under Notification No. 3926 of February 19, 1930, are amended in that permission will no longer be granted for such premises to remain open until 4 a.m. on certain special occasions including December 24, 25, 26, 31 and January 1.

Such premises will be required to close at the standard closing hour of 2 a.m. on these occasions.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 23, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5700.

THE Council requires that all landlords during the present emergency should be as reasonable as possible in their demands for payment of rent due by tenants who are financially unable to pay or whose resources have been substantially reduced by the present emergency and are no longer commensurate with their rent. To such tenants, landlords should, if possible, grant extensions or temporary reductions.

Until March 31, 1942 no forcible eviction of tenants will be allowed in the above mentioned cases.

No increase in rentals between December 8, 1941, and March 31, 1942, shall be valid.

The Council requires landlords and tenants to settle their disputes amicably without adopting forceful measures or resorting to legal proceedings. The Council orders that where direct negotiations between landlord and tenant should fail, the case be submitted to a Councilliation Board to be appointed by the Council.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

NOTIFICATION No. 5704.
CEMETERIES
Increased Scales of Charges.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council has authorised an increase in the charges for grave spaces, making of vaults, cremations and for certain miscellaneous fees in the Municipal Cemeteries, and that with effect from January 1, 1942, the new scales of charges will be as follows:—

	Resident	*Non-Resident*
1st Class space:—		
Hungjao Road	$335	$540
Bubbling Well	430	540
Pahsienjao	335	540
2nd Class space:—		
Hungjao Road	$200	$400
Reservation Fee:—		
Hungjao Road	$150	$300
Bubbling Well	200	300
Pahsienjao	150	300

Miscellaneous Charges

Grave making	$ 80	$140
Still-born children-space plus making	100	200
Grave making (Ashes)	40	80

Price of Vaults

Adult	$970	$1,135
Child	430	505
Chinese coffin	1,115	1,300
Ashes in urn	205	240

Sale of Vaults

Prices will be quoted on application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

Cremation

Cremation	$220	$270
Ordinary urn	35	45
Niche in Columbarium	100	150
Niche in Columbarium (replacement of ashes)	50	75
Reservation of niche, not including fee for use	50	75

Charges for issue of Permits & Supervision during erection.

Memorial, with kerb	$ 45
Memorial only	30
Kerb only	15
Temporary wooden memorial	5
Bamboo sun blinds, from May 1 to September 30	5

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, December 24, 1941.

TENDERS

Tenders shall be governed by the "General Conditions governing Tenders" which are printed on the back of all tender forms. Copies of the Conditions may also be obtained from the Secretariat (Room 150) or from the Department inviting tenders. All tenders must be sent to the Secretary and Commissioner General of Council, Room 150, Administration Building, to reach him not later than 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. No tender submitted after the prescribed time will be received. Tenders will be opened immediately after the closing hour, 11 a.m., on the day fixed for their receipt. Tenderers may attend the opening of tenders.

TENDERS INVITED.

POLICE FORCE.

Information and official tender forms regarding tenders under this section may be obtained on application to Room 106, Police Headquarters, Foochow Road.

No.	Description	Fee	Date.
717	Supply of Foodstuffs for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for the month of February, 1942.		
	Group "A" Meat, Fish & Game	$100	January 20, 1942 11 a.m.
	" "B" Vegetables & Fruit	100	do.
	" "C" Groceries	100	do.
	" "D" Bread	100	do.
	" "E" Fresh Milk	100	do.
718	Catering to Russian Auxiliary Detachment, S.M.P., for February, 1942.	100	do.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

For particulars, apply Room 234, Administration Building, 193 Kiangse Road.

42/21	Supply of Tools, etc.	March 2, 1942, 11 a.m.

TENDERS ACCEPTED.

Police Force. Tender No. 713. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of December 1941.

Paris et Co. $7.20 per man per day including bread & milk.

Police Force. Tender No. 716. Catering to the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of January, 1942.

Z. S. Waung $8.35 per man per day including bread & milk

Public Health Department. The contract for the supply of Fresh Milk and Cream has been awarded to Messrs. Clover Milk Supply Co.

POLICE FORCE.

The following contracts have been awarded to Messrs. Yah Zung:—
Tender No. 686—2,000 pairs Gloves for Foreigners.
Tender No. 687—3,500 pairs Gloves for Chinese.
Tender No. 689—260 pairs Black Rubber Knee Boots.

The contract for 6,250 pairs Army Pattern Ankle Boots has been awarded to Messrs. Shun Cheong Shoe Co.

The following contracts have been awarded to Messrs. Woo Chong:—
Tender No. 690—3,300 caps, Chinese
Tender No. 705—320 Raincoats, Sikh without hoods, 200 Raincoats, Sikh with hoods.
Tender No. 707—60 Raincoats, Local

The following contracts have been awarded to Messrs. Ah Shing:—
Tender No. 691—1,500 Helmets, Chinese
Tender No. 692—200 Helmets, Khaki
Tender No. 693—10 Outfits, M/Cyclist, 20 pairs Leggings, Oilskin.
Tender No. 706—1,600 Raincoats, Chinese
Tender No. 708—300 Raincoats, Khaki.

The following contracts have been awarded to Messrs. Harvie, Cooke & Co., Ltd.:—
Tender No. 694—1,800 yards, Serge Blue No. 1
Tender No. 695—2,000 yards, Serge Blue No. 2
Tender No. 696—11,000 yards Blue Serge No. 3.
Tender No. 697—300 yards Blue Cloth No. 2.
Tender No. 698—4,000 yards Blue Cloth No. 3.
Tender No. 699—500 yards Frieze Heavy Blue.

The contract for 6,000 yards Cotton Lining has been awarded to Messrs. Nee Dah.
Tender No. 701—300 Blankets, White (No tender received).
Tender No. 702—300 Blankets, Brown (No tender received).

TENDERS RECEIVED

Police Force. Tender No. 712. Supply of Foodstuffs for Russian Auxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of December 1941. No tender has been accepted.

Police Force. Tender No. 715. Supply of Foodstuffs for Russian Anxiliary Detachment, Shanghai Municipal Police, for the month of January 1942. No tender has been accepted.

Public Works Department. Tender No. 41/75. Construction of Large Concrete Drain. No tender has been accepted.

Tender No. 73. Supply of Oils and Greases. (No tender received).